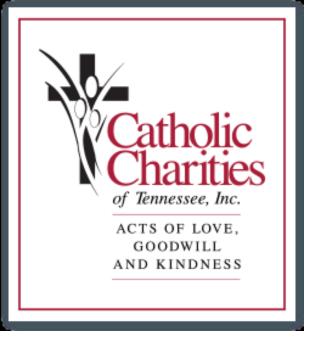


Release of the 9th Annual

Community Needs Evaluation

February 21, 2018

Metropolitan Social Services



Welcome from Catholic Charities of Tennessee

Pam Russo

Executive Director



Introduction and Welcome from Metropolitan Social Services

Renee Pratt, Executive Director

Pastor William Harris, Board Chairman

Profile of Struggling People in Nashville

Release of the 9th Annual

Community Needs Evaluation

February 21, 2018

Metropolitan Social Services

Metropolitan Social Services Overview of Direct Services





Social Services Mission Statement and Values

Mission Statement

Metropolitan Social Services assesses and documents the patterns of poverty and seeks solutions that promote a positive impact on the most vulnerable people in Davidson County.

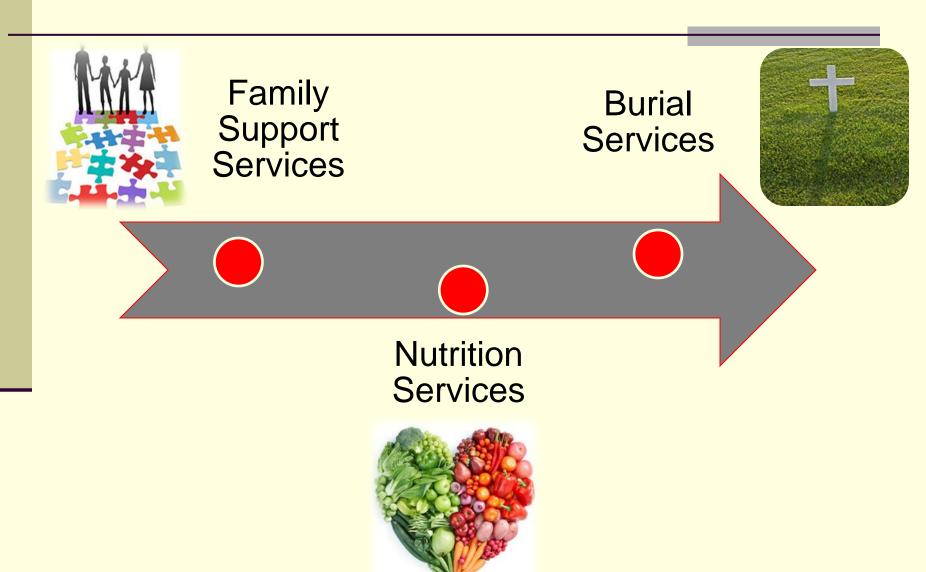
We Value:

- Commitment to Excellence
- Community Focus
- Compassion





Services for various stages in life



What we do - MSS services

- Information & Resources
- Case Management
- Life Management Skills Classes
- Senior Nutrition
- Burial Services

Family Support Services: Information and Resources



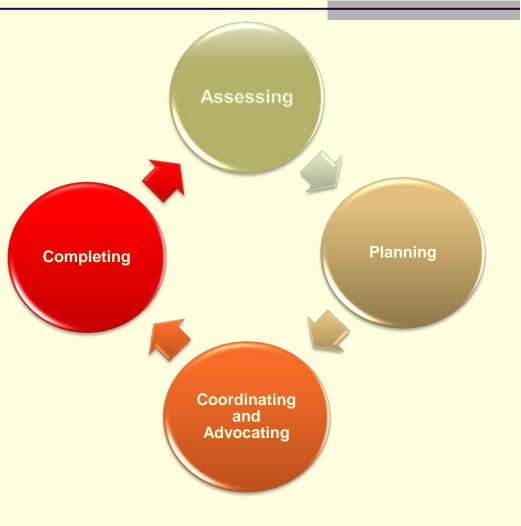




Family Support Services (continued) Case Management







Family Support Services cont. Life Management Skills Classes





- Who is the program for?
- How is the program administered?





Senior Nutrition Program cont.

Site locations:

- Cohn Adult Learning Center
- East Park Community Center
- Elizabeth Community Center
- Hadley Community Center
- Chippington Towers I & II
- Cumberland View Towers
- Dandridge Towers
- Trevecca Towers I & II
- Old Hickory Towers
- Nashville Christian Towers
- Madison Senior Station
- Hickory Hollow Towers
- Fifty Forward Bordeaux
- Riverwood Towers





Indigent Burial Program



- Metro Social Services coordinates and funds the burial of deceased persons who did not leave sufficient resources to cover the cost of their burial expenses. Cremation is also available.
- Who can apply







Other Program Services

Community Locations:

Metro Nashville Downtown Public Library

Salvation Army Paragon Mills





Other Program Services cont.

Partnering Agencies:

- Financial Empowerment Center
- Public Defender's Office
- HERO program in MNPS
- Office of Conservatorship Management
- Jean Crowe Advocacy Center
- Goodwill Industries





How to get in touch with us...

Visit, call or email us @

Metropolitan Social Services 800 2nd Avenue North, Suite 100 Nashville, Tennessee 37201

Telephone (615) 862-6432 Fax (615) 880-2535

SocialServices@nashville.gov







2017 Community Needs Evaluation

9th Annual Edition





Metropolitan Social Services

Planning, Coordination and Social Data Analysis 800 Second Avenue North, Nashville, Tennessee 37201

Direct Services – 615-862-6458

Planning, Coordination and Social Data Analysis – 615-862-6494



Purpose of a

Community Needs Evaluation

- Gathers and analyzes data.
- Created for a community public resource.
- Focus on targeted population (low-income and disadvantaged).
- Enhance understanding of the population.
- Not a "job description" for any organization.
- Provide knowledge to policy makers, service providers, advocates and the public and result in better decisions.



What kind of data is in the CNE?

- Annual Grassroots Community Survey
- United Way's 2-1-1 Call Data
- U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey
 - Single year, 2016
 - 5-Year Summary, 2012-2016

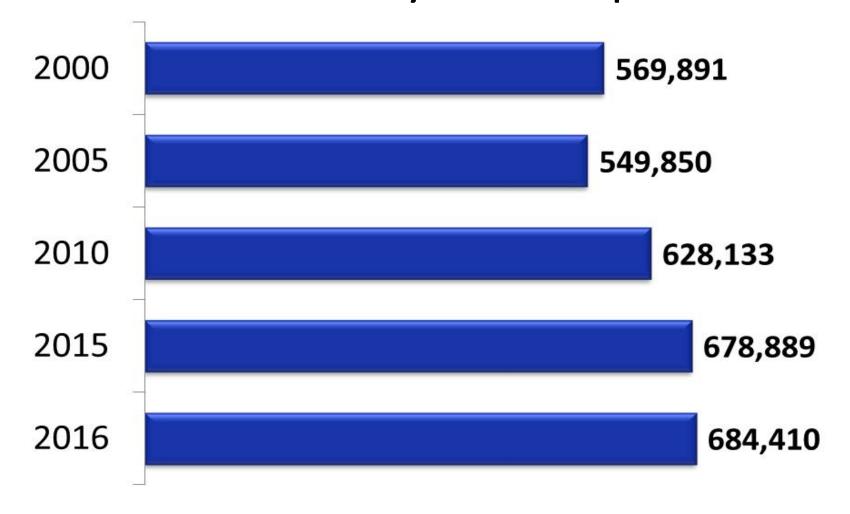
Local/State/Federal Agency Data
Other Research



Demographic and Social Profile



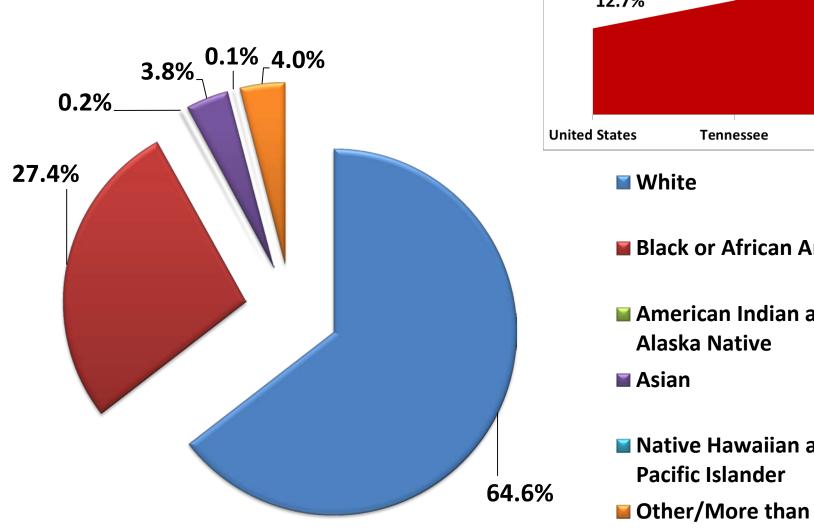
Davidson County Total Population

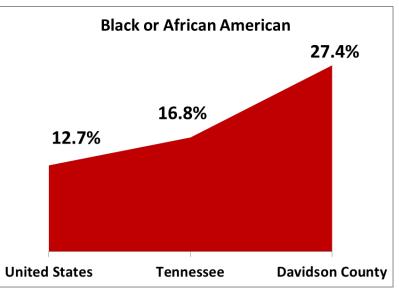


20% increase across 16 years = 1.3% per year

Racial Composition

Davidson County, 2016





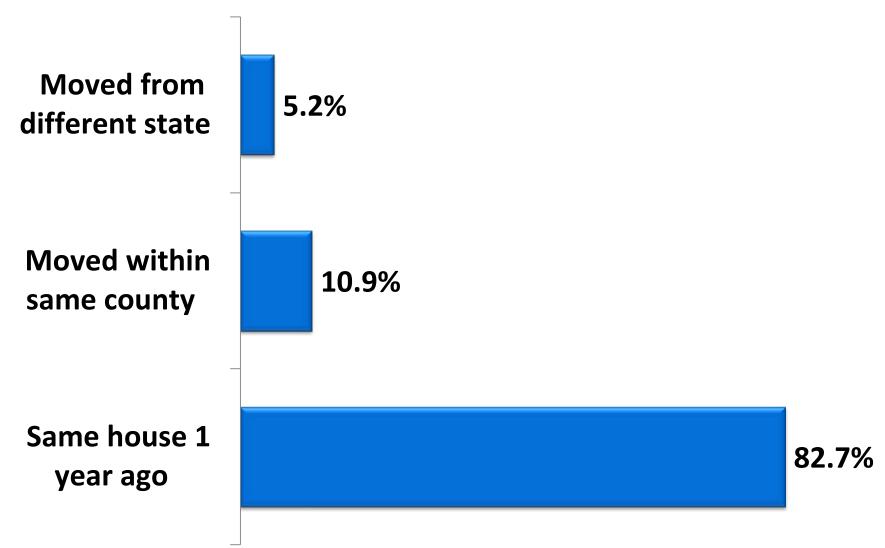
- Black or African American
- American Indian and

- Native Hawaiian and Other
- **■** Other/More than one race



Geographic Mobility During Year

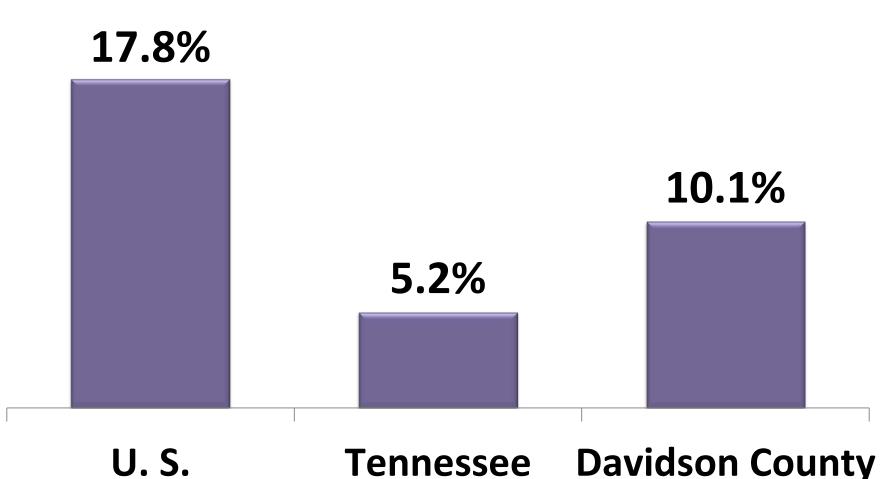
Davidson County, 2016



\bigcirc

Hispanic Ethnicity

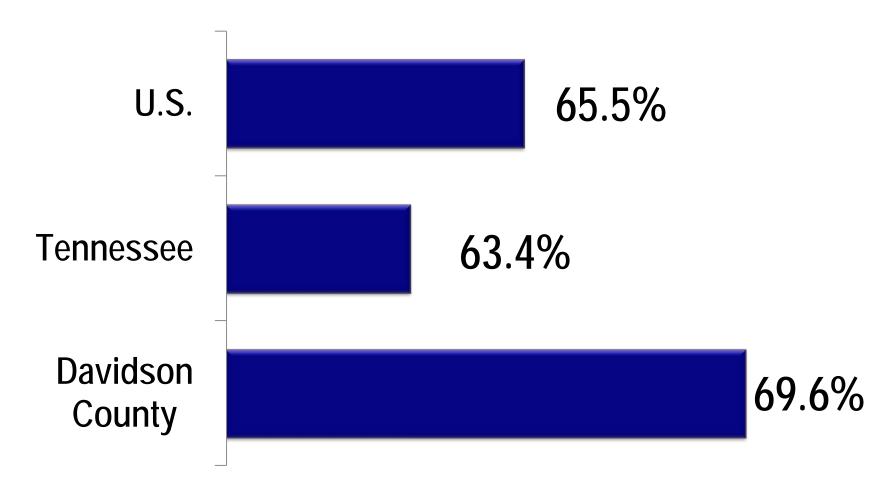
U.S., Tennessee, Davidson County, 2016



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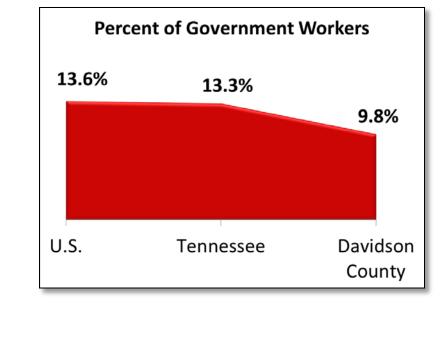
All Parents in Workforce of Children Under Age 6

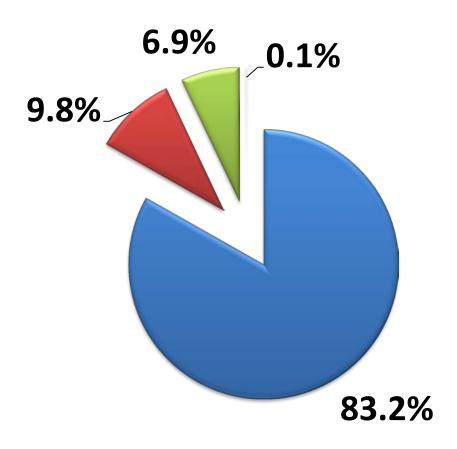
U.S., Tennessee, Davidson County, 2016



Types of Employers

Davidson County, 2016

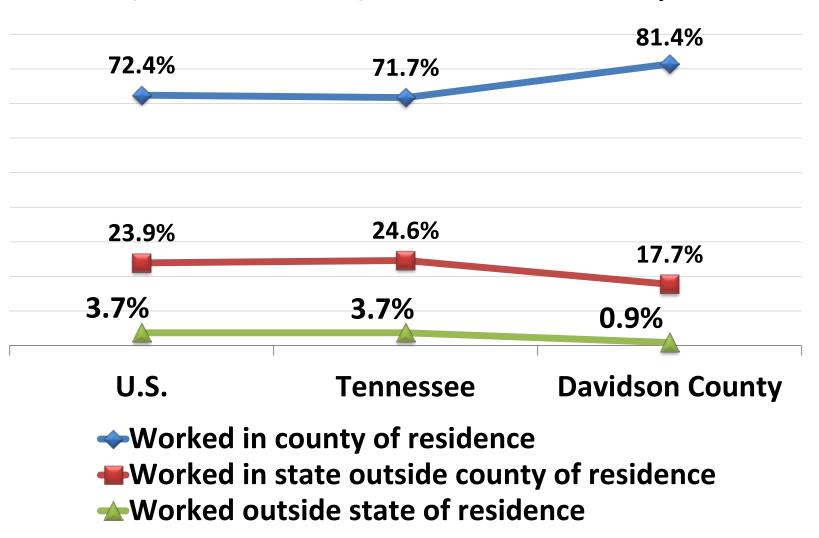


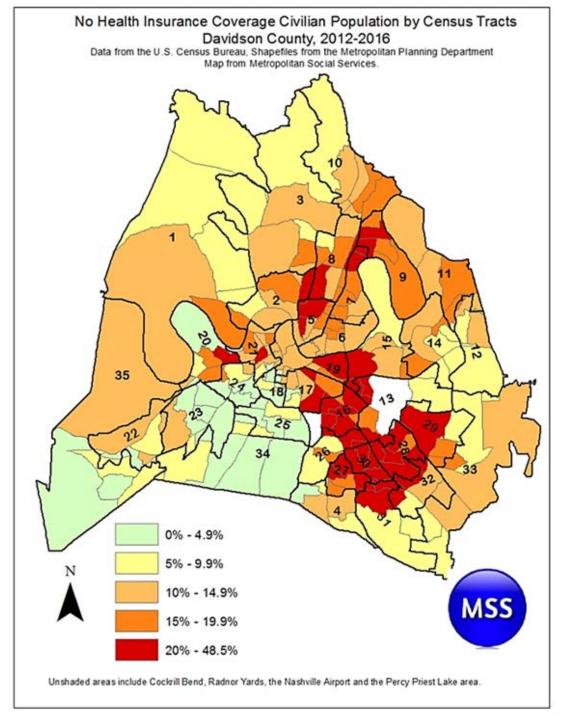


- Private wage and salary workers
- Government workers
- Self-employed in own not incorporated business workers
- **■** Unpaid family workers

Place of Work

U.S., Tennessee, Davidson County, 2016





Health Insurance

Davidson County 2012-2016

Among Davidson
County's civilian
population, 93,741 do
not have health
coverage.

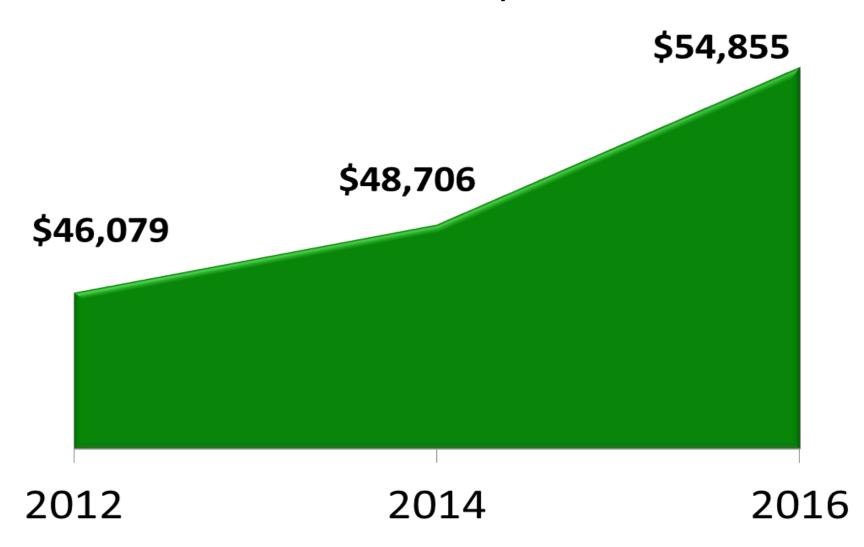
Areas in red have more than 20% of the population without health coverage.

Socioeconomic Profile



Median Household Income

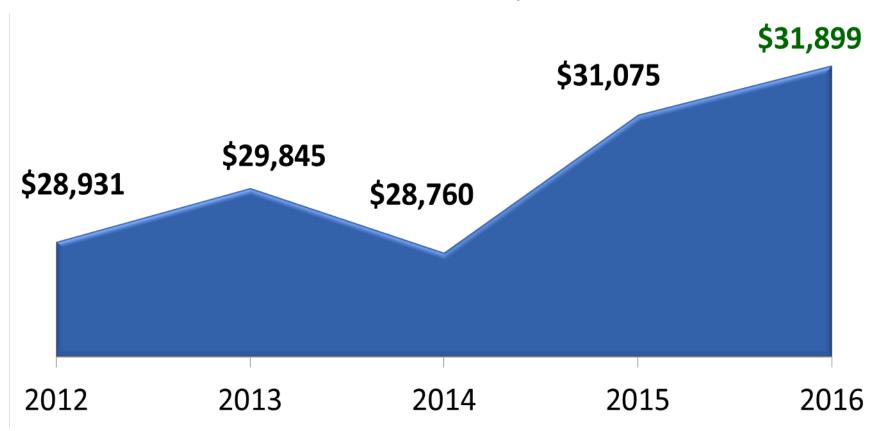
Davidson County, 2016





Median Earnings for All Workers

Davidson County, 2016

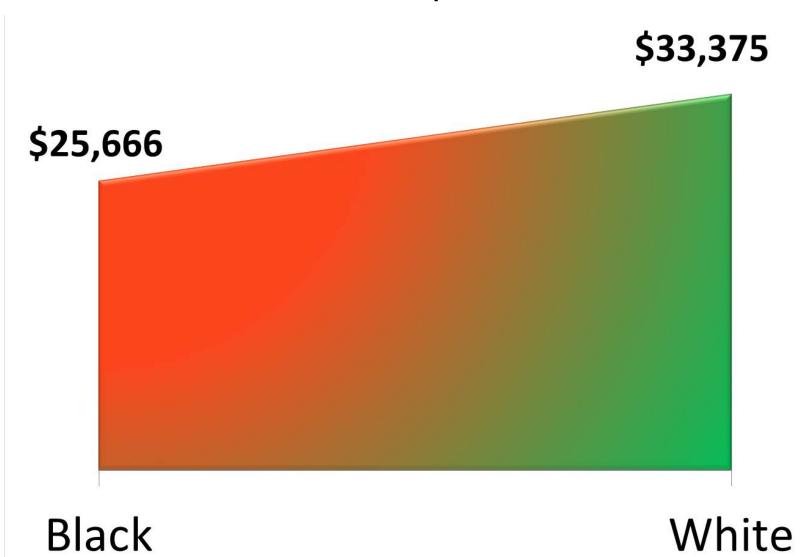


\$28,931 in 2012 dollars = \$30,995 in 2016 dollars



Median Worker Earnings by Race

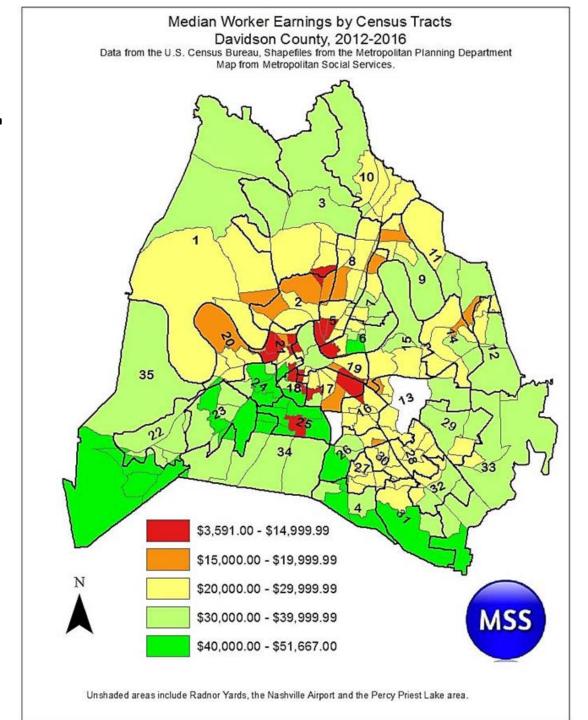
Davidson County, 2012-2016



Median Worker Earnings by Census Tracts

RED – UNDER \$15,000

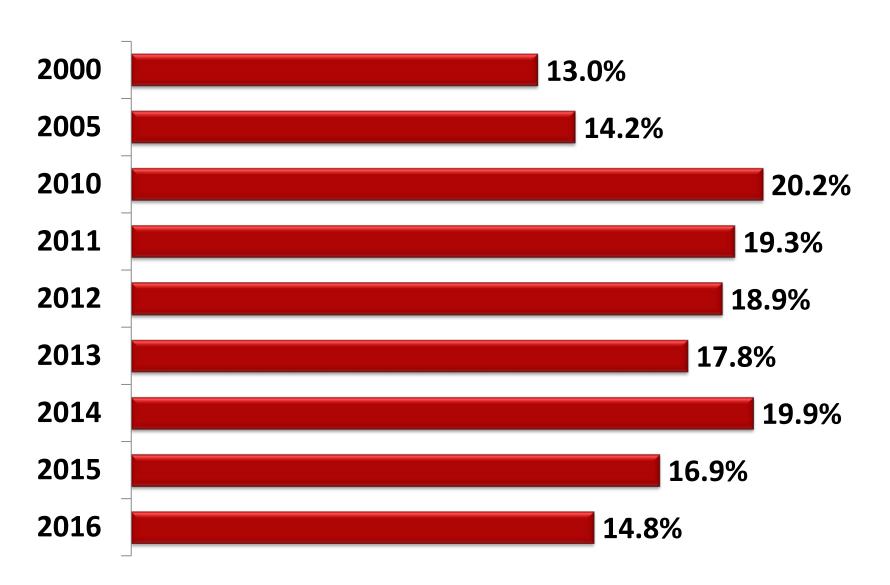
ORANGE \$15,000-\$20,000





All People in Poverty

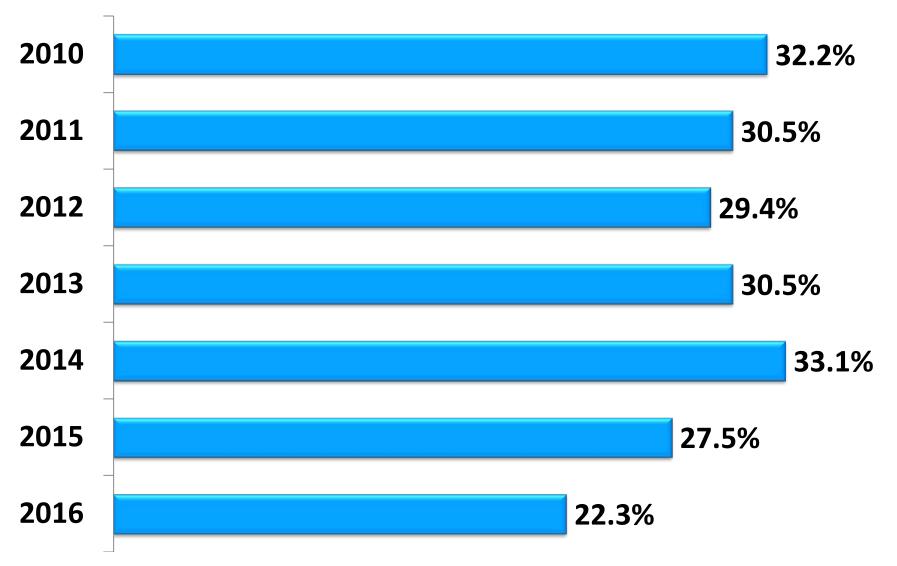
Davidson County, 2000, 2005, 2010-2016





Poverty Rate for Under Age 18

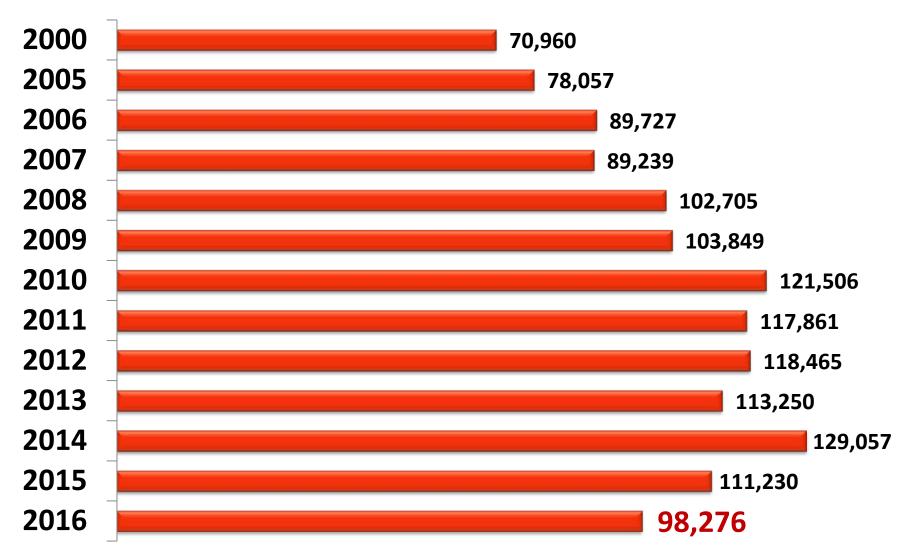
Davidson County, 2010-2016





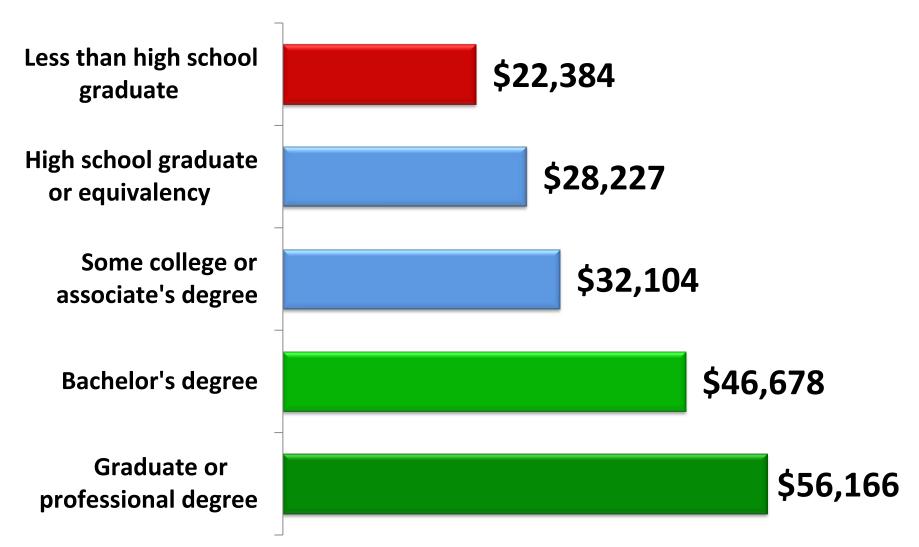
Number of People in Poverty

Davidson County, 2000, 2005-2016



Median Earnings by Educational Attainment

Davidson County, 2016



A "Typical" Nashvillian in 2016

- 82.7% lived in the same house
- 34.2 years old
- Lived in family of 3.07 people
- Has a high school education (87.6%)
- Work in private industry (83.2%)
- Work in county of residence (81.4%)
- Median worker earnings of \$31,899



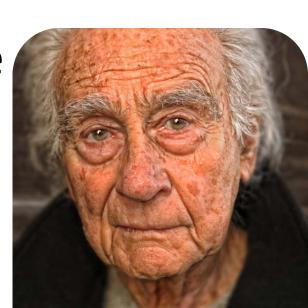
Aging and Disability





What are the greatest concerns for older Tennesseans?

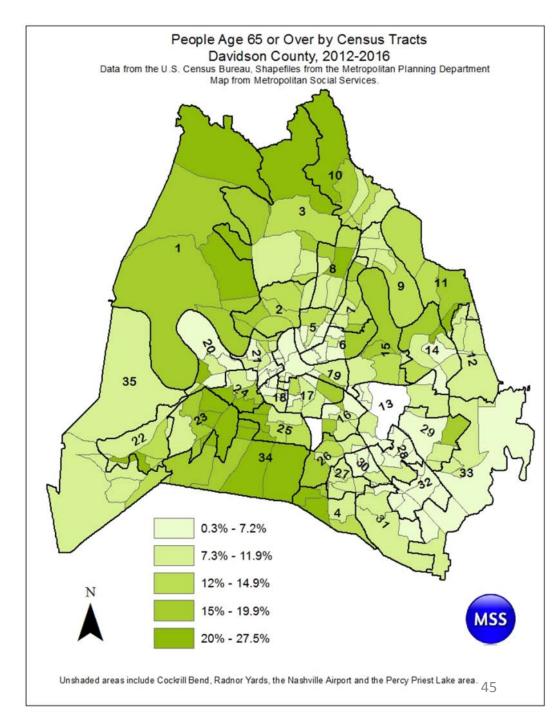
- Health Concerns Lack of Healthcare
- Financial Concerns Enough money to meet living expenses
- Lack of Affordable/Reliable
 Transportation Options





Where

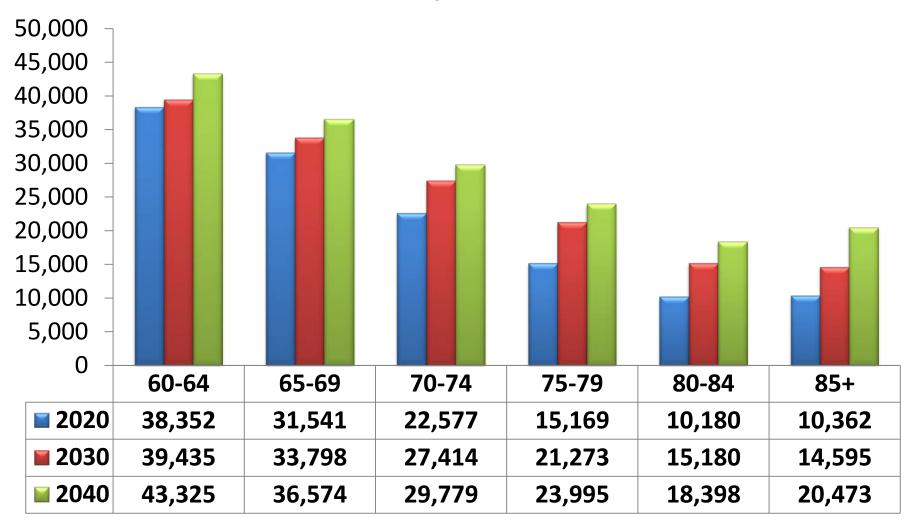
Persons Age
65 and over
live in
Davidson
County





Population Projections by Age Groups

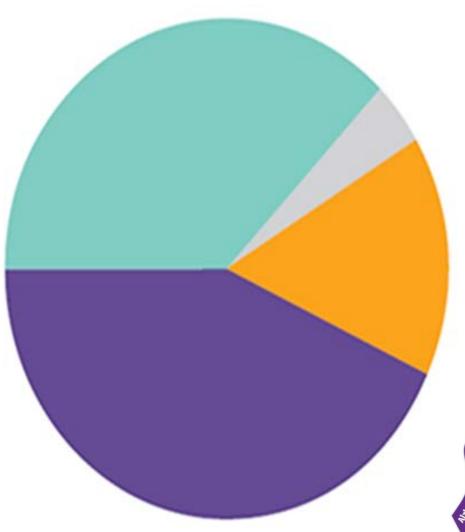
Davidson County, 2020, 2030, 2040





Ages of People with Dementia

In Tennessee, 1 in 8 people age 45 or older experience Subjective Cognitive Decline (SCD).



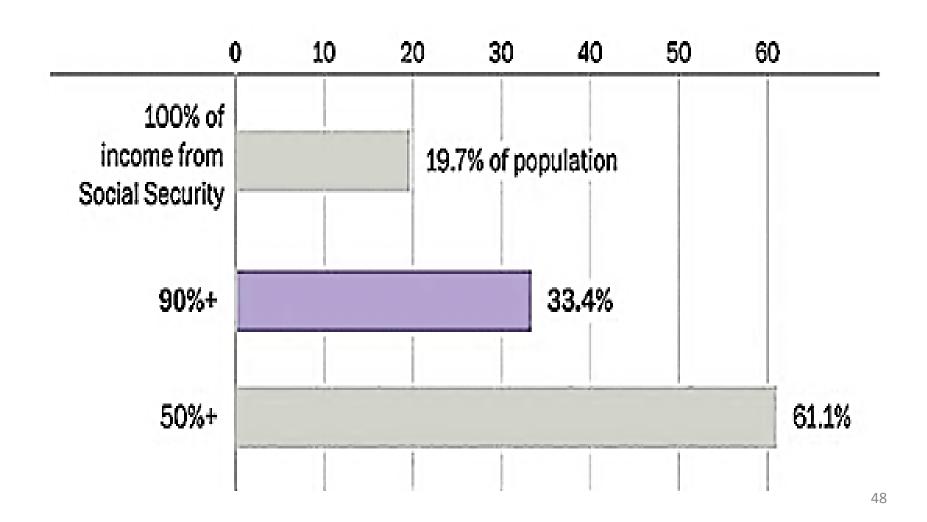
- 85+ years, 38%
- 75-84 years, 44%
- 65-74 years, 16%
- <65 years, 4%





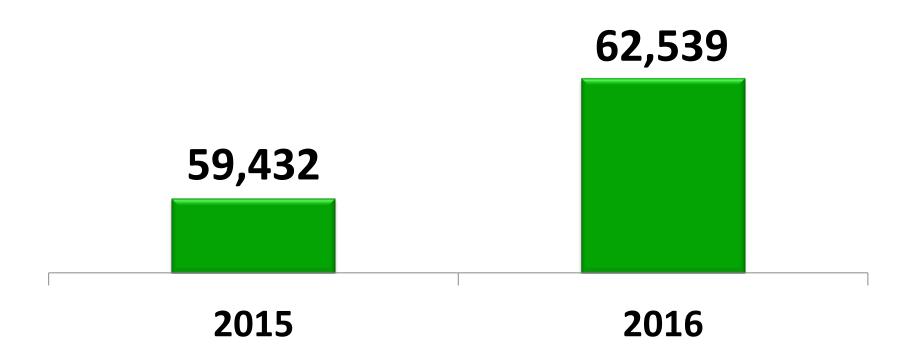
Percent of Population who Rely ONLY on Social Security

Almost 1/5 of individuals rely on Social Security for 100% of their income.



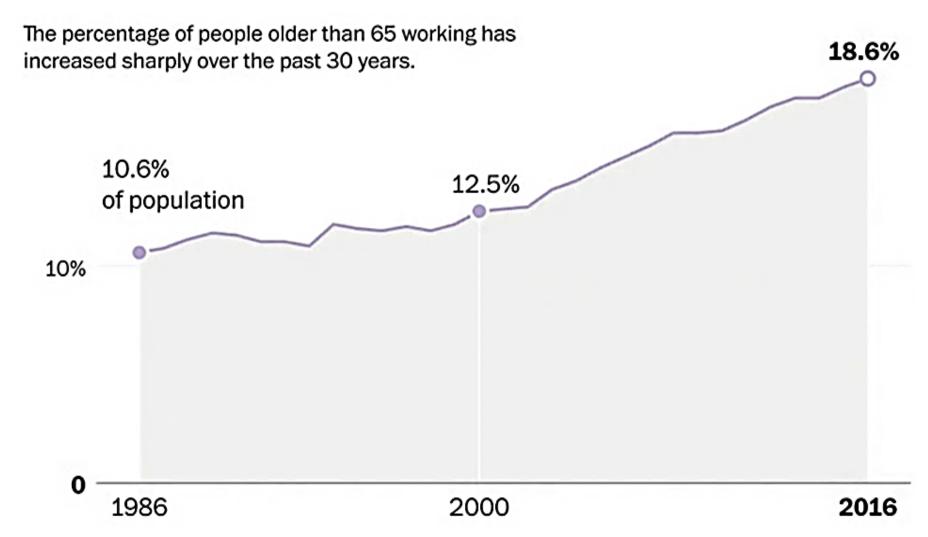


Households in Davidson County Receiving Social Security



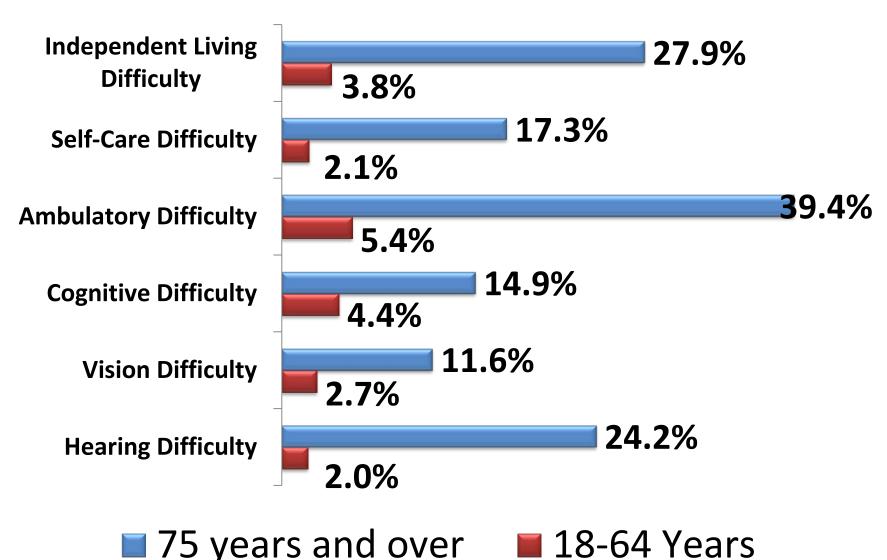
The mean (average) Social Security income was \$18,611 for Davidson County in 2016.

Postponing Retirement for Persons Age 65 and Over

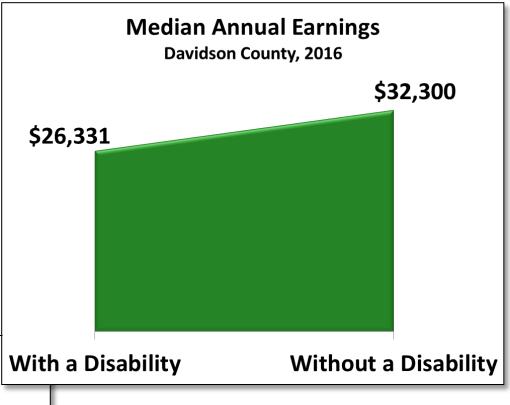


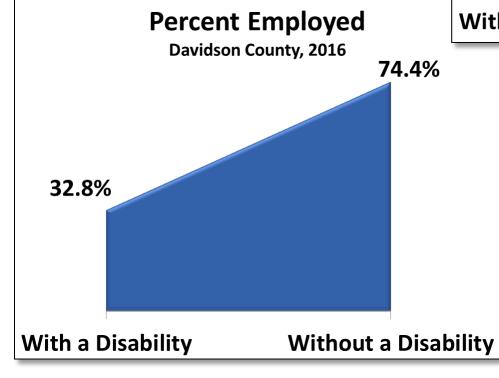
Persons with a Disability by Age

Davidson County, 2016





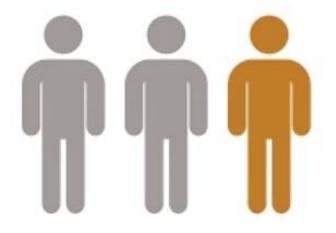








- Falls result in 300,000
 hospitalizations for hip fractures Emergency rooms is usually the primary point of entry
- Falling one time doubles your chance for falling again
- Fall injuries are estimated to result in medical costs of \$31 billion annually



1 IN 3 OLDER ADULTS

over the age of 65 fall each year

AMONG OLDER ADULTS, falls are the number one cause of fractures, hospital admissions, loss of independence and injury-related deaths.





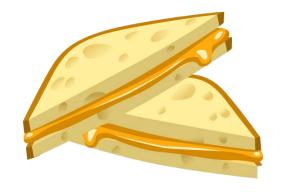


Food and Nutrition

Food insecurity is the limited or uncertain availability of nutritionally adequate and safe foods or limited or uncertain ability to acquire acceptable foods in socially acceptable ways.

Food Insecurity Rate

Davidson County, 2012-2015



17.5%	17.4%		
			16.4%
2012	2013	2014	2015



Food Deserts in Davidson County

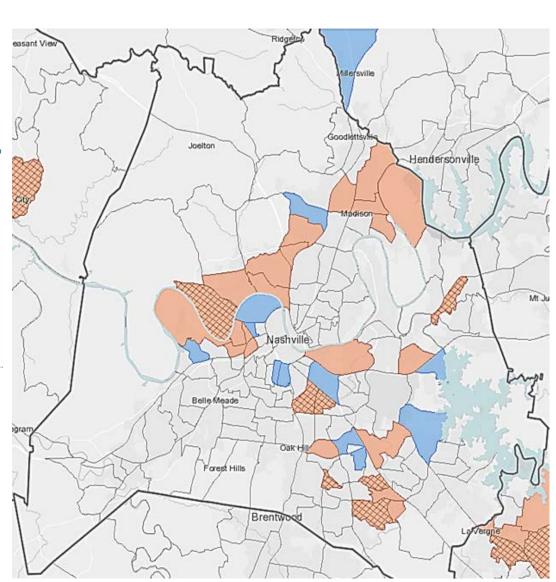
Food Desert Census Tracts, Change, 1 Mi. / 10 Mi. FARA 2010-2015

Food Desert - Added in 2015

Food Desert - No Change

Not a Food Desert - Removed in 2015

Not a Food Desert



Who is likely to be hungry?

Adults age 65 and over

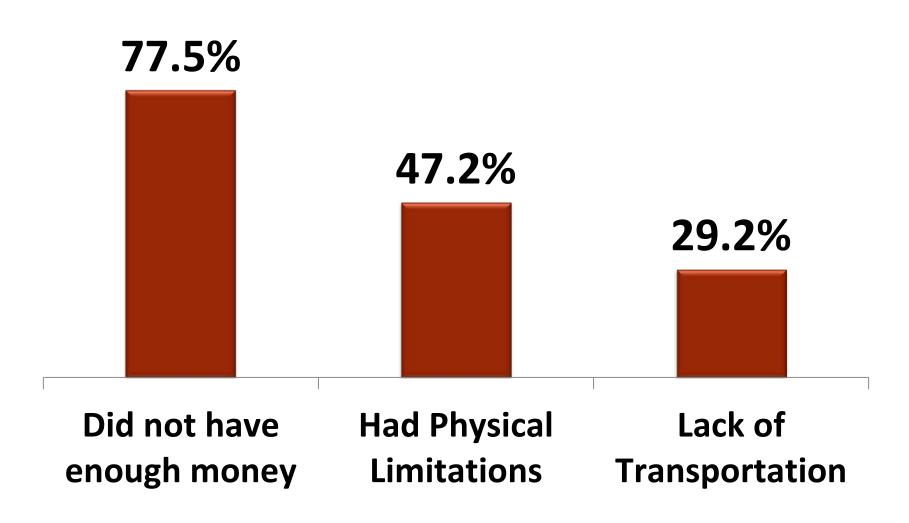


Children and youth - age 18 and under





Causes of Food Insecurity Among Older Adults in Tennessee





Food Insecurity Among Young People

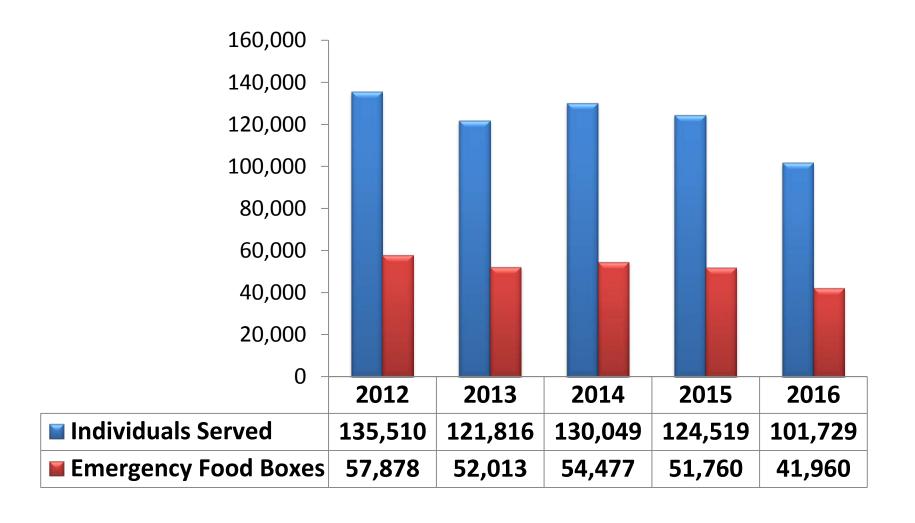
- Food insecurity in children has been linked with delayed development, poorer attachment, and learning difficulties in the first two years of life.
- Food insecurity among young children is associated with poorer physical quality of life, which may prevent them from fully engaging in daily activities such as school and social interactions with peers.
- Food-insecure children may be at a greater risk of truancy and school tardiness.
- When they are in school, children who are food insecure may experience increases in an array of behavior problems including: fighting, hyperactivities, aggression, anxiety, mood swings and bullying.



Need to increase the number of meals served during the summer months

- Metro Action Commission served 280,000 meals during the Summer of 2017, an increase over the previous year.
- In comparison during the 2016-2017 school year 8.4 million meals were served, according to Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools.

Emergency Food Distribution Second Harvest Food Bank of Middle Tennessee

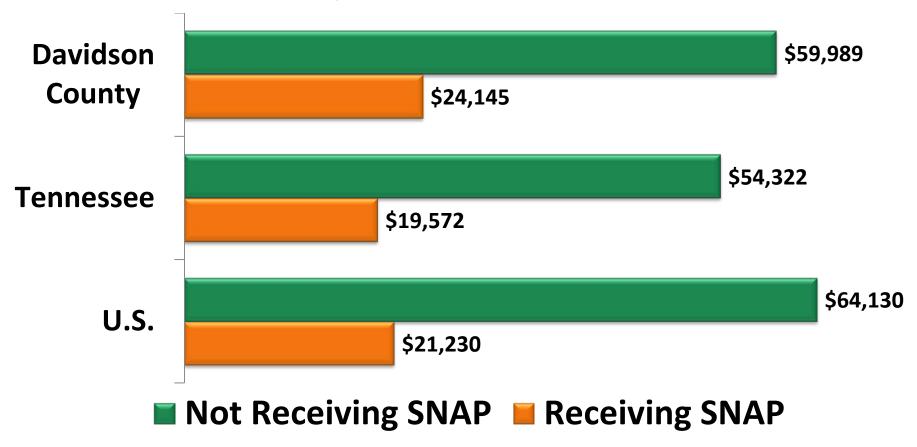






Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

SNAP recipients have lower median household income than non-SNAP recipients.





SNAP and Service Industry Workers

Top Occupations Among Tennesseans Participating in SNAP by Number of Workers

Number of workers participating in SNAP Cashiers	Percent participating in SNAP	Average wage for occupation
20,000	28%	unavailable
Cooks 16,700	33%	\$10.22
Waiters and waitresses 12,200	25%	\$9.46
Janitors and building cleaners 11,800	25%	\$11.38
Driver/sales workers and truck drivers	15%	\$18.61





MetroPublic Health Dept

Protecting, Improving, and Sustaining Health



NASHVILLE'S COMMUNITY HEALTH ASSESSMENT

Metro Social Services
Annual Community Needs Assessment (CNE) Release
Wednesday - February 21st, 2017

Health SectionMetro Public Health Department

Dr. Raquel Qualls-Hampton

Chief Epidemiologist & Division Director





NASHVILLE....



HEALTH CHAPTER

NASHVILLE....

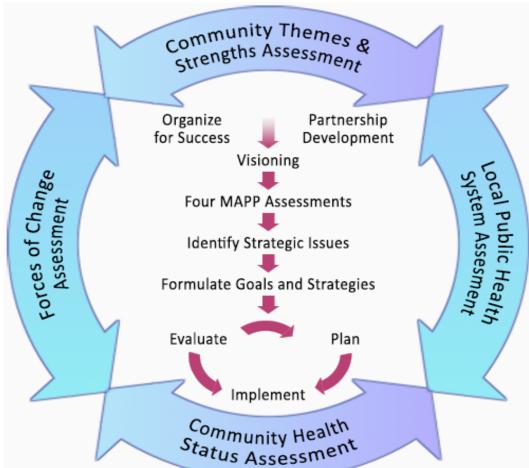


A CHECK-UP!

COMMUNITY HEALTH ASSESSMENT



Mobilizing for Action through Planning & Partnering (MAPP)







Priority Health Areas 2015- 2019

Advance Health Equity Support
Mental &
Emotional
Health

Maximize
Built &
Natural
Environments



Priority Health Issues 2015- 2019

Advance Health Equity Support
Mental &
Emotional
Health

Maximize
Built &
Natural
Environments



Priority Health Issues 2020-204







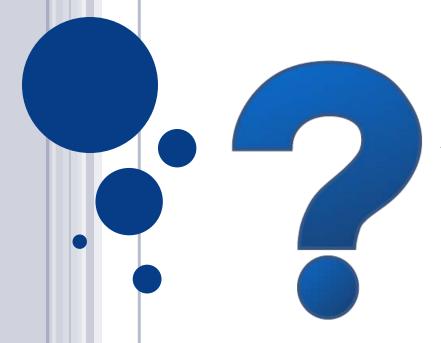
www.healthynashville.org





COMMUNITY HEALTH ASSESSMENT

Tracy Buck, Director Community Development & Planning Tracy.Buck@nashville.gov (615) 340-5321



HEALTH DATA

www.HealthyNashville.ORG OR

Dr. Raquel Quall-Hampton, Director Epidemiology Raquel.Qualls-Hampton@nashville.gov (615) 340-8623

Protecting, Improving, and Sustaining Health

HEALTH SECTION CONTRIBUTING AUTHORS

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- William Paul, MD, MPH
- Max Baker

- Abraham Mukolo, PhD
- Nick J. Lindeman



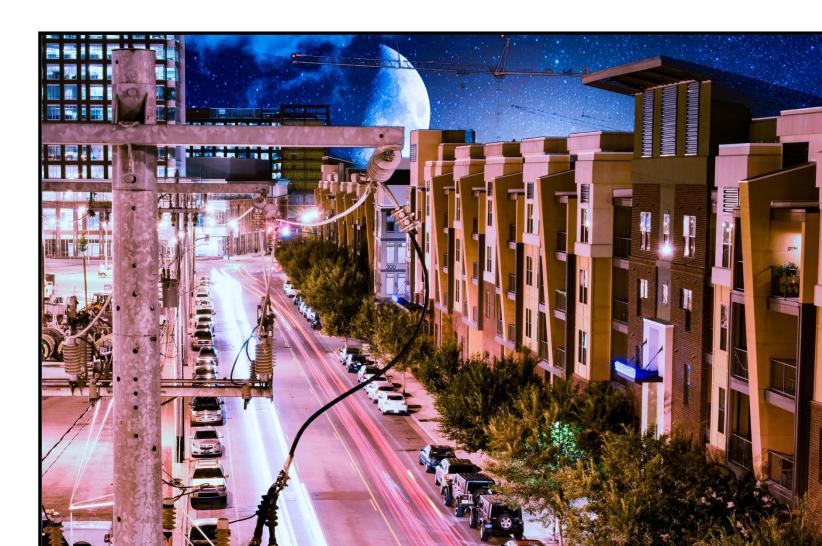




Thank you!



Housing





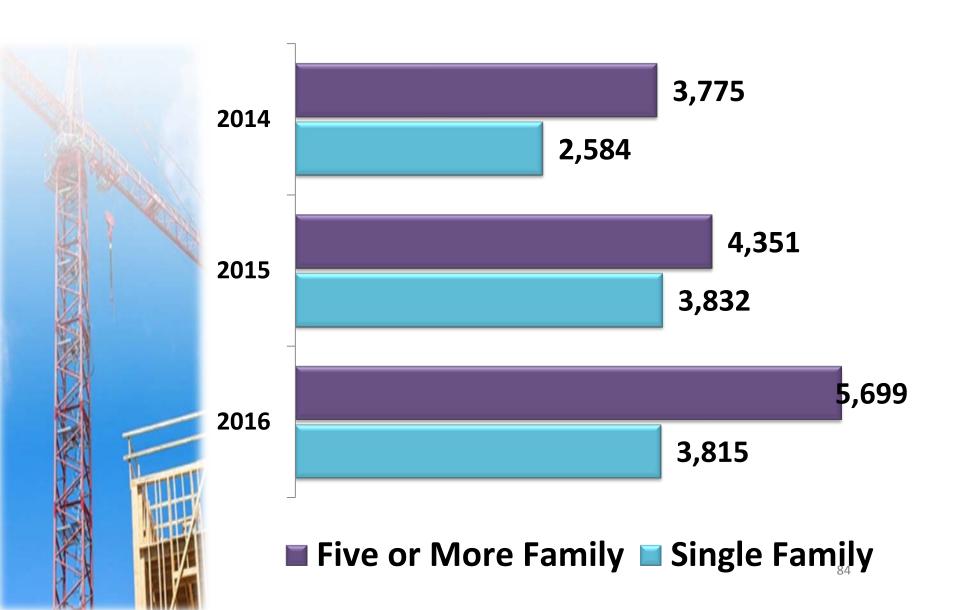


Good News? Nashville Dropped from 6th to 9th in Top 10 Hottest U.S. Markets



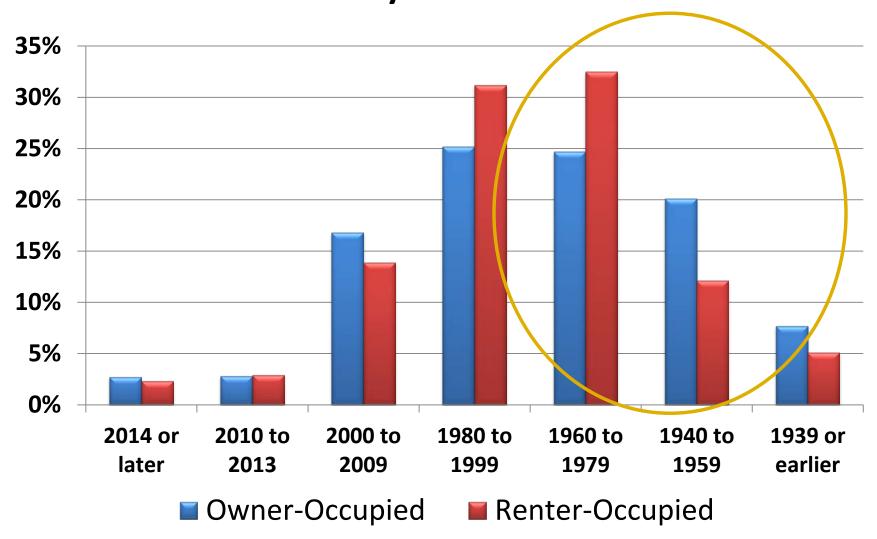


Number Of Units For Which Building Permits Were Issued





About ½ of our housing stock was built before 1960: 58+ years old





High Construction Costs Contribute To High-Cost Units

High Land Cost

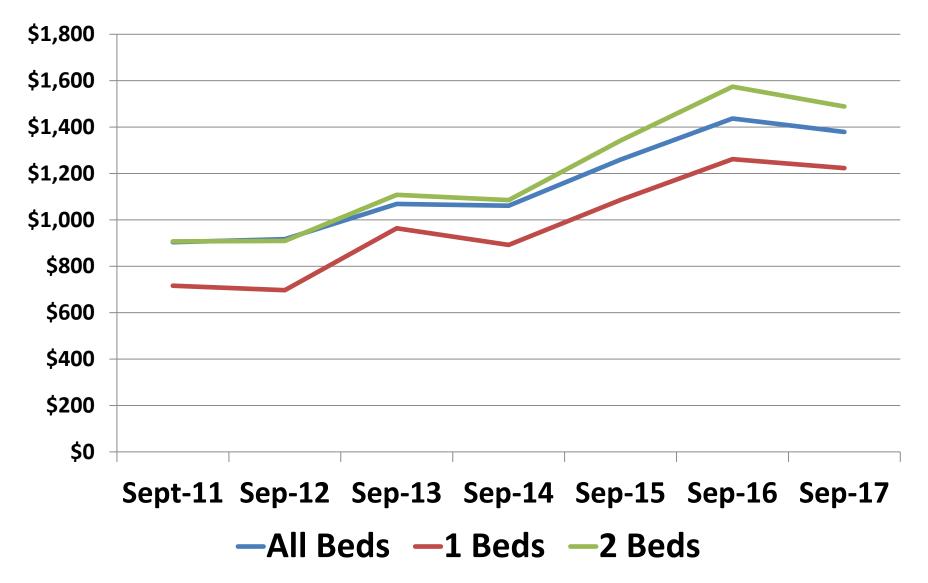
High Materials Cost

High Labor Cost – Not Enough Skilled Workers

Low Affordable Housing Supply

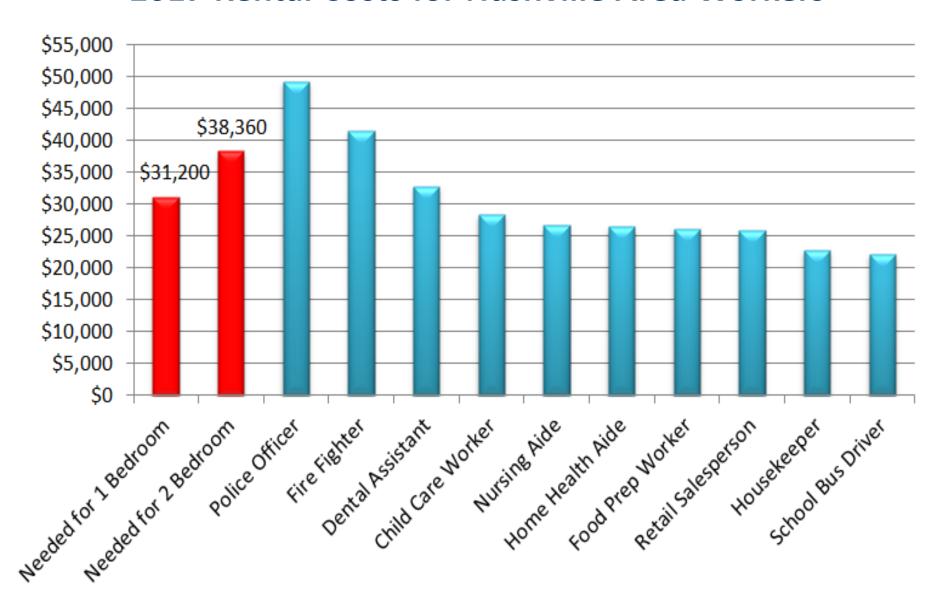


Average Rental Listing Prices – Davidson County





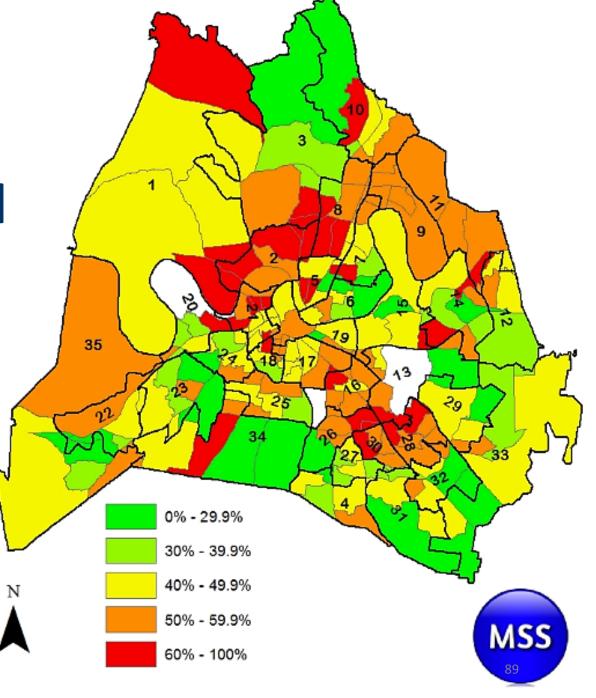
2017 Rental Costs for Nashville Area Workers



 \bigcirc

Cost Burdened Renters

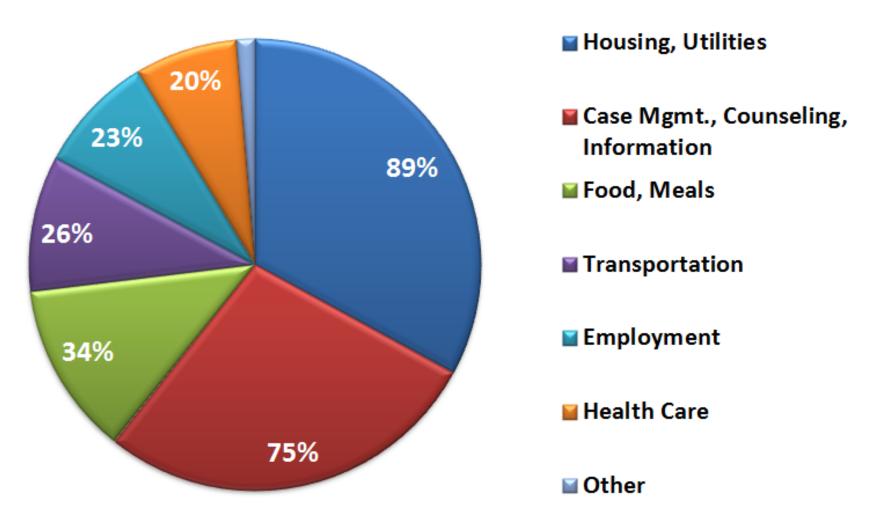
2012-2016





MSS Front Desk Survey 2017

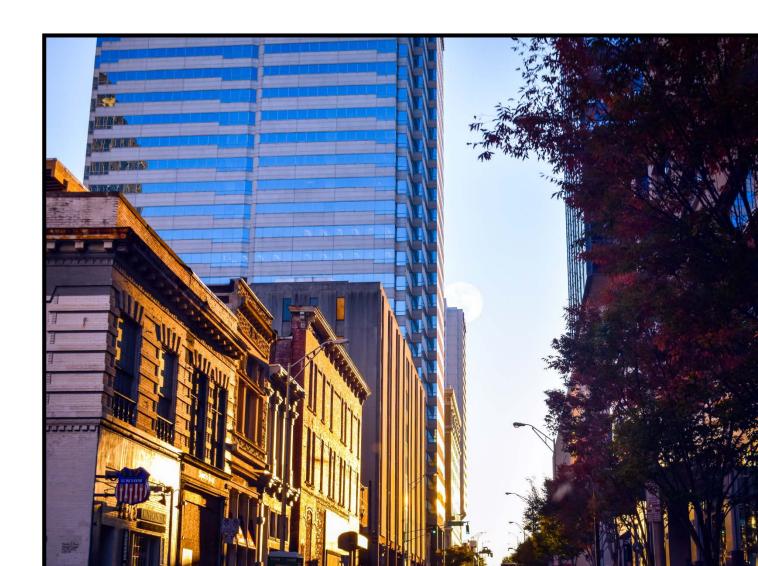
What Do You Need?



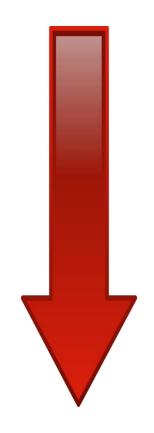




Workforce

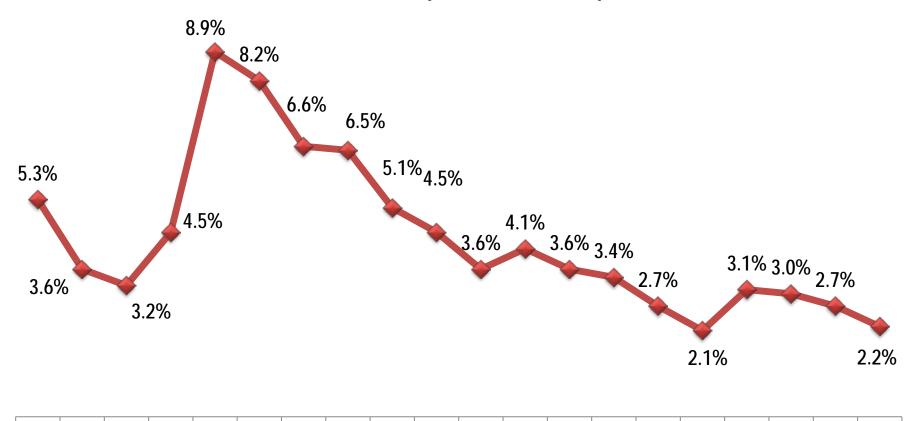


The unemployment rate in Davidson County continued trending down, and the lowest rate of 2017 was recorded in May at 2.1%, levels that economists would consider even below full employment.



Unemployment Rate

Davidson County, 1980 - September 2017

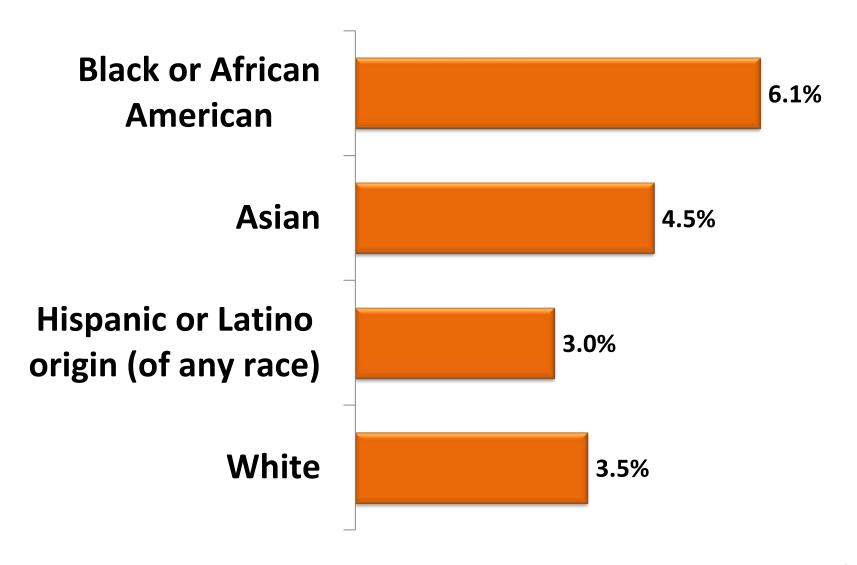


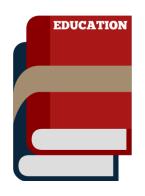
Minority Unemployment

Unemployment is higher among the Black or African-American population than for Asian, White, and Hispanic/Latino population of any race.

Unemployment by Race and Ethnicity

Davidson County, 2016

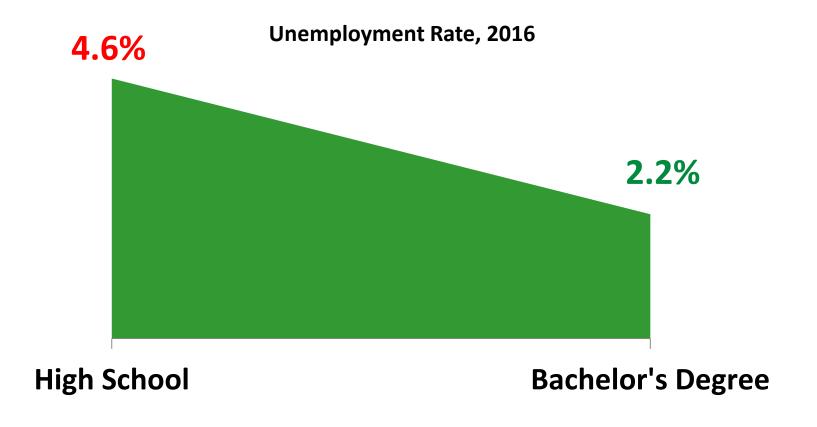




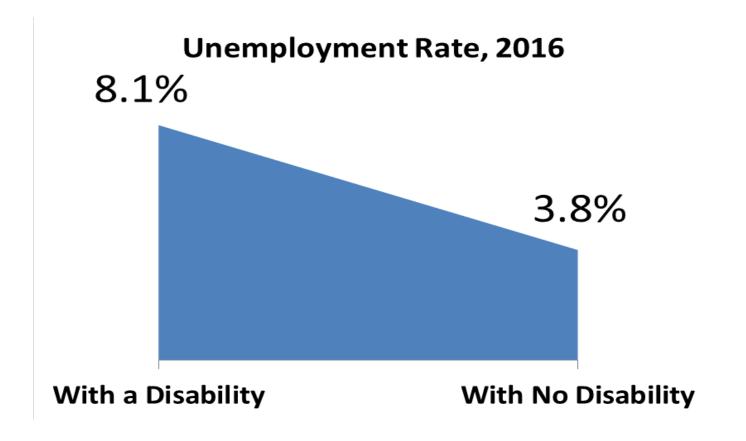
Educational Attainment

Workers with less education continue to experience a higher unemployment rate compared to those with higher levels of education.

The unemployment rate for workers with less than high school was 4.6% in 2016, compared to 2.2% unemployment for workers with at least a bachelor's degree.



Persons with disabilities are also more likely to experience higher unemployment rates than people who do not have disabilities.



African-Americans are more likely than Whites to be arrested, convicted and face stiffer sentences.

People of color make up 37% of the U.S. Population, but make up 67% of the prison population.



Long-Term Difficulties in Re-entering Society:

- Employment
- Housing
- Capacity to participate in other life improving opportunities

WORKFORCE CHALLENGES

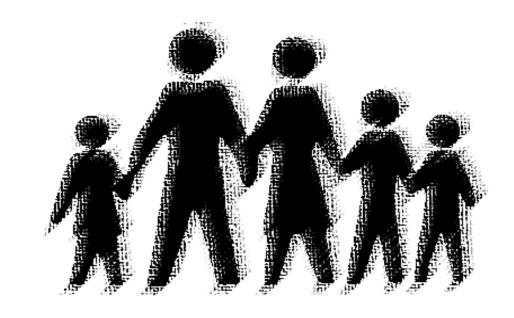
- Technology
- Globalization
- Weakened ability to bargain collectively



Strategies for the Future

What happened?

How did we get here?



Financially Struggling Households

How did the struggle begin?

In the 1970s and 1980s
 Regulations were seen
 as choking businesses and
 hurting their profits.



 Deregulation according to Merriam-Webster dictionary, "the act or process of removing restrictions and regulations". Companies wanted to increase Shareholder Value



 Stock buybacks are corporate repurchases of their own shares of stock.
 Corporations do this as a means to boost the share price and provide shareholder value. A Tennessee company has yearly earnings of \$1 million and 50,000 outstanding shares. The Earnings Per Share (EPS), then is \$20.

If it repurchases 10,000 of its shares, it now has 40,000 outstanding shares, its EPS immediately increases to \$25 even though its earnings did not increase.

From 2003 to 2012:

Companies in the S&P spent
 54% of their earnings. . .

 A total of \$2.4 trillion to buy back their own stock.

~ William Lazonick

Staffing Agencies



- Use few workers
- Working temporarily
- With no benefits (including pensions)



Globalization

- Cheaper products
- Off-shoring

Technology

Reduces the number of workers it takes to produce the same or more level of output.

The Great Recession

December 2007 to
June 2009

Importance of Educational Attainment

- Occupations typically requiring postsecondary education gained 5.3 million jobs between May 2007 and May 2016.
- Occupations typically requiring high school for entry lost 1.3 million jobs between May 2007 and May 2016.

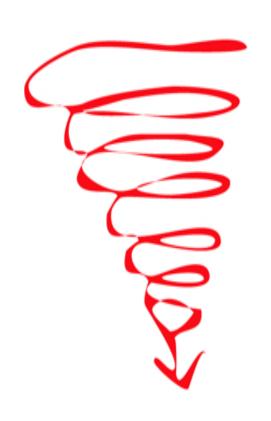
~U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics



Weakened Collective Bargaining

- 20.1% or 17.7 million in 1983
- 10.7% of wage and salary workers or 14.8 million were union members in 2017

What was the RESULT?



A large pool of workers competing for shrinking job opportunities, which then depressed wages.

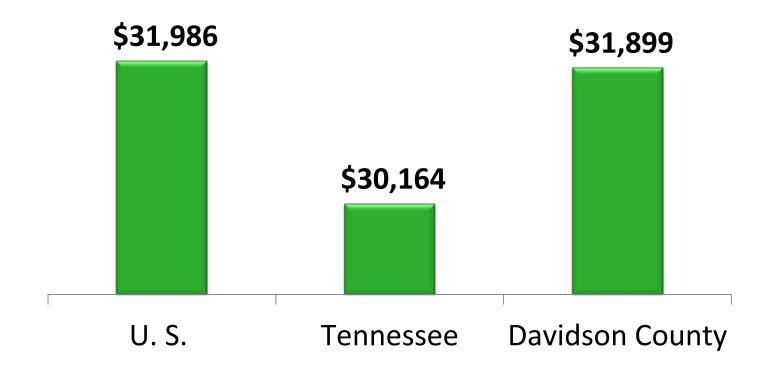
- Real average hourly earnings up 0.4%
- Real average weekly earnings up 0.7% percent in 2017



~U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

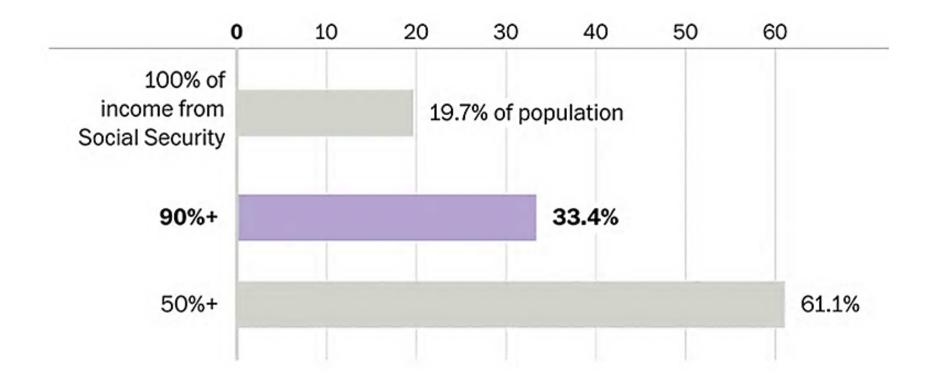
Median Worker Earnings for All Workers

U.S., Tennessee, Davidson County, 2016



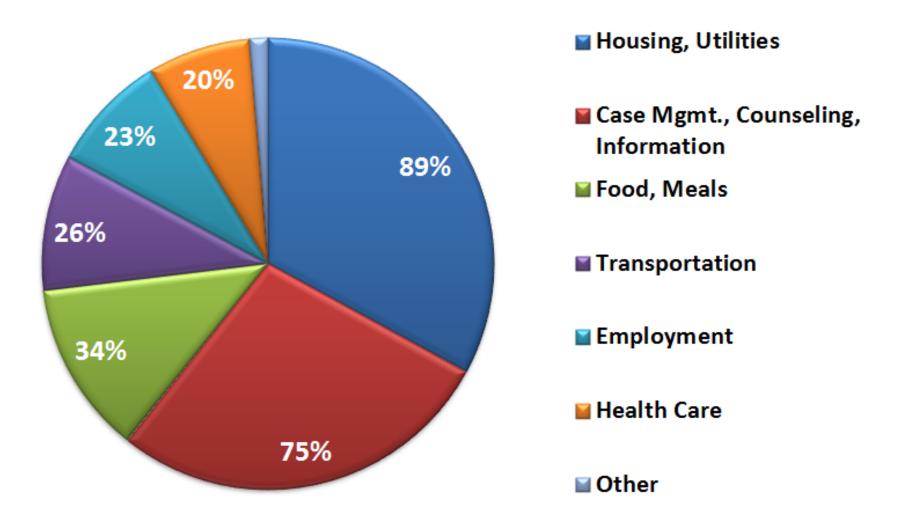
RELYING ON SOCIAL SECURITY

Nearly 20 percent of Social Security recipients 65 and older have no other income. For 33 percent, Social Security accounts for at least 90 percent of income.



Source: U.S. Social Security Administration; 2014 data

Metro Social Services – Front Desk Survey July 2013 – October 2017 What do you need?



Banking Regulations

After the Great Depression, the U.S. Banking Act of 1933 was enacted to protect the U.S. economy from another severe depression. The Glass-Steagall provisions separated commercial and investment banking.

Glass-Steagall was repealed in 1999.

Banks are now allowed to have Retail, Commercial, and Investment.

In 2016, U.S. banks, savings and loans and credit unions claimed \$33.3 billion worth of revenue from overdraft fees.

~Moebs Services, a bank research firm

- The average amount of money consumers overdraft is about \$24.
- Banks often charge fees of around \$34 for each overdraft.

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau



44% of adults say they either could not cover an emergency expense costing \$400, or would cover it by selling something or borrowing money

~Federal Reserve Bank, 2015

7% Unbanked

20 % Underbanked

~FDIC 2015



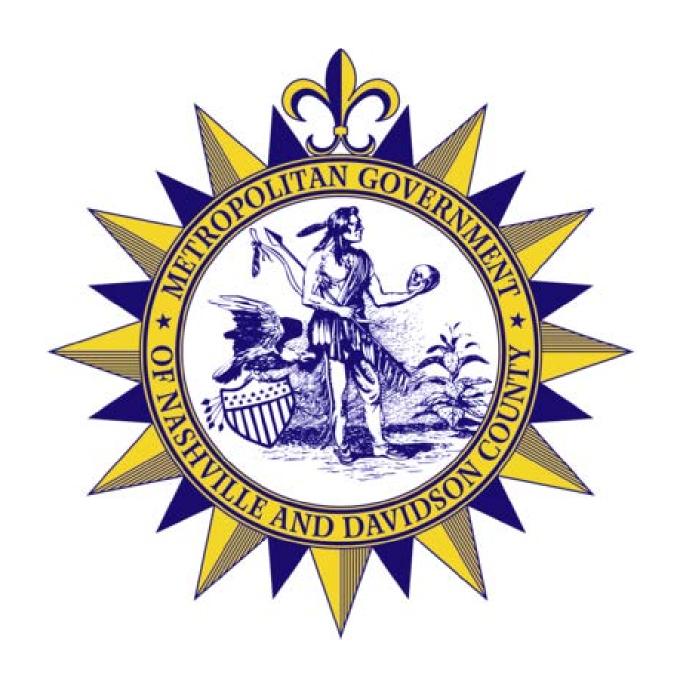
The Greater Nashville area boosted its supply of privatesector jobs by 25% from mid-2007 to mid-2017 (net job growth of 172,600 positions)

~Nashville Business Journal August 30, 2017



Nashville ranked top city for higher-wage job growth since 2011 – 160,300, a 42% increase.

~Forbes Magazine, June 26, 2017



Unique Things Done by MSS

Metro Cold Weather Overflow Shelter

- MSS is the city entity responsible for organizing and managing the Metro's Cold Weather Overflow shelter for at risk people
- These shelters not only provide a safe and warm place to weather the cold, they also provide food, blankets, hygiene kits and more
- This year alone, MSS coordinated and sheltered at risk individuals in the overflow shelter, with a daily average of 129 people during the 23 days it was open

Housing Assistance and Homelessness Prevention

- MSS is chartered to help displaced or evicted citizens and those on the verge of homelessness to find emergency resources to prevent homelessness.
- Last year, almost 90% of the people who came to MSS requested assistance with housing, utilities and other housing-related issues.
- By providing assistance with housing, children were able to stay in their current school districts, preventing them from being uprooted midschool year.

Nutrition

- MSS is the largest meal provider for elderly and disabled individuals in Davidson County
- In 2017, MSS served an average of more than 12,400 meals each month to elderly and disabled Nashvillians, many of whom are on fixed incomes.
- Providing nutritious meals to elderly and disabled individuals allows them to remain healthy in their own homes and lowers their health costs.



Indigent Burial

- MSS is the only designated county provider of burial services for residents with no financial resources.
- Davidson County is the only county in the state that provides these services, and MSS has taken on this role and provides dignified burials.
- This service also helps to protect the health of the community.

CNE and Know Your Community

- MSS is the only entity that annually documents and reports up-to-date county information about households that financially struggle to pay bills, those who are aging or live with disabilities, families who can't find affordable housing, unemployment, inadequate nutrition, and other social and economic indicators.
- MSS also publishes "Know Your Community," providing relevant detailed social and economic information about residents in every Council District that is used by elected officials, policy makers, advocates & the general public.



Metropolitan Social Services welcomes the Keynote Speakers

Keynote Speakers



Commissioner Danielle Whitworth Barnes

Tennessee Department of Human Services

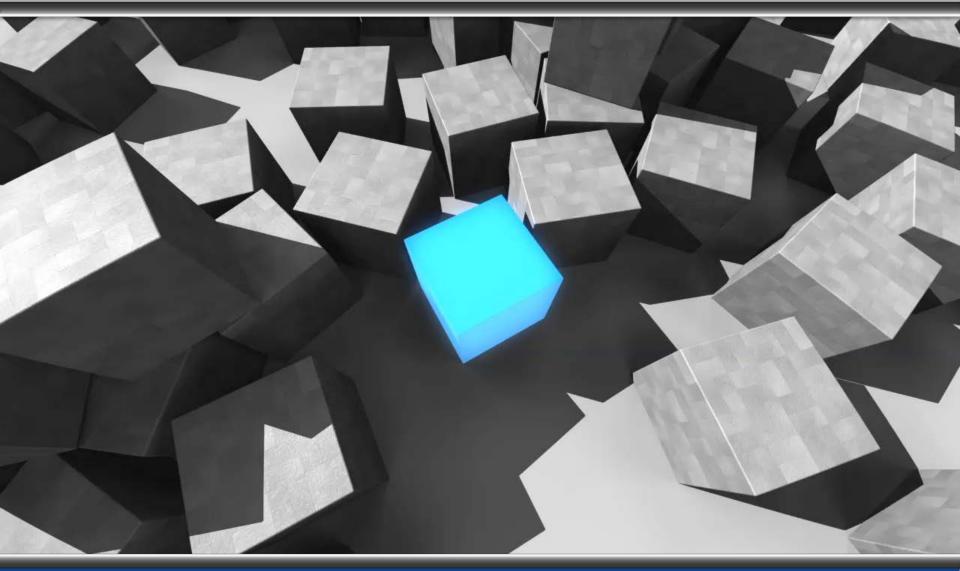
Sally Avery, Director

Center for Economic Research in Tennessee (CERT)
Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development

Commissioner Danielle Whitworth Barnes

Tennessee Department of Human Services







Building Partnerships, Building Cycles of Success



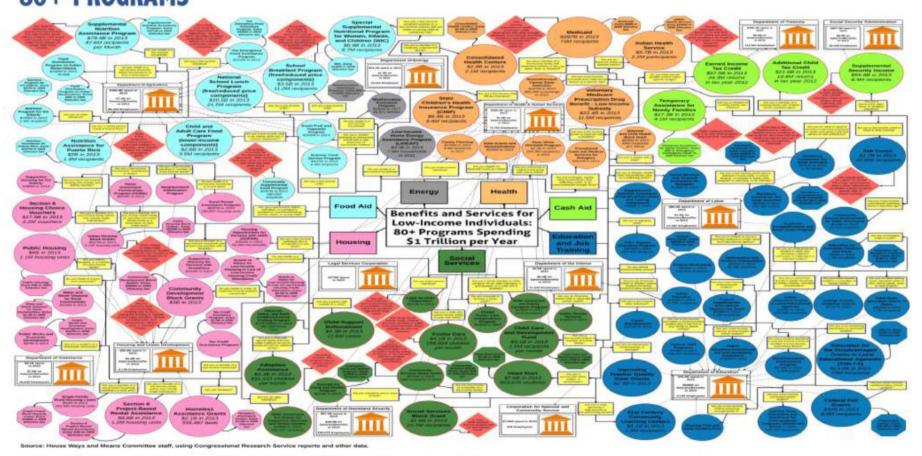
Claire



Programs Available

CHART 2

BENEFITS AND SERVICES FOR LOW-INCOME INDIVIDUALS 80+ PROGRAMS



Source: Congressional Research Service, House Ways and Means Committee

Services



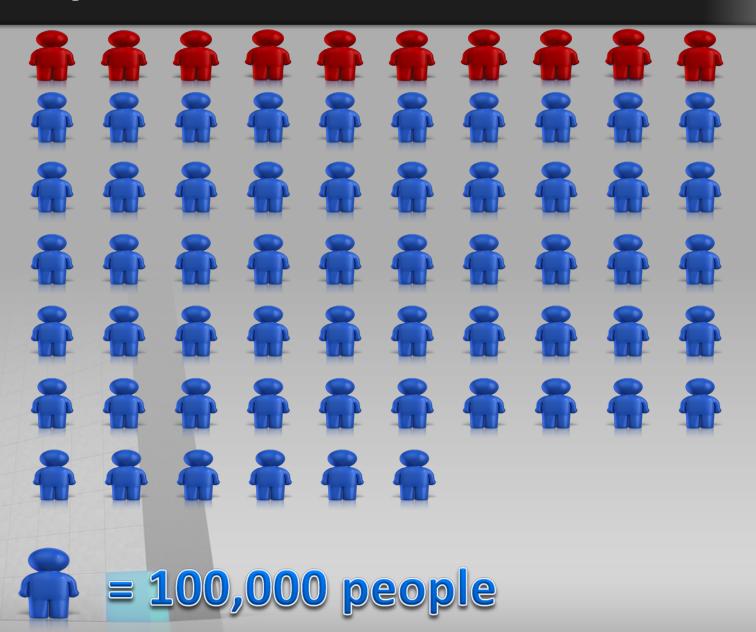
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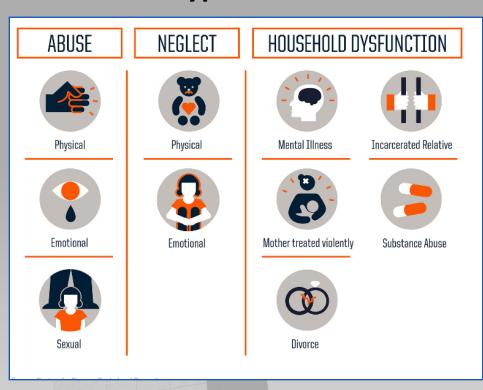
Difficulty Navigating

Poverty in Tennessee

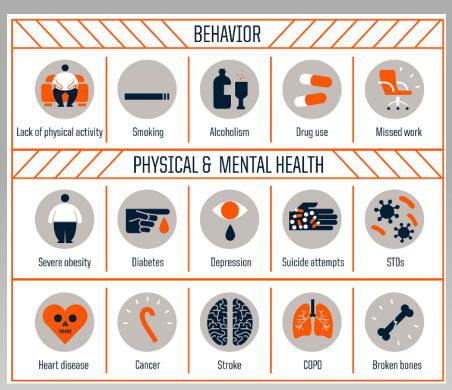


ACEs: Adverse Childhood Experiences

Three Types of ACEs



ACEs Increase Health Risks

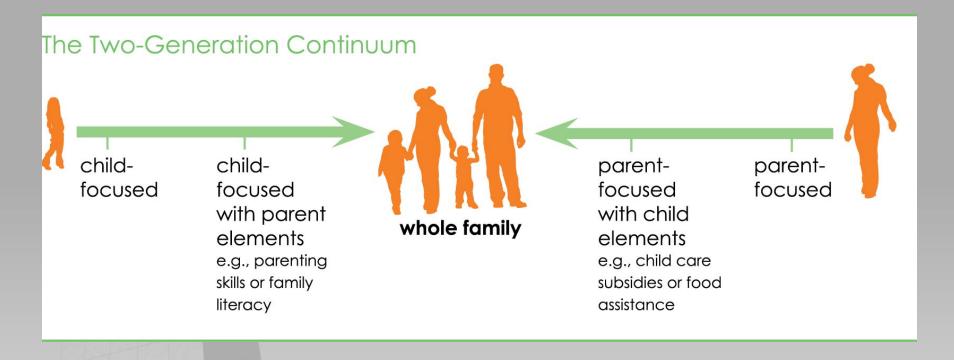


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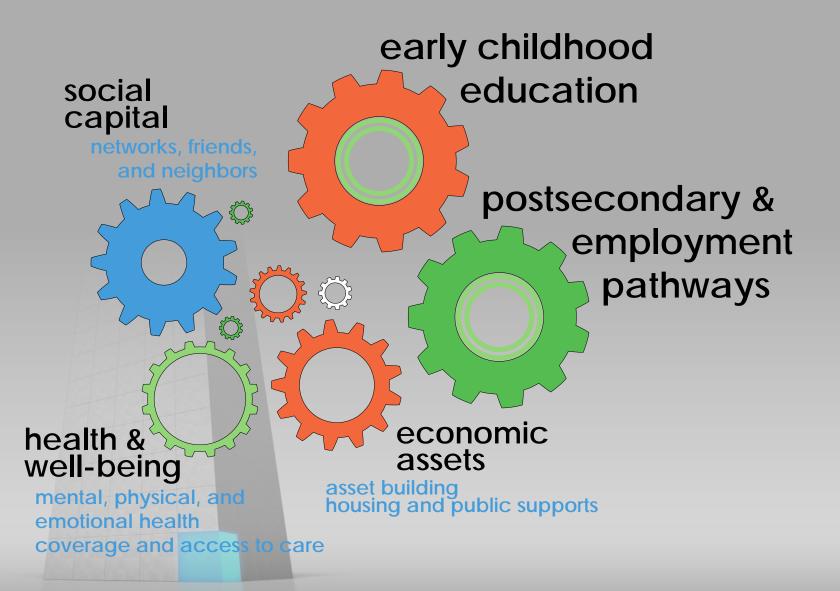
Navigation Assistance

2 Gen Approach

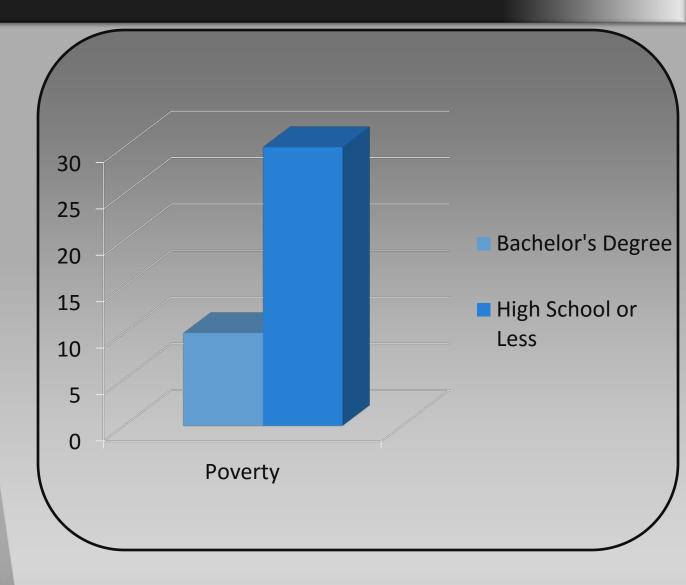


The two-generation approach provides opportunities for and meets the needs of children and their parents together.

2 Gen Approach



Poverty Vs. Education



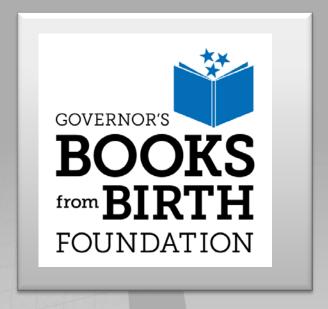
Education

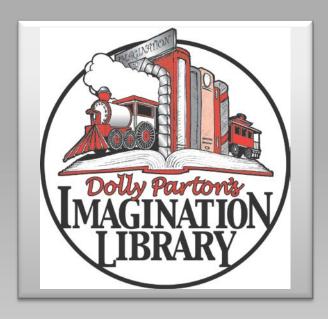




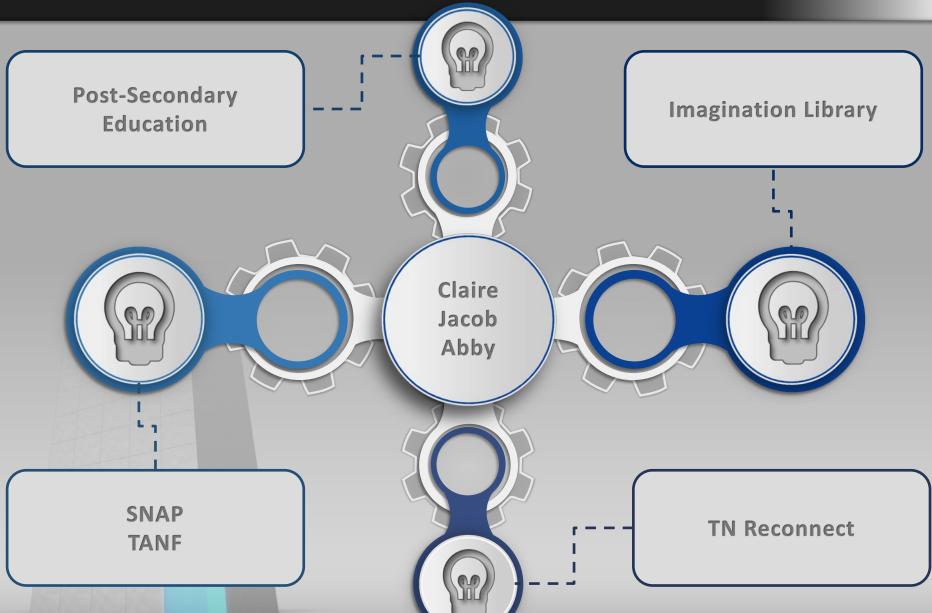


Education

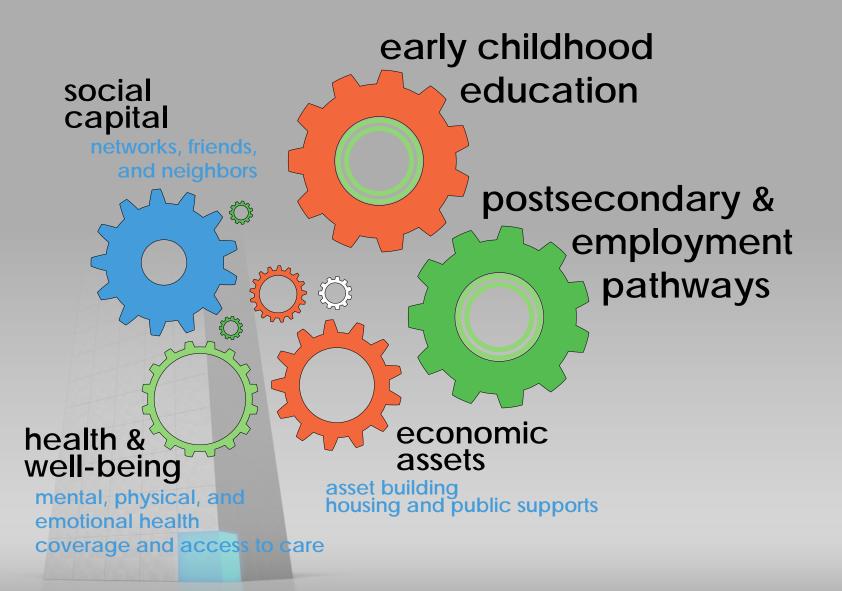




Education



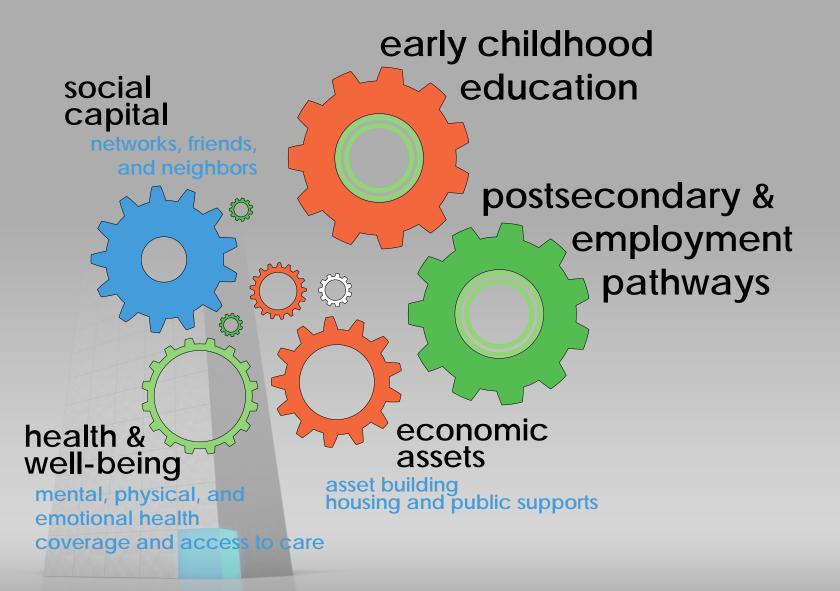
2 Gen Approach



Smart Steps



2 Gen Approach



Health and Wellbeing

Early Childhood Education

Post-Secondary Education

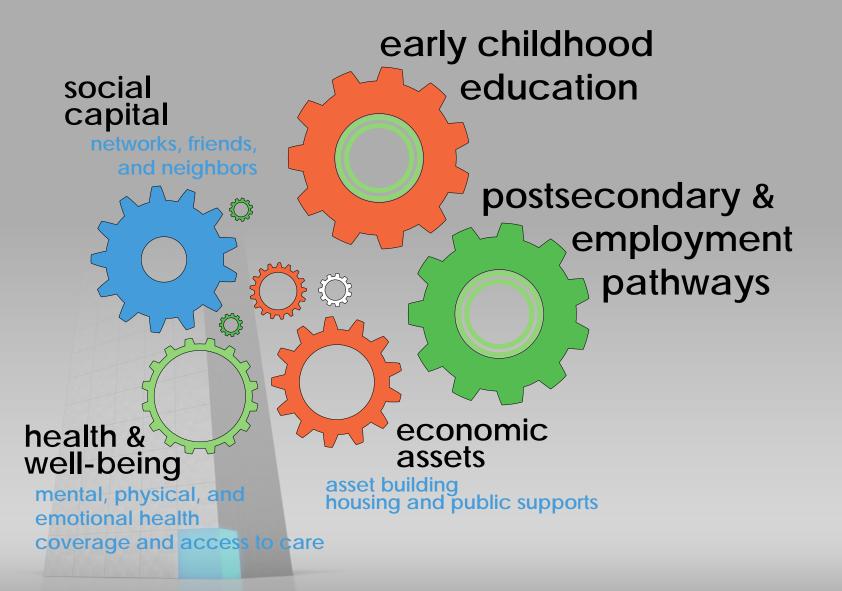
Economic Literacy



Workforce Readiness

Health

2 Gen Approach



Social Capital

Education

Upward Mobility

Economic Literacy



Health Indicators

Workforce Readiness

Community Engagement

Increase Impact

Building Partnerships, Building Cycles of Success



Sally Avery, Director

Center for Economic Research in Tennessee (CERT)
Tennessee Department of Economic and Community Development



Center For Economic Research in Tennessee (CERT)



ECONOMIC & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

We are passionate about developing dynamic, diverse economies and thriving communities for generations of Tennesseans.















CENTER FOR ECONOMIC RESEARCH IN TENNESSEE (CERT)

Corporate Decision-Making Project & Incentive Evaluation

Performance Metrics

Trend Analysis





LONG TERM OBJECTIVES

Unemployment Rate

Goal (2025): Rank #1 Lowest in the Southe Current Status (December 2017):

3.2%

(Rank: #1 of 12 States)

Personal Income Per Capita

Goal (2025): Rank #1 or #2 Highest in the Southeast Current Status (2017 Q3):

\$44,325

(Rank: #3 of 12 States)

Capital Investment Per Capita

Goal (2025): Rank #1 Highest in Southeast Current Status (2017):

\$559 +-\$165

(Rank: #5 of 12 States)

No. of Distressed Counties

Goal (2025): 0 of 95 Counties Current Status (FY2018):

19

High Quality Job Commitments

Goal (2025): 55% of TNECD Job Commitments Current Status (2017):

55.6%

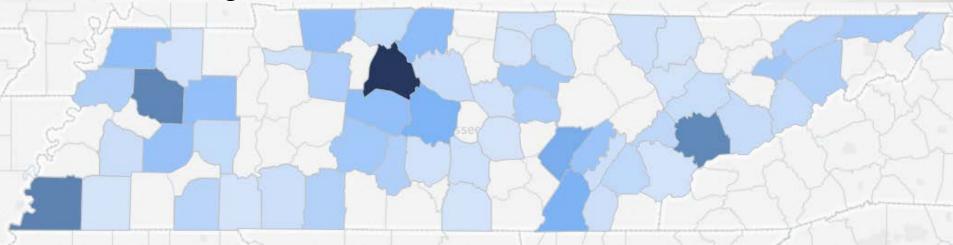
(real-time)





EXPANSION/RECRUITMENT, 2017

- ➤ 156 company commitments to create 21,483 new jobs and invest \$4.5 billion
- > 45.2% in rural counties (increase from 31.7% 5 years ago)
- > 55.6% above county median wage
- > 59.3% expansion; 36% recruitment
- > 31.3% foreign-based



TENN. WORKFORCE, 2017

- > 23,700 net new private sector jobs (.92% job growth)
- ➤ Labor force grew 2.0% (+62,922)—11th highest growth rate in nation
- ➤ Unemployment declined 37.2% (-60,549)—2nd greatest decline in nation
- ➤ Labor force participation (61%) ranks 12th lowest in nation.

Highest Degree Level	LFPR Range, 2016	LFPR Median, 2016
No HS degree	20-69%	47%
HS Degree	36-77%	69%
Some college or Associate's	49-87%	74%
Bachelor's or higher degree	61-97%	83%





SKILLS GAPS

- CERT annually evaluates job classifications which Tennessee employers have a high demand to fill
- Programs of study necessary to meet employer demand
- METHODOLOGY: Identify occupations with a high ratio of job postings to employment, hires to employment and/or job openings. Occupations with an above-average ratio for 2 of these 3 indicators are considered to be in "high" employer demand. Thresholds:
 - ✓ Median Wage for the occupation must be at last 75% of the region's median wage
 - ✓ Employment: Occupation's employment must be at least 0.04% of region's total employment



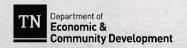




PRODUCTION

Occupations with High Demand					
Tool & die makers	Welders, cutters & brazers	Multiple machine tool setters/operators			
Electrical & electronic	Cutting, punching & press				
equipment assemblers	machine setters/ operators				

	Tennessee					
Related Program	Completions (2016)	Openings (2017)	Median Wage		Jobs (2027)	
Machine Shop Technology	143	2,651			22,824	
Industrial Electronics Tech.	76	845	\$16.69	6,399	7,065	
Machine Tool Technology	224	3,530	\$16.76	27,715	29,368	
Tool & Die Technology	17	303	\$22.05	2,625	2,723	
Welding Technology	622	1,306	\$17.63	10,401	10,963	



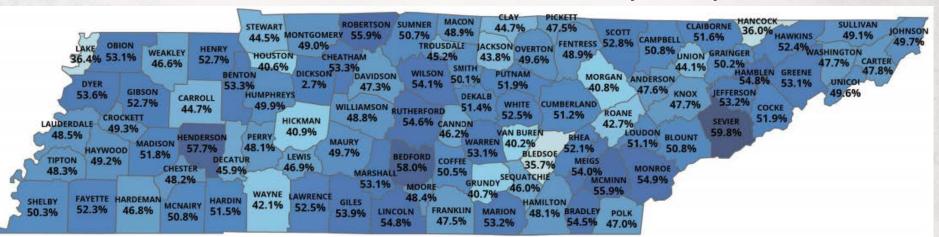
IT

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Occupations with High Demand								
Computer systems analysts	Inform	nation security	analysts	Computer Programmers				
Network & computer systems administrators	Comp	Computer network architects			Computer user support specialists			
Software developers		Web developers			Database administrators			
		Tennessee						
Relevant Program		Completions	Openings	Median	Jobs	Jobs		
		(2016)	(2017)	Wage	(2017)	(2027)		
Computer & Information Science	ces	686	4,432	\$37.39	41,532	52,378		
Computer Science		475	4,779	\$31.95	45,442	55,649		
Management Information Syste	ems	216	1,011	\$39.72	10,298	11,922		
Computer Engineering		123	2,272	\$39.97	21,085	26,693		
Computer & Information Syster Security/Information Assurance		52	2,791	\$27.47	27,476	33,089		
Computer Systems Networking Telecommunications	3 &	107	2,991	\$27.38	28,167	34,845		
Web Page, Digital/Multimedia & Information Resources Design		75	1,243	\$23.12	11,364	13,627		
Network & System Administrati		27	3,301	\$29.55	31,866	38,584		
Computer Programming		36	3,822		36,275	-		
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TENNESSEE WORKFORCE DISRUPTION INDEX

% of Jobs Vulnerable to Automation, by County



1.4 Million (50%) Tennessee jobs have a high probability of automation; 37% of wages

Occupation groups with greatest share of vulnerable jobs: 92% of TN jobs in food prep & serving are vulnerable to automation—as are 77% of sales jobs, 76% of production jobs, 73% of transportation/material moving jobs, and 66% of office/administrative support jobs in TN.

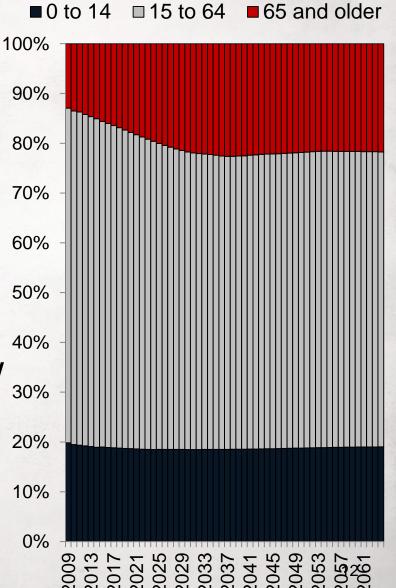
Avg. hourly wage of jobs with a high probability of automation (\$14.56) is five dollars lower than the average wage for all jobs.





SHIFTING AGE DEMOGRAPHICS

- ➤ Retirements of the baby boomer cohort is another disruptive trend many organizations face
- ➤ Population age 15-64 will decline from 67% to 59% by 2032
- ➤ Population age 65+ will grow from 13% to 22% by 2032







EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Automation will disrupt the workforce landscape – not replace it.

- Greater demand for critical thinking, judgment, human perception, creativity, social intelligence, interaction
- Technology can complement labor; and boost productivity, incomes, leisure time
- Education improves ability of a workforce to complement & align with automation



Tuition-free attendance at a community or technical college for 2 years. Opportunity available to high school seniors who apply.

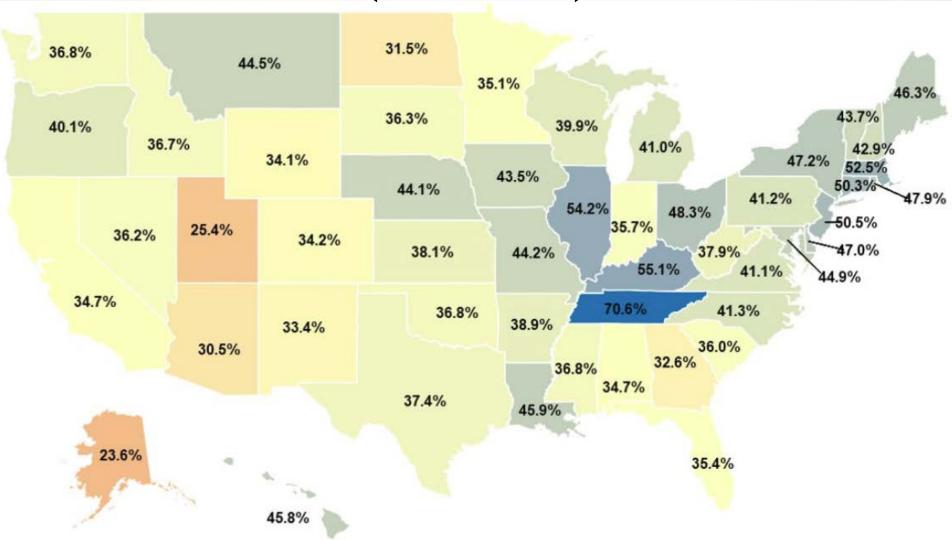


Tuition-free attendance at a community or technical college for adults who do not already have an associate or bachelor degree

0

FAFSA COMPLETION RATES

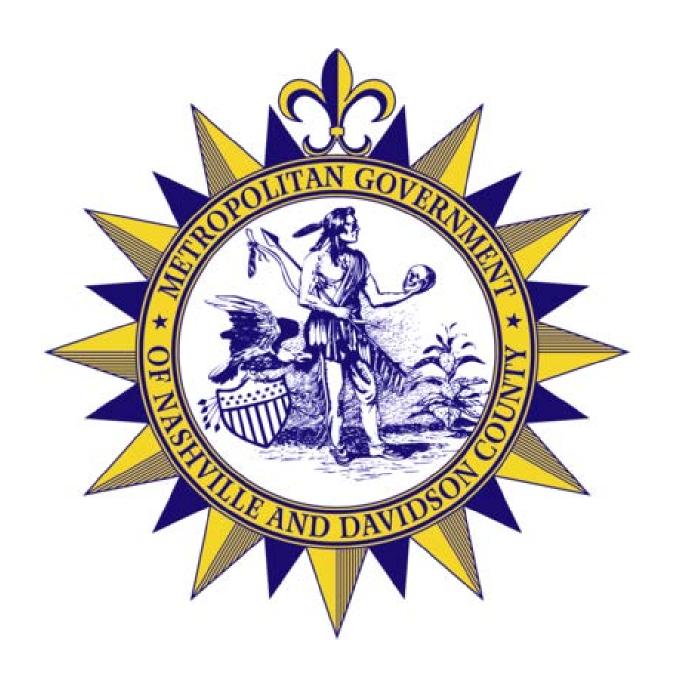
(AS OF 2/2/18)



Thank you!

Sally Avery, Director
Center for Economic Research
in Tennessee (CERT)
615-979-6064
sally.avery@tn.gov





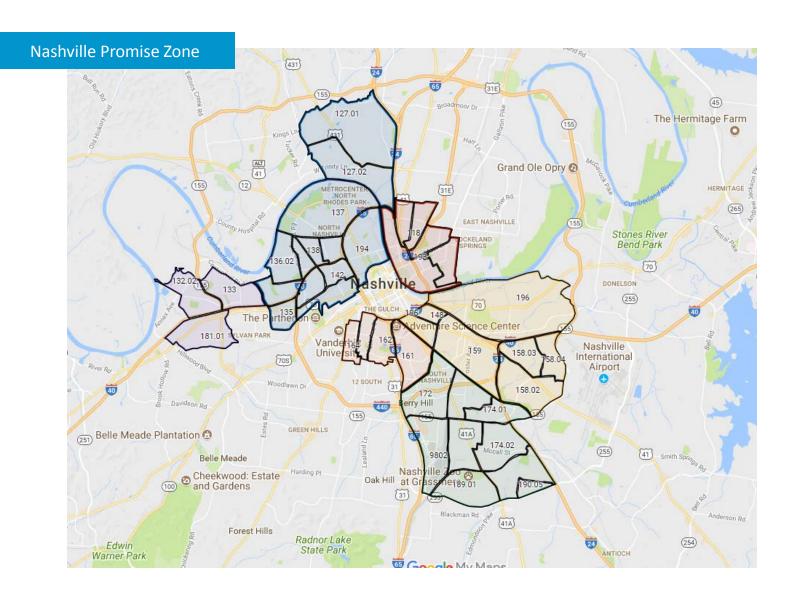


Presentations from the Office of the Mayor

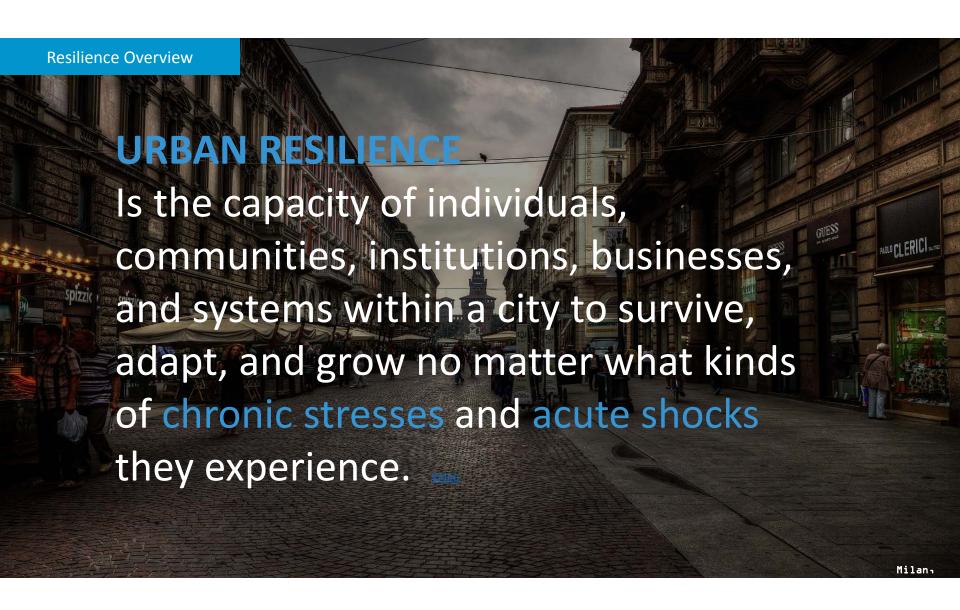
- Erik Cole, Moderator
- John Murphy Financial Inclusion
- Erin Hafkenschiel Transit and Transportation
- Julia Wcislo Talent Hub: Increasing Post-Secondary Completion in the Promise Zone



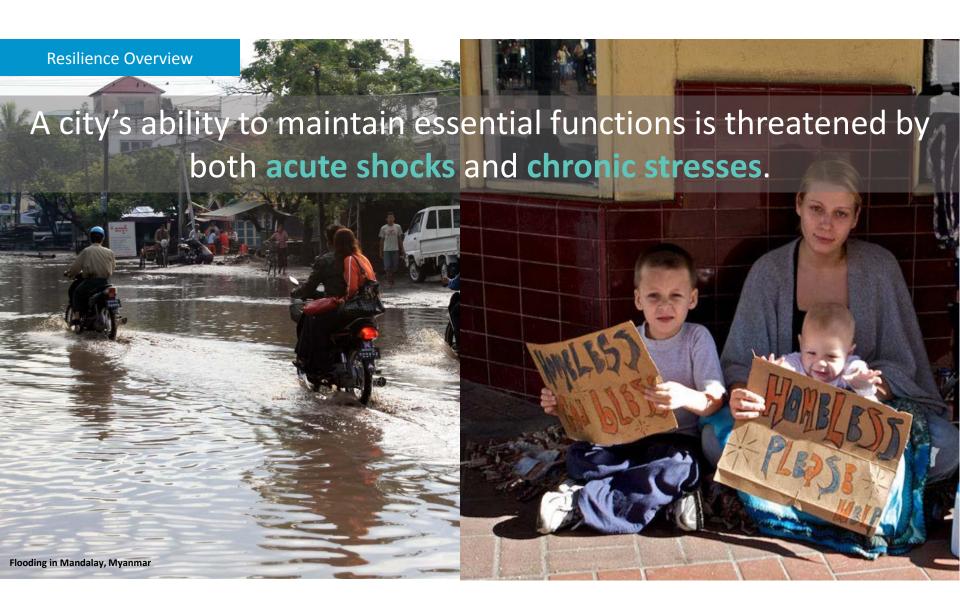










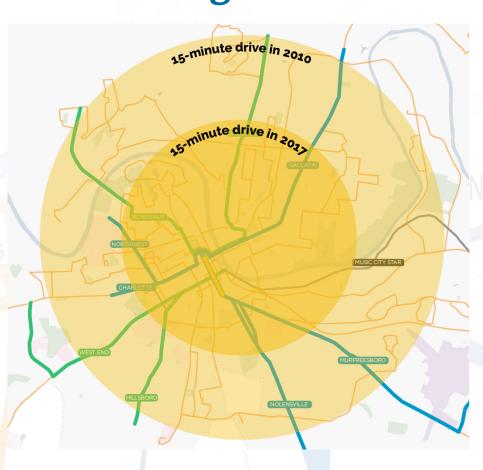






Improved Mobility

Increasing commute times



commuters have been added to our roads since 2010



Improved Mobility

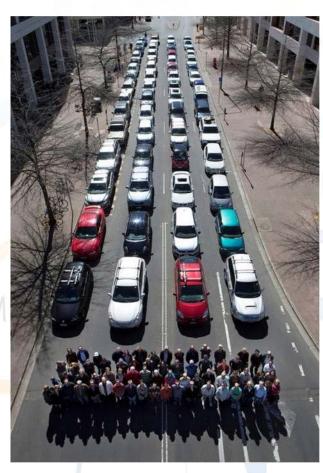
Roads Alone Won't Fix It....





Improved Mobility

We need a solution that moves more people

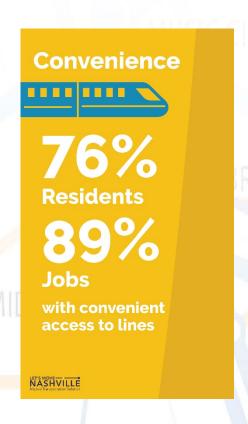








Economic Impact for all Nashvillians







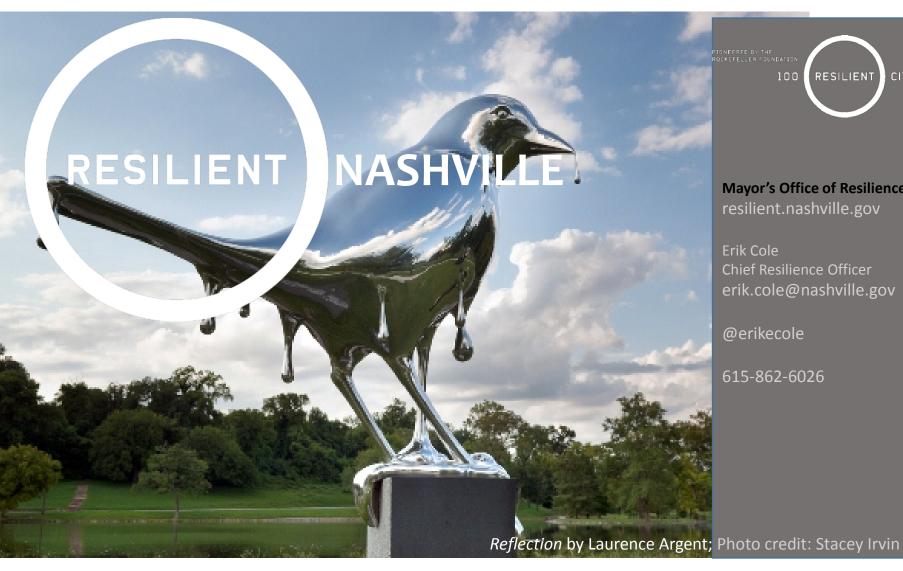


Transit improves affordability



25

1-24





Mayor's Office of Resilience resilient.nashville.gov

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