

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County
Nashville, Tennessee



John Cooper, Mayor

COVER

Public Art:

Sky Lake, Herb Williams

The Gathering, Sherri Warner Hunter

Exploration & Discovery: The Scholar, Ken Rowe

The Art of Fitness, Brandon J. Donahue

Photographs courtesy of Metro Nashville Arts Commission

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT
OF
NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY, TENNESSEE

**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL
FINANCIAL REPORT**
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by
DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

JOHN COOPER
MAYOR

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR
METROPOLITAN COURTHOUSE
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October 31, 2019

To the Citizens of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee:

FORMAL TRANSMITTAL OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee (the Government) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Government. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the Government in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Government's financial activities have been included.

The Government is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, as amended, and Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Information related to this single audit, including the schedules of federal and state financial assistance, findings and recommendations, and independent auditors' reports on the internal control structure and compliance with applicable laws and regulations, are not included herein but are reported separately.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, this report includes all funds of the primary government and all component units. For purposes of this report, the primary government includes all departments and agencies of the Government which are not separate legal entities, including the Department of Water and Sewerage Services and Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools. The component units include those separate legal entities whose relationships with the primary government meet the criteria for inclusion.

The Government is required to provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is intended to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Government's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Metropolitan Nashville and Davidson County is located in middle Tennessee at the hub of many air, rail and highway transportation routes. The Government provides a full range of services. These services include education; police and fire protection; waste management; construction and maintenance of highways, streets and infrastructure; traffic regulation and control; parking; health and social services; recreational and cultural activities; public libraries; planning and zoning; water and sewerage services; administration of justice; and general administrative services.

FACTORS AFFECTING ECONOMIC AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

The local economy is a well-balanced blend of financial, wholesale, retail, manufacturing and service industries. The local mix of these industries roughly reflects the national economy, with no single industry being predominant in the region. Computer technology, automotive, medical, private prison management, insurance, banking, publishing, telecommunications and entertainment companies and private educational institutions all find a home in Nashville. With a rich economic, social and cultural environment, the city consistently scores high in national rankings of preferred business locations, best places to live and favorable environments for the creation and development of businesses.

The Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) economy has historically been healthier than the National and State economies, with lower unemployment than the State as a whole.

The Government's two most significant locally generated revenue sources are property and sales taxes.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Government continues to emphasize delivery of focused public services in a way that provides efficiency, effectiveness and value to the citizens of Nashville. The Government's major initiatives for fiscal year 2019, for fiscal year 2020 and for the future are discussed below.

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019: Substitute budget ordinance BL-2018-1184 appropriated a budget of \$2,230,100,600 in the budgetary funds, an overall increase of 0.92% from the budget for fiscal year 2018.

The fiscal year 2019 budget continued to support all Nashville residents by focusing on core services that would deliver immediate impact where needed most while paving the way for sustained long-term investments that would benefit all Nashvillians into the future through programs based on three key pillars – equitable outcomes, broadest measurable impact, and tangible return on investment:

- **Public Education** – Metro Nashville Public Schools (MNPS) received \$884.3 million in fiscal year 2019, which was an increase in MNPS's operational funding from fiscal year 2018 of \$5.0 million. The additional funding helped MNPS to meet the needs of curriculum, instruction, and support services and strengthened the Government's commitment to education.
- **Transportation and Infrastructure** – The fiscal year 2019 budget maintained a \$48.6 million operating subsidy to the Metro Transit Authority (MTA). MTA consists of city buses and paratransit vehicles serving Nashville and Davidson County. Most bus routes serve the downtown transit station, Music City Central. The fiscal year 2019 budget also maintained \$1.5 million of funding to the commuter rail service, the Music City Star. This service runs between downtown Nashville and Lebanon, Tennessee.

Infrastructure needs were also addressed through an increase of \$2.3 million in the fiscal year 2019 budget for the Public Works Department. This increase provided funding for services to areas of Davidson County that were annexed into the Urban Services District. When a property is annexed into this area, additional services, such as garbage collection and street lighting, are provided. The fiscal year 2019 budget also provided funding for a contractual cost increase with the Downtown Partnership which provides parking and other services in the downtown area.

- **Affordable Housing and Homelessness** – The fiscal year 2019 budget continued to recognize that Metro's growth has resulted in increasing housing prices, making it unaffordable for some to live in Nashville. The fiscal year 2019 budget included \$10 million of funding to the Barnes Fund for Affordable Housing and \$450,000 in funding to continue the housing incentive pilot program.
- **Quality of Life** – The fiscal year 2019 budget was committed to providing a good quality of life for all Nashville citizens. The budget for the Parks Department increased by \$1.8 million for full funding for two new regional community centers opened during fiscal year 2018.
- **Community and Economic Development** – For the first time, Metro contributed to four local Chambers of Commerce. The Nashville LGBT Chamber of Commerce, the Nashville Black

Chamber of Commerce, the Tennessee Latin American Chamber of Commerce, and the Nashville Area Hispanic Chamber of Commerce each received \$25,000 in the fiscal year 2019 budget. Additionally, the Nashville Area Chamber of Commerce received \$350,000 for Partnership 2020, an economic development initiative program.

- Youth and Family – The administration recognizes the importance of investing in youth education and employment. The fiscal year 2019 budget included \$2.9 million for the Opportunity NOW program, which provides summer employment internships within Metro and through local non-profit organizations. Additional employment opportunities were facilitated through direct connections between private employers and young people in the county.
- Health and Hospitals – The fiscal year 2019 budget included funding of \$46.1 million for Nashville General Hospital, an increase of \$11.1 million over the prior year. For the past three fiscal years, Nashville General Hospital has required additional supplemental funding. The fiscal year 2019 budget fully funded Nashville General Hospital.

The Public Health Department received additional funding to continue programs that were approved in fiscal year 2018, including a mental health crisis services center providing emergency psychiatric care 24/7 and an animal welfare program. Additionally, the Public Health Department received funding for a competitive grant program for nonprofits providing services not provided by Metro as well as services that enhance existing Metro programs.

- Public Safety – Resources dedicated to public safety services increased by \$10.4 million.

The Police Department's fiscal year 2019 budget increase included additional funding for the Secondary Employment Unit (SEU), including two additional positions to monitor off-duty police employment activities. The SEU contracts with Metro agencies as well as private businesses and organizations to provide the services of off-duty Metro police officers.

The Office of Family Safety's fiscal year 2019 budget increase included additional funding to replace a previously grant-funded position and to provide funding related to the new Family Justice Center that became operational during fiscal year 2019. Additionally, funding was provided for a competitive grant program for nonprofits providing domestic violence services.

Metro is in the process of rebuilding the existing Criminal Justice Center that houses its jail facilities in its existing footprint. The Sheriff's Office budget for fiscal year 2019 provided additional funding to enhance security at the current temporary jail location and funding for security needs at the new Family Justice Center. Finally, funding was provided to continue the Steering Clear program which offers public service and driver education programs instead of arresting drivers or seeking payment of fines. The program is a cost-saving measure for the court system as well as beneficial to drivers.

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020: Budget ordinance BL-2019-1624 appropriated a budget of \$2,331,618,000 in the budgetary funds, an overall increase of 4.55% from the budget for fiscal year 2019.

The fiscal year 2020 budget continues to support all Nashville residents by focusing on core services and making improvements in the Nashville community's priority areas:

- Public Education – Metro Nashville Public Schools (MNPS) is receiving \$914.5 million in fiscal year 2020, which is an increase in MNPS's operational funding from fiscal year 2019 of \$28.2 million. The additional funding includes pay increases for teachers and staff and helps MNPS to meet the needs of curriculum, instruction, and support services while strengthening the Government's commitment to education.
- Metro Employees – Metro strives to offer competitive wages in order to attract and retain a qualified workforce. As part of that strategy, the fiscal year 2020 budget includes \$23.3 million for a 3% cost of living adjustment (COLA) for Metro employees, along with open range and step increases. The pay plan also increases starting pay for all full time employees under Metro's general pay plan to \$15 per hour.

- Transportation and Infrastructure – The fiscal year 2020 budget maintains a \$48.6 million operating subsidy to MTA for city buses and paratransit vehicles serving Nashville and Davidson County. The fiscal year 2020 budget also maintains \$1.5 million of funding to the commuter rail service, the Music City Star.

Infrastructure needs are also addressed for the Public Works Department. The fiscal year 2020 budget includes \$518,100 in funding for additional staff to support the increase of curbside recycling from monthly to every other week. Additionally, \$98,100 was included in the Public Works budget to increase staffing for HubNashville. HubNashville is a comprehensive customer service system that makes it easier for people to connect with Metro representatives in order to make service requests, ask questions, and share feedback.

- Affordable Housing and Homelessness – The fiscal year 2020 budget continues to recognize that Metro’s growth has resulted in increasing housing prices, making it unaffordable for some to live in Nashville. The fiscal year 2020 budget maintains \$10 million of funding to the Barnes Fund for Affordable Housing and \$300,000 in funding to continue the housing incentive pilot program.
- Quality of Life – The fiscal year 2020 budget is committed to providing a good quality of life for all Nashville citizens. The budget for the Parks Department is increasing by \$761,800 to fully fund the opening of the Bellevue Community Center.
- Community and Economic Development – The fiscal year 2020 budget includes \$ 1 million for the new Nashville GRAD program. This program will provide financial assistance and other services to full time students pursuing higher education in Davidson County and is in partnership with Nashville State Community College and Tennessee College of Applied Technology. Additionally, the fiscal year 2020 budget includes \$442,300 in funding for additional procurement staff to implement the Equal Business Opportunity (EBO) program in order to better support and expand the number of minority-owned and women-owned businesses seeking to obtain contracts with Metro.
- Youth and Family – The administration continues to recognize the importance of investing in youth education and employment. The fiscal year 2020 budget maintains \$2.9 million for the Opportunity NOW program.
- Nashville General Hospital – The fiscal year 2020 budget includes funding of \$43.1 million for Nashville General Hospital, Metro’s safety net hospital. This amount fully funds the amount requested by the Hospital Authority.
- Public Safety – Resources dedicated to public safety services are increasing by \$7.5 million.

The fiscal year 2020 budget includes \$3 million in operating funding for implementation of body worn cameras throughout the city. The budget also includes \$1.5 million for the new Community Oversight Board and \$250,000 to conduct staffing studies for all public safety departments to determine the appropriate level of staffing for public safety.

The Police Department’s fiscal year 2020 budget increase includes an additional \$859,800 in funding for the Secondary Employment Unit in order to expand services off-duty Metro police officers provide to Metro agencies and private organizations.

The Office of Family Safety’s fiscal year 2020 budget increase includes additional funding for three new victim advocate staff members as well as full funding for six positions previously added in the fiscal year 2019 budget.

- The Sheriff’s Office budget for fiscal year 2020 continues to support full staffing for correctional services. The budget for fiscal year 2020 provides \$1.2 million in additional funding for the Sheriff’s Office to enhance building security at various Metro facilities.

- As Nashville continues to be a popular tourist destination, the city has seen a rise in the number of short-term rentals. The fiscal year 2020 budget increase includes funding for three additional inspectors.

These initiatives have all been addressed while ensuring the Government meets its fundamental objectives of maintaining existing services and investing in Nashville's future. Revenue increases are anticipated from modest growth in the property tax base without an increase in the property tax rate, increases in local option sales taxes, and growth in other revenue sources. A measured amount of fund balance has been appropriated to balance the budget. Departmental savings opportunities were also considered.

Details of the fiscal year 2019 and fiscal year 2020 budgets are described in the annual *Operating Budget* books published by the Department of Finance, Office of Management and Budget. They are also available on the GFOA-award-winning Citizen's Guide to the Budget at www.nashville.gov/Finance/Management-and-Budget/Citizens-Guide-to-the-Budget.aspx.

FOR THE FUTURE: The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County will maintain as its primary focus:

- Education – The administration is committed to strengthening Nashville's public schools, supporting our teachers, and ensuring all students from every neighborhood have access to high-quality educational experiences. This commitment includes an emphasis on teacher quality, school leadership, fair compensation, and a supportive working and learning environment. It recognizes the importance of working with business and philanthropic partners to promote early childhood literacy and parental engagement, as well as the importance of pathways to careers and jobs.
- Public Safety and Justice – The administration will work to improve public safety by ensuring that our police officers, firefighters, and other emergency responders have the tools and resources necessary to keep the community safe by reducing crime and quickly responding to emergencies.
- Infrastructure and Sustainability – The administration is focused on improving the infrastructure that supports Davidson County's neighborhoods. As we continue to grow, the administration will work to address lagging infrastructure, preserve our region's natural resources, and improve our residents' quality of life. Improving our transportation system and expanding our Metro Parks portfolio are two areas of focus.

The administration is forming a sustainability consultancy group to oversee implementation of initiatives in the pursuit of conserving natural resources and increasing access to clean air, clean water, and to the natural amenities of a sustainable city.

- Economic Opportunity – This administration is committed to developing human capital and expanding economic opportunity to all Davidson County neighborhoods. We must continue efforts to grow the local economy while also ensuring that more residents and communities within Nashville are able to participate in the growth and prosperity of our city. We will continue to recruit and retain businesses that will create new, high-quality jobs for residents. At the same time, this administration will help connect citizens from every part of Davidson County to programs designed to promote entrepreneurship and small business ownership, including enhancing our creative economy and enhancing economic opportunities for new Americans.

Housing is an integral component of economic opportunity. The administration is focused on building, funding, and preserving affordable housing options while supporting efforts to prevent displacement and create mixed-income communities in Nashville.

- Neighborhoods and Community Engagement – Metro leaders work with neighborhood and community groups to improve quality of life, enhance citizen engagement and empower residents to take steps to improve their local communities. The administration is committed to making sure that Nashville remains a place where people can live, work and play in their neighborhoods. That means protecting and enhancing our networks of parks, libraries and community centers, as well as preserving the vibrant arts, entertainment and music culture that has made Nashville an international destination.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

CASH MANAGEMENT: Cash temporarily idle during the year was primarily invested in the State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool, the State of Tennessee Intermediate Term Investment Pool, and the First Tennessee Bank Advisors Direct Holdings. Investments are made either directly or through the Metro Investment Pool. Investments in the pension trust funds also include common stocks, U.S. Treasury Obligations, corporate bonds and other holdings.

The Government's investment policy is to preserve principal, minimize credit and market risks and maintain adequate liquidity while maximizing the rate of return on its portfolio. The investment policy encourages conservative, low risk investments and does not permit high risk methods to enhance investment returns. The majority of the cash deposits are held by financial institutions participating in the bank collateral pool administered by the State of Tennessee, thus ensuring that they are collateralized. The banking service agreement provides for the daily investment of demand deposit balances.

RISK MANAGEMENT: The Government continued to operate a risk management program, which was initiated in 1978. As part of its comprehensive plan, resources are being accumulated in various internal service funds to meet potential losses. Additionally, the Government has a property insurance policy for losses in excess of certain amounts. Accepted risk control techniques, including employee accident prevention training, have been implemented to minimize the risk of potential liability losses. The Government has elected to come under the Tennessee Tort Liability laws in order to limit its potential liability.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS: The pension system of the Government covers substantially all full-time employees. It consists of one pension plan that is open to new members and five pension plans that are closed to new members but are still used by some employees of the former City of Nashville, the former Davidson County and Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools.

After recognizing contributions from other funds, employees, and the State of Tennessee, the General Fund is responsible for amounts necessary to fund the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust Fund (which includes Division A, the closed plan, and Division B, the open plan) and the following four closed plans:

- The County Plan - Davidson County Employees' Retirement Fund
- The County Education Plan - Employees' Pension and Insurance Fund
- The City Plan - Closed City Plan Fund
- The City Education Plan - Teachers' Civil Service and Pension Fund

After recognizing contributions from employees and the State of Tennessee, Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools is responsible for funding the Metro Education plan – The Teachers' Retirement Plan Fund.

The total net assets of all pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds were \$3.4 billion at June 30, 2019.

INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE: Management of the Government establishes and maintains an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the Government are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS: The Government maintains budgetary controls in order to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the Government's governing body, the Metropolitan Council. Activities of the General Fund, General Purpose School Fund and the GSD General Purposes, School Purposes and USD General Purposes Debt Service Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The Government maintains an encumbrance accounting system to provide management with information regarding obligations against appropriations. Budgetary compliance is based

on expenditures during the period (GAAP), rather than expenditures and encumbrances (non-GAAP). Because appropriations lapse at June 30, encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019 are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Appropriations for fiscal year 2020 will provide authority to complete those transactions.

SINGLE AUDIT: As a recipient of federal and state financial assistance, the Government is responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. As part of the Government's single audit, tests are performed to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the Government has complied, in all material respects, with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the Government's single audit for fiscal year 2019 are reported separately.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT: Section 6.15 of the Metropolitan Charter requires an annual audit of accounts and other evidences of financial transactions of the Government and of its departments, offices and agencies by independent certified public accountants. The audit is performed by a firm chosen by a three-member audit board consisting of the Vice-Mayor, the Chair of the Budget and Finance Committee of the Metropolitan Council, and the Chair of the Metropolitan Nashville Public School Board. The Government has complied with this requirement. The independent auditors' report is included in the financial section of this report.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

AWARDS: The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Government for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 36th consecutive year that the Government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The GFOA presented a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the Government for its annual budget for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2018. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan and as a communications device. The award is valid for a period of one year only. It is the Government's 28th year to receive this award.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS: Many individuals and organizations throughout the Government assisted in preparing this CAFR. To each of them we gratefully express our sincere appreciation for their dedicated contributions.

In conclusion, we acknowledge and express our appreciation for the strong support of the Metropolitan Council. The Council's support will continue to be vital as we work together to strengthen the financial condition of the Metropolitan Government.

Sincerely,



John Cooper
Mayor



Kevin Crumbo
Director of Finance

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF
NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY



Government Finance Officers Association

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to

**The Metropolitan Government
of Nashville & Davidson County
Tennessee**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morill

Executive Director/CEO

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FORM OF GOVERNMENT

On April 1, 1963 the governments of the City of Nashville and Davidson County were consolidated into a single "Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County", under which the boundaries of the City of Nashville and Davidson County are coextensive.

The executive and administrative powers are vested in the Mayor, who is elected at large for a four-year term. The Mayor is authorized to administer, supervise and control all departments and to appoint all members of boards and commissions subject to the approval of the Council. A two-thirds vote of the legislative body, the Council, is required to override the Mayor's veto. The Charter also provides for a Vice-Mayor, who is elected at large for a four-year term and is the presiding officer of the Council. The Council is composed of 40 members who are elected for four-year terms.

The Charter provides a framework for local government in Nashville to serve the needs of two service districts: (i) the General Services District (the GSD) and (ii) the Urban Services District (the USD). The GSD embraces the entire area of Davidson County and its residents are taxed to support those services, functions and debt obligations which are deemed properly chargeable to the whole population. Such services include general administration, police, fire protection, courts, jails, health, welfare, hospitals, streets and roads, traffic, schools, parks and recreation, airport facilities, auditoriums, public housing, urban renewal, planning and public libraries.

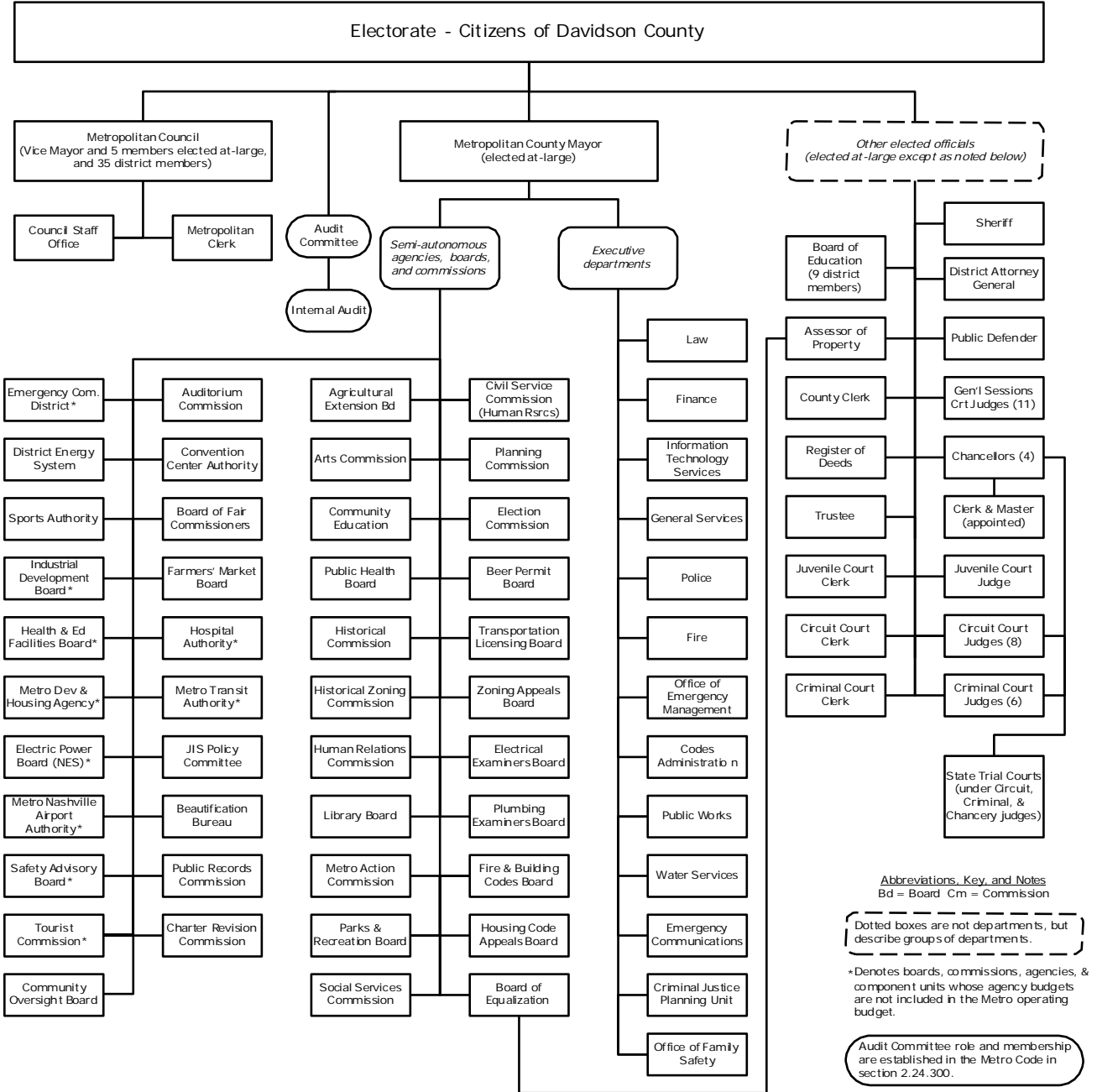
The original USD conformed to the corporate limits of the City of Nashville as they existed on April 1, 1963, the date of consolidation. USD residents are charged an additional tax to support those services, functions and debt obligations which benefit only the USD. Such services include additional police protection, storm sewers, street lighting and refuse collection. The Charter provides: "The area of the Urban Services District may be expanded and its territorial limits extended by annexation whenever particular areas of the General Services District come to need urban services, and The Metropolitan Government becomes able to provide such service within a reasonable period which shall be no greater than one year after ad valorem taxes in the annexed area become due." Since April 1, 1963 the area of the USD has been expanded from 72 square miles to 198 square miles.



The USD is a subset of the GSD.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

ORGANIZATION CHART



**THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF
NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY**

ELECTED OFFICIALS

At June 30, 2019

David Briley, Mayor

Finance Officials

Vivian M. Wilhoite
Parker Toler
Brenda Wynn

Assessor of Property
Trustee
County Clerk

The Metropolitan Council

Jim Shulman
John Cooper
Erica Gilmore
Bob Mendes
Sharon Hurt
Vacant

Vice Mayor
Council Member-at-large
Council Member-at-large
Council Member-at-large
Council Member-at-large
Council Member-at-large

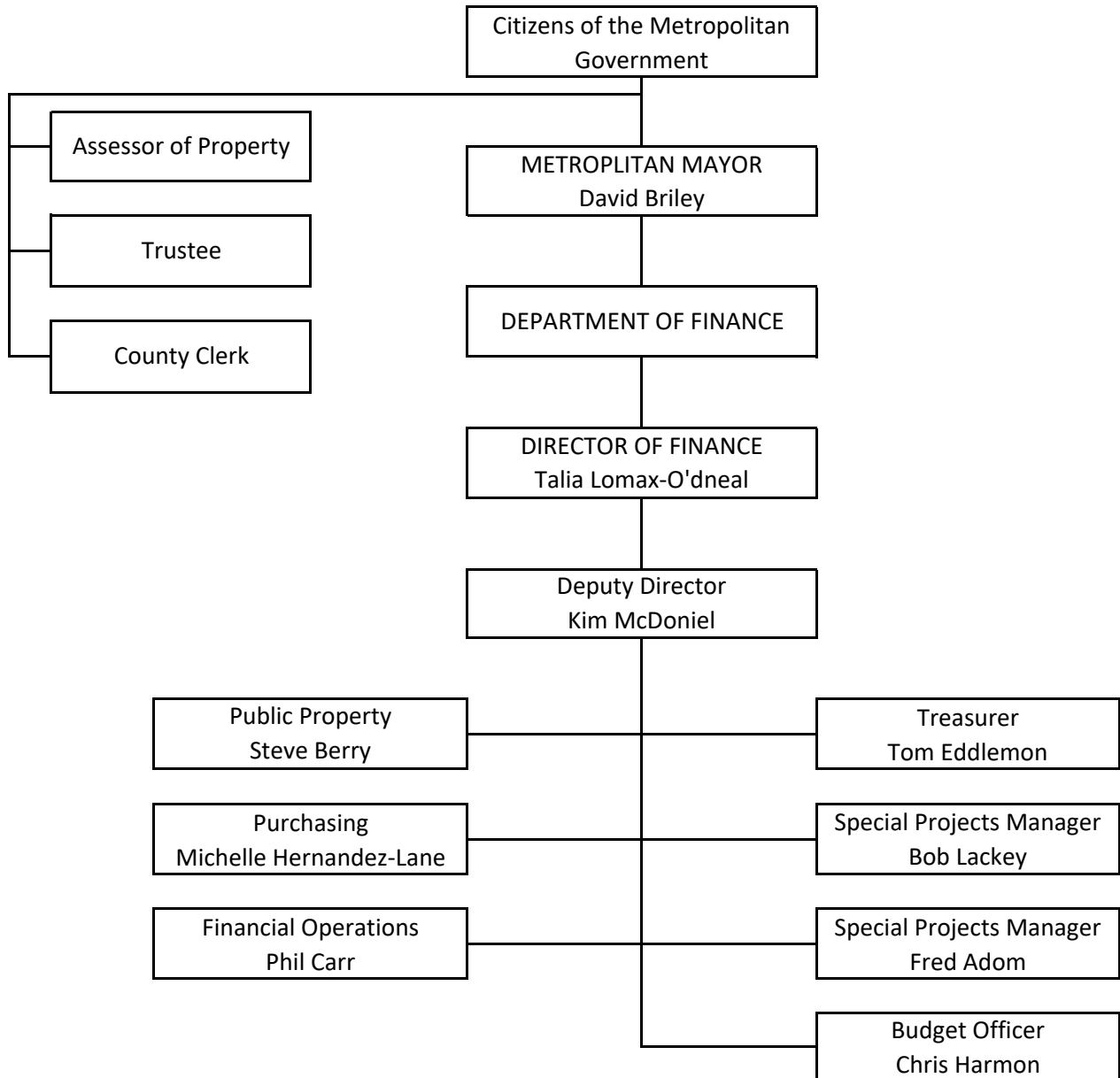
District No. 1 – Jonathan Hall
District No. 2 – DeCosta Hastings
District No. 3 – Brenda Haywood
District No. 4 – Robert Swope
District No. 5 – Scott Davis
District No. 6 – Brett Withers
District No. 7 – Anthony Davis
District No. 8 – Nancy VanReece
District No. 9 – Bill Pridemore
District No. 10 – Doug Pardue
District No. 11 – Larry Hagar
District No. 12 – Steve Glover
District No. 13 – Holly Huezo
District No. 14 – Kevin Rhoten
District No. 15 – Jeff Syracuse
District No. 16 – Mike Freeman
District No. 17 – Colby Sledge
District No. 18 – Burkley Allen

District No. 19 – Freddie O’Connell
District No. 20 – Mary Carolyn Roberts
District No. 21 – Ed Kindall
District No. 22 – Sheri Weiner
District No. 23 – Mina Johnson
District No. 24 – Kathleen Murphy
District No. 25 – Russ Pulley
District No. 26 – Jeremy Elrod
District No. 27 – Davette Blalock
District No. 28 – Tanaka Vercher
District No. 29 – Delishia Porterfield
District No. 30 – Jason Potts
District No. 31 – Fabian Bedne
District No. 32 – Jacobia Dowell
District No. 33 – Antoinette Lee
District No. 34 – Angie Henderson
District No. 35 – Dave Rosenberg

**THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF
NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY**

**ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
FINANCE AND OTHER FINANCIAL OFFICES**

At June 30, 2019



**THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF
NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY**

AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS

At June 30, 2019

| Member | Representing |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Brackney Reed, Chairperson | Nashville Area Chamber of Commerce |
| Charles C. Frazier, Vice Chairperson | TSCPA, Nashville Chapter |
| John Cooper | Metropolitan Council Member |
| Bob Mendes | Metropolitan Council Member |
| Talia Lomax-O'dneal | Finance Director |
| Jim Shulman | Vice Mayor |

Contact:

Gina Pruitt, Interim Metropolitan Auditor





Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council
The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee (the "Government") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the Government's nonmajor governmental, nonmajor enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds, as well as the financial statements of the Sports Authority Fund and the Industrial Development Board Fund, which are presented as supplementary information in the accompanying financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of each of the discretely presented component units of the Government as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, as presented in the Government's basic financial statements, except as described in the first paragraph of the Auditor's Responsibility section of this report.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the following discretely presented component units: The Nashville District Management Corporation, the Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc., the Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency, the Electric Power Board, the Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority, the Emergency Communications District, and the Convention Center Authority, which represents 87% of the total assets, 86% of total net position and 86% of the total revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the Government. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those entities, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council
The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and the General Purpose School Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, in our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each of the nonmajor governmental, nonmajor enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds, the Sports Authority Fund, the Industrial Development Board Fund, and each of the discretely presented component units as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages A1 through A12, the condition rating of transportation network, the schedule of employer contributions - pension plans, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios - pension plans, the schedule of investment returns - pension plans, the schedule of the Government's contributions - teacher pension plans of the TCRS, the schedule of the Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) - teachers pension plans of the TCRS, and the schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability and related ratios - OPEB plans, on pages B-112 through B-113, B-114 through B-117, B-118 through B-129, B-130, B-132 through B-133, B-134 through B-135, B-136 through B-137, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of Council
The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Government's basic financial statements, and each of the nonmajor governmental, nonmajor enterprise, internal service, and fiduciary funds, the Sports Authority Fund, the Industrial Development Board Fund, and the financial statements of each of the discretely presented component units. The schedules on pages C-9, C-10 and C-11, and on pages G-2 through G-28, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2019, on our consideration of the Government's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Government's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Government's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crosslin, PLLC

Nashville, Tennessee
October 31, 2019



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County (the Government), we offer readers of the Government's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Government were less than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2.1 billion (*net position*). This amount includes negative \$4.1 billion of *unrestricted net position*.
- The Government's total net position decreased by \$203 million (a decrease of \$241 million from governmental activities and an increase of \$38 million from business-type activities).
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Government's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36 million, an increase of \$417 million in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$77 million, or 7.1% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, committed fund balance available for the general purpose school fund was \$37 million, or 4.2% of total general purpose school fund expenditures and other financing uses.
- The enterprise funds reported a net position at year-end of \$1.4 billion, an increase of \$43 million during the year.
- The Government's total general obligation and revenue bonds outstanding increased by \$541 million (14.0%) during the current fiscal year. New bond issues totaled \$716 million, which were offset by principal payments of \$192 million. Deferred amounts increased a net amount of \$17 million. Other debt decreased by \$4 million due to principal repayments.
- The Government borrows funds under commercial paper programs to provide interim or short-term financing of authorized capital projects prior to the issuance of general obligation or revenue bonds. Total commercial paper outstanding at the close of the fiscal year was \$450 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the Government's basic financial statements. The Government's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Government's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the Government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Government is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported on an accrual basis as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, compensated absences, etc.).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Government that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

The governmental activities of the Government include general government; fiscal administration; administration of justice; law enforcement and care of prisoners; fire prevention and control; regulation and inspection; conservation of natural resources; public welfare; public health and hospitals; public library system; public works, highways and streets; recreational and cultural; and education.

The business-type activities of the Government include the Department of Water and Sewerage Services, District Energy System, Board of Fair Commissioners, Farmers Market, Surplus Property Auction, Municipal Auditorium, Police Impound, and Stormwater Operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Government itself (known as the *primary government*), but also the Nashville District Management Corporation, Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc., Sports Authority, Industrial Development Board, Hospital Authority, Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency, Electric Power Board, Metropolitan Transit Authority, Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority, Emergency Communications District, and Convention Center Authority. These *component units* are legally separate organizations for which the Government is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages B-2 to B-5 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Government, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Government can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the focus is on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Government's near-term financing decisions. Both the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Government reports 20 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds and in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds for the General Fund, General Purpose School Fund, GSD General Purposes Debt Service Fund, GSD School Purposes Debt Service Fund, USD General Purposes Debt Service Fund, GSD Capital Projects Fund, Education Capital Projects Fund and USD Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The Government adopts an annual appropriated budget for each major governmental fund except the Capital Projects Funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided in the Basic Financial Statements section for the General Fund and General Purpose School Fund and in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds section for each of the major Debt Service Funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages B-6 to B-17 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The Government maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Government uses enterprise funds to account for the Department of Water and Sewerage Services, District Energy System, Board of Fair Commissioners, Farmers Market, Surplus Property Auction, Municipal Auditorium, Police Impound, and Stormwater Operations. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Government's various functions. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Government used internal service funds to account for its fleet, information systems, insurance, treasury management and school printing functions. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been primarily included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Department of Water and Sewerage Services and the District Energy System, which are considered to be major funds of the Government. Data from the other enterprise funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Also, the internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages B-18 to B-23 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the Government's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages B-24 to B-25 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages B-37 to B-111 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information surrounding infrastructure condition and maintenance data, found on pages B-112 to B-113, the Government's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to employees, found on pages B-114 to B-135, and the Government's progress in funding its obligation to provide other postemployment benefits to employees, found on pages B-136 to B-137.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator over time of a government's financial position. In the case of the Government, assets and deferred inflows of resources were less than liabilities and deferred outflows of resources by \$2.1 billion at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The Government's Net Position in thousands of dollars (as of June 30,)

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total Primary Government | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 (1) | 2019 | 2018 (1) |
| Current and other assets | \$ 1,771,749 | \$ 1,722,670 | \$ 406,003 | \$ 375,515 | \$ 2,177,752 | \$ 2,098,185 |
| Capital assets | 4,153,490 | 4,004,158 | 2,187,382 | 2,151,093 | 6,340,872 | 6,155,251 |
| Total assets | <u>5,925,239</u> | <u>5,726,828</u> | <u>2,593,385</u> | <u>2,526,608</u> | <u>8,518,624</u> | <u>8,253,436</u> |
| Deferred outflows of resources | 816,921 | 312,716 | 15,059 | 13,186 | 831,980 | 325,902 |
| Long-term liabilities | 8,350,953 | 7,082,732 | 945,898 | 990,018 | 9,296,851 | 8,072,750 |
| Other liabilities | 542,031 | 946,160 | 294,430 | 223,061 | 836,461 | 1,169,221 |
| Total liabilities | <u>8,892,984</u> | <u>8,028,892</u> | <u>1,240,328</u> | <u>1,213,079</u> | <u>10,133,312</u> | <u>9,241,971</u> |
| Deferred inflows of resources | 1,282,354 | 1,202,279 | 15,315 | 12,761 | 1,297,669 | 1,215,040 |
| Net position: | | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 641,440 | 706,897 | 1,193,645 | 1,166,309 | 1,835,085 | 1,873,206 |
| Restricted | 60,961 | 57,970 | 98,559 | 100,070 | 159,520 | 158,040 |
| Unrestricted | (4,135,579) | (3,956,494) | 60,597 | 47,575 | (4,074,982) | (3,908,919) |
| Total net position | <u>\$ (3,433,178)</u> | <u>\$ (3,191,627)</u> | <u>\$ 1,352,801</u> | <u>\$ 1,313,954</u> | <u>\$ (2,080,377)</u> | <u>\$ (1,877,673)</u> |

(1) 2018 was restated to reflect the correction as discussed in Note 2.

Governmental activities – Current and other assets for governmental activities increased by 2.9% primarily due to an increase in receivables for property tax and sales tax driven by growth in the tax base and Nashville’s overall economic strength. Capital assets increased by 3.7% due to construction of new schools and other government buildings, renovations to the stormwater system and other infrastructure, the acquisition of land for parks and future government buildings, the renovation of existing government buildings, and the acquisition and implementation of software for a new accounting system. Deferred outflows of resources increased by 161.2% primarily due to the addition of amounts related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) and increases in the amount related to pensions for changes in assumptions and differences between expected and actual experience, partially offset by the amortization of deferred charges from bond refundings. Long-term liabilities increased by 17.9% primarily due to the issuance of general obligation bonds and increases in the obligations for OPEB and pensions, partially offset by principal payments on debt and amortization of deferred premiums. Other liabilities decreased by 42.7% primarily due to a decrease in commercial paper outstanding as a portion was repaid with proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds. Deferred inflows of resources increased by 6.7% primarily due to an increase in unavailable revenue from property taxes driven by growth in the tax base, as well as the addition of amounts related to OPEB and increases in the amounts related to pensions for differences between projected and actual earnings and expected and actual experience.

A portion of the Government’s net position for governmental activities (18.7%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Government uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Government’s investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Government’s net position for governmental activities (1.8%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position for governmental activities represents unrestricted net position of negative \$4.1 billion (-120.5%). Note that the unrestricted net position is negative due to the total OPEB liability of \$4.6 billion and net pension liability of \$210 million at June 30, 2019.

Business-type activities – Current and other assets for business-type activities increased by 8.1% primarily due to an increase in cash and cash equivalents in Stormwater Operations resulting from an increase in rates in fiscal year 2017. Capital assets increased by 1.7% due to additions to land, utility plants and construction work in progress for the Department of Water and Sewerage Services and the construction of new buildings at the Nashville fairgrounds. Deferred outflows of resources increased by 14.2% due to increases in amounts related to pension for changes in assumptions and differences between expected and actual experience. Long-term liabilities decreased by 4.5% primarily due to principal payments and the amortization of deferred premiums, partially offset by an increase in the obligation for pensions. Other liabilities increased by 32.0% primarily due to commercial paper borrowings to provide funding for capital projects prior to the issuance of revenue bonds. Deferred inflows of resources increased by 20.0% due to an increase in the amounts related to pensions for differences between projected and actual earnings and expected and actual experience.

The largest portion of the Government’s net position for business-type activities (88.2%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The Government uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Government’s investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the Government’s net position for business-type activities (7.3%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The majority of the restrictions relate to debt retirement and construction. The remaining balance of net position for business-type activities, representing unrestricted net position of \$61 million (4.5%), may be used to meet the Government’s ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

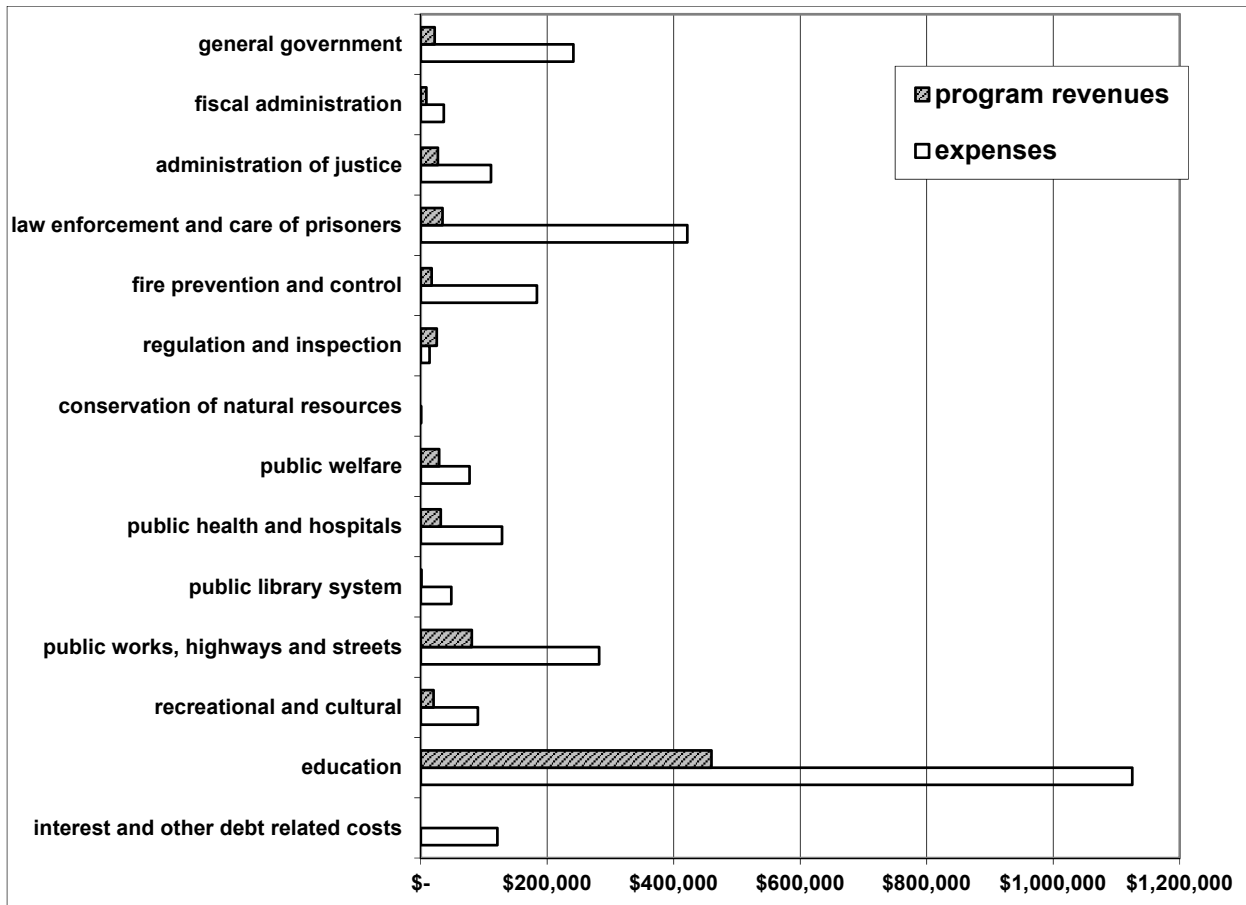
At the end of the current fiscal year, the Government is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position for its total business-type activities.

The Government's Changes in Net Position
in thousands of dollars
(for the year ended June 30,)

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total Primary Government | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 (1) | 2019 | 2018 (1) |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 178,701 | \$ 183,879 | \$ 289,855 | \$ 282,317 | \$ 468,556 | \$ 466,196 |
| Operating grants and contributions | 518,759 | 525,054 | - | - | 518,759 | 525,054 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 60,733 | 30,162 | 20,652 | 18,753 | 81,385 | 48,915 |
| General revenues: | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | 1,041,924 | 995,535 | - | - | 1,041,924 | 995,535 |
| Local option sales taxes | 450,234 | 414,156 | - | - | 450,234 | 414,156 |
| Hotel occupancy taxes | 107,552 | 95,137 | - | - | 107,552 | 95,137 |
| Beverage taxes | 62,052 | 55,397 | - | - | 62,052 | 55,397 |
| Wheel taxes | 34,591 | 33,131 | - | - | 34,591 | 33,131 |
| Business taxes | 43,001 | 39,812 | - | - | 43,001 | 39,812 |
| Franchise taxes | 18,867 | 18,895 | - | - | 18,867 | 18,895 |
| Other taxes | 603 | 606 | - | - | 603 | 606 |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 11,678 | 5,865 | 6,857 | 2,819 | 18,535 | 8,684 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 97,965 | 96,374 | - | - | 97,965 | 96,374 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 19,747 | 1,874 | 30 | 34 | 19,777 | 1,908 |
| Total revenues | 2,646,407 | 2,495,877 | 317,394 | 303,923 | 2,963,801 | 2,799,800 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | |
| General government | 241,330 | 229,632 | - | - | 241,330 | 229,632 |
| Fiscal administration | 36,497 | 34,478 | - | - | 36,497 | 34,478 |
| Administration of justice | 111,078 | 110,415 | - | - | 111,078 | 110,415 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 421,429 | 389,728 | - | - | 421,429 | 389,728 |
| Fire prevention and control | 183,783 | 172,064 | - | - | 183,783 | 172,064 |
| Regulation and inspection | 13,878 | 12,600 | - | - | 13,878 | 12,600 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 447 | 495 | - | - | 447 | 495 |
| Public welfare | 77,151 | 72,270 | - | - | 77,151 | 72,270 |
| Public health and hospitals | 128,550 | 127,667 | - | - | 128,550 | 127,667 |
| Public library system | 48,463 | 45,086 | - | - | 48,463 | 45,086 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 282,226 | 221,096 | - | - | 282,226 | 221,096 |
| Recreational and cultural | 90,277 | 96,612 | - | - | 90,277 | 96,612 |
| Education | 1,124,977 | 1,121,121 | - | - | 1,124,977 | 1,121,121 |
| Interest and other debt related costs | 121,201 | 110,836 | - | - | 121,201 | 110,836 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | - | - | 240,195 | 233,991 | 240,195 | 233,991 |
| District Energy System | - | - | 18,060 | 18,475 | 18,060 | 18,475 |
| Nashville Convention Center | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Board of Fair Commissioners | - | - | 3,497 | 3,673 | 3,497 | 3,673 |
| Farmers Market | - | - | 2,060 | 2,115 | 2,060 | 2,115 |
| Surplus Property Auction | - | - | 640 | 648 | 640 | 648 |
| Municipal Auditorium | - | - | 2,221 | 2,074 | 2,221 | 2,074 |
| Police Impound | - | - | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 |
| Stormwater Operations | - | - | 18,170 | 15,625 | 18,170 | 15,625 |
| Total expenses | 2,881,287 | 2,744,100 | 285,218 | 276,976 | 3,166,505 | 3,021,076 |
| Change in net position before transfers | (234,880) | (248,223) | 32,176 | 26,947 | (202,704) | (221,276) |
| Transfers | (6,671) | 18,902 | 6,671 | (18,902) | - | - |
| Change in net position | (241,551) | (229,321) | 38,847 | 8,045 | (202,704) | (221,276) |
| Net position, beginning of year, restated | (3,191,627) | (2,962,306) | 1,313,954 | 1,305,909 | (1,877,673) | (1,656,397) |
| Net position, end of year | \$ (3,433,178) | \$ (3,191,627) | \$ 1,352,801 | \$ 1,313,954 | \$ (2,080,377) | \$ (1,877,673) |

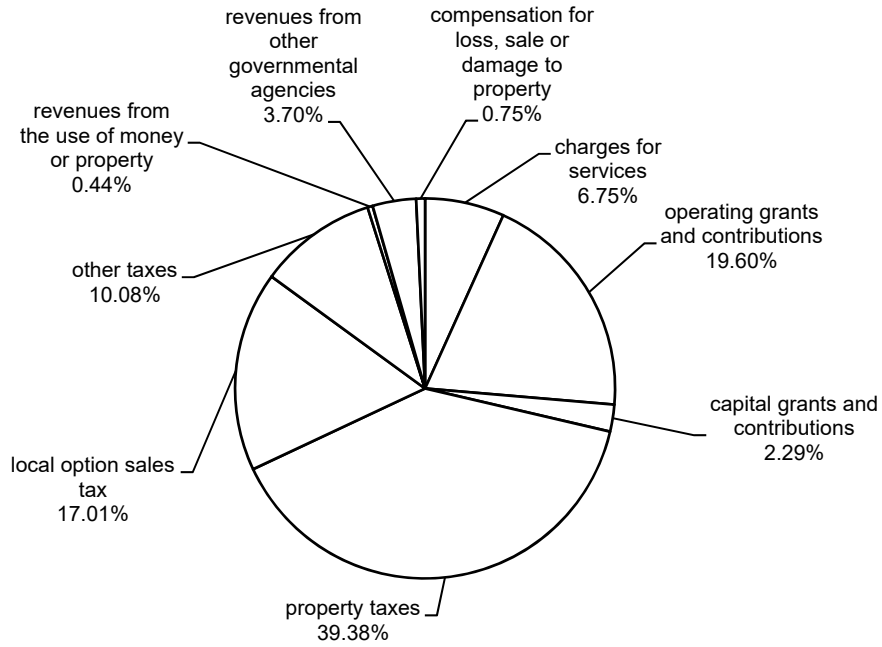
Governmental activities – Governmental activities decreased the Government’s net position by \$239 million, compared to a \$229 million decrease in the prior year. Total revenue increased by \$151 million. Significant variances in revenues included 1) an increase of \$46 million in property taxes due to more construction and continued economic recovery, 2) an increase of \$36 million in local option sales tax due to continued economic recovery, 3) an increase of \$31 million in capital grants and contributions primarily due to the high value of roads and right of ways received from urban development in the Rolling Mill Hills area adjacent to downtown, 4) an increase of \$18 million in compensation for loss, sale or damage to property from several significant property sales, and 5) an increase of \$12 million in hotel occupancy taxes due to the opening of new hotels as well as a general increase in tourism. Total expenses increased by \$135 million. Operating expenses were generally higher across most functions due to increased appropriations, primarily in salaries and fringe benefits, as well as an increase in OPEB expense of \$86 million which is spread across functions. Additionally, interest and other debt related costs increased \$10 million primarily due to an increase in accrued interest on outstanding debt.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities – For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



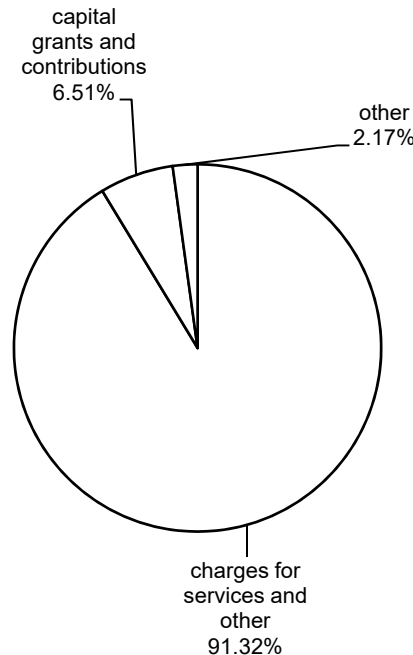
(in thousands)

Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities – For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



Business-type activities – Business-type activities increased the Government's net position by \$39 million compared to an \$8 million increase in the prior year. The Department of Water and Sewerage Services increased net position by \$4 million which is consistent with the prior year, Stormwater Operations increased net position by \$13 million primarily from an increase in stormwater rates in fiscal 2017 which will fund future capital spending and debt service, and the Board of Fair Commissioners increased net position by \$25 million from transfers of funding from capital projects funds to cover the construction of new buildings at the Nashville fairgrounds.

Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities – For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Government uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – The focus of the Government's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Government's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Government's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$36 million, an increase of \$417 million in comparison with the prior year. Restricted fund balance of \$61 million can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by external parties such as creditors and grantors. Committed fund balance of \$132 million can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal legislative action of the Metropolitan Council. Significant commitments include \$37 million for education, \$18 million for debt service, \$49 million for equipment acquisitions, and \$28 million for other purposes. Assigned fund balance of \$16 million includes \$7 million of fund balance that is being used to balance the subsequent year budget and \$9 million for various projects carried forward into the subsequent year. Unassigned fund balance of negative \$177 million represents the \$77 million residual balance of the General Fund offset by deficit balances in the GSD, Education, and USD Capital Projects Funds where the deficits will be funded by the future issuance of general obligation bonds. The remaining fund balance of \$4 million represents nonspendable amounts.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Government. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$77 million, while total fund balance was \$91 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 7.1% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses, while total fund balance represents 8.4% of total general fund expenditures and other financing uses.

The total fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$15 million during the current fiscal year as compared to a \$30 million decrease in the previous year. Revenues increased by \$60 million compared to the previous year primarily due to: 1) an increase of \$26 million in property taxes due to more construction and continued economic growth, 2) an increase of \$8 million in local option sales tax due to continued economic growth, 3) an increase of \$10 million in gas and fuel taxes, Tennessee sales tax, business taxes and building permits resulting from the general economic growth and construction, 4) an increase of \$10 million from an agreement with the Convention Center Authority, a component unit, to transfer a portion of certain revenues to the Government, and 5) an increase of \$12 million from the planned sale of various parcels of land. Ongoing operating expenditures decreased by \$2 million primarily due to decreases in various miscellaneous areas including subsidies related to the Sports Authority and Hospital Authority, component units, contributions to insurance internal service funds, and tax increment payments to the Metropolitan Development and Housing Authority, a component unit. These decreases were partially offset by increases primarily in salaries and fringe benefits across most functions. The \$15 million increase in fund balance compares to a planned use of fund balance of \$35 million because total revenues exceeded projections, and savings were achieved across most departments.

The total fund balance of the General Purpose School Fund increased by \$6 million during the current fiscal year as compared to a \$28 million decrease in the previous year. Revenues increased by \$34 million compared to the previous year primarily due to: 1) increases of \$12 million in property taxes and \$18 million in local option sales tax as explained above, 2) an increase of \$6 million in alcoholic beverage taxes resulting from continued economic growth, and 3) an increase of \$5 million from the planned sale of various parcels of land. The increases were partially offset by a decrease of \$6 million in revenue from the State for education funding. Operating expenditures and transfers out increased by \$30 million primarily due to increases in salaries and fringe benefits and transfers to charter schools. The \$6 million increase in fund balance compares to a planned use of zero fund balance because total revenues exceeded projections, and expenditures were below projections.

The fund balances of the Government's GSD General Purposes, GSD School Purposes and USD General Purposes Debt Service Funds increased by \$7 million in total during the current fiscal year as compared to a \$10 million decrease in the previous year. Revenues increased by \$16 million primarily due to increases in property taxes and local option sales tax as explained above. Expenditures increased by \$13 million due to higher principal and interest costs on outstanding bonds. The \$7 million increase in fund balance compares to a planned use of zero fund balance because expenditures for commercial paper interest and other costs were below projections.

The fund balances of the Government's capital projects funds increased by \$399 million due to proceeds from the issuance of general obligation bonds in excess of capital project spending.

Proprietary funds – The Government's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$248 million compared to \$230 million at the end of the prior year. Factors concerning the finances of the enterprise funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the Government's business-type activities. Proprietary funds also include internal service funds, the operations of which are primarily included in governmental activities in the government-wide statements. The enterprise funds increased the unrestricted net position of proprietary funds by \$18 million. Although the internal service funds essentially broke even with no impact on unrestricted net position, an increase in the School Professional Employee's Insurance Fund which is used to accumulate assets for the payment of self-insurance medical claims for school, was offset by decreases in the General Government Self Insurance Fund which is used to accumulate assets for the payment of self-insured real, personal property and liability claims, and the Injured on Duty Fund which is used to accumulate assets for the payment of self-insured injured on duty claims.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original and Final Budgeted Amounts

For the General Fund, differences in revenues and other financing sources between the original budget and final amended budget were due to revisions in certain revenue projections. Differences in expenditures and other financing uses between the original budget and the final amended budget were primarily due to supplemental budget appropriations for unanticipated expenditures and unspent amounts carried forward from the prior year as authorized by the budget ordinance. Supplemental budgetary appropriations included: 1) transfers to the GSD General Purposes, GSD School Purposes, and USD General Purposes Debt Services Funds of \$15 million to compensate for unrealized revenue and increase cash balances in those Funds, 2) additional tax increment financing (TIF) payments of \$3 million, 3) unanticipated costs in the Sheriff's Department of \$1 million, and 6) other costs totaling \$1 million. Unspent amounts carried forward from the prior year totaled \$8 million. Other variances in budget line items were primarily due to fringe benefit increases which were originally budgeted under miscellaneous expenditures then later reallocated to departmental budgets after the final budget was approved.

Final Budgeted and Actual Amounts

Actual revenues and other financing sources exceeded the final budgeted amounts by \$19 million. While revenues were budgeted conservatively, collections exceeded budgeted amounts in various areas primarily due to construction and continued economic recovery. The most significant positive variances were in property taxes, commission and fees collected by certain elected officials, alcoholic beverage taxes, business taxes, income taxes and building permits. Additionally, sales of land and buildings resulted in more proceeds than planned. These increases were partially offset by shortfalls in various revenues including the Tennessee excise tax allocation, temporary street closure permits, franchise fees, traffic violation fines, motor vehicle licenses, and driver's license reinstatement fees. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were under budget by \$31 million due to amounts budgeted for potential adjustments to benefits and pay plan changes that were less than planned, a reduction in the amount of tax increment payments to the Metropolitan Development and Housing Authority, a component unit, below what was projected, reductions in the needed subsidy amounts for the Sports Authority and Hospital Authority, component units, below what was projected, as well as savings achieved by most departments.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – The Government's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$6.3 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). Depreciation charges for the fiscal year totaled \$210 million.

The Government's Capital Assets in thousands of dollars (as of June 30,)

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total Primary Government | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 (1) | 2019 | 2018 (1) |
| Utility plant in service | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,173,842 | \$ 3,032,292 | \$ 3,173,842 | \$ 3,032,292 |
| Land | 529,600 | 490,608 | 24,583 | 24,583 | 554,183 | 515,191 |
| Buildings and Improvements | 2,543,931 | 2,212,895 | 101,885 | 101,597 | 2,645,816 | 2,314,492 |
| Improvements other than buildings | - | - | 65,544 | 60,863 | 65,544 | 60,863 |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 500,251 | 483,698 | 130,368 | 122,702 | 630,619 | 606,400 |
| Property under capital lease | - | - | 3,645 | 3,645 | 3,645 | 3,645 |
| Infrastructure | 1,780,782 | 1,752,845 | - | - | 1,780,782 | 1,752,845 |
| Public art | 5,419 | 4,831 | - | - | 5,419 | 4,831 |
| Construction in progress | 240,355 | 408,703 | 235,949 | 260,137 | 476,304 | 668,840 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | (1,446,848) | (1,349,422) | (1,548,434) | (1,454,726) | (2,995,282) | (2,804,148) |
| Total capital assets | \$ 4,153,490 | \$ 4,004,158 | \$ 2,187,382 | \$ 2,151,093 | \$ 6,340,872 | \$ 6,155,251 |

(1) 2018 was restated to reflect the correction as discussed in Note 2.

The total increase in the Government's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.0% (a 3.7% increase for governmental activities and a 1.7% increase for business-type activities).

Construction of new schools and other government buildings, the acquisition of park and other property, and the renovation of existing schools and government buildings have continued in accordance with the Government's capital plans. Significant additions include the completion of a new headquarters for the Police Department and the Family Justice Center. Construction continues on a correctional facility for the Sheriff's Department. Other additions include renovations to the stormwater system, land acquisitions for parks and future government buildings, renovations to existing schools, and the contribution of roads and right of ways from private developments within the city. Additions to utility plants and construction work in progress for the Department of Water and Sewerage Services - net of disposals - totaled approximately \$117 million.

As allowed by GASB Statement No. 34, the Government has adopted the alternative to recording depreciation expense on selected infrastructure assets. Under this method, referred to as the modified approach, the Government expenses certain maintenance and preservation costs and does not report depreciation expense. Assets accounted for under this approach include approximately 5,930 lane miles of streets and roads and 323 bridges and underpasses that the Government is responsible for maintaining. The Government's policy is to have at least 70% of roads in fair or better condition and 75% of bridges in fair or better condition. The most recent condition assessments indicate that 71.3% of roads and 98.0% of bridges are in fair or better condition. The maintenance of infrastructure in accordance with the Government's policy continues to be a priority. The percentage of roads and streets in fair or better condition declined after 2010 because the area was significantly impacted by the May 2010 flood, which was followed by several winters with heavy snowfall, ice and salt usage. Additionally, population growth and construction have added to the deterioration of roads and streets. Increased spending on road and street maintenance resulted in continual improvement in the percentage of roads and streets in fair or better condition. The condition has now returned to a level that exceeds the policy level. The FY19-20 capital budget includes additional funding for road and street maintenance.

Additional information on the Government's capital assets can be found in Note 5 beginning on page B-54 of this report.

Long-term debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the Government had total bonded debt outstanding of \$4.4 billion. Of this amount, \$3.5 billion comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the Government. The remaining \$918 million of the Government's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

The Government's Outstanding Debt
General Obligation and Revenue Bonds
in thousands of dollars
(as of June 30,)

| | Governmental Activities | | Business-type Activities | | Total Primary Government | |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| General obligation bonds | \$ 3,062,113 | \$ 2,499,157 | \$ 50,062 | \$ 50,888 | \$ 3,112,175 | \$ 2,550,045 |
| Deferred amounts, net | 372,968 | 348,316 | 7,168 | 7,730 | 380,136 | 356,046 |
| Total general obligation bonds outstanding | 3,435,081 | 2,847,473 | 57,230 | 58,618 | 3,492,311 | 2,906,091 |
| Revenue bonds | - | - | 854,140 | 892,365 | 854,140 | 892,365 |
| Deferred amounts, net | - | - | 64,276 | 70,825 | 64,276 | 70,825 |
| Total revenue bonds outstanding | - | - | 918,416 | 963,190 | 918,416 | 963,190 |
| Total general obligation and revenue bonds outstanding | \$ 3,435,081 | \$ 2,847,473 | \$ 975,646 | \$ 1,021,808 | \$ 4,410,727 | \$ 3,869,281 |

The Government's total general obligation and revenue bonds outstanding, net of deferred amounts, increased by \$541 million (14.0%) during the current fiscal year. New bond issues totaled \$716 million, which were offset by principal payments of \$192 million. Deferred amounts increased a net amount of \$17 million.

Other debt decreased by \$4 million due to principal payments.

Construction commitments at June 30, 2019 totaled \$203 million for the governmental activities of the Government and \$40 million for the Department of Water and Sewerage Services.

The Government maintains an "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's and "Aa2" from Moody's for general obligation debt.

The Government maintains ratings ranging from "A1" to "Aa3" from Moody's and "A+" to "AA" from Standard & Poor's for the various issues of revenue debt of the Department of Water and Sewerage Services.

The ratio of general long-term debt (defined as gross debt less debt service monies available and less debt to be repaid from sources other than property taxes) to the actual value of property is 3.32%, and the amount of net debt per capita is \$4,934.

Additional information on the Government's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 beginning on page B-58 of this report.

Commercial paper – In July 2017, the Government instituted a new general obligation commercial paper program to provide interim or short-term financing for various authorized capital projects. In July 2018, the Government instituted a new Water and Sewer revenue bond commercial paper program to provide interim and short-term financing for various authorized capital projects of the Department of Water and Sewerage Services. Commercial paper obligations of \$450 million outstanding at June 30, 2019 are considered short-term liabilities of the appropriate capital projects and proprietary funds. The commercial paper obligations will be redeemed with the proceeds from the future issuance of general obligation or revenue bonds.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

The most recent (September 2019) unemployment rate for the Nashville combined statistical area is 2.5%. The state's and nation's unemployment rates are 3.4% and 3.5%, respectively. The budget for the 2020 fiscal year reflects a balanced budget inclusive of the use of accumulated fund balance. For more comprehensive information on the Government's approved budget for the 2020 fiscal year, the budget ordinance, the budget book as well as other documents are available at www.nashville.gov.

OTHER MATTERS

On November 7, 2006, voters approved a ballot initiative prohibiting the Metropolitan Council from raising real property tax rates above the rate at that time, which was \$4.69, without the approval of the voters in a referendum. Prior to the adoption of the ballot initiative, the Metropolitan Council was authorized to set the real property tax rate without any requirement of voter approval. The Government's legal department has issued a memo stating that the approved initiative violates the Tennessee Constitution because it places the power to set property tax rates with voters, rather than with the Metropolitan Council, as prescribed by the Constitution. However, the Government cannot predict whether there will be a court challenge as to the constitutionality of the approved initiative. If there is a challenge, the Government cannot predict the timing or be certain of the outcome of any court challenge as to the constitutionality of the approved initiative.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Government's finances for citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, creditors and all others with an interest in the Government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be forwarded to the Department of Finance, Division of Accounts, at cafr@nashville.gov.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2019

| | Primary Government | | | Component Units |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 472,299,084 | \$ 119,982,488 | \$ 592,281,572 | \$ 848,343,233 |
| Investments | 2,154,965 | - | 2,154,965 | 65,388,470 |
| Sales tax receivable | 80,496,005 | - | 80,496,005 | - |
| Accounts receivable | 141,353,155 | 24,760,481 | 166,113,636 | 228,823,474 |
| Property tax receivable | 1,023,636,454 | - | 1,023,636,454 | - |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (16,525,411) | (1,820,808) | (18,346,219) | (41,505,020) |
| Accrued interest receivable | 937,432 | 604,952 | 1,542,384 | 471,395 |
| Internal balances | 28,147,293 | (28,147,293) | - | - |
| Due from the primary government | - | - | - | 885 |
| Due from component units | 3,930 | 6,316 | 10,246 | - |
| Inventories of supplies | 4,562,433 | 2,871,638 | 7,434,071 | 35,080,017 |
| Other current assets | 1,352,246 | 3,220 | 1,355,466 | 18,234,433 |
| Restricted assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | - | 248,614,461 | 248,614,461 | 251,458,811 |
| Investments | - | - | - | 160,583,689 |
| Accrued interest receivable | - | 119,156 | 119,156 | 222,297 |
| Due from other governmental agencies | - | - | - | 14,438,696 |
| Accounts receivable | - | 2,605,876 | 2,605,876 | 818,307 |
| Due from the primary government | - | - | - | 12,335,574 |
| Other restricted assets | - | 5,850 | 5,850 | 7,917,669 |
| Notes receivable | - | - | - | 52,398,710 |
| Capital assets: | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | - | 3,173,842,258 | 3,173,842,258 | 1,526,189,000 |
| Land | 529,600,162 | 24,583,200 | 554,183,362 | 385,723,481 |
| Buildings and improvements | 2,543,931,499 | 101,884,881 | 2,645,816,380 | 2,195,645,615 |
| Improvements other than buildings | - | 65,544,375 | 65,544,375 | 590,840,274 |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 500,251,044 | 130,368,023 | 630,619,067 | 578,387,864 |
| Property under capital lease | - | 3,645,000 | 3,645,000 | - |
| Infrastructure | 1,780,781,842 | - | 1,780,781,842 | 23,265,476 |
| Public art | 5,418,868 | - | 5,418,868 | 1,183,844 |
| Construction in progress | 240,354,835 | 235,948,617 | 476,303,452 | 397,152,729 |
| Accumulated depreciation | (1,446,848,291) | (1,548,433,734) | (2,995,282,025) | (2,127,609,199) |
| Other noncurrent assets | 33,331,685 | 36,395,467 | 69,727,152 | 47,022,968 |
| Total assets | 5,925,239,230 | 2,593,384,424 | 8,518,623,654 | 5,272,812,692 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | |
| Deferred charge on refunding | 155,811,592 | 4,957,210 | 160,768,802 | 19,426,481 |
| Effective portion of fuel hedging | 815,901 | - | 815,901 | 524,954 |
| Other post employment benefits (OPEB) | 486,813,080 | - | 486,813,080 | 32,302,460 |
| Pensions | 173,480,745 | 10,102,090 | 183,582,835 | 49,796,476 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 816,921,318 | 15,059,300 | 831,980,618 | 102,050,371 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Primary Government | | | Component Units |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 122,390,034 | \$ 9,838,612 | \$ 132,228,646 | \$ 294,463,519 |
| Accrued payroll | 49,679,750 | 3,121,533 | 52,801,283 | 13,405,531 |
| Accrued interest | 70,663,757 | - | 70,663,757 | - |
| Claims payable | 33,276,810 | - | 33,276,810 | - |
| Due to component units | 12,335,747 | 712 | 12,336,459 | - |
| Due to the primary government | - | - | - | 10,246 |
| Customer deposits | - | 3,223,040 | 3,223,040 | 20,911,599 |
| Unearned revenue | 1,180,307 | 1,788,736 | 2,969,043 | 13,241,736 |
| Commercial paper payable | 249,363,256 | 200,636,744 | 450,000,000 | - |
| Other current liabilities | 3,141,787 | 4,020,658 | 7,162,445 | 21,653,076 |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | - | 7,673,352 | 7,673,352 | 6,394,422 |
| Accrued interest | - | 22,872,831 | 22,872,831 | 31,958,314 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities payable from restricted assets | - | 41,253,265 | 41,253,265 | 74,080,000 |
| Due within one year | 237,065,990 | - | 237,065,990 | 10,979,863 |
| Due in more than one year | 8,113,887,297 | 945,898,421 | 9,059,785,718 | 2,367,011,357 |
| Total liabilities | 8,892,984,735 | 1,240,327,904 | 10,133,312,639 | 2,854,109,663 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | |
| Assessed and unlevied property taxes | 1,012,833,158 | - | 1,012,833,158 | - |
| Interest rate swap | 2,700,946 | - | 2,700,946 | - |
| Other post employment benefits (OPEB) | 34,921,593 | - | 34,921,593 | 30,744,535 |
| Pensions | 231,898,058 | 15,314,810 | 247,212,868 | 15,310,346 |
| Tax increment financing | - | - | - | 28,000,000 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 1,282,353,755 | 15,314,810 | 1,297,668,565 | 74,054,881 |
| NET POSITION: | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 641,440,020 | 1,193,644,374 | 1,835,084,394 | 1,778,887,680 |
| Restricted for debt retirement | - | 98,559,240 | 98,559,240 | 181,892,048 |
| Restricted for perpetual care: | | | | |
| Expendable | 177,396 | - | 177,396 | - |
| Nonexpendable | 185,112 | - | 185,112 | - |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Education | 19,307,449 | - | 19,307,449 | - |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 1,409,364 | - | 1,409,364 | - |
| Public works, highways and streets | 3,427,720 | - | 3,427,720 | - |
| Convention center and tourism promotion | 15,622,609 | - | 15,622,609 | - |
| Public health | 3,379,616 | - | 3,379,616 | - |
| Flood recovery | 11,238,978 | - | 11,238,978 | - |
| Public library | 1,127,887 | - | 1,127,887 | - |
| Other purposes | 5,085,041 | - | 5,085,041 | 144,525,852 |
| Unrestricted | (4,135,579,134) | 60,597,396 | (4,074,981,738) | 341,392,939 |
| Total net position | \$ (3,433,177,942) | \$ 1,352,801,010 | \$ (2,080,376,932) | \$ 2,446,698,519 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Functions/ Programs | Expenses | Program Revenues | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions |
| Primary government: | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| General government | \$ 241,329,511 | \$ 15,160,799 | \$ 4,078,169 | \$ 2,918,158 |
| Fiscal administration | 36,496,842 | 8,903,795 | 94,422 | - |
| Administration of justice | 111,078,681 | 21,176,745 | 6,002,012 | - |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 421,429,151 | 30,014,675 | 4,384,054 | - |
| Fire prevention and control | 183,783,118 | 9,785,184 | 7,586,603 | - |
| Regulation and inspection | 13,877,918 | 25,419,396 | - | - |
| Conservation of natural resources | 447,551 | - | - | - |
| Public welfare | 77,150,676 | 529,492 | 28,498,029 | - |
| Public health and hospitals | 128,549,805 | 12,250,208 | 19,473,708 | - |
| Public library system | 48,463,095 | 205,762 | 828,110 | - |
| Public works, highways and streets | 282,225,825 | 20,349,343 | 6,885,475 | 53,594,804 |
| Recreational and cultural | 90,277,285 | 15,670,960 | 382,657 | 4,220,225 |
| Education | 1,124,977,119 | 19,234,941 | 440,545,219 | - |
| Interest and other debt related costs | 121,200,998 | - | - | - |
| Total governmental activities | <u>2,881,287,575</u> | <u>178,701,300</u> | <u>518,758,458</u> | <u>60,733,187</u> |
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | 240,195,581 | 228,054,455 | - | 20,652,395 |
| District Energy System | 18,059,934 | 17,607,156 | - | - |
| Board of Fair Commissioners | 3,497,021 | 2,923,774 | - | - |
| Farmers Market | 2,059,639 | 999,899 | - | - |
| Surplus Property Auction | 639,969 | 1,199,930 | - | - |
| Municipal Auditorium | 2,221,273 | 2,314,255 | - | - |
| Police Impound | 375,000 | 502,184 | - | - |
| Stormwater Operations | 18,170,363 | 36,253,714 | - | - |
| Total business-type activities | <u>285,218,780</u> | <u>289,855,367</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>20,652,395</u> |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ 3,166,506,355</u> | <u>\$ 468,556,667</u> | <u>\$ 518,758,458</u> | <u>\$ 81,385,582</u> |
| Component units | <u>\$ 1,945,238,764</u> | <u>\$ 1,716,073,153</u> | <u>\$ 382,497,810</u> | <u>\$ 105,658,300</u> |

General revenues:
Property taxes
Local option sales taxes
Hotel occupancy taxes
Beverage taxes
Wheel taxes
Business taxes
Franchise taxes
Other taxes
Revenues from the use of money or property
Revenues from other governmental agencies
not restricted for specific programs/functions
Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property
Transfers
Total general revenues and transfers
Changes in net position
Net position - beginning of year, as restated
Net position - end of year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Primary Government | | | |
| Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total | Component Units |
| \$ (219,172,385) | \$ - | \$ (219,172,385) | \$ - |
| (27,498,625) | - | (27,498,625) | - |
| (83,899,924) | - | (83,899,924) | - |
| (387,030,422) | - | (387,030,422) | - |
| (166,411,331) | - | (166,411,331) | - |
| 11,541,478 | - | 11,541,478 | - |
| (447,551) | - | (447,551) | - |
| (48,123,155) | - | (48,123,155) | - |
| (96,825,889) | - | (96,825,889) | - |
| (47,429,223) | - | (47,429,223) | - |
| (201,396,203) | - | (201,396,203) | - |
| (70,003,443) | - | (70,003,443) | - |
| (665,196,959) | - | (665,196,959) | - |
| (121,200,998) | - | (121,200,998) | - |
| <u>(2,123,094,630)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(2,123,094,630)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| - | 8,511,269 | 8,511,269 | - |
| - | (452,778) | (452,778) | - |
| - | (573,247) | (573,247) | - |
| - | (1,059,740) | (1,059,740) | - |
| - | 559,961 | 559,961 | - |
| - | 92,982 | 92,982 | - |
| - | 127,184 | 127,184 | - |
| - | 18,083,351 | 18,083,351 | - |
| - | <u>25,288,982</u> | <u>25,288,982</u> | - |
| <u>(2,123,094,630)</u> | <u>25,288,982</u> | <u>(2,097,805,648)</u> | - |
| - | - | - | 258,990,499 |
| 1,041,923,459 | - | 1,041,923,459 | - |
| 450,234,426 | - | 450,234,426 | - |
| 107,552,051 | - | 107,552,051 | - |
| 62,052,214 | - | 62,052,214 | - |
| 34,591,378 | - | 34,591,378 | - |
| 43,000,639 | - | 43,000,639 | - |
| 18,866,523 | - | 18,866,523 | - |
| 603,270 | - | 603,270 | - |
| 11,678,122 | 6,857,071 | 18,535,193 | 30,189,949 |
| 97,965,221 | - | 97,965,221 | - |
| 19,746,755 | 29,958 | 19,776,713 | 8,729,385 |
| (6,670,892) | 6,670,892 | - | - |
| <u>1,881,543,166</u> | <u>13,557,921</u> | <u>1,895,101,087</u> | <u>38,919,334</u> |
| (241,551,464) | 38,846,903 | (202,704,561) | 297,909,833 |
| (3,191,626,478) | 1,313,954,107 | (1,877,672,371) | 2,148,788,686 |
| <u>\$ (3,433,177,942)</u> | <u>\$ 1,352,801,010</u> | <u>\$ (2,080,376,932)</u> | <u>\$ 2,446,698,519</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
June 30, 2019

| | General | General Purpose School | GSD General Purposes Debt Service | GSD School Purposes Debt Service |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 79,136,629 | \$ 2,247,051 | \$ 2,744,302 | \$ 201,795 |
| Investments | - | - | - | - |
| Sales tax receivable | 25,432,570 | 43,144,791 | 633,560 | 11,285,084 |
| Accounts receivable | 61,761,654 | 16,348,327 | 2,702,308 | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | 87,935 | - | 28,979 | - |
| Property tax receivable | 532,944,390 | 332,279,100 | 99,311,896 | 42,188,167 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (12,280,710) | (2,799,042) | (911,261) | (364,717) |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 5,457,247 | 4,854,095 | 258,615 | - |
| Due from component units | - | - | - | - |
| Inventories of supplies | 231,099 | 1,572,499 | - | - |
| Other assets | 281,013 | 32,802 | 20,000 | - |
| Total assets | \$ 693,051,827 | \$ 397,679,623 | \$ 104,788,399 | \$ 53,310,329 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 22,000,901 | \$ 6,770,388 | \$ 199,902 | \$ 133,489 |
| Accrued payroll | 25,823,814 | 18,007,809 | - | - |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | 15,273,657 | 2,035,558 | 11,962 | 6,166 |
| Due to component units | 172 | - | - | - |
| Commercial paper payable | - | - | - | - |
| Other liabilities | 1,425,513 | 135,401 | - | - |
| Total liabilities | 64,524,057 | 26,949,156 | 211,864 | 139,655 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | 528,516,847 | 329,413,356 | 98,299,671 | 41,780,417 |
| Unavailable revenue - grants | - | - | - | - |
| Unavailable revenue - other revenues | 8,566,006 | - | - | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 537,082,853 | 329,413,356 | 98,299,671 | 41,780,417 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 512,113 | 1,573,499 | - | - |
| Restricted for: | | | | |
| Other purposes | - | - | - | - |
| Committed for: | | | | |
| Education (available) | - | 37,173,788 | - | - |
| Debt service | - | - | 6,276,864 | 11,390,257 |
| Equipment acquisitions (appropriated) | - | - | - | - |
| Equipment acquisitions (unappropriated) | - | - | - | - |
| Other purposes | - | - | - | - |
| Assigned for: | | | | |
| Subsequent year budgetary appropriations | 7,300,000 | - | - | - |
| Specific projects | 6,307,278 | 2,569,824 | - | - |
| Unassigned | 77,325,526 | - | - | - |
| Total fund balances (deficits) | 91,444,917 | 41,317,111 | 6,276,864 | 11,390,257 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) | \$ 693,051,827 | \$ 397,679,623 | \$ 104,788,399 | \$ 53,310,329 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)
June 30, 2019

| USD General Purposes Debt Service | GSD Capital Projects | Education Capital Projects | USD Capital Projects | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ 293,612 | \$ 36,175,201 | \$ 7,453,660 | \$ 1,423,114 | \$ 157,533,611 | \$ 287,208,975 |
| - | - | - | - | 2,154,965 | 2,154,965 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 80,496,005 |
| - | 1,780,000 | - | - | 56,307,061 | 138,899,350 |
| - | 11,337 | 209 | - | 398,443 | 526,903 |
| 16,912,901 | - | - | - | - | 1,023,636,454 |
| (169,681) | - | - | - | - | (16,525,411) |
| 39,899 | 5,231,631 | 807 | - | 14,882,183 | 30,724,477 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | 1,645,741 | 3,449,339 |
| - | - | - | - | 505,558 | 839,373 |
| <u>\$ 17,076,731</u> | <u>\$ 43,198,169</u> | <u>\$ 7,454,676</u> | <u>\$ 1,423,114</u> | <u>\$ 233,427,562</u> | <u>\$ 1,551,410,430</u> |
| \$ 69,748 | \$ 41,097,345 | \$ 11,837,426 | \$ 1,102,945 | \$ 23,463,387 | \$ 106,675,531 |
| - | 13,088 | 2,016 | - | 2,824,418 | 46,671,145 |
| 1,690 | 242,246 | 2,996,057 | - | 37,095,198 | 57,662,534 |
| - | - | - | - | 12,335,575 | 12,335,747 |
| - | 201,159,560 | 40,391,389 | 7,812,307 | - | 249,363,256 |
| - | 15,000 | - | - | 1,565,873 | 3,141,787 |
| <u>71,438</u> | <u>242,527,239</u> | <u>55,226,888</u> | <u>8,915,252</u> | <u>77,284,451</u> | <u>475,850,000</u> |
| 16,719,914 | - | - | - | - | 1,014,730,205 |
| - | - | - | - | 16,600,432 | 16,600,432 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 8,566,006 |
| <u>16,719,914</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>16,600,432</u> | <u>1,039,896,643</u> |
| - | - | - | - | 1,830,880 | 3,916,492 |
| - | - | - | - | 60,687,925 | 60,687,925 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 37,173,788 |
| 285,379 | - | - | - | - | 17,952,500 |
| - | - | - | - | 28,719,969 | 28,719,969 |
| - | - | - | - | 19,832,837 | 19,832,837 |
| - | - | - | - | 28,471,068 | 28,471,068 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 7,300,000 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 8,877,102 |
| - | (199,329,070) | (47,772,212) | (7,492,138) | - | (177,267,894) |
| <u>285,379</u> | <u>(199,329,070)</u> | <u>(47,772,212)</u> | <u>(7,492,138)</u> | <u>139,542,679</u> | <u>35,663,787</u> |
| <u>\$ 17,076,731</u> | <u>\$ 43,198,169</u> | <u>\$ 7,454,676</u> | <u>\$ 1,423,114</u> | <u>\$ 233,427,562</u> | <u>\$ 1,551,410,430</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | | |
|--|----|-----------------|
| Fund balances - total governmental funds | \$ | 35,663,787 |
| <p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the Balance Sheet because:</p> | | |
| <p>Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.</p> | | |
| Capital assets | | 5,391,073,159 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | | (1,298,897,982) |
| <p>Net pension assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.</p> | | |
| | | 33,331,685 |
| <p>Deferred outflows are not financial obligations and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.</p> | | |
| Pensions | | 173,480,745 |
| Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) | | 486,813,080 |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments | | 815,901 |
| <p>Deferred inflows are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.</p> | | |
| Pensions | | (231,898,058) |
| Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) | | (34,921,593) |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments | | (2,700,946) |
| <p>Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.</p> | | |
| Bonds payable | | (3,062,112,678) |
| Qualified zone academy notes payable | | (829,130) |
| Qualified school construction bond loan payable | | (27,655,121) |
| Less deferred charge on refunding | | 155,811,592 |
| Add net bond premium/discount | | (372,953,320) |
| Accrued interest payable | | (70,663,757) |
| Unamortized swaption proceeds | | (1,180,307) |
| Net pension liability | | (209,545,107) |
| Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability | | (4,562,824,091) |
| Compensated absences | | (90,827,698) |
| Claims and judgments | | (6,222,000) |
| Landfill closure costs | | (6,565,570) |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments | | (5,896,954) |
| <p>Certain deferred inflows reported in the governmental funds are recognized as revenues in the governmental activities.</p> | | |
| | | 27,063,485 |
| <p>Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds less those allocated to business-type activities are included in governmental activities.</p> | | |
| | | 248,462,936 |
| Net position - governmental activities | \$ | (3,433,177,942) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General | General Purpose School | GSD General Purposes Debt Service | GSD School Purposes Debt Service |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 565,209,717 | \$ 321,751,332 | \$ 95,105,677 | \$ 40,347,596 |
| Local option sales taxes | 141,902,355 | 242,006,117 | 2,876,685 | 63,449,269 |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 160,881,656 | 22,325,385 | - | - |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 6,855,593 | 1,050 | 207,489 | - |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 1,698,384 | - | - | 992,583 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 124,460,648 | 287,868,235 | 5,572,748 | - |
| Commissions and fees | 17,058,875 | - | - | - |
| Charges for current services | 42,233,974 | 2,643,899 | - | - |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 13,096,343 | 7,283,230 | - | - |
| Contributions and gifts | 318,780 | 157,741 | - | - |
| Bond interest tax credit | - | - | 4,895,429 | - |
| Miscellaneous | 897,243 | 20,374 | - | - |
| Total revenues | <u>1,074,613,568</u> | <u>884,057,363</u> | <u>108,658,028</u> | <u>104,789,448</u> |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General government | 51,342,987 | - | - | - |
| Fiscal administration | 24,085,812 | - | - | - |
| Administration of justice | 65,677,679 | - | - | - |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 288,482,195 | - | - | - |
| Fire prevention and control | 130,611,622 | - | - | - |
| Regulation and inspection | 10,238,714 | - | - | - |
| Conservation of natural resources | 322,263 | - | - | - |
| Public welfare | 6,667,525 | - | - | - |
| Public health and hospitals | 66,464,916 | - | - | - |
| Public library system | 31,282,141 | - | - | - |
| Public works, highways and streets | 35,064,951 | - | - | - |
| Recreational and cultural | 43,787,806 | - | - | - |
| Education | - | 747,134,237 | - | - |
| Retiree benefits | 87,855,789 | - | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | 108,887,193 | - | - | - |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | - | - | 84,467,213 | 59,566,210 |
| Interest | - | - | 77,681,334 | 40,041,480 |
| Fiscal charges | - | - | 2,158,365 | 1,474,236 |
| Capital outlay | - | - | - | - |
| Total expenditures | <u>950,771,593</u> | <u>747,134,237</u> | <u>164,306,912</u> | <u>101,081,926</u> |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | <u>123,841,975</u> | <u>136,923,126</u> | <u>(55,648,884)</u> | <u>3,707,522</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| USD General Purposes Debt Service | GSD Capital Projects | Education Capital Projects | USD Capital Projects | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ 16,096,626 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 3,344,493 | \$ 1,041,855,441 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 450,234,426 |
| - | - | - | - | 113,015,359 | 296,222,400 |
| - | - | - | - | 3,225,246 | 10,289,378 |
| - | 388,620 | 2,092 | - | 4,004,989 | 7,086,668 |
| - | 3,256,185 | - | - | 226,978,731 | 648,136,547 |
| - | - | - | - | 8,893,569 | 25,952,444 |
| - | 292,552 | - | - | 30,324,608 | 75,495,033 |
| - | 693,906 | - | - | 2,009,982 | 23,083,461 |
| - | 7,144,383 | - | - | 13,568,940 | 21,189,844 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 4,895,429 |
| - | - | - | - | 42,285 | 959,902 |
| <u>16,096,626</u> | <u>11,775,646</u> | <u>2,092</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>405,408,202</u> | <u>2,605,400,973</u> |
| - | - | - | - | 104,599,043 | 155,942,030 |
| - | - | - | - | 285,175 | 24,370,987 |
| - | - | - | - | 10,538,338 | 76,216,017 |
| - | - | - | - | 23,107,385 | 311,589,580 |
| - | - | - | - | 33,184 | 130,644,806 |
| - | - | - | - | 96,487 | 10,335,201 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 322,263 |
| - | - | - | - | 46,917,069 | 53,584,594 |
| - | - | - | - | 22,963,130 | 89,428,046 |
| - | - | - | - | 1,053,862 | 32,336,003 |
| - | - | - | - | 42,878,934 | 77,943,885 |
| - | - | - | - | 2,058,992 | 45,846,798 |
| - | - | - | - | 294,640,915 | 1,041,775,152 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 87,855,789 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 108,887,193 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11,357,597 | - | - | - | - | 155,391,020 |
| 8,464,485 | - | - | - | - | 126,187,299 |
| 321,917 | - | - | - | - | 3,954,518 |
| - | 267,315,152 | 79,082,729 | 12,982,794 | 32,483,038 | 391,863,713 |
| <u>20,143,999</u> | <u>267,315,152</u> | <u>79,082,729</u> | <u>12,982,794</u> | <u>581,655,552</u> | <u>2,924,474,894</u> |
| <u>(4,047,373)</u> | <u>(255,539,506)</u> | <u>(79,080,637)</u> | <u>(12,982,794)</u> | <u>(176,247,350)</u> | <u>(319,073,921)</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General | General Purpose School | GSD General Purposes Debt Service | GSD School Purposes Debt Service |
|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Issuance of new debt | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Debt issue premium | - | - | - | - |
| Transfers in | 28,324,712 | 5,413,265 | 56,262,595 | 3,018,699 |
| Transfers out | <u>(137,383,097)</u> | <u>(135,900,125)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u>(109,058,385)</u> | <u>(130,486,860)</u> | <u>56,262,595</u> | <u>3,018,699</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | 14,783,590 | 6,436,266 | 613,711 | 6,726,221 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), beginning of year | <u>76,661,327</u> | <u>34,880,845</u> | <u>5,663,153</u> | <u>4,664,036</u> |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), end of year | <u><u>\$ 91,444,917</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 41,317,111</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 6,276,864</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 11,390,257</u></u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| USD General Purposes Debt Service | GSD Capital Projects | Education Capital Projects | USD Capital Projects | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ - | \$ 504,832,833 | \$ 199,072,001 | \$ 10,490,651 | \$ - | \$ 714,395,485 |
| - | 42,882,302 | 16,909,886 | 1,023,584 | - | 60,815,772 |
| 3,808,600 | 6,000,000 | 21,210,683 | 4,037,174 | 210,158,550 | 338,234,278 |
| <u>-</u> | <u>(60,102,069)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(51,589)</u> | <u>(44,285,680)</u> | <u>(377,722,560)</u> |
| <u>3,808,600</u> | <u>493,613,066</u> | <u>237,192,570</u> | <u>15,499,820</u> | <u>165,872,870</u> | <u>735,722,975</u> |
| (238,773) | 238,073,560 | 158,111,933 | 2,517,026 | (10,374,480) | 416,649,054 |
| <u>524,152</u> | <u>(437,402,630)</u> | <u>(205,884,145)</u> | <u>(10,009,164)</u> | <u>149,917,159</u> | <u>(380,985,267)</u> |
| <u>\$ 285,379</u> | <u>\$ (199,329,070)</u> | <u>\$ (47,772,212)</u> | <u>\$ (7,492,138)</u> | <u>\$ 139,542,679</u> | <u>\$ 35,663,787</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | |
|---|----|---------------|
| Net change in fund balances - governmental funds | \$ | 416,649,054 |
| <p>Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, because:</p> | | |
| <p>Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense for governmental activities.</p> | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets that meet criteria for capitalization | | 192,242,125 |
| Depreciation expense | | (97,418,706) |
| <p>Donations of capital assets increase net position for governmental activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not financial resources.</p> | | |
| | | 51,721,580 |
| <p>The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is reported for governmental activities, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the net book value of the capital assets sold.</p> | | |
| | | (1,318,263) |
| <p>Changes in net pension assets increase or decrease net position for governmental activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not current financial resources.</p> | | |
| | | 27,428,950 |
| <p>Changes in deferred outflows increase or decrease net position for governmental activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not current financial resources.</p> | | |
| Pensions | | 37,137,383 |
| Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) | | 486,813,080 |
| <p>Changes in deferred inflows increase or decrease net position for governmental activities, but do not appear in the governmental funds because they are not current financial resources.</p> | | |
| Pensions | | (19,974,854) |
| Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) | | (34,921,593) |
| <p>Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance of debt increases long-term liabilities for governmental activities. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces long-term liabilities for governmental activities. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized for governmental activities.</p> | | |
| Issuance of new debt | | (714,395,485) |
| Principal repayments | | 155,391,020 |
| Amortization of deferred charge on refunding | | (19,435,523) |
| Bond premium/discount | | (60,815,772) |
| Amortization of premium/discount | | 36,152,449 |
| Change in accrued interest | | (13,051,750) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Swaption proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but the issuance of swaptions increases long-term liabilities for governmental activities. Also, these proceeds are amortized for governmental activities.

| | |
|---------------------------|------------|
| Amortization of swaptions | \$ 172,727 |
|---------------------------|------------|

Some expenses reported for governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures for governmental funds.

| | |
|--|---------------|
| Net pension liability | (10,550,007) |
| Total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability | (673,761,827) |
| Compensated absences | 1,309,514 |
| Claims and judgments | 65,000 |
| Landfill closure costs | (156,253) |

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Some revenues for governmental activities do not provide current financial resources and are not reported as revenues for governmental funds. | (9,449,158) |
|---|-------------|

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds less those allocated to business-type activities are included in governmental activities.

| |
|-----------|
| 8,614,845 |
|-----------|

| | |
|--|-------------------------|
| Change in net position - governmental activities | <u>\$ (241,551,464)</u> |
|--|-------------------------|

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Original | Final | | Positive (Negative) |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 560,162,000 | \$ 560,162,000 | \$ 565,209,717 | \$ 5,047,717 |
| Local option sales tax | 141,331,000 | 141,331,000 | 141,902,355 | 571,355 |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 158,297,400 | 158,297,400 | 160,881,656 | 2,584,256 |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 8,801,400 | 8,801,400 | 6,855,593 | (1,945,807) |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | - | - | 1,698,384 | 1,698,384 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 120,435,200 | 120,435,200 | 124,460,648 | 4,025,448 |
| Commissions and fees | 15,431,100 | 15,431,100 | 17,058,875 | 1,627,775 |
| Charges for current services | 40,609,700 | 40,609,700 | 42,233,974 | 1,624,274 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 11,464,200 | 11,464,200 | 13,096,343 | 1,632,143 |
| Contributions and gifts | - | - | 318,780 | 318,780 |
| Miscellaneous | 544,100 | 544,100 | 897,243 | 353,143 |
| Total revenues | 1,057,076,100 | 1,057,076,100 | 1,074,613,568 | 17,537,468 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| General government | 53,412,000 | 53,599,000 | 51,342,987 | 2,256,013 |
| Fiscal administration | 25,130,000 | 25,627,900 | 24,085,812 | 1,542,088 |
| Administration of justice | 65,840,500 | 67,095,500 | 65,677,679 | 1,417,821 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 285,457,800 | 289,905,300 | 288,482,195 | 1,423,105 |
| Fire prevention and control | 128,053,400 | 130,621,400 | 130,611,622 | 9,778 |
| Regulation and inspection | 11,205,900 | 11,035,700 | 10,238,714 | 796,986 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 326,100 | 322,700 | 322,263 | 437 |
| Public welfare | 7,714,000 | 7,076,700 | 6,667,525 | 409,175 |
| Public health and hospitals | 68,927,300 | 69,200,000 | 66,464,916 | 2,735,084 |
| Public library system | 30,428,500 | 31,282,200 | 31,282,141 | 59 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 35,982,500 | 35,705,500 | 35,064,951 | 640,549 |
| Recreational and cultural | 44,402,700 | 44,478,200 | 43,787,806 | 690,394 |
| Retiree benefits | 88,779,300 | 88,779,300 | 87,855,789 | 923,511 |
| Miscellaneous | 127,793,800 | 127,158,800 | 108,887,193 | 18,271,607 |
| Total expenditures | 973,453,800 | 981,888,200 | 950,771,593 | 31,116,607 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 83,622,300 | 75,187,900 | 123,841,975 | 48,654,075 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 26,480,800 | 26,570,800 | 28,324,712 | 1,753,912 |
| Transfers out | (118,953,100) | (137,230,100) | (137,383,097) | (152,997) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (92,472,300) | (110,659,300) | (109,058,385) | 1,600,915 |
| Net change in fund balances | (8,850,000) | (35,471,400) | 14,783,590 | 50,254,990 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 76,661,327 | 76,661,327 | 76,661,327 | - |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 67,811,327 | \$ 41,189,927 | \$ 91,444,917 | \$ 50,254,990 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL PURPOSE SCHOOL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 322,381,100 | \$ 322,381,100 | \$ 321,751,332 | \$ (629,768) |
| Local option sales tax | 233,058,200 | 233,058,200 | 242,006,117 | 8,947,917 |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 20,237,200 | 20,237,200 | 22,325,385 | 2,088,185 |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 1,200 | 1,200 | 1,050 | (150) |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 289,264,000 | 289,264,000 | 287,868,235 | (1,395,765) |
| Charges for current services | 1,380,000 | 1,380,000 | 2,643,899 | 1,263,899 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 14,728,000 | 14,728,000 | 7,283,230 | (7,444,770) |
| Contributions and gifts | 600,000 | 600,000 | 157,741 | (442,259) |
| Miscellaneous | 150,000 | 150,000 | 20,374 | (129,626) |
| Total revenues | 881,799,700 | 881,799,700 | 884,057,363 | 2,257,663 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Education | 747,705,200 | 749,705,200 | 747,134,237 | 2,570,963 |
| Total expenditures | 747,705,200 | 749,705,200 | 747,134,237 | 2,570,963 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | 134,094,500 | 132,094,500 | 136,923,126 | 4,828,626 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 2,500,000 | 4,500,000 | 5,413,265 | 913,265 |
| Transfers out | (136,594,500) | (136,594,500) | (135,900,125) | 694,375 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (134,094,500) | (132,094,500) | (130,486,860) | 1,607,640 |
| Net change in fund balances | - | - | 6,436,266 | 6,436,266 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 34,880,845 | 34,880,845 | 34,880,845 | - |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 34,880,845 | \$ 34,880,845 | \$ 41,317,111 | \$ 6,436,266 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds |
|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | Department of Water and Sewerage Services | District Energy System | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | |
| ASSETS: | | | | | |
| Current assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 66,954,527 | \$ 7,469,270 | \$ 45,558,691 | \$ 119,982,488 | \$ 185,090,109 |
| Accounts receivable | 18,379,441 | 2,077,833 | 4,303,207 | 24,760,481 | 2,241,725 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (679,978) | - | (1,140,830) | (1,820,808) | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | 505,243 | - | 99,709 | 604,952 | 410,529 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 907,967 | - | 3,192,715 | 4,100,682 | 819,876 |
| Due from component units | 6,016 | - | 300 | 6,316 | 3,930 |
| Inventories of supplies | 2,871,638 | - | - | 2,871,638 | 1,113,094 |
| Other current assets | 1,000 | - | 2,220 | 3,220 | 512,873 |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 47,514,156 | 1,766,489 | - | 49,280,645 | - |
| Accounts receivable | 2,605,876 | - | - | 2,605,876 | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | 119,156 | - | - | 119,156 | - |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 19,316,274 | - | - | 19,316,274 | - |
| Other current assets | 5,850 | - | - | 5,850 | - |
| Total current assets | 158,507,166 | 11,313,592 | 52,016,012 | 221,836,770 | 190,192,136 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | 3,107,075,135 | 66,767,123 | - | 3,173,842,258 | - |
| Land | 22,509,294 | 1,311,213 | 762,693 | 24,583,200 | - |
| Buildings and improvements | 54,602,115 | 22,249,490 | 25,033,276 | 101,884,881 | - |
| Improvements other than buildings | 61,241,081 | 273,754 | 4,029,540 | 65,544,375 | - |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 127,470,436 | 886,904 | 2,010,683 | 130,368,023 | 209,265,091 |
| Property under capital lease | - | - | 3,645,000 | 3,645,000 | - |
| Construction in progress | 207,494,178 | 643,183 | 27,811,256 | 235,948,617 | - |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (1,489,824,268) | (32,870,040) | (25,739,426) | (1,548,433,734) | (147,950,309) |
| Capital assets - net | 2,090,567,971 | 59,261,627 | 37,553,022 | 2,187,382,620 | 61,314,782 |
| Restricted assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 199,333,816 | - | - | 199,333,816 | - |
| Other noncurrent assets | 36,395,467 | - | - | 36,395,467 | - |
| Total noncurrent assets | 2,326,297,254 | 59,261,627 | 37,553,022 | 2,423,111,903 | 61,314,782 |
| Total assets | 2,484,804,420 | 70,575,219 | 89,569,034 | 2,644,948,673 | 251,506,918 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | | |
| Deferred charge on refunding | 2,667,744 | 2,289,466 | - | 4,957,210 | - |
| Pensions | 8,452,367 | 34,774 | 1,614,949 | 10,102,090 | - |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 11,120,111 | 2,324,240 | 1,614,949 | 15,059,300 | - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | Department of Water and Sewerage Services | District Energy System | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 6,254,500 | \$ 1,956,825 | \$ 1,627,287 | \$ 9,838,612 | \$ 9,373,199 |
| Accrued payroll | 2,169,737 | - | 951,796 | 3,121,533 | 3,008,605 |
| Claims payable | - | - | - | - | 33,276,810 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | 2,237,490 | 111,790 | 768,608 | 3,117,888 | 310,111 |
| Due to component units | - | - | 712 | 712 | - |
| Customer deposits | 3,212,850 | - | 10,190 | 3,223,040 | - |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | 1,788,736 | 1,788,736 | - |
| Other current liabilities | 4,020,658 | - | - | 4,020,658 | - |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 7,673,352 | - | - | 7,673,352 | - |
| Accrued interest | 22,403,295 | 469,536 | - | 22,872,831 | - |
| Current portion of long term debt | 39,120,000 | 2,133,265 | - | 41,253,265 | - |
| Commercial paper payable | 200,000,000 | 636,744 | - | 200,636,744 | - |
| Total current liabilities | <u>287,091,882</u> | <u>5,308,160</u> | <u>5,147,329</u> | <u>297,547,371</u> | <u>45,968,725</u> |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | | | |
| Revenue bonds payable | 879,295,635 | 41,866,964 | - | 921,162,599 | - |
| General obligation bonds payable | - | 13,229,844 | - | 13,229,844 | - |
| Claims payable | - | - | - | - | 5,521,618 |
| Net pension liability | 9,626,991 | 39,607 | 1,839,380 | 11,505,978 | - |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | <u>888,922,626</u> | <u>55,136,415</u> | <u>1,839,380</u> | <u>945,898,421</u> | <u>5,521,618</u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>1,176,014,508</u> | <u>60,444,575</u> | <u>6,986,709</u> | <u>1,243,445,792</u> | <u>51,490,343</u> |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | | |
| Pensions | 12,813,821 | 52,718 | 2,448,271 | 15,314,810 | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | <u>12,813,821</u> | <u>52,718</u> | <u>2,448,271</u> | <u>15,314,810</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NET POSITION: | | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 1,152,407,076 | 3,684,276 | 37,553,022 | 1,193,644,374 | 61,314,782 |
| Restricted for debt retirement | 97,262,287 | 1,296,953 | - | 98,559,240 | - |
| Unrestricted | 57,426,839 | 7,420,937 | 44,195,981 | 109,043,757 | 138,701,793 |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 1,307,096,202</u> | <u>\$ 12,402,166</u> | <u>\$ 81,749,003</u> | <u>1,401,247,371</u> | <u>\$ 200,016,575</u> |
| Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds | | | | (48,446,361) | |
| Net position of business-type activities | | | | <u>\$ 1,352,801,010</u> | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | Department of Water and Sewerage Services | District Energy System | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | |
| OPERATING REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 227,012,510 | \$ 17,607,156 | \$ 43,956,756 | \$ 288,576,422 | \$ 419,949,169 |
| Other | 636,175 | - | - | 636,175 | 14,144,191 |
| Total operating revenues | <u>227,648,685</u> | <u>17,607,156</u> | <u>43,956,756</u> | <u>289,212,597</u> | <u>434,093,360</u> |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | | | |
| Personal services | 50,053,505 | 209,822 | 11,875,976 | 62,139,303 | 20,900,060 |
| Contractual services | 43,174,721 | 13,781,430 | 12,287,252 | 69,243,403 | 33,001,113 |
| Supplies and materials | 15,259,424 | 215,245 | 615,045 | 16,089,714 | 11,722,331 |
| Depreciation | 90,316,161 | 2,351,930 | 1,039,930 | 93,708,021 | 19,063,031 |
| Compensation for damages | - | - | - | - | 5,982,904 |
| Medical and insurance benefits | - | - | - | - | 374,565,492 |
| Other | 2,847,625 | 6,000 | 428,092 | 3,281,717 | 4,531,058 |
| Total operating expenses | <u>201,651,436</u> | <u>16,564,427</u> | <u>26,246,295</u> | <u>244,462,158</u> | <u>469,765,989</u> |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | <u>25,997,249</u> | <u>1,042,729</u> | <u>17,710,461</u> | <u>44,750,439</u> | <u>(35,672,629)</u> |
| NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE): | | | | | |
| Investment income (loss) | 5,866,244 | 191,371 | 799,456 | 6,857,071 | 3,973,120 |
| Interest expense | (34,816,690) | (1,488,499) | - | (36,305,189) | - |
| Gain (loss) on sale of property | 29,897 | - | 61 | 29,958 | (76,149) |
| Other | 405,770 | - | 237,000 | 642,770 | 486,796 |
| Total nonoperating revenue (expense) | <u>(28,514,779)</u> | <u>(1,297,128)</u> | <u>1,036,517</u> | <u>(28,775,390)</u> | <u>4,383,767</u> |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS | <u>(2,517,530)</u> | <u>(254,399)</u> | <u>18,746,978</u> | <u>15,975,049</u> | <u>(31,288,862)</u> |
| CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS | 20,652,395 | - | - | 20,652,395 | - |
| TRANSFERS IN | - | 1,768,915 | 27,238,413 | 29,007,328 | 37,385,274 |
| TRANSFERS OUT | <u>(13,907,893)</u> | <u>(1,229,400)</u> | <u>(7,199,143)</u> | <u>(22,336,436)</u> | <u>(1,933,000)</u> |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 4,226,972 | 285,116 | 38,786,248 | 43,298,336 | 4,163,412 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year, restated | <u>1,302,869,230</u> | <u>12,117,050</u> | <u>42,962,755</u> | | <u>195,853,163</u> |
| NET POSITION, end of year | <u>\$ 1,307,096,202</u> | <u>\$ 12,402,166</u> | <u>\$ 81,749,003</u> | | <u>\$ 200,016,575</u> |
| Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise funds | | | | <u>(4,451,433)</u> | |
| Change in net position of business-type activities | | | | <u>\$ 38,846,903</u> | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds |
|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | Department of Water and Sewerage Services | District Energy System | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | | | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ 224,000,380 | \$ 17,819,104 | \$ 45,024,654 | \$ 286,844,138 | \$ 433,445,978 |
| Payments to suppliers | (61,909,281) | (13,898,779) | (12,472,330) | (88,280,390) | (432,865,476) |
| Payments to employees | (48,498,693) | (203,380) | (11,455,294) | (60,157,367) | (20,639,275) |
| Other receipts | - | - | - | - | 514,633 |
| Other payments | (2,877,638) | - | - | (2,877,638) | (27,837) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>110,714,768</u> | <u>3,716,945</u> | <u>21,097,030</u> | <u>135,528,743</u> | <u>(19,571,977)</u> |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | | | |
| Transfers in | - | 1,768,915 | 27,238,413 | 29,007,328 | 37,385,274 |
| Transfers out | (13,907,893) | (1,229,400) | (7,199,143) | (22,336,436) | (1,933,000) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities | <u>(13,907,893)</u> | <u>539,515</u> | <u>20,039,270</u> | <u>6,670,892</u> | <u>35,452,274</u> |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | (100,524,427) | (647,520) | (26,025,614) | (127,197,561) | (23,257,312) |
| Proceeds from the sale of property | 29,897 | - | 61 | 29,958 | 13,026 |
| Proceeds from borrowings | 75,000,000 | 2,286,793 | - | 77,286,793 | - |
| Principal payments on borrowings | (38,225,000) | (3,944,491) | - | (42,169,491) | - |
| Interest subsidy | 5,005,565 | - | - | 5,005,565 | - |
| Interest paid | (43,930,194) | (1,871,705) | - | (45,801,899) | - |
| Capital contributions received | 20,196,263 | - | - | 20,196,263 | - |
| Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities | <u>(82,447,896)</u> | <u>(4,176,923)</u> | <u>(26,025,553)</u> | <u>(112,650,372)</u> | <u>(23,244,286)</u> |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | | | |
| Interest on investments | 5,596,717 | 191,371 | 741,679 | 6,529,767 | 3,822,430 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | <u>5,596,717</u> | <u>191,371</u> | <u>741,679</u> | <u>6,529,767</u> | <u>3,822,430</u> |
| Net changes in cash and cash equivalents | 19,955,696 | 270,908 | 15,852,426 | 36,079,030 | (3,541,559) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 293,846,803 | 8,964,851 | 29,706,265 | 332,517,919 | 188,631,668 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | <u>\$ 313,802,499</u> | <u>\$ 9,235,759</u> | <u>\$ 45,558,691</u> | <u>\$ 368,596,949</u> | <u>\$ 185,090,109</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalents are classified as: | | | | | |
| Current assets | \$ 66,954,527 | \$ 7,469,270 | \$ 45,558,691 | \$ 119,982,488 | \$ 185,090,109 |
| Current restricted assets | 47,514,156 | 1,766,489 | - | 49,280,645 | - |
| Noncurrent restricted assets | 199,333,816 | - | - | 199,333,816 | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | <u>\$ 313,802,499</u> | <u>\$ 9,235,759</u> | <u>\$ 45,558,691</u> | <u>\$ 368,596,949</u> | <u>\$ 185,090,109</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds | | | | Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | Department of Water and Sewerage Services | District Energy System | Other Enterprise Funds | Total Enterprise Funds | |
| Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ 25,997,249 | \$ 1,042,729 | \$ 17,710,461 | \$ 44,750,439 | \$ (35,672,629) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | | | |
| Depreciation | 90,316,161 | 2,351,930 | 1,039,930 | 93,708,021 | 19,063,031 |
| Provision for doubtful accounts | (881,156) | - | 193,322 | (687,834) | - |
| Other receipts | 405,770 | - | 237,000 | 642,770 | 514,633 |
| Other payments | - | - | - | - | (27,837) |
| Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: | | | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (2,117,847) | 211,948 | (270,948) | (2,176,847) | (1,612,888) |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 269,178 | - | (37,797) | 231,381 | 969,336 |
| Due from component units | 2,062 | - | (200) | 1,862 | (3,830) |
| Inventories of supplies | (42,719) | - | - | (42,719) | 544,402 |
| Other current assets | 110,924 | - | 7,257 | 118,181 | - |
| Deferred outflows pensions | (2,693,856) | (11,163) | (580,851) | (3,285,870) | - |
| Accounts payable | (3,432,417) | 97,396 | 564,453 | (2,770,568) | (1,933,761) |
| Accrued payroll | 31,441 | - | (13,576) | 17,865 | (36,869) |
| Claims payable | - | - | - | - | 387,130 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | (1,529,207) | 6,500 | 663,796 | (858,911) | (1,762,695) |
| Due to component units | - | - | (262) | (262) | - |
| Customer deposits | (13,127) | - | - | (13,127) | - |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | 569,336 | 569,336 | - |
| Other current liabilities | 75,085 | - | - | 75,085 | - |
| Net pension liability | 2,183,941 | 9,089 | 502,777 | 2,695,807 | - |
| Deferred inflows pensions | 2,033,286 | 8,516 | 512,332 | 2,554,134 | - |
| Total adjustments | 84,717,519 | 2,674,216 | 3,386,569 | 90,778,304 | 16,100,652 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | \$ 110,714,768 | \$ 3,716,945 | \$ 21,097,030 | \$ 135,528,743 | \$ (19,571,977) |
| <u>Non-Cash Capital, Financing and Investing Activities:</u> | | | | | |
| Contributions of capital assets | \$ 13,819,130 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 13,819,130 | \$ - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds | Agency Funds |
|--|---|----------------------|
| | <u>Trust Funds</u> | <u>Funds</u> |
| ASSETS: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 19,942,424 | \$ 73,720,097 |
| Investments, at fair value: | | |
| Bank debt notes | 96,877 | - |
| Commingled funds U.S. debt | 34,861,721 | - |
| Conventional mortgages | 62,514,690 | - |
| Preferred stock | 5,406,608 | - |
| Common stock | 330,803,677 | - |
| Corporate bonds and notes | 255,721,896 | - |
| Emerging markets | 1,115,128 | - |
| Equity commingled funds | 67,040,163 | - |
| Bank loans | 9,996,476 | - |
| Commercial paper | 1,598,751 | - |
| Non agency mortgages/collateralized mortgage obligations | 55,788,652 | - |
| Other fixed income | 251,957,036 | - |
| Other securities | 356,049,158 | - |
| Venture capital and partnerships | 1,867,537,455 | - |
| Municipals | 254,466 | - |
| Registered investment companies | 115,418,126 | - |
| U.S. treasury securities | 151,524,255 | - |
| Cash collateral received - securities lending program | 53,494,183 | - |
| Mortgages and real estate | - | 991,100 |
| Mutual funds | - | 19,113 |
| Accounts receivable | 483,006,203 | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | 7,148,095 | 4,694 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 3,959,859 | 2,381,445 |
| Total assets | <u>4,135,235,899</u> | <u>\$ 77,116,449</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | |
| Accounts payable | 797,809 | \$ - |
| Due to brokers | 712,780,625 | - |
| Payable for collateral received - securities lending program | 53,494,183 | - |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | 212,080 | - |
| Due to component units | 9,958 | - |
| Funds held in custody for others | - | 51,359,000 |
| Other liabilities | - | 25,757,449 |
| Total liabilities | <u>767,294,655</u> | <u>\$ 77,116,449</u> |
| NET POSITION: | | |
| Restricted for pensions | 3,366,132,647 | |
| Held in trust for other employee benefits | 1,808,597 | |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 3,367,941,244</u> | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds |
|---|---|
| | <u> </u> |
| ADDITIONS: | |
| Investment income: | |
| Interest and dividend income | \$ 93,432,772 |
| Net appreciation (depreciation) of investments | 206,929,721 |
| Miscellaneous | <u>127,315</u> |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments | <u>300,489,808</u> |
| Net income earned on securities lending transactions: | |
| Securities lending income | 208,944 |
| Securities lending expense | <u>(41,772)</u> |
| Net income earned on securities lending transactions | <u>167,172</u> |
| Less investment expenses | <u>(52,418,734)</u> |
| Net investment income (loss) | <u>248,238,246</u> |
| Contributions: | |
| Employee contributions | 2,552,504 |
| Employer contributions | 110,819,570 |
| Transfers in | 317,040 |
| Contributions from the State of Tennessee | 14,096,974 |
| Miscellaneous | <u>2,597,961</u> |
| Total contributions | <u>130,384,049</u> |
| Total additions | <u>378,622,295</u> |
| DEDUCTIONS: | |
| Pension and other employee benefits | 222,613,231 |
| Administrative expenses | 3,891,545 |
| Transfers out | <u>2,951,924</u> |
| Total deductions | <u>229,456,700</u> |
| Change in net position | 149,165,595 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | <u>3,218,775,649</u> |
| NET POSITION, end of year | <u>\$ 3,367,941,244</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS

June 30, 2019

| | Nashville District Management Corporation | Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc. | Sports Authority | Industrial Development Board |
|---|--|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 3,001 | \$ 221,739 | \$ 15,949,740 | \$ 646,955 |
| Investments | - | - | - | - |
| Accounts receivable | 33,000 | - | 1,486,438 | 11,038,027 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | - | - | - | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | - | - | 46,059 | 1,307 |
| Due from the primary government | - | - | 505 | - |
| Inventories of supplies | - | - | - | - |
| Other current assets | 3,520 | - | - | - |
| Restricted assets: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | - | - | 15,035,644 | - |
| Investments | - | - | 850,340 | - |
| Accounts receivable | - | - | 818,307 | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | - | - | - | - |
| Due from other governmental agencies | - | - | - | - |
| Due from the primary government | - | - | - | - |
| Other restricted assets | - | - | - | - |
| Notes receivable | - | - | 28,872,213 | - |
| Capital assets: | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | - | - | - | - |
| Land | - | - | 75,698,192 | - |
| Buildings and improvements | - | - | 472,547,113 | - |
| Improvements other than buildings | 135,509 | - | 1,724,463 | - |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 18,697 | 46,324 | 42,826,183 | - |
| Infrastructure | - | - | - | - |
| Public art | - | - | - | - |
| Construction in progress | - | - | 336,922 | - |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (154,206) | (37,119) | (231,582,888) | - |
| Other noncurrent assets | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets | 39,521 | 230,944 | 424,609,231 | 11,686,289 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | |
| Deferred charge on refunding | - | - | 2,327,265 | - |
| Effective portion of fuel hedging | - | - | - | - |
| Other post employment benefits (OPEB) | - | - | - | - |
| Pensions | - | - | - | - |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | - | - | 2,327,265 | - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITON
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Total Governmental Types | Hospital Authority | Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | Electric Power Board |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|
| \$ 16,821,435 | \$ 3,603,996 | \$ 54,720,017 | \$ 387,690,000 |
| - | - | 2,540,272 | 50,510,000 |
| 12,557,465 | 42,337,989 | 10,215,405 | 153,672,000 |
| - | (35,077,324) | (5,385,211) | (948,000) |
| 47,366 | - | - | - |
| 505 | - | - | - |
| - | 2,155,872 | 1,527,110 | 28,119,000 |
| 3,520 | 3,213,932 | 1,833,280 | 9,653,000 |
| - | - | - | - |
| 15,035,644 | - | 58,185,603 | 143,000 |
| 850,340 | - | - | 118,228,000 |
| 818,307 | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - |
| 28,872,213 | - | 22,598,497 | 928,000 |
| - | - | - | 1,526,189,000 |
| 75,698,192 | - | 103,114,477 | 3,901,000 |
| 472,547,113 | 53,951,751 | 419,093,530 | 74,925,000 |
| 1,859,972 | - | - | - |
| 42,891,204 | 50,659,048 | 8,983,133 | 112,747,000 |
| - | - | 23,265,476 | - |
| - | - | - | - |
| 336,922 | 1,054,684 | 17,507,796 | 64,222,000 |
| (231,774,213) | (78,465,313) | (214,662,007) | (726,819,000) |
| - | - | 39,667,612 | 6,409,000 |
| 436,565,985 | 43,434,635 | 543,204,990 | 1,809,569,000 |
| 2,327,265 | - | - | 13,870,000 |
| - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | 27,438,000 |
| - | 1,932,307 | - | 37,865,000 |
| 2,327,265 | 1,932,307 | - | 79,173,000 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Metropolitan Transit Authority | Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | Emergency Communications District |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,576,832 | \$ 189,270,185 | \$ 368,915 |
| Investments | - | - | 12,338,198 |
| Accounts receivable | 1,673,674 | 7,137,272 | - |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (6,000) | (88,485) | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | - | - | - |
| Due from the primary government | - | - | - |
| Inventories of supplies | 2,737,465 | 540,570 | - |
| Other current assets | 606,914 | 2,274,445 | 172,069 |
| Restricted assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 1,330,473 | 135,623,942 | - |
| Investments | - | 1,580,000 | - |
| Accounts receivable | - | - | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | - | - | - |
| Due from other governmental agencies | 8,099,358 | 6,339,338 | - |
| Due from the primary government | - | - | - |
| Other restricted assets | - | 4,413,961 | - |
| Notes receivable | - | - | - |
| Capital assets: | | | |
| Utility plant in service | - | - | - |
| Land | 14,733,025 | 96,968,771 | - |
| Buildings and improvements | 100,246,362 | 422,874,975 | - |
| Improvements other than buildings | - | 588,980,302 | - |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 162,260,259 | 183,211,887 | 11,478,947 |
| Infrastructure | - | - | - |
| Public art | - | - | - |
| Construction in progress | 32,766,665 | 233,273,254 | - |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (137,978,540) | (627,078,708) | (10,425,930) |
| Other noncurrent assets | 350,000 | 596,356 | - |
| Total assets | 191,396,487 | 1,245,918,065 | 13,932,199 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | |
| Deferred charge on refunding | - | 3,229,216 | - |
| Effective portion of fuel hedging | 524,954 | - | - |
| Other post employment benefits (OPEB) | 4,360,605 | 503,855 | - |
| Pensions | 5,259,877 | 4,739,292 | - |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 10,145,436 | 8,472,363 | - |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| <u>Convention Center Authority</u> | <u>Total Proprietary Types</u> | <u>Total Component Units</u> |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| \$ 191,291,853 | \$ 831,521,798 | \$ 848,343,233 |
| - | 65,388,470 | 65,388,470 |
| 1,229,669 | 216,266,009 | 228,823,474 |
| - | (41,505,020) | (41,505,020) |
| 424,029 | 424,029 | 471,395 |
| 380 | 380 | 885 |
| - | 35,080,017 | 35,080,017 |
| 477,273 | 18,230,913 | 18,234,433 |
| 41,140,149 | 236,423,167 | 251,458,811 |
| 39,925,349 | 159,733,349 | 160,583,689 |
| - | - | 818,307 |
| 222,297 | 222,297 | 222,297 |
| - | 14,438,696 | 14,438,696 |
| 12,335,574 | 12,335,574 | 12,335,574 |
| 3,503,708 | 7,917,669 | 7,917,669 |
| - | 23,526,497 | 52,398,710 |
| - | 1,526,189,000 | 1,526,189,000 |
| 91,308,016 | 310,025,289 | 385,723,481 |
| 652,006,884 | 1,723,098,502 | 2,195,645,615 |
| - | 588,980,302 | 590,840,274 |
| 6,156,386 | 535,496,660 | 578,387,864 |
| - | 23,265,476 | 23,265,476 |
| 1,183,844 | 1,183,844 | 1,183,844 |
| 47,991,408 | 396,815,807 | 397,152,729 |
| (100,405,488) | (1,895,834,986) | (2,127,609,199) |
| - | 47,022,968 | 47,022,968 |
| 988,791,331 | 4,836,246,707 | 5,272,812,692 |
| - | 17,099,216 | 19,426,481 |
| - | 524,954 | 524,954 |
| - | 32,302,460 | 32,302,460 |
| 457,995 | 50,254,471 | 50,254,471 |
| 457,995 | 100,181,101 | 102,508,366 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Nashville District Management Corporation | Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc. | Sports Authority | Industrial Development Board |
|--|--|--|-----------------------|------------------------------------|
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 140,132 | \$ 88,382 | \$ 4,932,762 | \$ 11,038,132 |
| Accrued payroll | - | - | 10,670 | - |
| Due to the primary government | - | - | 4,230 | - |
| Customer deposits | - | - | - | - |
| Unearned revenue | - | - | - | - |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | - | - | - | - |
| Current portion of capitalized lease obligations | - | - | - | - |
| Other current liabilities | 171 | - | - | - |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | - | - | - | - |
| Accrued interest | - | - | 2,993,242 | - |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | - | - | 6,225,000 | - |
| Revenue bonds payable | - | - | 118,087,926 | - |
| Capitalized lease obligations | - | - | - | - |
| Other long-term liabilities | - | - | 15,459,898 | - |
| | <u>140,303</u> | <u>88,382</u> | <u>147,713,728</u> | <u>11,038,132</u> |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | |
| Tax increment financing | - | - | 28,000,000 | - |
| Other post employment benefits (OPEB) | - | - | - | - |
| Pensions | - | - | - | - |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>28,000,000</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NET POSITION: | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | - | 9,205 | 224,124,285 | - |
| Restricted for debt retirement | - | - | 12,347,319 | - |
| Restricted for other purposes | - | - | - | - |
| Unrestricted | (100,782) | 133,357 | 14,751,164 | 648,157 |
| | <u>(100,782)</u> | <u>133,357</u> | <u>14,751,164</u> | <u>648,157</u> |
| Total net position | <u>\$ (100,782)</u> | <u>\$ 142,562</u> | <u>\$ 251,222,768</u> | <u>\$ 648,157</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Total Governmental Types | Hospital Authority | Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | Electric Power Board |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|
| \$ 16,199,408 | \$ 5,956,590 | \$ 8,916,596 | \$ 195,654,000 |
| 10,670 | 3,725,127 | 669,260 | - |
| 4,230 | - | - | - |
| - | - | 2,145,599 | 18,766,000 |
| - | - | - | - |
| - | - | 7,449,520 | - |
| - | 2,908,161 | - | - |
| 171 | - | 10,245,479 | - |
| - | - | - | 2,330,000 |
| 2,993,242 | - | - | 3,297,000 |
| 6,225,000 | - | - | 36,010,000 |
| 118,087,926 | - | - | 562,779,000 |
| - | 15,648,433 | - | - |
| <u>15,459,898</u> | <u>2,200,840</u> | <u>134,915,834</u> | <u>424,021,000</u> |
| - | - | - | - |
| <u>158,980,545</u> | <u>30,439,151</u> | <u>164,342,288</u> | <u>1,242,857,000</u> |
| 28,000,000 | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | 24,749,000 |
| - | 2,929,385 | - | 9,853,000 |
| <u>28,000,000</u> | <u>2,929,385</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>34,602,000</u> |
| 224,133,490 | 8,643,575 | 231,867,876 | 510,702,000 |
| 12,347,319 | - | - | 72,287,000 |
| - | - | 51,128,515 | - |
| <u>15,431,896</u> | <u>3,354,831</u> | <u>95,866,311</u> | <u>28,294,000</u> |
| <u>\$ 251,912,705</u> | <u>\$ 11,998,406</u> | <u>\$ 378,862,702</u> | <u>\$ 611,283,000</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Metropolitan Transit Authority | Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | Emergency Communications District |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 4,257,520 | \$ 60,054,700 | \$ 107,935 |
| Accrued payroll | 2,321,980 | 4,944,248 | - |
| Due to the primary government | - | - | - |
| Customer deposits | - | - | - |
| Unearned revenue | - | 4,051,195 | - |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | - | 622,182 | - |
| Current portion of capitalized lease obligations | - | - | - |
| Other current liabilities | 11,110,788 | 296,638 | - |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | | | |
| Accounts payable | - | 3,593,195 | - |
| Accrued interest | - | 5,966,036 | - |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | - | 18,420,000 | - |
| Revenue bonds payable | - | 259,619,806 | - |
| Capitalized lease obligations | - | - | - |
| Other long-term liabilities | 90,845,284 | 166,213,233 | - |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>108,535,572</u> | <u>523,781,233</u> | <u>107,935</u> |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | |
| Tax increment financing | - | - | - |
| Other post employment benefits (OPEB) | 1,679,064 | 4,316,471 | - |
| Pensions | 2,286,571 | 5,063 | - |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | <u>3,965,635</u> | <u>4,321,534</u> | <u>-</u> |
| NET POSITION: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 162,033,477 | 529,485,036 | 1,053,017 |
| Restricted for debt retirement | - | 23,155,535 | - |
| Restricted for other purposes | 833,731 | 61,060,542 | - |
| Unrestricted | (73,826,492) | 112,586,548 | 12,771,247 |
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Total net position | <u>\$ 89,040,716</u> | <u>\$ 726,287,661</u> | <u>\$ 13,824,264</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Convention Center Authority | Total Proprietary Types | Total Component Units |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| \$ 3,316,770 | \$ 278,264,111 | \$ 294,463,519 |
| 1,734,246 | 13,394,861 | 13,405,531 |
| 6,016 | 6,016 | 10,246 |
| - | 20,911,599 | 20,911,599 |
| 9,190,541 | 13,241,736 | 13,241,736 |
| - | 8,071,702 | 8,071,702 |
| - | 2,908,161 | 2,908,161 |
| - | 21,652,905 | 21,653,076 |
| 471,227 | 6,394,422 | 6,394,422 |
| 19,702,036 | 28,965,072 | 31,958,314 |
| 13,425,000 | 67,855,000 | 74,080,000 |
| 576,698,461 | 1,399,097,267 | 1,517,185,193 |
| - | 15,648,433 | 15,648,433 |
| 521,642 | 818,717,833 | 834,177,731 |
| <u>625,065,939</u> | <u>2,695,129,118</u> | <u>2,854,109,663</u> |
| - | - | 28,000,000 |
| - | 30,744,535 | 30,744,535 |
| 694,322 | 15,768,341 | 15,768,341 |
| <u>694,322</u> | <u>46,512,876</u> | <u>74,512,876</u> |
| 110,969,209 | 1,554,754,190 | 1,778,887,680 |
| 74,102,194 | 169,544,729 | 181,892,048 |
| 31,503,064 | 144,525,852 | 144,525,852 |
| 146,914,598 | 325,961,043 | 341,392,939 |
| <u>\$ 363,489,065</u> | <u>\$ 2,194,785,814</u> | <u>\$ 2,446,698,519</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
COMPONENT UNITS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Expenses | Program Revenues | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Capital Grants and Contributions |
| Nashville District Management Corporation | \$ 2,618,299 | \$ 2,508,979 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc. | 475,785 | 465,654 | - | - |
| Sports Authority | 49,692,128 | 5,916,460 | 24,841,109 | 10,127,939 |
| Industrial Development Board | 27,342,294 | - | 27,341,970 | - |
| Hospital Authority | 104,853,291 | 59,106,800 | 44,112,100 | 2,003,259 |
| Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | 129,108,027 | 40,956,587 | 101,240,479 | 7,459,007 |
| Electric Power Board | 1,264,840,000 | 1,342,217,000 | - | - |
| Metropolitan Transit Authority | 104,162,320 | 11,179,481 | 57,945,980 | 67,889,153 |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | 173,649,446 | 216,543,808 | - | 18,178,942 |
| Emergency Communications District | 6,276,547 | 7,685,023 | 196,000 | - |
| Convention Center Authority | 82,220,627 | 29,493,361 | 126,820,172 | - |
| Total component units | \$ 1,945,238,764 | \$ 1,716,073,153 | \$ 382,497,810 | \$ 105,658,300 |

General revenues:

Revenues from the use of
money or property

Compensation for loss, sale or
damage to property

Total general revenues

Changes in net position

Net position - beginning of year

Net position - end of year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Nashville District Management Corporation | Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc. | Sports Authority | Industrial Development Board | Total Governmental Types | Hospital Authority | Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | Electric Power Board | Metropolitan Transit Authority |
| \$ (109,320) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (109,320) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| - | (10,131) | - | - | (10,131) | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | (8,806,620) | - | (8,806,620) | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | (324) | (324) | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | 368,868 | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 20,548,046 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 77,377,000 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 32,852,294 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>(109,320)</u> | <u>(10,131)</u> | <u>(8,806,620)</u> | <u>(324)</u> | <u>(8,926,395)</u> | <u>368,868</u> | <u>20,548,046</u> | <u>77,377,000</u> | <u>32,852,294</u> |
| 5,372 | 2,687 | 1,839,355 | 15,257 | 1,862,671 | - | 1,414,572 | 12,649,000 | - |
| - | - | 1,871,460 | - | 1,871,460 | - | 6,820,188 | - | 35,831 |
| <u>5,372</u> | <u>2,687</u> | <u>3,710,815</u> | <u>15,257</u> | <u>3,734,131</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>8,234,760</u> | <u>12,649,000</u> | <u>35,831</u> |
| (103,948) | (7,444) | (5,095,805) | 14,933 | (5,192,264) | 368,868 | 28,782,806 | 90,026,000 | 32,888,125 |
| <u>3,166</u> | <u>150,006</u> | <u>256,318,573</u> | <u>633,224</u> | <u>257,104,969</u> | <u>11,629,538</u> | <u>350,079,896</u> | <u>521,257,000</u> | <u>56,152,591</u> |
| <u>\$ (100,782)</u> | <u>\$ 142,562</u> | <u>\$ 251,222,768</u> | <u>\$ 648,157</u> | <u>\$ 251,912,705</u> | <u>\$ 11,998,406</u> | <u>\$ 378,862,702</u> | <u>\$ 611,283,000</u> | <u>\$ 89,040,716</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position | | | | |
|--|---|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | Emergency Communications District | Convention Center Authority | Total Proprietary Types | Total Component Units |
| Nashville District Management Corporation | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (109,320) |
| Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc. | - | - | - | - | (10,131) |
| Sports Authority | - | - | - | - | (8,806,620) |
| Industrial Development Board | - | - | - | - | (324) |
| Hospital Authority | - | - | - | 368,868 | 368,868 |
| Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | - | - | - | 20,548,046 | 20,548,046 |
| Electric Power Board | - | - | - | 77,377,000 | 77,377,000 |
| Metropolitan Transit Authority | - | - | - | 32,852,294 | 32,852,294 |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | 61,073,304 | - | - | 61,073,304 | 61,073,304 |
| Emergency Communications District | - | 1,604,476 | - | 1,604,476 | 1,604,476 |
| Convention Center Authority | - | - | 74,092,906 | 74,092,906 | 74,092,906 |
| Total component units | 61,073,304 | 1,604,476 | 74,092,906 | 267,916,894 | 258,990,499 |
| General revenues: | | | | | |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 7,703,826 | 262,411 | 6,297,469 | 28,327,278 | 30,189,949 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | - | 1,906 | - | 6,857,925 | 8,729,385 |
| Total general revenues | 7,703,826 | 264,317 | 6,297,469 | 35,185,203 | 38,919,334 |
| Changes in net position | 68,777,130 | 1,868,793 | 80,390,375 | 303,102,097 | 297,909,833 |
| Net position - beginning of year | 657,510,531 | 11,955,471 | 283,098,690 | 1,891,683,717 | 2,148,788,686 |
| Net position - end of year | <u>\$ 726,287,661</u> | <u>\$ 13,824,264</u> | <u>\$ 363,489,065</u> | <u>\$ 2,194,785,814</u> | <u>\$ 2,446,698,519</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County (the Government) operates under a metropolitan form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, health and social services, education, culture and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Government conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the Government present the primary government and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the Government's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the Government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported separately in the basic financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Government.

The financial statements of the following component units have been discretely presented:

The **Nashville District Management Corporation** was established in 1998 to administer special assessment revenue collected by the Government for the benefit of the Central Business Improvement District (CBID). The Corporation's duties and responsibilities are defined in a memorandum of agreement with the Government and include, but are not limited to, providing services for improvement and operation of the CBID through security enhancement, downtown marketing, and improving downtown beautification, sanitation and maintenance. The original agreement was one year, renewable annually by mutual notification by each party to the other. The agreement may be terminated by the Government upon thirty days' notice. The Corporation is a legally separate entity which is closely related to and financially dependent on the Government as the Government has the legal obligation to levy the CBID taxes and approves the CBID tax rate. These taxes represent substantially all of the Corporation's revenue. Complete financial statements of the Corporation can be obtained from its offices at Accounting Office, 211 Commerce Street, Suite 100, Nashville, TN 37201.

The **Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc.** (GBID, Inc.) was established in 2006 to administer special assessment revenue collected by the Government for the benefit of the Gulch Business Improvement District (GBID). GBID, Inc.'s duties and responsibilities are defined in the legislation approved by the Metropolitan Council creating the entity and include, but are not limited to, providing services for improvement and operation of the GBID such as promotion and marketing, security, sanitation, and aesthetic enhancements. GBID, Inc. is a legally separate entity which is closely related to and financially dependent on the Government as the Government has the legal obligation to levy the GBID taxes and approves the GBID tax rate. These taxes represent substantially all of GBID, Inc.'s revenue. Complete financial statements of GBID, Inc. can be obtained from its offices at 138 Second Avenue North, Suite 300, Nashville, TN 37201.

The **Sports Authority** was established in 1995 to act as the financing and building authority for both the Nashville arena and stadium. The Sports Authority administers and manages these facilities and other sports projects, including the ballpark, for the Government. The Government is responsible for annual funding for both the Nashville arena and stadium. The underlying credit for the Sports Authority Revenue bonds is a pledge on the non-tax revenues of the Government's General Fund, and the Government is required to approve debt issuances of the Sports Authority. The members of the Sports Authority's Board are all appointed and can also be removed by the Government. The Sports Authority does not issue separate financial statements. A Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for its only fund are included in the Component Units section with reconciliations of those statements to the Statement of Net Position – Component Units and Statement of Activities – Component Units included in the basic financial statements.

The **Industrial Development Board** (the IDB) assists private businesses within Davidson County in obtaining public financing through the issuance of bonds. The members of the IDB are appointed and can be removed by the Government. All debt of the IDB is considered conduit debt and is issued in the name of the Government. The IDB does not issue separate financial statements. A Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for its only fund are included in the Component Units section. There are no reconciling items between those statements and the Statement of Net Position – Component Units and Statement of Activities – Component Units included in the basic financial statements.

The **Hospital Authority** operates General Hospital (a full service medical facility) for the residents of Nashville and Davidson County. The Hospital Authority was created in March 1999 to operate General Hospital which was previously accounted for as an enterprise fund of the Government. The members of the Hospital Authority Board are all appointed and can also be removed by the Government. The Government approves and can modify the annual operating budget of General Hospital. Hospital Authority land and buildings and improvements are titled in the Government's name. General Hospital is financially dependent on contributions from the Government's General Fund. Complete financial statements for General Hospital can be obtained by writing to the Hospital Authority at 1818 Albion Street, Nashville, TN 37208.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The **Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency** operates public housing facilities for the inhabitants of Nashville and Davidson County. The members of the Agency's Board of Commissioners are all appointed and can also be removed by the Government. The Agency receives incremental taxes that result from tax increment financing arrangements on numerous development projects. These property taxes paid to the Agency are considered financial support by the Government. Complete financial statements of the Agency can be obtained by writing P. O. Box 846, Nashville, TN 37202.

The **Electric Power Board** operates and regulates an electric power system for the purpose of supplying electricity for public property and for resale to consumers. The members of the Board of Directors are all appointed and can also be removed by the Government. The Government is required to approve debt issuances of the Board. Complete financial statements of the Board can be obtained from its administrative offices at 1214 Church Street, Nashville, TN 37246.

The **Metropolitan Transit Authority** operates and regulates the public mass transit system in Nashville and Davidson County. The members of the Authority's Board of Directors are all appointed and can also be removed by the Government. The Authority is financially dependent on the Government. Complete financial statements of the Authority can be obtained from its administrative offices at 430 Myatt Drive, Nashville, TN 37115.

The **Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority** operates the Nashville International and John C. Tune Airports. The members of the Airport Authority's Board of Directors are all appointed and can also be removed by the Government. Complete financial statements of the Airport Authority can be obtained from its administrative offices at One Terminal Drive, Nashville, TN 37214.

The **Emergency Communications District** secures funding for efficient emergency services to the public. The members of the District's Board of Directors are all appointed and can also be removed by the Government. The District also provides equipment for the Government's use in emergency services. Complete financial statements of the District can be obtained from its administrative offices at 2060 15th Avenue South, Nashville, TN 37212.

The **Convention Center Authority** is a public, nonprofit corporation and public instrumentality of the Government formed in August 2009, and was responsible for the acquisition, development and construction of the new convention center – the Music City Center – and is responsible for the operation of the completed facility. The members of the Convention Center Authority's Board of Directors are all appointed and can be removed by the Government. The Convention Center Authority is fiscally dependent on the Government. Complete financial statements of the Convention Center Authority can be obtained from its administrative offices at 413 5th Avenue South, Nashville, TN 37202.

All discretely presented component units have a June 30 fiscal year end with the exception of the Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency with a September 30 year end, and the Nashville District Management Corporation and Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc., both with a December 31 year end.

The separately issued financial statements for the component units contain additional note disclosures that are not considered essential to the fair presentation of the Government's basic financial statements and have therefore been excluded from these notes to the financial statements in the Government's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The primary government includes \$10,246 due from component units and \$12,336,459 due to component units in the Statement of Net Position. The component units include \$10,246 due to the primary government and \$12,336,459 due from the primary government.

B. Accounting Pronouncements

The Government adopted GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, required for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2018, in fiscal 2019. This Statement enhances comparability of financial statements among governments by establishing uniform criteria for recognizing and measuring certain asset retirement obligations (ARO's) and enhances the usefulness of information by requiring disclosures related to ARO's.

The Government plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, required for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018, in fiscal 2020. This Statement enhances consistency and comparability by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities.

The Government plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, required for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2019, in fiscal 2021. This Statement increases the usefulness of financial statements by requiring reporting of certain lease liabilities that currently are not reported, enhances comparability by requiring lessees and lessors to report leases under a single model, and enhances the usefulness of information by requiring notes to the financial statements regarding leasing arrangements.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Government adopted GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, required for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2018, in fiscal 2019. This Statement improves the information that is disclosed in the notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

The Government plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, required for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2019, in fiscal 2021. This Statement enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period.

The Government plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests, required for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2018, in fiscal 2020. This Statement improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units.

The Government plans to adopt GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, required for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2020, in fiscal 2022. This Statement improves the comparability of financial reporting for issuers by eliminating the option to recognize a liability for a conduit debt obligation.

Unless otherwise noted, management is in the process of determining the effects that the adoption of these Statements will have on the Government's financial statements.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Government and its component units. Except for interfund services provided and used, all material interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The **Statement of Net Position** presents the Government's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position which does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

The **Statement of Activities** demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements; nonmajor funds are combined in a single column.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary and pension (and other employee benefit) trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year in which the levy is assessed. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or up to one year for grant revenues. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, interest and grant revenues associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as receivables in the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to sick pay, compensated absences and other long-term commitments and contingencies are recorded only when payment is due.

Agency fund financial statements report only assets and liabilities and accordingly have no measurement focus. However, they do use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Amounts reported as **program revenues** include 1) charges to customers for goods, services or privileges provided and fines and forfeitures, 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions. Amounts reported as **general revenues** include 1) all taxes, 2) unrestricted revenues from the use of money or property, 3) unrestricted revenues from other governmental agencies and 4) compensation for loss, sale or damage of property.

Expenses reported by function include **direct expenses** that are specifically associated with a service or program and are clearly identifiable to a particular program. Some functions, such as general government and fiscal administration, include expenses that are in essence **indirect expenses** of other functions. The Government has elected not to charge these indirect expenses to other functions.

Proprietary funds distinguish **operating** revenues and expenses from **nonoperating** items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods and services in connection with the fund's principal ongoing operations and consist primarily of charges to customers or departments, cost of sales and services, administrative expense and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Government reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the Government's primary operating fund which is used to account for all financial resources of the general operations of the Government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **General Purpose School Fund** is used to account for the receipt and disbursement of federal, state and local funds for education purposes, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **GSD General Purposes Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest for the General Services District general obligation debt.

The **GSD School Purposes Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest for the debt related to schools.

The **USD General Purposes Debt Service Fund** is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest for the Urban Services District general obligation debt.

The **GSD Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the use of bond proceeds for the construction and equipping of various public projects in the General Services District.

The **Education Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the use of bond proceeds for the construction and equipping of various school facilities.

The **USD Capital Projects Fund** is used to account for the use of bond proceeds for the construction and equipping of various public projects in the Urban Services District.

The Government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The **Department of Water and Sewerage Services** provides services to customers on a self-supporting basis utilizing a rate structure designed to produce revenues sufficient to fund debt service requirements, operating expenses and adequate working capital.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The **District Energy System** provides heating and cooling services to the Government and downtown businesses. The System is managed by a third party and is primarily self-supporting by utilizing a rate structure designed to fund debt service requirements, pay for operating expenses and generate adequate working capital. The System is partially subsidized from the General Fund.

Additionally, the Government reports the following fund types:

Internal service funds are used to account for the operations of self-sustaining agencies rendering services to other agencies of the Government on a cost reimbursement basis. For the year ended June 30, 2019, these services include fleet management, information systems, radio maintenance, insurance, treasury management, and printing.

Pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds are used to account for assets and liabilities held by the Government in a fiduciary capacity to provide retirement and disability benefits for employees and retirees.

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by elected officials as agents for individuals, collections by the Government due to the purchasers of certain outstanding property tax receivables, funds held by the Sheriff's Department for inmates, and funds held by the Planning Commission for performance bonds for contractors.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits and highly liquid short-term investments with maturity dates within three months of the date of acquisition and other available pooled funds. The cash and cash equivalents of various funds and component units of the Government are invested in pooled accounts. Funds or component units with negative cash and cash equivalents report the negative amount as due to other funds of the primary government or due to component units, and the funds or component units lending funds report an offsetting due from other funds of the primary government or due from component units. Investment income earned on funds invested in pooled accounts is allocated to the respective funds and component units on the basis of relative balances.

Investments – Investments, except in the pension funds, consist primarily of U.S. Government securities and are stated at fair value. Pension fund investments, which also include common stocks, bonds and U.S. Government and other domestic and foreign securities, are stated at quoted fair value at June 30, 2019. The Government and certain component units also invest in the Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool which is maintained and managed by the State of Tennessee. This Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) but does operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Accordingly, the Government's investments in the Pool have been determined based on the Pool's share price. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation or depreciation in the fair value of assets. Investment income of the capital projects funds is reported in those funds and is transferred to the debt service funds after arbitrage calculations, as applicable.

Inventories – Inventories, principally materials, supplies and replacement parts, are valued at cost in governmental fund statements and at the lower of cost or market in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, with cost determined using the first-in, first-out, moving weighted average or average cost method. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when used under the consumption method.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are generally defined as assets with an individual cost in excess of \$10,000 and a useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost at the time of acquisition. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Net interest cost incurred during the construction of facilities is capitalized as part of the cost of such facilities for business-type activities. The Department of Water and Sewerage Services capitalized interest totaling \$2,799,753 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

| | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|-------|
| Utility plant in service | 7 - 100 | years |
| Buildings and improvements | 3 - 50 | years |
| Improvements other than buildings | 20 - 100 | years |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 3 - 50 | years |
| Stormwater infrastructure | 50 | years |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Government has elected to use the “modified approach” to account for certain infrastructure assets as provided by GASB Statement No. 34. Under this approach, depreciation expense is not recorded nor are amounts capitalized in connection with improvements to these assets unless they expand capacity. Utilization of this approach requires that the Government 1) have an up-to-date inventory of assets, 2) perform condition assessments and summarize the results using a measurement scale, 3) estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the Government and 4) document that the assets are being preserved approximately at (or above) the condition level established and disclosed. Roads and bridges are accounted for using the modified approach.

Property under capital leases is stated at the lower of the present value of minimum lease payments or the fair market value at the inception of the lease. Once placed in use, such property is amortized using the straight-line method over the remaining lease term.

The Government maintains certain collections of art which have not been capitalized as they are 1) held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service rather than financial gain, 2) protected, kept unencumbered, cared for and preserved and 3) subject to policy that requires the proceeds from any sales of collection items to be used to acquire other items for the collection.

Deferred outflows of resources – In addition to assets, the Statements of Net Position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. *Deferred outflows of resources* represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resource (expense) until then. The *deferred charge on refunding* results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The *effective portion of fuel hedging* relates to the Government’s fuel hedging program. The Government’s fuel hedges are considered to be derivatives, the effective portion of which is accounted for as a deferred outflow of resources. The amount for *pensions* relates to certain differences between projected and actual actuarial results, certain differences between projected and actual investment earnings, contributions between the measurement and reporting dates, as well as changes in assumptions, which are accounted for as deferred outflows of resources. The amount for *OPEB* relates to certain differences between projected and actual actuarial results and changes in assumptions, which are accounted for as deferred outflows of resources.

Claims payable – Losses for claim liabilities are reported in the self-insurance funds for claims payable from those funds. Claims payable include reported claims and an estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported at June 30, 2019. The claims liabilities are based on the estimated cost of settling the claim, including nonincremental claim adjustments, using past experience and adjusting for current conditions. Losses for uninsured judgments against the Government payable from governmental funds not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources are reported in the applicable governmental activities in the Statements of Net Position and Activities.

Compensated absences – General policy of the Metropolitan Civil Service Commission permits the accumulation, within certain limitations, of unused vacation days and sick leave. Vacation days may accumulate to an amount equal to three times the current annual vacation accrual rate. Although sick pay may accumulate, no amounts are vested in the event of employee termination. Unused earned vacation pay that is due and payable, such as after employees’ resignations or retirements, is reported in the governmental funds. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay related to governmental fund type operations that has not been used is reported in the applicable governmental activities in the Statements of Net Position and Activities, but is not a governmental fund liability, because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay related to proprietary fund type operations is reported as a liability in the appropriate individual proprietary funds.

The policy of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools allows employees to accumulate sick leave without limitation. In addition, the Board allows vesting of accumulated sick leave depending on length of service beyond 15 years. Vested sick leave for Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools employees is reported in the applicable governmental activity in the Statements of Net Position and Activities, but is not a governmental fund liability, because it is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources. Accumulated unpaid vacation pay related to proprietary fund type operations is reported as a liability in the appropriate individual proprietary funds.

Arbitrage rebates – For the governmental funds, arbitrage rebates due to the federal government under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for excess earnings on invested proceeds of tax exempt securities are reported as a liability in the Statements of Net Position and Activities and as a commitment of fund balance in the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. For proprietary funds (including component units) any such rebates are reflected as liabilities in the appropriate individual proprietary funds.

Landfills – State and federal laws and regulations require the Government to place a final cover on all its landfill sites when they stop accepting waste, and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near, or after, the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the Government is required to report a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an expense in the government-wide financial statements. This expense is based on landfill capacity used at the reporting date. The current year expenditures of the landfills are reported in the Solid Waste Operations Fund, a

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

nonmajor governmental fund, in the Governmental Funds section of this report. The long term liability and expense are reported in the Statements of Net Position and Activities. The total liability for landfill purposes is \$6,565,570.

Bordeaux Sanitary Landfill – This landfill has stopped accepting solid waste, and closure procedures are 100% complete. Estimated postclosure costs of \$3,831,129 are included in the long-term liability.

Metro Thermal Ash Landfill – This landfill has stopped accepting solid waste, and closing procedures are 100% complete. Estimated postclosure costs of \$814,809 are included in the long-term liability.

Due West Landfill – This landfill has stopped accepting waste, and closing procedures are 100% complete. Estimated postclosure costs of \$1,326,296 are included in the long-term liability.

Lebanon Road Landfill – This landfill has stopped accepting waste, and closing procedures are 100% complete. Estimated postclosure costs of \$593,336 are included in the long-term liability.

These estimates are based on an independent evaluation of the cost to perform all closure and care. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulations. Closure and care financial requirements are expected to be met by the operations of the Solid Waste Operations Fund. To the extent the Solid Waste Operations Fund operations create a deficit, the General Fund is required to fund its operations.

Bond premiums and discounts – In the governmental funds, bond premiums and discounts are treated as other financing sources or uses or expenditures in the year of issue. In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the related bonds.

Derivative financial instruments – Derivative financial instruments consist of interest rate swap agreements and fuel hedging agreements and are accounted for at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. The Government analyzes its derivative financial instruments into hedging derivative instruments and investment derivative instruments. If a derivative is classified as a hedging derivative instrument, changes in its fair value are deferred on the Statement of Net Position as either deferred inflows or deferred outflows. If a derivative is classified as an investment derivative instrument, changes in its fair value are reported on the Statement of Activities in the period in which they occur.

Deferred inflows of resources – In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheets and Statements of Net Position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. *Deferred inflows of resources* represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. The *unavailable revenue* reported in the Balance Sheet, which arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting, represents amounts that are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the periods that the amounts become available. The *assessed and unlevied property taxes* reported in the Statement of Net Position, arises from imposed nonexchange revenues (property taxes) which are assessed prior to the end of the fiscal year but levied in the subsequent year. The *interest rate swap*, which relates to an interest rate swap agreement, is considered to be a hedging derivative. Changes in the fair market value of hedging derivatives are reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources. The amounts for *pensions* relate to certain differences between projected and actual actuarial results and certain differences between projected and actual investment earnings, which are accounted for as deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows for *tax increment financing* represent amounts that will be received in the future by the Sports Authority, a component unit, from a note receivable from Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency (MDHA), a component unit, to be paid from future tax increment revenues related to the developments near a new ballpark facility. The Sports Authority has a note receivable from MDHA, and as the note is paid back to the Sports Authority, the deferred inflows will be recognized as revenue and used to pay principal and interest on the Series 2013 Ballpark Bonds. These developments have yet to be completed. The amounts for *OPEB* relate to certain differences between projected and actual actuarial results, certain differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and changes in assumptions, which are accounted for as deferred inflows of resources.

Fund balances – Restricted fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by external parties such as creditors or grantors or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal legislative action of the Metropolitan Council, the Government's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed fund balances are established and can only be modified or rescinded by resolution approved by the Metropolitan Council. Assigned fund balances are amounts intended to be used for specific purposes as designated by management of the Finance Department of the Government. The Metropolitan Council has by ordinance authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. The Metropolitan Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist temporarily; no additional action is required for the removal of an assignment. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and for negative fund balances in other governmental funds. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance are available, the Government considers restricted amounts to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance amounts are available, the Government considers committed fund balance to have been spent first, followed by assigned, then unassigned. Per the Tennessee Code Annotated 49-

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

3-352, any accumulated fund balance in the General Purpose School Fund in excess of three percent of the budgeted annual operating expenses for the current fiscal year may be budgeted and expended for any educational purposes.

F. Revenues, Expenditures and Expenses

Grants – The Government receives grant revenues from various federal, state and non-profit agencies. The Government reports capital contributions, including capital grants, in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds as a separate line item after non-operating revenues and expenses. In the Statement of Activities, capital grants and contributions are presented as program revenues.

On-behalf payments – On-behalf payments totaling \$14,096,974 received by the State of Tennessee for contributions to pension plans are reported as revenues and expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds.

Revenues – Revenues from the Department of Water and Sewerage Services are recognized from meters read on a monthly cycle basis. At the end of each month, an estimate of service rendered from the latest date of each meter-reading cycle to month end is accrued and included in accounts receivable. Revenues for the Department of Water and Sewerage Services are presented net of allowances for uncollectible accounts at June 30, 2019 of \$560,089.

Property taxes – The Government's property taxes are levied for the current fiscal year each September 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in Nashville and Davidson County. Property taxes are secured by a statutory lien effective as of the original assessment date of January 1 and as such an enforceable legal claim to the subsequent fiscal year levy exists at fiscal year-end. In accordance with state law, the real property assessment includes supplemental assessments made through September 1 for improved, demolished or damaged property.

Assessed values are established by the State of Tennessee at the following percentages of assessed market value:

| | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----|---|
| - Public utility property | 55% | (Railroads and certain telecommunication services at 40%) |
| - Industrial and commercial property | | |
| - Real | 40% | |
| - Personal | 30% | |
| - Farm and residential property | 25% | |

Taxes are levied at a rate of \$2.755 per \$100 of assessed value for the entire metropolitan area (General Services District) with an additional tax of \$.400 per \$100 of assessed value levied upon properties within the Urban Services District.

Payments are due by February 28 of the following year and are delinquent on March 1. Property taxes receivable have been included in the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds with offsetting deferred inflows to reflect amounts not available at June 30, 2019. Amounts available at June 30, 2019 have been recorded as revenue in the governmental fund statements. Current tax collections of \$981,026,792 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were approximately 99% of the tax levy.

Of the \$1,023,636,454 property tax receivable, \$1,012,833,158 represents the 2020 property taxes which have been assessed but not yet levied and recorded as required by GASB Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions.

G. Estimates

Estimates used in the preparation of financial statements require management to make assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 2 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

For the year ended June 30, 2018, depreciation on certain capital assets of the Department of Water and Sewer Services was incorrectly calculated. The impact on the financial statements was a decrease to beginning net position as follows:

| | Statement of Activities Business-type Activities | Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds |
|--|---|---|
| Net position - beginning of year, as previously reported | \$ 1,320,356,807 | \$ 1,364,351,735 |
| Adjustment to record revision to accumulated depreciation | (6,402,700) | (6,402,700) |
| Net position - beginning of year, as restated | <u>\$ 1,313,954,107</u> | <u>\$ 1,357,949,035</u> |

NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Compliance with Finance Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

Management believes that the Government has no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions as of June 30, 2019.

B. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Government's procedures in establishing the budget as reflected in the basic financial statements are as follows:

1. The Director of Finance annually obtains information from all officers, departments, boards, commissions and other agencies of the Government for which appropriations are made and/or revenues are collected, and compiles the annual operating budget for the ensuing fiscal year beginning July 1. The compiled information, including various expenditure options and the means of financing them, is submitted to the Mayor for review.
2. The Mayor, with the assistance of the Department of Finance, determines the programs to be recommended to the Metropolitan Council, the expenditures proposed to operate those programs and the revenue changes needed to fund those expenditures. That information is compiled into a balanced operating budget which is submitted to the Metropolitan Council by May 1.
3. Copies of the Mayor's proposed budget and budget message are distributed to interested persons, and a summary of the budget is published in the area daily newspaper. The budget is a public record open for public inspection.
4. The Metropolitan Council's Budget and Finance Committee holds hearings with the officers, departments, boards, commissions and other agencies to explore the impact of the recommended operating budget and to explore other departmental budget options. In addition, advertised public hearings are held to obtain taxpayers' comments prior to final passage.
5. The budget is legally enacted effective July 1 through passage of an ordinance by the Metropolitan Council. In no event shall the total appropriations for any fund included in the budget exceed the estimated revenues and fund balance.
6. The amounts in the adopted operating budgets for each organizational unit, purpose or activity constitute the annual appropriation for such items, and no expenditure can be made which will result in the annual appropriation being exceeded unless an additional appropriation is made.
7. The Metropolitan Council may make appropriations in addition to those contained in the current operating budgets, but any such additional appropriations may be made only from an existing unappropriated surplus in the fund to which it applies.
8. The Mayor may transfer the available balance of any appropriation for any purpose to the appropriation for any other purpose within the same department or by resolution approved by the Metropolitan Council, the available balance of any appropriation may be transferred to another appropriation within the same section of the budget and within the same fund.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

9. All available balances of appropriations in the current operating budget lapse into the fund balance of the fund or funds from which the appropriations were originally made at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances do not lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Appropriations for the subsequent year will provide authority to complete these transactions.

The Government is legally required to prepare, and the Metropolitan Council is required to approve, the annual budgets of the General Fund, the General Purpose School Fund, and the GSD General Purposes, GSD School Purposes and USD General Purposes Debt Service Funds. In preparing the budgets, the Government utilizes generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for all legally required budgeted funds.

In accordance with Article 6 of the Metropolitan Charter, the Annual Operating Budget of the Government for the fiscal year 2019-2020 was submitted to the Metropolitan Council and subsequently approved by Substitute Bill Number BL 2019-1624. Fund balance resources at June 30, 2019 have been assigned to the 2019-2020 fiscal year operating budget as follows:

Urban Services District General Fund \$7,300,000

Encumbrances – Information regarding encumbrances is available to assist in the management of commitments against appropriations. Encumbrance accounting is utilized for budgetary control purposes. Encumbrances, however, are not treated as expenditures in the basic financial statements. Outstanding encumbrances for the governmental funds at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

| | Outstanding Encumbrances |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| General Fund | \$ 3,822,405 |
| Special Revenue Funds: | |
| General Purpose School | 4,057,233 |
| Metropolitan Action Commission | 984,308 |
| General Fund 4% Reserve | 6,418,517 |
| Solid Waste Operations | 851,445 |
| Education Services | 8,760,041 |
| Other Governmental Services | 374,873 |
| Capital Projects Funds: | |
| GSD Capital Projects | 123,633,053 |
| Education Capital Projects | 74,944,113 |
| USD Capital Projects | 4,014,075 |

C. Deficit Balances and Excess Expenditures

Primary Government

The following funds have deficit balances at June 30, 2019:

| | Unassigned Fund Balance/ Unrestricted Net Position |
|----------------------------|---|
| Capital Project Funds: | |
| GSD Capital Projects | \$ (199,329,070) |
| Education Capital Projects | (47,772,212) |
| USD Capital Projects | (7,492,138) |

The deficits in the GSD, Education, and USD Capital Project Funds will be funded by the future issuance of general obligation bonds.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government exceeded the budgeted level of expenditures at the department or significant line item level as follows:

| Budgeted Unit | Budget | Actual | Variance |
|---|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| General Fund: | | | |
| General Services District: | | | |
| Transfers Out: | | | |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | \$ 56,019,800 | \$ 56,061,489 | \$ (41,689) |
| Internal Service Funds | 9,318,600 | 9,337,738 | (19,138) |
| Fiduciary Funds | 76,100 | 168,270 | (92,170) |
| GSD General Purposes Debt Service Fund: | | | |
| Principal Retirement | 84,467,200 | 84,467,213 | (13) |
| Fiscal Charges | 1,188,500 | 2,158,365 | (969,865) |
| GSD School Purposes Debt Service Fund: | | | |
| Fiscal Charges | 723,000 | 1,474,236 | (751,236) |
| USD General Purposes Debt Service Fund: | | | |
| Interest | 5,727,600 | 8,464,485 | (2,736,885) |
| Fiscal Charges | 187,100 | 321,917 | (134,817) |

Transfers Out to Nonmajor Governmental Funds in the General Fund is over budget due to transfers to grant funds for local match requirements or to cover unallowable costs recorded in the grant funds from department budgets that are under budget in total.

Transfers Out to Internal Service Funds in the General Fund are over budget due to transfers to the Office of Fleet Management Fund to fund certain fleet acquisitions by departments that are under budget in total, and transfers to the General Government Self Insurance Fund related to Police secondary employment from the Police Department which is under budget in total.

Transfers Out to Fiduciary Funds in the General Fund are over budget due to transfers in excess of expected amounts to the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust Fund related to pension fund reimbursements from departmental budgets that are under budget in total.

Expenditures for the Debt Service Funds are not controlled on a line item basis. The GSD General Purposes, GSD School Purposes Debt Service, and USD General Purposes Debt Service Funds are under budget in total.

Component Units

The unrestricted net position for the Nashville District Management Corporation is (\$100,782) at June 30, 2019 as a result of delivering services consistent with property owner expectations. It is expected that future revenues will offset the deficit.

NOTE 4 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Primary Government

The Government is authorized by State statute and policy to invest funds that are not immediately needed in: United States Treasury Bills, Bonds and Notes; The State of Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP); the State of Tennessee Intermediate Term Investment Fund (ITIF); the First Tennessee Bank Advisors Direct Holdings; most bonds issued by U.S. Government Agencies and other investments such as repurchase agreements and commercial paper. The Government is authorized to invest in these instruments either directly or through the Metro Investment Pool (MIP). The Metro Investment Pool is invested in the LGIP, the ITIF, and the Direct Holdings. Primary oversight for the LGIP and the ITIF rests with the State of Tennessee Funding Board. The Government's amounts included in the LGIP and ITIF are reported at the fair value of its position in the LGIP or ITIF, which approximates the value of the shares at amortized cost. The Government's amounts in the Direct Holdings are reported at fair value. The Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust is authorized to invest funds in accordance with the Statement of Investment Policy of the Investment Committee of the Government, which states that the Investment Committee may make investments it deems suitable for the Trust. Investments of the Teachers Retirement Plan are administered by the Administrative Retirement Committee of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools, which adopted the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust Statement of Investment Policy effective July 1, 2011.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Government's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2019, all deposits were insured or collateralized, as required by Government policy.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments

The majority of the Government's investments are managed as a part of the Metro Investment Pool. However, certain business-type activities and elected officials have limited investments that are managed under Separate Portfolios. Both the Metro Investment Pool and Separate Portfolio investments are administered according to the Investment Policy of the Government. Investments related to the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and the Teachers' Retirement Plan are administered under the Statement of Investment Policy adopted by their respective Committees.

As of June 30, 2019, the Government had the following investments:

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Total Portfolio Average Weighted Maturity (in Years) |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| Metro Investment Pool: | | |
| Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool | \$ 502,725,077 | 0.12 |
| Tennessee Intermediate Term Investment Fund | 64,458,473 | 2.71 |
| First Tennessee Bank Advisors Direct Holdings | 194,283,468 | 0.57 |
| Total Metro Investment Pool (a) | <u>\$ 761,467,018</u> | |
| Separate Portfolios: | | |
| U.S. Treasuries (a) | <u>\$ 17,826,110</u> | 0.05 |
| Total Separate Portfolios | <u>\$ 17,826,110</u> | |
| Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan: | | |
| Bank Debt Notes | \$ 96,877 | (b) |
| Commingled Funds US Debt | 34,861,721 | (b) |
| Conventional Mortgages | 62,514,690 | 0.32 |
| Preferred Stock | 5,406,608 | 0.05 |
| Common Stock | 330,803,677 | (b) |
| Corporate Bonds and Notes | 255,721,896 | 2.29 |
| Emerging Market | 1,115,128 | 0.00 |
| Equity Commingled Funds | 67,040,163 | (b) |
| Bank Loans | 9,996,476 | 0.01 |
| Commercial Paper | 1,598,751 | 0.00 |
| Non Agency Mortgages/CMO | 55,788,652 | 0.14 |
| Other Fixed Income | 251,957,036 | (b) |
| Other Securities | 356,049,158 | (b) |
| Venture Capital and Partnerships | 1,867,537,455 | (b) |
| Municipals | 254,466 | 0.01 |
| Registered Investment Companies | 115,418,126 | (b) |
| U.S. Treasury Securities | 151,524,255 | 2.78 |
| Total Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan | <u>\$ 3,567,685,135</u> | |

(a) These amounts are included in cash and cash equivalents in the financial statements.

(b) These investment types are not subject to interest rate risk. Therefore, average weighted maturity is not applicable.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The investment policies place no specific limit on the weighted average maturity of the Government's investment portfolios. However, the average maturity of the portfolios are monitored and managed so that the changing interest rates will cause only minimal deviations in the net asset value. The Cash Investment policy states no maturity greater than 5 years or provided by State Statute. As of June 30, 2019, the investments of the Government had average weighted maturities as noted on the preceding table.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Government's Investment Policy limits the majority of fixed income investments, other than short-term paper, at purchase to investment grade as established by one or more of the nationally recognized bond rating agencies.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Also, the use of futures, options and swaps is permitted as long as the particular investment manager's strategy or mandate allows it. As of June, 30, 2019, the investments of the Government had credit ratings as follows:

| Investment Type | Fair Value | A | AA | AAA | B | BB | BBB | CC - D | Not Rated |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan | | | | | | | | | |
| Conventional Mortgages | \$ 62,514,690 | \$ - | \$ 62,514,690 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Preferred Stock | 5,406,608 | 250,055 | - | - | - | 502,020 | 3,985,056 | - | 669,477 |
| Corporates | 255,721,896 | 48,104,272 | 2,467,825 | - | 9,898,228 | 26,311,357 | 154,713,558 | 3,428,743 | 10,797,913 |
| Emerging Markets | 1,115,128 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,115,128 |
| Bank Loans | 9,996,476 | - | - | - | 2,690,689 | 1,150,394 | 4,902,519 | 1,252,874 | - |
| Non Agency Mortgages/CMO | 55,788,652 | 3,109,161 | 3,725,540 | 3,209,165 | 4,941,769 | 852,595 | 2,548,420 | 18,453,681 | 18,948,321 |
| Commercial Paper | 1,598,751 | 1,598,751 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Municipals | 254,466 | - | - | 254,466 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan | \$ 392,396,667 | \$ 53,062,239 | \$ 68,708,055 | \$ 3,463,631 | \$ 17,530,686 | \$ 28,816,366 | \$ 166,149,553 | \$ 23,135,298 | \$ 31,530,839 |

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Government's investment in a single issuer. The Government's Investment Policy limits single issuer exposure to 5% except for the securities of the U.S. Government or its agencies. There is no single issuer that exceeds 5% of total investments at June 30, 2019.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Government does not have a policy with regard to custodial credit risk of investments. As of June 30, 2019, all investments were insured or registered or the securities were held by the Government or its agent in the Government's name.

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of June 30, 2019, no Metro Investment Pool or Separate Portfolio investments were held in foreign currency. The Investment Policy for the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan places no specific limits on investments in international markets; however, investments in international markets are targeted at 16% with a maximum exposure not to exceed 30% of the portfolios. As of June 30, 2019, the Government's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

| Base Currency | Fair Value |
|-----------------------|--------------|
| Argentina Peso | \$ 4,843,402 |
| Australian Dollar | (1,686,624) |
| Brazil Real | 2,218,780 |
| Canadian Dollar | 4,141,088 |
| Chilean Peso | 3,247,236 |
| Chinese Yuan Renminbi | (5,103) |
| Danish Krone | 1,943,093 |
| Euro | 116,195,527 |
| Indian Rupee | (478,785) |
| Indonesian Rupiah | 1,900,405 |
| Israeli Shekel | 1,212,743 |
| Japanese Yen | 15,098,785 |
| Mexican Peso | (534,241) |
| New Taiwan Dollar | (2,228,119) |
| New Zealand Dollar | 36,287 |
| Norwegian Krone | 2,387,781 |
| Peruvian Sol | 37,326 |
| Pound Sterling | 19,000,521 |
| Russian Ruble | 2,260,970 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

| Base Currency | Fair Value |
|---|---------------------------|
| Singapore Dollar | \$ (1,892,789) |
| South African Rand | 1,239,590 |
| Swedish Krona | 4,504,949 |
| Swiss Franc | 4,886,666 |
| Turkish Lira | 910 |
| | |
| Total Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan | <u>\$ 178,330,398</u> (1) |

(1) Amounts are net of certain payables related to foreign contracts. Negative numbers indicate where liabilities exceed assets.

C. Securities Lending Program

The Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust (Trust) and Teachers' Retirement Plan (Plan) are authorized by the Metropolitan Charter and the Statement of Investment Policy to lend securities to brokerage firms on a temporary basis through their custodian bank, Bank of New York Mellon (Custodian). During the fiscal year, the Custodian lent the Trust securities and received cash, U.S. Government securities, and irrevocable letters-of-credit as collateral. The Custodian did not have the ability to pledge or sell non-cash collateral delivered absent a borrower default. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan in amounts equal to not less than 102% of the market value of loaned domestic securities and 105% of the fair value of loaned foreign securities.

The Trust imposed no restrictions on the amount of securities lent by the Custodian during the year on their behalf. There were no violations of legal or contractual provisions and there were no borrower or lending agent default losses during the year. The contract with the Custodian requires indemnification only in cases of Custodian negligence.

All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the lender or the borrower. The average term of the Trust loans for the year ended June 30, 2019 was approximately 60 days. Cash collateral is invested in a short term investment pool. The relationship between the maturities of the investment pool and the Custodian's loans is affected by the maturities of the securities loans made by other entities that use the Custodian's pool, which the Custodian's system cannot determine. Cash collateral may also be invested separately in "term loans", in which case the investments match the loan term. As the loans are terminable at will, the duration of the investments generally did not match the duration of the investments made with the cash collateral.

The collateral held and the fair value of the securities on loan as of June 30, 2019 was \$53,494,183 and \$52,413,136 respectively, for the Trust. The cash collateral is recorded as both an asset and a liability on the Trust financial statements. Securities and letters-of-credit received as collateral at June 30, 2019 are not recorded in the Statement of Plan Net Position, as the Trust cannot sell or pledge the collateral received absent a borrower default.

At year end, the Trust has no credit risk by the borrowers because the amount the Trust owes the borrowers exceeds the amount the borrowers owe the Trust. The gross earnings for securities lending were \$397,632 and borrower's rebates were \$188,688 for total income of \$208,944, and the related expenses were \$41,772 in agent fees, netting \$167,172 in securities lending income for the Trust.

D. Fair Value Measurement

GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. Level 2 inputs are inputs – other than quoted prices included in Level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

For the Metropolitan Government Investment Pool, the input levels are not applicable to LGIP as investments are reported at amortized cost. The investments in ITIF are considered Level 2, and the Direct Holdings are considered Level 1.

The Separate Portfolio which is comprised of U.S. Treasuries and U.S. Government Bonds are valued by the Government as Level 1 inputs. These investments are made on behalf of the respective Departments and component units of the Government. Similarly, these investments can be valued from quoted prices (unadjusted) to identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

For the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust (Trust) and Teachers' Retirement Plan (Plan) investments, the custodian uses a proprietary matrix based on asset class (i.e., "sector code" or "firm code"). The custodian established a framework of thirteen major asset classifications, with over 1,100 sub-classifications, allowing the client to aggregate or disaggregate based on the strategies and investment policies that they identify as most appropriate for their plans. The sub-classifications are assigned a fair value level based on the attributes and pricing guidelines of the sub-classification. This information is passed on from the security level to the individual asset holder's account. The fair value hierarchy level matrix is based on discussions with 1) pricing vendors, 2) brokers and dealers, 3) investment managers, 4) industry groups, and 5) independent accounting firms. Examples of Level 1 securities that have quoted prices (unadjusted) in an active market for identical assets or liabilities include U.S. equities, non-U.S. equities, EFT's, regulated investment companies and U.S. treasuries. Examples of Level 2 securities that have inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities include corporate bonds, asset backed securities and government bonds. Examples of Level 3 securities that have unobservable inputs for the assets or liabilities used to measure fair value that rely on the other assumptions include limited partnerships, private placement investments, hedge funds, and commingled funds. The Investment Committee used this matrix and did not override any of the fair value levels reported by the custodian.

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1 | Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2 | Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3 |
|--|-------------------------|---|---|---|
| Metro Investment Pool: | | | | |
| Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool | \$ 502,725,077 | \$ n/a | \$ n/a | \$ n/a |
| Tennessee Intermediate Term Investment Fund | 64,458,473 | - | 64,458,473 | - |
| First Tennessee Bank Advisors Direct Holdings | 194,283,468 | 194,283,468 | - | - |
| Total Metro Investment Pool | <u>\$ 761,467,018</u> | <u>\$ 194,283,468</u> | <u>\$ 64,458,473</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Separate Portfolios: | | | | |
| U.S. Treasuries | \$ 17,826,110 | \$ 17,826,110 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Total Separate Portfolios | <u>\$ 17,826,110</u> | <u>\$ 17,826,110</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan: | | | | |
| Common Stock | \$ 446,489,493 | \$ 331,630,991 | \$ 3,940,566 | \$ 110,917,936 |
| Equity Commingled Funds | 67,040,163 | 67,040,163 | - | - |
| Fixed Income Funds | 191,159,041 | 5,628,920 | - | 185,530,121 |
| Futures | 2,126,717 | 2,126,717 | - | - |
| Registered Investment Companies | 115,418,126 | 115,418,126 | - | - |
| U.S. Government Securities | 277,396,490 | 270,581,356 | 6,815,134 | - |
| Asset Backed Securities | 156,844,124 | - | 156,844,124 | - |
| Corporate Debt Instruments | 221,584,027 | - | 221,584,027 | - |
| Municipals | 705,046 | - | 705,046 | - |
| Non U.S. Government Bonds | 10,436,613 | - | 10,436,613 | - |
| Non U.S. Government Private Placement | 12,291,617 | - | 12,291,617 | - |
| Swaps | (4,507,097) | - | (4,507,097) | - |
| U.S. Private Placement | 68,028,232 | - | 68,028,232 | - |
| Bank Debt Notes | 20,295,856 | - | 10,230,042 | 10,065,814 |
| Commingled Funds US Debt | 34,861,721 | - | - | 34,861,721 |
| Partnership Joint Venture Interest | 1,867,537,455 | - | - | 1,867,537,455 |
| Add Amounts Reported as Cash and Cash Equivalents (1) | 79,977,511 | 79,977,511 | - | - |
| Total Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust and Teachers' Retirement Plan | <u>\$ 3,567,685,135</u> | <u>\$ 872,403,784</u> | <u>\$ 486,368,304</u> | <u>\$ 2,208,913,047</u> |

Securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Securities classified in Level 2 are primarily fixed income assets that may have not traded, but the prices are derived from substantially similar assets that have traded. Securities classified in Level 3 are primarily private equity and private debt in limited partnership securities, and the prices are derived from 1) fair value capital balances which may be adjusted by investment managers where appropriate giving consideration to various factors, or 2) the value that is most likely to be an exit price in an orderly arm's length transaction between market participants using one of the accepted valuation methods under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The valuation for Level 3 assets is consistent with industry standards, and valuation changes are primarily due to fundamental changes at the company level, subsequent transactions, or observable market pricing.

Component Units**A. Deposits**

All component units are subject to State of Tennessee statute which requires that deposits in financial institutions be secured and collateralized by such institutions. The collateral must meet certain requirements and must have a total minimum market value of 105% of the value of the deposits placed in the institutions, less the amount protected by federal depository insurance. Collateral requirements are not applicable for financial institutions that participate in the State of Tennessee's collateral pool. The degrees of risk regarding deposits vary with each component unit as noted in their separately issued financial statements.

B. Investments

Each component unit manages its own investments and creates its own policies, except for the Sports Authority, Industrial Development Board, and Convention Center Authority which participate in the Metro Investment Pool of the primary government. Certain component units are subject to the same investment risks as the primary government. The degrees of risk regarding investments and the policies addressing each type of risk vary with each component unit as noted in their separately issued financial statements.

TCRS Stabilization Trust**A. Legal Provisions**

Teachers of the Government participate in the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS), and a portion of the Government's contributions to the TCRS are placed in the TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust (the Trust) as authorized by statute under *Tennessee Code Annotated* (TCA), Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of the Trust. Funds of trust members are held and invested in the name of the Trust for the benefit of each member. Each member's funds are restricted for the payment of retirement benefits of that member's employees. Trust funds are not subject to the claims of general creditors of the Government.

The Trust is authorized to make investments as directed by the TCRS Board of Trustees. The Government may not impose any restrictions on investments placed by the Trust on its behalf.

B. Investment Balances

Assets of the TCRS, including the Trust, are invested in the Tennessee Retiree Group Trust (TRGT). The TRGT is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. The State of Tennessee has not obtained a credit quality rating for TRGT from a nationally recognized credit ratings agency. The fair value of investment positions in the TRGT is determined daily based on the fair value of the pool's underlying portfolio. Furthermore, TCRS has not obtained or provided any legally binding guarantees to support the value of participant shares during the fiscal year. There are no restrictions on the sale or redemption of shares.

Investments are reported at fair value or amortized which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value and securities transactions are recorded on a trade-date basis. The fair value of assets of the TRGT held at June 30, 2019 represents the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Assets held are categorized for fair value measurement consistent with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices for identical asset or liabilities in active markets that can be accessed at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in activities markets, quoted prices in markets that are not active, assets or liabilities that have a bid-ask spread price in an inactive dealer market, brokered market and principal-to-principal market, and Level 1 assets or liabilities that are adjusted. Level 3 inputs are valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable. Investments using the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share have no readily determinable fair value and have been determined using amortized cost which approximates fair value.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2019, the Government had the following investments held by the Trust on its behalf.

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Weighted Average Maturity (days) | Maturities |
|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|------------|
| Investments at Fair Value: | | | |
| U.S. Equity | \$ 668,046 | n/a | n/a |
| Developed Market International Equity | 301,702 | n/a | n/a |
| Emerging Market International Equity | 86,201 | n/a | n/a |
| U.S. Fixed Income | 430,986 | n/a | n/a |
| Real Estate | 215,502 | n/a | n/a |
| Short-term Securities | 21,542 | n/a | n/a |
| Investments at Amortized Cost Using the NAV: | | | |
| Private Equity and Strategic Lending | 430,986 | n/a | n/a |
| Total | <u>\$ 2,154,965</u> | | |

| Investment Type | Fair Value | Fair Value Measurement Using | | | Amortized Cost |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|---|---|-------------------|
| | | Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets Level 1 | Significant Other Observable Inputs Level 2 | Significant Unobservable Inputs Level 3 | |
| U.S. Equity | \$ 668,046 | \$ 668,046 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Developed Market International Equity | 301,702 | 301,702 | - | - | - |
| Emerging Market International Equity | 86,201 | 86,201 | - | - | - |
| U.S. Fixed Income | 430,986 | - | 430,986 | - | - |
| Real Estate | 215,502 | - | - | 215,502 | - |
| Short-term Securities | 21,542 | - | 21,542 | - | - |
| Private Equity and Strategic Lending | 430,986 | - | - | - | 430,986 |
| Total | <u>\$ 2,154,965</u> | <u>\$ 1,055,949</u> | <u>\$ 452,528</u> | <u>\$ 215,502</u> | <u>\$ 430,986</u> |

C. Risks and Uncertainties

The Trust's investments include various types of investment funds, which in turn invest in any combination of stocks, bonds and other investments exposed to various risks. Due to the level of risk associated with various investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported for Trust investments.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Government does not have the ability to limit Trust investment maturities as a means of exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Government does not have the ability to limit the credit ratings of individual investments made by the Trust.

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Trust's investment in a single issuer. The Government places no limit on the amount the Trust may invest in one issuer.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Trust will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Pursuant to the Trust agreement, investments are held in the name of the Trust for the benefit of the Government to pay retirement benefits of teachers.

For further information concerning the Government's investments with the Trust, audited financial statements of the TCRS may be obtained from the website for the State of Tennessee.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Primary Government

Governmental activities:

| | Balance July 1, 2018 | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2019 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 490,608,387 | \$ 39,052,127 | \$ (60,352) | \$ 529,600,162 |
| Transportation infrastructure | 1,581,735,628 | 18,323,353 | - | 1,600,058,981 |
| Public art | 4,831,212 | 587,656 | - | 5,418,868 |
| Construction in progress | 408,703,502 | 160,428,621 | (328,777,288) | 240,354,835 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 2,485,878,729 | 218,391,757 | (328,837,640) | 2,375,432,846 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings and improvements | 2,212,894,634 | 334,589,285 | (3,552,420) | 2,543,931,499 |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 483,697,638 | 33,563,596 | (17,010,190) | 500,251,044 |
| Stormwater infrastructure | 171,109,529 | 9,613,332 | - | 180,722,861 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 2,867,701,801 | 377,766,213 | (20,562,610) | 3,224,905,404 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Building and improvements | (944,277,520) | (74,192,745) | 2,215,311 | (1,016,254,954) |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | (352,189,252) | (38,850,999) | 16,840,548 | (374,199,703) |
| Stormwater infrastructure | (52,955,641) | (3,437,993) | - | (56,393,634) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (1,349,422,413) | (116,481,737) | 19,055,859 | (1,446,848,291) |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 1,518,279,388 | 261,284,476 | (1,506,751) | 1,778,057,113 |
| Governmental activities capital assets, net | \$ 4,004,158,117 | \$ 479,676,233 | \$ (330,344,391) | \$ 4,153,489,959 |

Governmental activities include the capital assets of the internal service funds.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Business-type activities:

| | Balance July 1, 2018 (1) | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2019 |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 24,583,200 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 24,583,200 |
| Construction in progress | 260,136,972 | 109,807,949 | (133,996,304) | 235,948,617 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | <u>284,720,172</u> | <u>109,807,949</u> | <u>(133,996,304)</u> | <u>260,531,817</u> |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | 3,032,291,725 | 141,550,533 | - | 3,173,842,258 |
| Buildings and improvements | 101,597,179 | 287,702 | - | 101,884,881 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 60,863,062 | 4,681,313 | - | 65,544,375 |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 122,701,903 | 7,666,120 | - | 130,368,023 |
| Property under capital lease | 3,645,000 | - | - | 3,645,000 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | <u>3,321,098,869</u> | <u>154,185,668</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>3,475,284,537</u> |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | (1,289,526,152) | (77,113,397) | - | (1,366,639,549) |
| Buildings and improvements | (59,531,189) | (2,995,979) | - | (62,527,168) |
| Improvements other than buildings | (44,699,986) | (2,152,729) | - | (46,852,715) |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | (58,956,167) | (11,354,791) | - | (70,310,958) |
| Property under capital lease | (2,012,219) | (91,125) | - | (2,103,344) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | <u>(1,454,725,713)</u> | <u>(93,708,021)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(1,548,433,734)</u> |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | <u>1,866,373,156</u> | <u>60,477,647</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,926,850,803</u> |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | <u>\$ 2,151,093,328</u> | <u>\$ 170,285,596</u> | <u>\$ (133,996,304)</u> | <u>\$ 2,187,382,620</u> |

(1) Balances at July 1, 2018 were restated to reflect the adjustment to accumulated depreciation discussed in Note 2.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Governmental activities: | |
| General government | \$ 18,706,444 |
| Fiscal administration | 741,708 |
| Administration of justice | 2,786,579 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 6,948,361 |
| Fire prevention and control | 2,410,568 |
| Education | 41,760,281 |
| Regulation and inspection | 5,971 |
| Public welfare | 1,525,692 |
| Public health and hospitals | 1,369,812 |
| Public library system | 3,055,005 |
| Public works, highways and streets, including depreciation of stormwater infrastructure | 5,743,725 |
| Recreational and cultural | 12,364,560 |
| Capital assets held by internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on each function's usage of the services provided by the funds | <u>19,063,031</u> |
| Total depreciation expense, governmental activities | <u>\$ 116,481,737</u> |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | \$ 90,316,161 |
| District Energy System | 2,351,930 |
| Board of Fair Commissioners | 369,975 |
| Farmers Market | 292,750 |
| Municipal Auditorium | 377,205 |
| Total depreciation expense, business-type activities | <u>\$ 93,708,021</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Component Units

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| | Balance June 30, 2018 | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2019 |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Capital assets, not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 374,306,821 | \$ 13,425,295 | \$ (2,008,635) | \$ 385,723,481 |
| Public art | 1,183,844 | - | - | 1,183,844 |
| Construction in progress | 318,669,580 | 309,804,833 | (231,321,684) | 397,152,729 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 694,160,245 | 323,230,128 | (233,330,319) | 784,060,054 |
| Capital assets, being depreciated: | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | 1,457,638,000 | 93,101,000 | (24,550,000) | 1,526,189,000 |
| Buildings and improvements | 2,048,366,454 | 171,541,322 | (24,262,161) | 2,195,645,615 |
| Improvements other than buildings | 578,856,713 | 34,196,152 | (22,212,591) | 590,840,274 |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 528,013,774 | 64,524,569 | (14,150,479) | 578,387,864 |
| Infrastructure | 22,537,906 | 727,570 | - | 23,265,476 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 4,635,412,847 | 364,090,613 | (85,175,231) | 4,914,328,229 |
| Less accumulated depreciation: | | | | |
| Utility plant in service | (620,515,000) | (54,041,000) | 38,168,000 | (636,388,000) |
| Buildings and improvements | (726,979,040) | (68,016,965) | 15,174,111 | (779,821,894) |
| Improvements other than buildings | (370,293,708) | (19,769,696) | 15,379,230 | (374,684,174) |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | (295,058,000) | (37,420,155) | 13,895,626 | (318,582,529) |
| Infrastructure | (17,490,113) | (642,489) | - | (18,132,602) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (2,030,335,861) | (179,890,305) | 82,616,967 | (2,127,609,199) |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated, net | 2,605,076,986 | 184,200,308 | (2,558,264) | 2,786,719,030 |
| Component units activities capital assets, net | \$ 3,299,237,231 | \$ 507,430,436 | \$ (235,888,583) | \$ 3,570,779,084 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 6 – BONDS, NOTES AND OTHER OBLIGATIONS

Primary Government

A. Transaction Summary

Bonds, notes and other obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| | Balance July 1, 2018 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2019 | Due Within One Year |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds payable: | | | | | |
| General Services District (1) | \$ 1,539,205,129 | \$ 487,502,922 | \$ (84,467,213) | \$ 1,942,240,838 | \$ 110,709,715 |
| Schools (1) | 793,406,897 | 212,601,170 | (55,615,214) | 950,392,853 | 58,559,145 |
| Urban Services District (1) | 166,545,191 | 14,291,393 | (11,357,597) | 169,478,987 | 10,507,875 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | 348,315,909 | 60,815,772 | (36,162,813) | 372,968,868 | - |
| Total general obligation bonds payable | <u>2,847,473,126</u> | <u>775,211,257</u> | <u>(187,602,837)</u> | <u>3,435,081,546</u> | <u>179,776,735</u> |
| Qualified zone academy notes payable: | | | | | |
| Qualified Zone Academy Notes | 1,243,697 | - | (414,567) | 829,130 | 414,567 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | (25,912) | - | 10,364 | (15,548) | - |
| Total qualified zone academy notes payable | <u>1,217,785</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(404,203)</u> | <u>813,582</u> | <u>414,567</u> |
| Qualified school construction bond loans payable | | | | | |
| | <u>31,191,550</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(3,536,429)</u> | <u>27,655,121</u> | <u>3,536,429</u> |
| Other obligations payable: | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | 198,995,100 | 366,833,189 | (356,283,182) | 209,545,107 | - |
| Total OPEB liability | 3,889,062,264 | 829,002,936 | (155,241,109) | 4,562,824,091 | - |
| Compensated absences | 92,137,212 | 68,931,465 | (70,240,979) | 90,827,698 | 52,697,513 |
| Claims and judgments | 11,255,451 | 2,804,723 | (2,316,556) | 11,743,618 | 65,000 |
| Landfill closure costs | 6,409,317 | 326,460 | (170,207) | 6,565,570 | 575,746 |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments | 4,990,067 | 906,887 | - | 5,896,954 | - |
| Total other obligations payable | <u>4,202,849,411</u> | <u>1,268,805,660</u> | <u>(584,252,033)</u> | <u>4,887,403,038</u> | <u>53,338,259</u> |
| Total governmental activities long-term liabilities | <u>\$ 7,082,731,872</u> | <u>\$ 2,044,016,917</u> | <u>\$ (775,795,502)</u> | <u>\$ 8,350,953,287</u> | <u>\$ 237,065,990</u> |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services: | | | | | |
| Revenue bonds payable | \$ 892,365,000 | \$ - | \$ (38,225,000) | \$ 854,140,000 | \$ 39,120,000 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | 70,825,129 | - | (6,549,494) | 64,275,635 | - |
| Net pension liability | 7,443,050 | 25,507,721 | (23,323,780) | 9,626,991 | - |
| Total Department of Water and Sewerage Services | <u>970,633,179</u> | <u>25,507,721</u> | <u>(68,098,274)</u> | <u>928,042,626</u> | <u>39,120,000</u> |
| District Energy System: | | | | | |
| General obligation bonds payable | 50,887,783 | 1,559,515 | (2,384,976) | 50,062,322 | 2,133,265 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | 7,730,384 | - | (562,633) | 7,167,751 | - |
| Net pension liability | 30,518 | 105,047 | (95,958) | 39,607 | - |
| Total District Energy System | <u>58,648,685</u> | <u>1,664,562</u> | <u>(3,043,567)</u> | <u>57,269,680</u> | <u>2,133,265</u> |
| Other business-type activities: | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | 1,336,603 | 4,975,260 | (4,472,483) | 1,839,380 | - |
| Total other business-type activities | <u>1,336,603</u> | <u>4,975,260</u> | <u>(4,472,483)</u> | <u>1,839,380</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Total business-type activities long-term liabilities | <u>\$ 1,030,618,467</u> | <u>\$ 32,147,543</u> | <u>\$ (75,614,324)</u> | <u>\$ 987,151,686</u> | <u>\$ 41,253,265</u> |

(1) Additions for general obligation bonds payable include the issuance of bonds of \$715,955,000. The distribution between General Services District, Schools, and Urban Services District is net of the usage of the excess bond proceeds resulted in a decrease of \$17,329,911 to General Services District, an increase of \$13,529,169 to Schools, and reallocation of excess bond proceeds originally recorded under General Services District. The actual and increase of \$3,800,742 to Urban Services District.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Description of Amounts Payable

| | Interest Rate | Amount |
|--|----------------|-------------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | |
| General obligation bonds payable from ad valorem taxes: | | |
| General Services District - General Purposes, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2038 | .30 - 5.71% | \$ 1,942,240,838 |
| General Services District - School Purposes, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2038 | .30 - 5.71% | 950,392,853 |
| Urban Services District - General Purposes, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2038 | .30 - 5.71% | 169,478,987 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | | 372,968,868 |
| Total general obligation bonds payable from ad valorem taxes | | <u>3,435,081,546</u> |
| Qualified zone academy notes payable: | | |
| Qualified Zone Academy Notes, due in varying amounts to December 28, 2020 | N/A | 829,130 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | | (15,548) |
| Total qualified zone academy notes payable | | <u>813,582</u> |
| Qualified school construction bond loans payable | 1.515% | <u>27,655,121</u> |
| Other obligations payable: | | |
| Net pension liability | | 209,545,107 |
| Total OPEB liability | | 4,562,824,091 |
| Compensated absences | | 90,827,698 |
| Claims and judgments | | 11,743,618 |
| Landfill closure | | 6,565,570 |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments | | 5,896,954 |
| Total other obligations payable | | <u>4,887,403,038</u> |
| Total governmental activities long-term liabilities | | <u>\$ 8,350,953,287</u> |
| Business-type activities: | | |
| Bonds payable: | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A, due in varying amounts to January 1, 2022 | 3.25 - 5.25% | \$ 14,275,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2027 | 3.00 - 5.00% | 70,590,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2037 | 6.393 - 6.568% | 135,000,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Bonds, Federally Taxable, Series 2010C, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2041 | 6.693% | 75,000,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2023 | 1.00 - 5.00% | 76,715,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2033 | 3.00 - 5.00% | 237,930,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017A (Green Bonds), due in varying amounts to July 1, 2046 | 3.00 - 5.00% | 89,420,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2017B, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2046 | 5.0% | 155,210,000 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | | 64,275,635 |
| Total Department of Water and Sewerage Services | | <u>918,415,635</u> |
| District Energy System G. O. Multi-purpose Bonds, Series 2010A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2026 | 2.75 - 5.00% | 39,672 |
| District Energy System G. O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2024 | 1.50 - 5.00% | 573,996 |
| District Energy System G. O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2023 | 2.00 - 5.00% | 504,088 |
| District Energy System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A, due in varying amounts to October 1, 2033 | 2.00 - 5.00% | 37,855,000 |
| District Energy System G. O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2024 | .32 - 2.767% | 1,813,160 |
| District Energy System G. O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2033 | 3.00 - 5.00% | 990,183 |
| District Energy System G. O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2034 | 4.00 - 5.00% | 636,008 |
| District Energy System G. O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016, due in varying amounts to January 1, 2033 | 2.00 - 5.00% | 5,560,640 |
| District Energy System G. O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2036 | 4.00 - 5.00% | 530,060 |
| District Energy System G. O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2038 | 4.00 - 5.00% | 1,559,515 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | | 7,167,751 |
| Total District Energy System | | <u>57,230,073</u> |
| Total bonds payable | | <u>975,645,708</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

| | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>Amount</u> |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Net pension liability: | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | | \$ 9,626,991 |
| District Energy System | | 39,607 |
| Other business-type activities | | <u>1,839,380</u> |
| Total net pension liability | | <u>11,505,978</u> |
| Total business-type activities long-term liabilities | | <u>\$ 987,151,686</u> |

The bonds, notes and other obligations are classified in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

| | |
|---|-------------------------|
| Governmental activities: | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | |
| Due within one year | \$ 221,937,204 |
| Due in more than one year | <u>8,129,016,083</u> |
| Total governmental activities | <u>\$ 8,350,935,287</u> |
| Business-type activities: | |
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | \$ 41,253,265 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | |
| Due in more than one year | <u>945,898,421</u> |
| Total business-type activities | <u>\$ 987,151,686</u> |

The general obligation bonds and notes payable are direct obligations of the Government for which its full faith and credit are pledged. These obligations are payable from the assessment of ad valorem taxes. In addition, the Government has additional sources of funds which are utilized to meet the annual principal and interest payments of certain general obligation bonds and notes.

For the governmental activities, the other obligations are generally liquidated from the following:

| | |
|--|--|
| Net pension liability | Fund incurring the related employees' compensation, primarily the General Fund and General Purpose School Fund |
| Other postemployment benefits obligation | Fund incurring the related employees' compensation, primarily the General Fund, General Purpose School Fund |
| Compensated absences | Fund incurring the related employees' compensation, primarily the General Fund and the General Purpose School Fund |
| Claims and judgments | Fund to which the claim or judgment relates |
| Landfill closure costs | Solid Waste Operations Fund |

For the business-type activities, the other obligations are generally liquidated from the funds reporting the liabilities.

C. Collateral for Obligations of the Proprietary Funds

All bonds of the Department of Water and Sewerage Services and the District Energy System are collateralized by the revenues of those entities.

D. Bond Covenants

The various revenue bond indentures contain significant limitations and restrictions on annual debt service requirements, maintenance of a flow of monies through various restricted accounts, minimum amounts to be maintained in various sinking funds, and minimum revenue bond coverages. As of June 30, 2019, the Government believes it is in compliance with all financial limitations and restrictions.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

E. Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize all general obligation bonds and revenue bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | General Obligation Bonds | | Revenue Bonds | | Total Primary Government | |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2020 | \$ 181,910,000 | \$ 139,348,069 | \$ 39,120,000 | \$ 44,225,115 | \$ 221,030,000 | \$ 183,573,184 |
| 2021 | 190,035,000 | 131,223,219 | 25,080,000 | 42,304,977 | 215,115,000 | 173,528,196 |
| 2022 | 194,655,000 | 122,181,105 | 29,955,000 | 40,984,827 | 224,610,000 | 163,165,932 |
| 2023 | 205,025,000 | 112,816,044 | 36,775,000 | 39,449,077 | 241,800,000 | 152,265,121 |
| 2024 | 217,420,000 | 103,398,979 | 27,475,000 | 37,987,378 | 244,895,000 | 141,386,357 |
| 2025-2029 | 940,930,000 | 374,868,485 | 118,170,000 | 172,635,905 | 1,059,100,000 | 547,504,390 |
| 2030-2034 | 776,600,000 | 179,415,956 | 148,375,000 | 137,030,539 | 924,975,000 | 316,446,495 |
| 2035-2039 | 405,600,000 | 32,860,838 | 187,265,000 | 89,923,575 | 592,865,000 | 122,784,413 |
| 2040-2044 | - | - | 195,170,000 | 33,764,959 | 195,170,000 | 33,764,959 |
| 2045-2047 | - | - | 46,755,000 | 3,584,625 | 46,755,000 | 3,584,625 |
| Total | 3,112,175,000 | 1,196,112,695 | 854,140,000 | 641,890,977 | 3,966,315,000 | 1,838,003,672 |
| Deferred Premium Discount) | 380,136,619 | - | 64,275,635 | - | 444,412,254 | - |
| Total | \$ 3,492,311,619 | \$ 1,196,112,695 | \$ 918,415,635 | \$ 641,890,977 | \$ 4,410,727,254 | \$ 1,838,003,672 |

F. Commercial Paper

In July 2014, the Government began a \$200 million Extendable Commercial Paper (ECP) program. The ECP dealer issues commercial paper notes with original maturity of 1 to 90 days. If the ECP dealer was ever unable to market notes in the amount needed to pay the maturing notes, the Government could extend the original maturity date to 270 days from the original date of issue. During this period long-term financing would be arranged to pay the notes at maturity. In July 2017, the Extendable Commercial Paper (ECP) program increased the maximum par amount of notes to \$325 million.

In July 2017, the Government entered into Revolving Credit Agreements (RCA) with two banks to provide a \$375 million general obligation traditional commercial paper program. The program allows the Government to issue short-term notes to finance authorized capital projects, until long-term bonds can be issued to provide permanent project financing. As notes mature (prior to the issuance of the long-term bonds) new notes are issued to repay the maturing notes. If market conditions are such that new notes cannot be issued, the banks have agreed to pay the principal amount of any maturing commercial paper notes pursuant to a revolving credit agreement. If a bank advances funds pursuant to the revolving credit agreement, the Government has 180 days within which to reimburse the bank, either from the proceeds of a new commercial paper note issue, the proceeds of long-term bonds or funds of the Government. If the Government cannot reimburse the bank within 180 days, the bank advance converts to a term loan, payable in equal quarterly installments of principal over three years. The Government may at any time prepay the term loan from the proceeds of a new commercial paper note issue or long-term bonds.

General obligation commercial paper is issued as federally tax-exempt notes. The commercial paper is sold at par as interest-bearing obligations in minimum denominations of \$100,000 with interest payable at maturity. The commercial paper has varying maturities not to exceed 270 days, and all rollover commercial paper will not have a final maturity more than two years from the initial dates of issuance. The State has waived the two year final maturity limitation and approved a final maturity not to exceed six years. Interest rates vary depending on the market. At June 30, 2019, the amount of principal outstanding could not exceed \$700 million.

In April 2015, the Government established a \$200 million Water and Sewerage commercial paper program. The program allows the Government to issue short-term notes to finance water and sewer capital projects, until long-term bonds can be issued to provide permanent project financing. As notes mature (prior to the issuance of the long-term bonds) new notes are issued to repay the maturing notes. If market conditions are such that new notes cannot be issued, the bank has agreed to pay the principal amount of any maturing commercial paper notes pursuant to a revolving credit agreement. If the bank advances funds pursuant to the revolving credit agreement, the Government has 180 days within which to reimburse the bank, either from the proceeds of a new commercial paper note issue, the proceeds of long-term bonds or funds of the Government. If the Government cannot reimburse the bank within 180 days, the bank advance converts to a term loan, payable in equal semi-annual installments of principal over three years. The Government may at any time prepay the term loan from the proceeds of a new commercial paper note issue or long-term bonds. In October 2015, the revolving credit agreement was replaced by a letter of credit and reimbursement agreement (LOC). The par amount of the commercial paper program was also

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

reduced from \$200 million to \$183 million, the payment of which is now supported by the LOC on substantially the same terms as the revolving credit agreement as described above. This program expired July 12, 2018.

In July 2018 the Government established a \$183 million Water and Sewerage commercial paper program. Commercial paper notes are issued to provide interim or short-term financing of various water and sewer capital projects. The notes may be refunded with new notes (rollover notes) until the Government is prepared to issue long-term bonds and thereby provide permanent financing for the capital projects financed under the commercial paper program. As notes mature (prior to the issuance of the long-term bonds) new notes are issued to repay the maturing notes. If market conditions are such that new notes cannot be issued, the bank has agreed to pay the principal amount of any maturing commercial paper notes pursuant to a Reimbursement Agreement. If the bank advances funds pursuant to the reimbursement agreement, the Government has 180 days within which to reimburse the bank, either from the proceeds of a new commercial paper note issue, the proceeds of long-term bonds or funds of the Government. If the Government cannot reimburse the bank within 180 days, the bank advance converts to a term loan, payable in equal quarterly installments of principal over three years. The Government may at any time prepay the term loan from the proceeds of a new commercial paper note issue or long-term bonds. In April 2015, the Government began a \$100 million Extendable Commercial Paper (ECP) program. The ECP dealer issues commercial paper notes with original maturities of 1 to 90 days. If the ECP dealer was ever unable to market notes in the amount needed to pay the maturing notes, the Government could extend the original maturity date to 270 days from the original date of issue. During this period long-term financing would be arranged to pay the notes at maturity. The combined programs total \$300 million of commercial paper notes available for short term capital financing.

Revenue commercial paper is issued as federally tax-exempt notes. The commercial paper is sold at par as interest-bearing obligations in minimum denominations of \$100,000 with interest payable at maturity. The commercial paper has varying maturities not to exceed 270 days, and all rollover commercial paper will not have a final maturity more than two years from the initial dates of issuance. The State has waived the two year final maturity limitation and approved a final maturity not to exceed six years. Interest rates vary depending on the market. At June 30, 2019, the amount of principal outstanding could not exceed \$300 million.

Commercial paper obligations of \$450,000,000 with interest rates ranging from .87% to 2.10% were outstanding at June 30, 2019. The obligations are considered short-term debt at June 30, 2019 and are recorded as a liability in the Capital Project Funds, Department of Water and Sewerage Services, and the District Energy System of the Government.

Commercial paper activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| | Balance July 1, 2018 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2019 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| Commercial paper payable | \$ 775,000,000 | \$ 325,000,000 | \$ (650,000,000) | \$ 450,000,000 |

The commercial paper is classified in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

Governmental activities:

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Commercial paper payable | \$ 249,363,256 |
| Total governmental activities | <u>249,363,256</u> |

Business-type activities:

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Commercial paper payable | <u>200,636,744</u> |
| Total business-type activities | <u>200,636,744</u> |
| Total commercial paper payable | <u>\$ 450,000,000</u> |

G. Issuance of Bonds

On October 25, 2018, the Government issued \$715,955,000 of General Obligation Improvement Bonds, Series 2018, maturing on July 1, 2038, with interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%. The net proceeds of the Series 2018 Bonds totaled \$776,770,772 (including original issue premium). \$650,000,000 of the net proceeds were used to fund maturing commercial paper notes, \$125,001,008 was used to fund future capital spending, and \$1,769,764 was used to cover underwriting fees and other costs of issuance.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

H. Defeased Bonds

The Government has defeased certain other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service requirements on the retired bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Government's financial statements. As of June 30, 2019, \$428,405,000 of general obligation bonds and \$30,905,000 of revenue bonds are considered defeased.

I. Redemption Options

Certain bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Government. The stated payments of principal and interest on the Department of Water and Sewerage Services Series 1992 and Series 2010A, B, C and D are insured by municipal bond insurance policies which cannot be canceled.

J. Qualified Zone Academy Notes

Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB) are issued by the Tennessee State School Bond Authority (TSSBA) to finance improvement loans for qualifying primary and secondary schools in the State. The QZAB's are a part of a federal government program administered by the Tennessee Department of Education in which a federal tax credit is given to investors in lieu of interest on the bonds.

The Government entered into a loan agreement with the TSSBA in December 2005 whereby the Government would receive an amount not to exceed \$6,350,000 of the proceeds from the TSSBA QZAB, Series 2005. Actual proceeds totaled \$6,218,500. Under the provisions of the agreement, the proceeds of the loan must be spent on specific authorized projects within a limited time period. The TSSBA will hold and invest the proceeds from the Series 2005 Bonds, and as allowable expenditures are incurred, the Government will request reimbursement. The Government is required to make annual principal payments to TSSBA. An investment credit applied to the Government's portion of the bond proceeds will be used to reduce future payments.

QZAB note principal maturities at June 30, 2019 are summarized below:

| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Investment Credit (1) |
|---|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 414,567 | \$ 97,031 |
| 2021 | 414,563 | 97,031 |
| Total qualified zone academy notes payable | <u>\$ 829,130</u> | <u>\$ 194,063</u> |

(1) The investment tax credit is estimated and subject to adjustment based on investment earnings and other factors.

K. Qualified School Construction Bond Loan

Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB) are issued by the Tennessee State School Bond Authority (TSSBA) to finance improvement loans for qualifying primary and secondary schools in the State. The QSCB's are part of the federal government's American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA).

The Government entered a loan agreement with the TSSBA in December 2009 whereby the Government received an amount not to exceed \$21,760,000 of the proceeds from the TSSBA QSCB, Series 2009. Actual proceeds totaled \$21,120,000. Interest on the loan is 1.515%, and the loan matures in 2027. Under the provisions of the agreement, the proceeds of the loan must be spent on specific authorized projects within a limited time period. The TSSBA will hold and invest the proceeds from the Series 2009 Bonds, and as allowable expenditures are incurred, the Government will request reimbursement. The Government is required to make annual principal payments to TSSBA. An investment credit applied to the Government's portion of the bond proceeds will be used to reduce future payments.

On October 7, 2010, the Government entered a loan agreement with the TSSBA whereby the Government received \$35,555,000 from the TSSBA's QSCB's issued on October 7, 2010. Interest on the loan is 4.848%, and the loan matures in 2028. The Government also receives a share of the TSSBA's interest subsidy payments received from the Federal government. The Government's share of the subsidy is estimated to offset its interest payments. Under the provisions of the agreement, the proceeds of the loan must be spent on specific authorized projects within a limited time period. The TSSBA will hold and invest the proceeds from the Series 2010 Bonds, and as allowable expenditures are incurred, the Government will request reimbursement. The Government is required to make annual principal payments to TSSBA. Interest earned by the TSSBA on the Government's portion of the bond proceeds will be used to reduce future payments.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

QSCB note principal maturities at June 30, 2019 are summarized below:

| Year Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | Subsidy |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 3,536,429 | \$ 2,043,674 | \$ 1,723,706 |
| 2021 | 3,536,429 | 2,043,674 | 1,723,706 |
| 2022 | 3,536,429 | 2,043,674 | 1,723,706 |
| 2023 | 3,536,429 | 2,043,674 | 1,723,706 |
| 2024 | 3,536,429 | 2,043,674 | 1,723,706 |
| 2025-2028 | <u>9,972,976</u> | <u>6,007,478</u> | <u>6,032,973</u> |
| Total qualified school construction bond loan payable | <u>\$ 27,655,121</u> | <u>\$ 16,225,848</u> | <u>\$ 14,651,503</u> |

L. Derivative Financial Instruments

In connection with outstanding variable rate debt, the Government competitively bid the sale of a pay-fixed receive-variable Securities Industry and Financial Market Association (SIFMA), formerly the Bond Market Association, swaption (Swaption). This transaction generated an upfront payment of \$3,800,000, which is deferred and being amortized over the term of the related interest rate swap in the government-wide statements. The Swaption was sold on a SIFMA floating to fixed interest rate swap and, when it was exercised by the winning bidder, SunTrust Bank (Counterparty), the Government was placed into a variable to fixed interest rate swap commencing on May 15, 2006. The interest rate swap is a hedging derivative instrument (cash flow hedge) maintained by the Government in order to manage its exposure to market risk from fluctuations in interest rates on its variable rate debt. On February 2, 2012, the Government refunded the Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund (TMBF) Loan, which was the debt previously associated with the hedging derivative instrument. Upon the refunding of the TMBF Loan, the Government terminated hedge accounting for the derivative instrument. The related deferral account totaled \$16,126,556 at the date of the refunding and has been included in the net carrying amount of the TMBF Loan for purposes of determining the deferred charge related to its refunding. The Government has subsequently employed the interest rate swap as a hedging derivative instrument maintained in order to manage its exposure to market risk from fluctuations in interest rates on its commercial paper program.

The swap agreement provides that the Government will pay a fixed rate of 5.4% to the Counterparty and will receive the SIFMA rate on the outstanding notional amount which reduces annually and was \$29,950,000 at June 30, 2019. The SIFMA rate at June 30, 2019 was 1.90%. All terms of the swap remain in effect and expire May 15, 2026. The credit rating of the Counterparty at June 30, 2019 is Baa1. The fair value of this swap contract was a liability of \$5,081,053 at June 30, 2019 and is recorded in noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The liability increased by \$90,986 for the year ended June 30, 2019. This change in fair value is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

The fair value of the interest rate swap was determined by the Counterparty using valuation models and assumptions and available market data. Arrangements made in the Government's interest rate swap agreement do not alter the Government's obligation to pay the principal and interest on the related debt. See Section F.

The net receipts/payments on the hedging derivative instrument at June 30, 2019 are summarized below. The amounts assume that the current reference rate (1.90%) of the interest rate swap will remain the same for the term of the swap agreement. As this rate varies, the net receipts/payments will vary.

| Year Ending June 30 | Hedging Derivative, Net Payments |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 1,048,250 |
| 2021 | 922,075 |
| 2022 | 788,725 |
| 2023 | 647,850 |
| 2024 | 498,925 |
| 2025-2026 | <u>517,300</u> |
| Total hedging derivative, net payments | <u>\$ 4,423,125</u> |

Credit risk – The Government is exposed to credit risk on hedging derivative instruments that are in asset positions. There were no such instruments in asset positions at June 30, 2019. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap becomes positive, the Government would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The Government relies primarily on the credit rating of the counterparty to assess credit risk.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk – The Government is exposed to interest rate risk on its interest rate swap. On its pay-fixed, receive-variable interest rate swap, as the variable swap index decreases, the Government's net payments on the swaps increase.

Basis risk – The Government is exposed to basis risk on its pay-fixed interest rate swaps because the variable rate payments received by the Government on this hedging derivative instrument is, in certain circumstances, based on a rate or index other than interest rates that the Government pays on its hedged debt.

Termination risk – The Government or the Counterparty may terminate the derivative instrument if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination, the hedging derivative instrument is in a liability position, the Government would be liable to the Counterparty for a payment equal to the liability.

M. Unissued Bonds or Notes

At June 30, 2019, authorized but unissued general obligation bonds totaled \$1,160,313,294. Commercial paper borrowings are used to fund capital spending prior to the issuance of bonds.

Component Units

A. Transaction Summary

Bonds, notes and other liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

| | Balance July 1, 2018 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2019 | Due Within One Year |
|--|-------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Governmental types: | | | | | |
| Revenue bonds payable: | | | | | |
| Sports Authority | \$ 132,325,957 | \$ - | \$ (8,013,031) | \$ 124,312,926 | \$ 6,225,000 |
| Total revenue bonds payable - governmental types | 132,325,957 | - | (8,013,031) | 124,312,926 | 6,225,000 |
| Proprietary types: | | | | | |
| Revenue bonds payable: | | | | | |
| Electric Power Board | 642,655,000 | - | (43,866,000) | 598,789,000 | 36,010,000 |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | 294,397,211 | - | (16,357,405) | 278,039,806 | 18,420,000 |
| Convention Center Authority | 602,458,957 | - | (12,335,496) | 590,123,461 | 13,425,000 |
| Total revenue bonds payable - proprietary types | 1,539,511,168 | - | (72,558,901) | 1,466,952,267 | 67,855,000 |
| Notes payable: | | | | | |
| Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | 163,369,258 | 25,655,204 | (48,383,312) | 140,641,150 | 7,449,520 |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | 16,361,647 | 143,135,360 | (595,516) | 158,901,491 | 622,182 |
| Total notes payable - proprietary types | 179,730,905 | 168,790,564 | (48,978,828) | 299,542,641 | 8,071,702 |
| Total revenue bonds and notes payable | 1,851,568,030 | 168,790,564 | (129,550,760) | 1,890,807,834 | 82,151,702 |
| Governmental types: | | | | | |
| Other liabilities payable: | | | | | |
| Sports Authority: | | | | | |
| Other liabilities | 18,478,262 | 1,536 | (3,019,900) | 15,459,898 | - |
| Total other liabilities payable - governmental types | 18,478,262 | 1,536 | (3,019,900) | 15,459,898 | - |
| Proprietary types: | | | | | |
| Other liabilities payable: | | | | | |
| Hospital Authority: | | | | | |
| Capitalized lease obligation | 21,285,050 | - | (2,728,456) | 18,556,594 | 2,908,161 |
| Net pension liability | 1,779,101 | 5,753,821 | (5,332,082) | 2,200,840 | - |
| Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency: | | | | | |
| Other liabilities | 1,865,001 | 1,280,291 | (1,421,088) | 1,724,204 | - |
| Electric Power Board: | | | | | |
| TVA advances and other | 8,340,000 | 13,092,000 | (14,053,000) | 7,379,000 | - |
| Net pension liability | 194,620,000 | 93,841,000 | (66,917,000) | 221,544,000 | - |
| Net OPEB liability | 207,517,000 | 40,545,000 | (52,964,000) | 195,098,000 | - |
| Metropolitan Transit Authority: | | | | | |
| Advance lease receipts | 8,557,462 | - | (590,005) | 7,967,457 | - |
| Refundable grants | 1,131,959 | - | (676,307) | 455,652 | - |
| Net pension liability | 15,207,913 | 7,730,719 | (9,943,948) | 12,994,684 | - |
| Net OPEB liability | 62,759,296 | 11,823,918 | (5,155,723) | 69,427,491 | - |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

| | Balance July 1, 2018 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2019 | Due Within One Year |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority: | | | | | |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments | \$ 118,789 | \$ - | \$ (110,344) | \$ 8,445 | \$ - |
| Unearned income | 1,831,630 | 62,047 | (34,904) | 1,858,773 | - |
| Net pension liability | - | 14,769,265 | (13,048,512) | 1,278,902 | - |
| Net OPEB liability | 10,795,289 | 2,608,522 | (8,616,007) | 4,787,804 | - |
| Convention Center Authority: | | | | | |
| Net pension liability | 380,133 | 1,405,316 | (1,263,807) | 521,642 | - |
| Total other liabilities payable – proprietary types | 536,188,623 | 192,911,899 | (183,297,034) | 545,803,488 | 2,908,161 |
| Total revenue bonds, notes and other liabilities payable - component units | \$ 2,406,234,915 | \$ 361,703,999 | \$ (315,867,694) | \$ 2,452,071,220 | \$ 85,059,863 |

B. Description of Amounts Payable

Amounts payable at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

| | Interest Rates | Amount |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Governmental types: | | |
| Revenue bonds payable: | | |
| Taxable Public Facility Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A (Stadium Project), due in varying amounts to July 1, 2033 | 1.142 - 5.231% | \$ 18,095,000 |
| Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2033 | .793 - 5.150% | 11,510,000 |
| Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Ballpark Project), Series 2013B, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2025 | .793 - 4.050% | 15,270,000 |
| Taxable Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Ballpark Project), Series 2013A, due in varying amounts to August 1, 2043 | 3.00 - 5.250% | 50,685,000 |
| Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2013B, due in varying amounts to August 1, 2043 | 1.25 - 5.625% | 10,570,000 |
| Deferred premium (discount) | 4.00 - 5.000% | 15,005,000 |
| Series 2014, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2026 | | 3,177,926 |
| Total revenue bonds payable - governmental types | | 124,312,926 |
| Proprietary types: | | |
| Revenue bonds payable: | | |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2008 Series B, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2023 | 3.25 - 5.00% | 7,594,000 |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series A, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2036 | 1.50 - 5.00% | 40,830,000 |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2011 Series B, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2026 | 2.00 - 5.00% | 53,242,000 |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2029 | 3.25 - 5.00% | 59,770,000 |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2014 Series A, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2039 | 2.00 - 5.00% | 106,841,000 |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2015 Series A, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2039 | 5.00% | 122,176,000 |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series A, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2042 | 3.00 - 5.00% | 119,319,000 |
| Electric Power Board Electric System Revenue Bonds, 2017 Series B, due in varying amounts to May 15, 2031 | 5.00% | 89,017,000 |
| Airport Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2003B, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2033 | 5.49 - 5.94% | 13,235,000 |
| Airport Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2008A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2019 | 4.49% | 3,800,000 |
| Airport Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2009A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2019 | 4.125 - 5.25% | 7,970,000 |
| Airport Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2029 (includes terms bonds at 6.79%) | 2.25 - 6.19% | 5,840,000 |
| Airport Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2040 | 4.00 - 5.00% | 90,205,000 |
| Airport Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2015B, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2040 | 4.00 - 5.00% | 106,615,000 |
| Special Facility Revenue Bonds, Series 2018, due in varying amounts to July 1, 2028 (includes terms bonds at 3.4%) | 2.25 - 6.19% | 27,358,295 |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority: Deferred premium (discount) | | 23,016,511 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

| | Interest Rates | Amount |
|--|----------------|------------------|
| Convention Center Authority Revenue Bonds, 2010A-1 due in varying amounts to July 1, 2026 | 3.35 - 5.00% | \$ 37,795,000 |
| Convention Center Authority Revenue Bonds, 2010A-2 due in varying amounts to July 1, 2043 | 7.431% | 152,395,000 |
| Convention Center Authority Revenue Bonds, 2010B due in varying amounts to July 1, 2043 | 4.862 - 6.731% | 399,370,000 |
| Convention Center Authority: Deferred premium (discount) | | 563,461 |
| Total revenue bonds payable - proprietary types | | 1,466,952,267 |
| Notes payable: | | |
| Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | | 140,641,150 |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | | 158,901,491 |
| Total notes payable - proprietary types | | 299,542,641 |
| Total revenue bonds and notes payable | | 1,890,807,834 |
| Other liabilities payable: | | |
| Sports Authority: | | |
| Other liabilities | | 15,459,898 |
| Hospital Authority: | | |
| Capitalized lease obligation | | 18,556,594 |
| Net pension liability | | 2,200,840 |
| Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency: | | |
| Other liabilities | | 1,724,204 |
| Electric Power Board: | | |
| TVA advances | | 928,000 |
| Other | | 6,451,000 |
| Net pension liability | | 221,544,000 |
| Net OPEB liability | | 195,098,000 |
| Metropolitan Transit Authority: | | |
| Advance lease receipts | | 7,967,457 |
| Refundable grants | | 455,652 |
| Net pension liability | | 12,994,684 |
| Net OPEB liability | | 69,427,491 |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority: | | |
| Fair value of derivative financial instruments | | 8,445 |
| Unearned income | | 1,858,773 |
| Net pension liability | | 1,278,902 |
| Net OPEB liability | | 4,787,804 |
| Convention Center Authority: | | |
| Net pension liability | | 521,642 |
| Total other liabilities payable - proprietary types | | 561,263,386 |
| Total bonds, notes and other liabilities payable - component units | | \$ 2,452,071,220 |

The bonds, notes and other liabilities of the component units are classified in the Statement of Net Position as follows:

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Liabilities payable from restricted assets: | |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | \$ 74,080,000 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | |
| Due within one year | 10,979,863 |
| Due in more than one year | 2,367,011,357 |
| | 2,367,011,357 |
| Total component units long-term liabilities | \$ 2,452,071,220 |

C. Collateral for Obligations of the Component Units

Sports Authority

The Public Improvement Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2004, are limited obligations of the Sports Authority payable solely from the revenues and receipts pledged to the payment of these bonds and secured by the non-tax revenues of the General Fund of the Government. Neither the faith and credit of the Sports Authority nor the faith and credit or the taxing power of the Government is pledged to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Description of Bonds

Sports Authority

On December 19, 2013, the Sports Authority issued \$53,760,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Ballpark), Series 2013A, maturing on August 1, 2043, with interest rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.25%, and \$11,240,000 Public Improvement Revenue Bonds (Ballpark), Series 2013B (Federally Taxable), maturing on August 1, 2043, with interest rates ranging from 1.25% to 5.625%. The proceeds of the 2013A and 2013B Ballpark Bonds were used to pay costs to acquire land and construct a minor league baseball park and related public improvements, capitalized interest, and costs related to issuance. The net proceeds of the 2013A and 2013B Ballpark Bonds totaled \$66,397,938 (net of underwriting fees) and were deposited with the Sports Authority.

In conjunction with the issuance of the Series 2013 Ballpark Bonds, the Sports Authority entered into a loan and security agreement with the Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency (the Agency) whereby a tax increment revenue note was issued by the Agency to the Sports Authority in exchange for the loan of \$28,000,000 to the Agency from the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) Loan Account of the Construction Fund. The loan dated December 19, 2013, maturing July 1, 2043, with interest at a fixed rate of 4.55% per annum, was used to pay for certain TIF eligible expenses for the redevelopment project. Collateral for this loan is ninety-five percent (95%) of all ad valorem real property tax increment revenues for specific projects in the vicinity of the Ballpark and the ballpark development.

In addition to the aforementioned TIF payments from the Agency, state and local sales tax revenues generated at the ballpark, ballpark lease payments and – to the extent the foregoing revenues are insufficient – non-tax revenues collected in the General Fund of the Urban Services District of the Government are pledged for the payment of principal and interest on the Series 2013 Ballpark Bonds.

E. Conduit Debt Obligations

Industrial Development Board

The Government, through the Industrial Development Board, has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private sector entities for the acquisition and construction of facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private sector entities served by the bond issuances. Neither the Government nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities of the Government.

The aggregate principal amount as of June 30, 2019 for the Industrial Revenue Bonds issued after April 1, 1996 was approximately \$701,097,964. The aggregate principal amount payable for the Industrial Revenue Bonds issued prior to April 1, 1996 could not be determined; however, their original issue amount totaled \$1,414,846,369.

Health and Educational Facilities Board

The Health and Educational Facilities Board of The Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County, Tennessee, (The Board) is a public, non-profit corporation and instrumentality of the Government organized in 1974 pursuant to Chapter 101, Part 3, Title 48 of the TCA as amended (the Act). The Board is not considered to be part of the Government's reporting entity. The Act empowers the Board, among other things, to acquire and furnish property suitable for use by educational institutions, hospital institutions, or multifamily housing facilities in connection with their operations, and to loan to such entities the proceeds from the sale of its bonds to finance such security for the payment of the principal and interest on bonds issued. The Government is not liable for the payment of the principal or any interest on any of the revenue bonds of the Board. Accordingly, the revenue bonds of the Board are not reported as liabilities of the Government.

The aggregate principal amount of revenue bonds issued by the Board on or after April 1, 1996 totals approximately \$6,476,736,865. The aggregate principal amount of revenue bonds which were issued by the Board and were still outstanding as of April 1, 1996 could not be determined; however, the total aggregate principal amount of revenue bonds issued by the Board prior to April 1, 1996 was \$1,367,025,500.

F. Other Matters

Sports Authority

The Authority has a \$10,000,000 revolving credit line with First Tennessee Bank (Bank) for the purpose of financing capital improvements at the Bridgestone Arena. Interest is calculated monthly at a variable rate as set forth in the loan agreement based on the outstanding principal balance of the loan. The monthly interest is payable from capital improvement fees received by the Metropolitan Government, and any excess monthly revenues over the interest due are paid against the outstanding principal balance. The loan expires December 31, 2020 at which time the principal outstanding balance and any interest will be due to the Bank. Furthermore, the loan may be extended one

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

or more times to a subsequent date or dates at the discretion of the Bank. As a condition of lending, the loan agreement requires the Metropolitan Government provide a line of credit loan (Metro loan) of \$2,000,000 to the Authority. Upon the occurrence of any event of default, the Bank may require that the Authority draw the full amount of the Metro loan and pay those proceeds to the Bank to be applied against the Bank loan. The total outstanding bank loan balance as of June 30, 2019 is \$3,837,193. The outstanding loan balance was paid in full subsequent to June 30, 2019.

The Authority has a \$15,000,000 non-revolving credit line with Pinnacle Bank (Administrative Agent), First Tennessee Bank and Fifth Third Bank for the purpose of financing capital improvements at the Nissan Stadium. The loan dated October 19, 2015 matures on October 1, 2027. Interest is due quarterly at a variable rate as set forth in the loan agreement based on the outstanding principal balance of the loan. Conditions of lending include that the Authority expend at least \$1,100,000 of its own funds toward project costs; set aside a cash reserve of \$1,900,000 held by the Authority; and maintain a minimum balance of \$1,000,000 in the revenue fund held by the Administrative Agent. Pledged revenues include ticket tax collections (excluding that which is allocated to prior bonds Series 2012A as specified in the agreement) and CMA Fest revenues. Collected revenues are remitted monthly by the Metropolitan Government to the revenue account held by Pinnacle Bank. Remittances are applied toward principal; quarterly the Administrative Agent transfers the amount due for accrued interest. The total outstanding balance as of June 30, 2019 is \$11,608,405.

G. Annual Debt Service Requirements

The annual principal maturities of all bonds and notes payable as of June 30, 2019 for the component units are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30 | Revenue Bonds and Notes Payable | |
|------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Principal | Interest |
| 2020 | \$ 82,724,904 | \$ 91,380,941 |
| 2021 | 69,467,923 | 88,027,939 |
| 2022 | 225,900,325 | 83,086,670 |
| 2023 | 75,495,067 | 77,948,054 |
| 2024 | 67,533,351 | 74,265,966 |
| 2025-2029 | 364,918,537 | 317,642,049 |
| 2030-2034 | 292,242,219 | 230,424,100 |
| 2035-2039 | 291,201,169 | 144,837,046 |
| 2040-2044 | 292,255,845 | 58,426,247 |
| 2045-2049 | 33,535,617 | 4,575,588 |
| 2050-2054 | 6,203,286 | 721,795 |
| 2055-2059 | 1,609,522 | 57,721 |
| Total | 1,803,087,765 | 1,171,394,116 |
| Deferred charges | 87,720,069 | - |
| Total | <u>\$ 1,890,807,834</u> | <u>\$ 1,171,394,116</u> |

Deferred amounts for the Electric Power Board are netted with principal.

H. Additional Information

Additional information regarding the bonds, notes and other obligations of the component units can be found in their separately issued financial statements.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 7 – PENSION PLANS

The Government has the following single-employer pension plans:

| <u>Name</u> | <u>Type</u> | <u>Status</u> | <u>Administering Fund</u> |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| <u>Primary Government</u> | | | |
| Fiduciary Fund Types: | | | |
| County | Defined Benefit | Closed 1963 | Davidson County Employees' Retirement |
| Metro - Division A | Defined Benefit | Closed 1995 | Metropolitan Employees Benefit Trust |
| Metro - Division B | Defined Benefit | Open | Metropolitan Employees Benefit Trust |
| County Education | Defined Benefit | Closed 1963 | Employees' Pension and Insurance |
| Metro Education | Defined Benefit | Closed 1969 | Teachers' Retirement Plan |
| City | Defined Benefit | Closed 1963 | Closed City Plan |
| City Education | Defined Benefit | Closed 1963 | Teachers' Civil Service and Pension |

The City, County, Metro Education, City Education, and County Education plans are participants in the Guaranteed Payment Program (GPP), an umbrella program created by the Metropolitan Council to ensure actuarially sound funding for the five closed plans. Under the GPP, unfunded liabilities of the aggregate program are amortized over a period of no more than thirty years. Contributions on behalf of the five individual plans move to a payment account from which distributions are paid to the constituent plans of the GPP as necessary to satisfy current benefit needs and to satisfy long-term funding objectives of the GPP.

No separate financial reports are issued for these plans.

The Government also participates in cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS).

Component Units

| | | | |
|---|--|--------|-----|
| Sports Authority, Hospital Authority, and Convention Center Authority | Included in primary government plans (1) | | |
| Hospital Authority | Defined Contribution | Open | N/A |
| Convention Center Authority | Defined Contribution | Open | N/A |
| Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency | Defined Contribution | Open | N/A |
| Electric Power Board | Defined Benefit | Open | N/A |
| Metropolitan Transit Authority | Defined Benefit | Open | N/A |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | Defined Benefit | Closed | N/A |
| Metropolitan Nashville Airport Authority | Defined Contribution | Open | N/A |

(1) Employees of the Sports Authority are eligible to participate in the plans of the Government. Employees of Hospital Authority and Convention Center Authority hired before certain dates are eligible to participate in the plans of the Government. Employees hired subsequent to those dates are only eligible to participate in the plans administered by those Authorities. The allocation of the primary government plans to the component units is not material for disclosure.

The Metropolitan Transit Authority guarantees the plan sponsored by the Davidson Transit Organization (DTO), which provides Metropolitan Transit Authority labor.

Additional information regarding the pension plans of the component units can be found in their separately issued financial statements

Plans Administered by the Government

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Measurement Focus, Basis of Account and Financial Statement Presentation

The pension funds are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized in the period due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plans. The net pension liability (asset) is reported in the applicable governmental and business-type activities in the Statements of Net Position and Activities.

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Real estate plan assets are reported at fair value utilizing an income approach to valuation. An independent appraisal is obtained once every year to determine the fair market value of the real estate assets. Accounts receivable include amounts due from investment brokers for pending trades.

B. Plan Descriptions

Plan Administration

All plans of the primary government were established or continue under the authority of the Metropolitan Charter, Article XIII, effective April 1, 1963. Approval of the Metropolitan Council is required to establish and amend benefit provisions. Article XIII also requires that all pension plans be actuarially sound. Administrative costs of the plans are financed through plan assets. The plans are managed and administered by the Metropolitan Employee Benefit Board (the Board), an independent board created by the Metropolitan Charter. The Board is composed of ten members, as follows: Finance Director, Human Resources Director, three members appointed by the Mayor, and five members selected by employees and retirees of the Metropolitan Government.

Plan Membership

Plan membership is summarized on the Selected Pension Information Schedules on pages B-78 to B-79.

Benefits Provided

Metro Plan

Division A

This plan (The Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust Fund) was established at the inception of the Government on April 1, 1963 and implemented on November 4, 1964. At that time, all employees of the former city and county governments were given the option of continuing as participants of the pension plans of those organizations or transferring to the Metro Plan. Division A of the Metro Plan was closed to new members on July 1, 1995.

Normal retirement for employees other than police officers and fire fighters occurs at age 65 and entitles employees to a lifetime monthly benefit of 1/12 of the sum of 1% of average base earnings, as defined by the Social Security Administration, plus 1.75% of average excess earnings as defined in the Plan, multiplied by the years of credited service, plus cost-of-living adjustments. Average earnings are the average earnings for the last 60 consecutive months in which earnings were highest. Benefits fully vest on completing 10 years of service.

Normal retirement for police officers and fire fighters occurs upon reaching age 55 and completing 20 years of service. The lifetime monthly benefit is calculated as 1/12 of the sum of 2% of average earnings up to 25 years of credited service plus 1.75% of average earnings for all years of credited service in excess of 25, reduced by the amount of primary social security benefits at age 65 and increased by cost-of-living adjustments. In no event shall police and fire pensions be less than that due to employees who are not policemen or firemen. Benefits fully vest on completing 10 years of service.

Any employee who terminates after the completion of at least 10 years of service and before eligibility for normal retirement shall be eligible to receive a monthly deferred pension which shall commence on the first day of the month following the attainment of age 65, computed and payable in accordance with the Metro Plan.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Division B

As of July 1, 1995, Division B of the Metro Plan was established for all non-certificated employees of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools and all other Government employees. Employees with an effective hire date of July 1, 1995 or later are only eligible to participate in Division B of the Metro Plan. Also, Government employees as of June 30, 1995 who were qualified members of Division A were given the option to transfer to Division B as of January 1, 1996, subject to written application approved by the Benefit Board. Substantially all employees transferred to Division B of the Metro Plan.

Normal retirement for employees other than police officers and fire fighters occurs at the unreduced retirement age which is the earlier of (a) the date when the employee's age plus the completed years of credited employee service equals 85, but not before age 60; or (b) the date when the employee reaches age 65 and completes 5 years of credited employee service. The lifetime monthly benefit is calculated as 1/12 of the sum of 1.75% of average earnings based upon the previous 60 consecutive months of credited service which produce the highest earnings. Benefits fully vest on completing 5 years of service for employees employed on or between October 1, 2001 and December 31, 2012 who vest before leaving employment. Benefits fully vest on completing 10 years of service for employees and non-vested employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 2013.

Normal retirement for police officers and fire fighters occurs any time after attaining the unreduced retirement age which is the date when the employee's age plus the completed years of credited police and fire service equals 75, but not before age 53 nor after age 60. The lifetime monthly benefit is 1/12 of the sum of 2% of average earnings for each year of credited fire and police service not in excess of 25 years; plus 1.75% of average earnings for each year that the credited police or fire service exceeds 25 years. Benefits fully vest on completing 5 years of service for employees employed on or between October 1, 2001 and December 31, 2012 who vest before leaving employment. Benefits fully vest on completing 10 years of service for employees and non-vested employees hired or rehired on or after January 1, 2013.

An early retirement pension is available for retired employees if the termination occurs prior to the eligibility under normal retirement but after age 50 (45 for police and fire) and after the completion of 10 years of credited employee service. Such shall be payable as either a monthly deferred early employee service pension beginning the month after the attainment of the normal retirement age or an immediate monthly early employee service pension beginning on the first day of the month following termination. The lifetime monthly benefit for the immediate monthly early employee service pension is reduced by 4% for each of the first 5 years by which the retirement date precedes the normal retirement age, and by 8% for each additional year by which the retirement date precedes the normal retirement age; provided, however, that the immediate monthly benefit shall not be less than the actuarial equivalent of the deferred pension provided by the Metro Plan.

Any employee who terminates after the completion of at least 10 years of service (or 5 years of service if hired before January 1, 2013) and before eligibility for normal retirement or early retirement shall be eligible to receive a monthly deferred pension which shall commence on the first day of the month following the attainment of unreduced retirement age, computed and payable in accordance with the Metro Plan.

Any employee with unused sick leave time at service retirement shall receive 100% credit for the time, subject to an affirmative election at the time of retirement.

Any employee who terminates and is rehired is eligible to reconnect prior service after being regularly employed continuously for one year.

Dependent children of vested employees are eligible for a survivor benefit if the employee should die leaving no surviving spouse.

All assets of the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust Fund may legally be used to pay benefits to any plan members or beneficiaries, regardless of whether the members participate in Division A or Division B of the Metro Plan.

City Plan

This plan (the Closed City Plan Fund) covers certain employees of the former city of Nashville who have elected to remain under this plan and not transfer to the Metro Plan. This plan was closed to new members on April 1, 1963. Normal retirement for police officers and fire fighters occurs upon completing 25 years of service; for other participants, age 60 must be reached in addition to completing 25 years of service. The monthly lifetime benefit of all participants is 50% of the final monthly salary. All participants in the City Plan are fully vested.

County Plan

This plan (the Davidson County Employees' Retirement Fund) covers employees of the former government of Davidson County who have elected to remain under this plan and not transfer to the Metro Plan. This plan was closed to new members on April 1, 1963.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Participants elected coverage under Division A or B. Normal retirement under Division A occurs at age 65; lifetime monthly benefits are the years of credited service multiplied by 0.75% of defined average base earnings per month plus 1.5% of average excess earnings as defined in the Plan per month. Average earnings are the average earnings for the 10 full consecutive calendar years in which earnings were highest. Normal retirement under Division B occurs after 30 years of service or after 24 years of service and reaching age 60; lifetime monthly benefits are 1/12 of 50% of the highest calendar year earnings. All participants in the County Plan are fully vested.

Metro Education Plan

This plan (the Teachers' Retirement Plan Fund) covers participants who elected to transfer from the City Education Plan and County Education Plan and professional employees of Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools hired between April 1, 1963 and July 1, 1969. Normal retirement occurs upon reaching age 60 with 20 years of service, completing 25 years of service, or reaching age 65. The lifetime monthly benefit is determined as 1/12 of 2% of the highest average earnings multiplied by the years of service, plus cost-of-living adjustments. Highest average earnings are the average earnings for the 36 consecutive months in which earnings were highest. All participants in the Metro Education Plan are fully vested.

After July 1, 1969 professional employees hired became members of the State Employees, Teachers, and Higher Education Employees Pension Plan, a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) that provides retirement, death, and disability benefits.

City Education Plan

This plan (the Teachers' Civil Service and Pension Fund) covers employees who were teachers of the former City of Nashville who elected to remain under this plan and not transfer to the Metro Education Plan. This plan was closed to new members on April 1, 1963.

Normal retirement occurs upon reaching age 60 and completing 15 years of service, or completing 25 years of service before reaching age 60. With 15 years of service, the lifetime monthly benefit is 1/12 of 2.5% of the highest annual salary multiplied by the years of service up to 24. With 25 years of service, the lifetime monthly benefit is 1/12 of 2% of the highest annual salary multiplied by the years of service up to 30. Benefits are adjusted for cost-of-living increases. All participants in the City Education Plan are fully vested.

County Education Plan

This plan (the Employees' Pension and Insurance Fund) covers teachers and classified employees of the former Davidson County Board of Education who have elected to remain under this plan and not transfer to the Metro Education Plan. This plan was closed to new members on April 1, 1963.

Normal retirement occurs upon reaching age 60 and completing 15 years of service, or completing 25 years of service before reaching age 60. With 15 years of service, the lifetime monthly benefit is 1/12 of 2.5% of the highest annual salary multiplied by the years of service up to 24. With 25 years of service, the lifetime monthly benefit is 1/12 of 2% of the highest annual salary multiplied by the years of service up to 30. Benefits are adjusted for cost-of-living increases. All participants in the County Education Plan are fully vested.

Contributions

Metro Plan

The funding policy is to provide for periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates that are designed to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. All other funding is provided by the Government with an actuarially recommended employer contribution rate of 12.340% for the non-certificated employees of Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools and all other Metro employees.

City Plan

Funding is on a pay-as-you-go basis whereby contributions are made in amounts sufficient to cover benefits paid during the year.

County Plan

Funding is on a pay-as-you-go basis whereby contributions are made in amounts sufficient to cover benefits paid during the year.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Metro Education Plan

The Metro Education Plan is financed by contributions from Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools, participating employees and the State of Tennessee. Employees contribute a specified percentage of their earnings, the State of Tennessee contributes an amount to reimburse current benefits paid equivalent to the benefits which would have been earned under the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS) and Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools contributes an additional amount to provide for periodic contributions as actuarially determined to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

City Education Plan

The plan is financed by contributions from the Government, participating employees and the State of Tennessee. Employees contribute a specified percentage of their earnings, the State of Tennessee contributes an amount to reimburse current benefits paid equivalent to the benefits which would have been earned under TCRS and the Government contributes an additional amount to cover current benefits (pay-as-you-go).

County Education Plan

The plan is financed by contributions from the Government, participating employees and the State of Tennessee. Employees contribute a specified percentage of their earnings, the State of Tennessee contributes an amount to reimburse current benefits paid equivalent to the benefits which would have been earned under TCRS and the Government contributes an additional amount to cover current benefits (pay-as-you-go).

C. Investments

Investment Policy

The investments of the Metro Plan and Metro Education Plans are administered in accordance with the Statement of Investment Policy of the Government's Employee Benefit System. The Investment Committee of the Government's Employee Benefit System has been given the authority under Section 13.04 of the Metropolitan Charter to regulate and determine all matters dealing with the investments of the Plans.

The policy emphasizes a long-term investment strategy. Short-term fluctuations in the market value of the portfolio should not influence the investment structure under normal circumstances. In November 2018, the Investment Committee adopted asset allocation ranges or targets for the System. The policy outlines asset allocation targets as follows:

| Asset Class | Target |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Domestic Equity | 10-25 % |
| International Equity | 10-25 |
| Fixed Income | 10-30 |
| Fixed income Alternatives | 5-25 |
| Real Assets | 5-15 |
| Equity L/S | 0-10 |
| Cash Equivalents | 0-3 |
| Private Equity | 5-15 |

The System will maintain a target allocation within the ranges above while considering outstanding commitments, drawn capital, the System's long term allocation goals and relevant market conditions. The investment policy was revised in the current year to adjust the target asset allocation as noted on the table above.

Concentrations

There are no individual investments in the Metro Plan or the Metro Education Plan that exceed 5% of plan assets at June 30, 2019.

Rate of Return

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments of the Metro Plan and Metro Education Plan, net of investment expense, was 6.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Net Pension Liability

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018. Actuarial assumptions are summarized on the Selected Pension Information Schedules on pages B-78 to B-79.

Mortality rates were based on the 115% RP-2014 Blue Collar Table (projected to 2023 using Scale MP-17) and the 130% RP-2014 Disabled Mortality, as determined by the periodic actuarial experience study.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2018 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2012 to 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class from historical returns and consensus expectations of future returns. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Plans' target asset allocation are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Long-Term Historical Real Rate of Return | Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return |
|---------------------------|--|--|
| Domestic Equity | 7.10 % | 5.10 % |
| International Equity | 7.00 | 5.30 |
| Equity Hedge | 8.40 | 7.90 |
| Fixed Income | 4.30 | 2.30 |
| Fixed Income Alternatives | 6.10 | 2.70 |
| Real Assets | 3.20 | 4.90 |
| Private Equity | 10.50 | 7.90 |

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. Based on the Plan assumptions and funding policy, the fiduciary net position for each Plan was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

| Plan | 1% Decrease (6.25%) | Current Discount Rate (7.25%) | 1% Increase (8.25%) |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| County | \$ 5,555,736 | \$ 5,338,143 | \$ 5,124,018 |
| Metro | 518,397,117 | 122,525,076 | (223,256,432) |
| County Education | 18,322,605 | 17,514,607 | 16,770,277 |
| Metro Education | 51,501,913 | 46,089,960 | 41,247,161 |
| City | 28,138,579 | 27,002,223 | 25,884,585 |
| City Education | 8,298,035 | 7,948,842 | 7,626,973 |
| Total net pension liability (asset) | <u>\$ 630,213,985</u> | <u>\$ 226,418,851</u> | <u>\$ (136,603,418)</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

E. Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government recognized pension expense for each of the plans as follows:

| | <u>Pension Expense</u> |
|-----------------------|------------------------|
| County | \$ 419,764 |
| Metro | 109,318,207 |
| County Education | 1,458,562 |
| Metro Education | 4,101,221 |
| City | 2,057,770 |
| City Education | <u>741,839</u> |
| Total pension expense | <u>\$ 118,091,363</u> |

Pension expense is comprised of various elements including service cost, interest, changes in benefit terms, investment experience, and the amortization of deferred outflows and inflows of resources, which are all factors used by the actuaries in the calculation of the net pension liability (asset).

F. Special Funding Situations

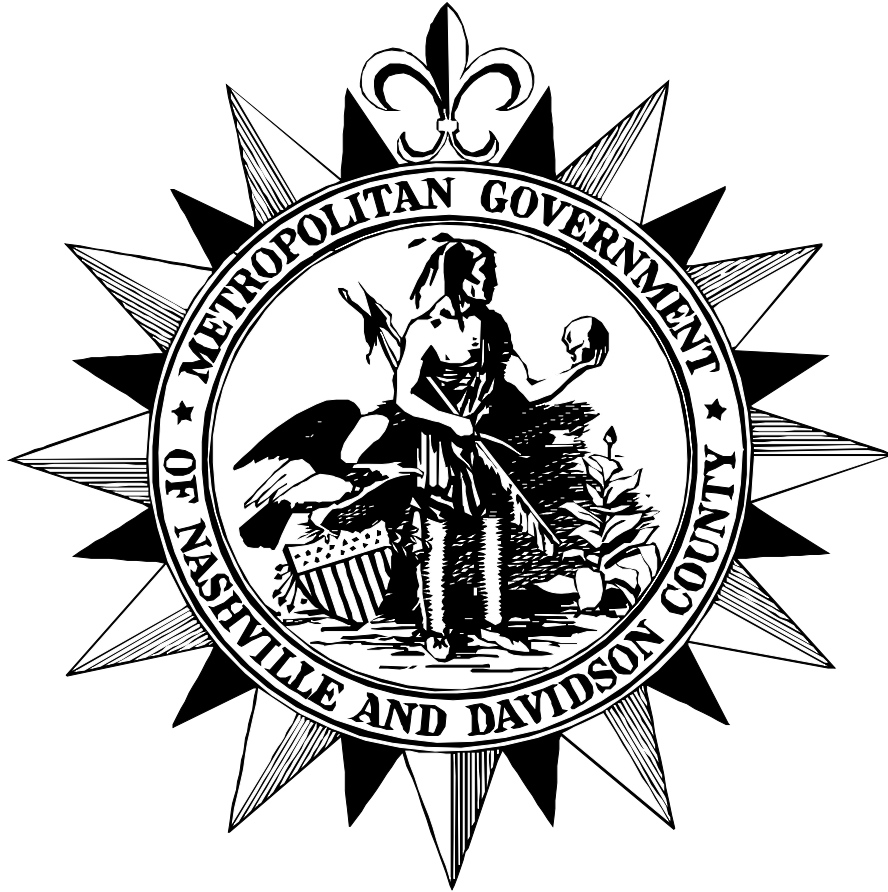
The County Education, Metro Education, and City Education Plans are funded by the State of Tennessee as well as the Government. The determination of proportionate shares has been made in a manner consistent with the actual provision of benefits by each contributor.

| | <u>County Education Plan</u> | | <u>Metro Education Plan</u> | | <u>City Education Plan</u> |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Employer's proportionate share | 72.03 | % | 39.92 | % | 70.98 |
| Collective pension expense | \$ 2,024,937 | | \$ 10,273,600 | | \$ 1,045,138 |
| Proportionate share of pension expense | 1,458,562 | | 4,101,221 | | 741,839 |
| Support of State of Tennessee | (566,375) | | (6,172,379) | | (303,299) |
| Collective net pension liability | 24,314,157 | | 115,468,521 | | 11,199,032 |
| Proportionate share of net pension liability | 17,514,607 | | 46,089,960 | | 7,948,842 |
| Proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources | 94,550 | | 81,186 | | 74,427 |

G. Additional Pension Information

Additional information regarding the changes in the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the plans of the primary government is summarized on the Selected Pension Information Schedules on pages B-80 to B-83.

The significant actuarial assumptions underlying the plans of the primary government and plan membership are summarized on the Selected Pension Information Schedules on pages B-78 to B-79. The assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the net pension liability except where indicated.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION

| | <u>County</u> | <u>Metro</u> | <u>County Education</u> |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| ACTUARIAL VALUATION INFORMATION | | | |
| Valuation date | July 1, 2018 | July 1, 2018 | July 1, 2018 |
| Measurement date | June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2019 |
| Actuarial cost method | entry age normal | entry age normal | entry age normal |
| Amortization method | level dollar open | level dollar closed | level dollar open |
| Amortization period | 8 years | 30 years closed | 8 years |
| Asset valuation method | market | 5 year smoothed market | market |
| Actuarial assumptions: | | | |
| Investment rate of return* | 7.25% | 7.25% | 7.25% |
| Projected salary increases* | N/A | 4.00% | N/A |
| Inflation | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.60% |
| Postretirement benefit increase adjustments | 2.50% | 2.50% Division A 1.25% Division B | 3.00% |
| * Includes inflation | | | |
| PLAN MEMBERSHIP | | | |
| Active: | | | |
| Fully vested | - | 7,806 | - |
| Non-vested and partially vested | - | 3,840 | - |
| Total active | - | 11,646 | - |
| Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits | 59 | 8,916 | |
| Terminated vested | - | 3,466 | - |
| Total | 59 | 24,028 | 151 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION

| Metro Education | City | County Education |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| July 1, 2018 | July 1, 2018 | July 1, 2018 |
| June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2019 |
| entry age normal | entry age normal | entry age normal |
| level dollar closed | level dollar open | level dollar open |
| 30 years from July 1, 2000 | 8 years | 7 years |
| 5 year smoothed market | market | market |
| 7.25% | 7.25% | 7.25% |
| N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2.60% | 2.50% | 2.60% |
| 3.00% | 2.50% | 3.00% |
| - | - | - |
| - | - | - |
| - | - | - |
| 859 | 298 | 78 |
| 1 | - | - |
| <u>860</u> | <u>298</u> | <u>78</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>County Plan (Closed)</u> | | | |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 5,942,121 | \$ - | \$ 5,942,121 |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Interest | 395,459 | - | 395,459 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 24,411 | - | 24,411 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 1,023,934 | (1,023,934) |
| Net investment income (loss) | - | (86) | 86 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (1,023,848) | (1,023,848) | - |
| Net changes | (603,978) | - | (603,978) |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 5,338,143 | \$ - | \$ 5,338,143 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | - | % |
| <u>Metro Plan (Open)</u> | | | |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 3,198,179,701 | \$ 3,116,571,742 | \$ 81,607,959 |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Service cost | 54,975,545 | - | 54,975,545 |
| Interest | 234,271,280 | - | 234,271,280 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 66,297,147 | - | 66,297,147 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 77,242,171 | (77,242,171) |
| Contributions – members | - | 34,011 | (34,011) |
| Transfers in | - | 317,040 | (317,040) |
| Net investment income | - | 240,858,276 | (240,858,276) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (176,248,788) | (176,248,788) | - |
| Administrative expenses | 34,011 | (3,790,632) | 3,824,643 |
| Net changes | 179,329,195 | 138,412,078 | 40,917,117 |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 3,377,508,896 | \$ 3,254,983,820 | \$ 122,525,076 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 96.37 | % |
| <u>County Education Plan (Closed)</u> | | | |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 28,365,067 | \$ 1,174,372 | \$ 27,190,695 |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Interest | 1,889,633 | - | 1,889,633 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 161,058 | - | 161,058 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 2,729,955 | (2,729,955) |
| Contributions - State of Tennessee | - | 2,170,140 | (2,170,140) |
| Net investment income | - | 27,134 | (27,134) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (4,924,449) | (4,924,449) | - |
| Net changes | (2,873,758) | 2,780 | (2,876,538) |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 25,491,309 | \$ 1,177,152 | \$ 24,314,157 |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 4.62 | % |
| Proportionate share of collective net pension liability: | | | |
| Employer | | | \$ 17,514,607 |
| State of Tennessee | | | 6,799,550 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION

CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| <u>Metro Education Plan (Closed)</u> | | | |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 238,406,734 | \$ 98,114,754 | \$ 140,291,980 |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Interest | 16,197,740 | - | 16,197,740 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 147,505 | - | 147,505 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 23,525,080 | (23,525,080) |
| Contributions - State of Tennessee | - | 10,482,030 | (10,482,030) |
| Net investment income | - | 7,262,507 | (7,262,507) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (30,274,284) | (30,274,284) | - |
| Administrative expenses | - | (100,913) | 100,913 |
| Net changes | <u>(13,929,039)</u> | <u>10,894,420</u> | <u>(24,823,459)</u> |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | <u>\$ 224,477,695</u> | <u>\$ 109,009,174</u> | <u>\$ 115,468,521</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 48.56 | % |
| Proportionate share of collective net pension liability: | | | |
| Employer | | | \$ 46,089,960 |
| State of Tennessee | | | 69,378,561 |
| <u>City Plan (Closed)</u> | | | |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 30,009,484 | \$ - | \$ 30,009,484 |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Interest | 1,996,349 | - | 1,996,349 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 56,340 | - | 56,340 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 5,060,376 | (5,060,376) |
| Net investment income (loss) | - | (426) | 426 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (5,059,950) | (5,059,950) | - |
| Net changes | <u>(3,007,261)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(3,007,261)</u> |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | <u>\$ 27,002,223</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 27,002,223</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | - | % |
| <u>City Education Plan (Closed)</u> | | | |
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 13,759,687 | \$ 922,126 | \$ 12,837,561 |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Interest | 912,142 | - | 912,142 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 153,472 | - | 153,472 |
| Contributions – employer | - | 1,238,054 | (1,238,054) |
| Contributions - State of Tennessee | - | 1,444,804 | (1,444,804) |
| Net investment income | - | 21,285 | (21,285) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (2,663,768) | (2,663,768) | - |
| Net changes | <u>(1,598,154)</u> | <u>40,375</u> | <u>(1,638,529)</u> |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | <u>\$ 12,161,533</u> | <u>\$ 962,501</u> | <u>\$ 11,199,032</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | | 7.91 | % |
| Proportionate share of collective net pension liability: | | | |
| Employer | | | \$ 7,948,842 |
| State of Tennessee | | | 3,250,190 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <u>County Plan</u> | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | (28) |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | - | (28) |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|----------|
| Year ended June 30, | |
| 2020 | \$ (103) |
| 2021 | 34 |
| 2022 | 24 |
| 2023 | 17 |

Metro Plan

| | | |
|--|----------------|------------------|
| Changes in assumptions | \$ 77,959,742 | \$ - |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 58,010,004 | (57,511,318) |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | (148,618,787) |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 135,969,746 | \$ (206,130,105) |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Year ended June 30, | |
| 2020 | \$ (27,769,271) |
| 2021 | (64,985,955) |
| 2022 | (22,664,507) |
| 2023 | 452,649 |
| 2024 | 17,956,640 |
| Thereafter | 26,850,085 |

County Education Plan

| | | |
|--|-----------|------|
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$ 94,550 | \$ - |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 94,550 | \$ - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|-----------|
| Year ended June 30, | |
| 2020 | \$ 38,116 |
| 2021 | 29,515 |
| 2022 | 18,690 |
| 2023 | 8,229 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SELECTED PENSION INFORMATION

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES RELATED TO PENSIONS

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <u>Metro Education Plan</u> | | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$ 81,186 | \$ - |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 81,186 | \$ - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|------------|
| Year ended June 30, | |
| 2020 | \$ 255,772 |
| 2021 | (205,239) |
| 2022 | 32,053 |
| 2023 | (1,400) |

City Plan

| | | |
|---|------|----------|
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$ - | \$ (525) |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ - | \$ (525) |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|----------|
| Year ended June 30, | |
| 2020 | \$ (903) |
| 2021 | 161 |
| 2022 | 128 |
| 2023 | 89 |

City Education Plan

| | | |
|---|-----------|------|
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | \$ 74,427 | \$ - |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | \$ 74,427 | \$ - |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|-----------|
| Year ended June 30, | |
| 2020 | \$ 30,073 |
| 2021 | 23,127 |
| 2022 | 14,659 |
| 2023 | 6,568 |

Plans Administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS)**H. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan and Teacher Retirement Plan (TCRS Plans) in the TCRS and additions to/deductions from each of the TCRS Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the TCRS. For this purpose, benefits (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms of the TCRS Plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. General Information about the Pension Plan***Plan Description***

Teachers of the Government with membership in the TCRS before July 1, 2014 of Davidson County Schools are provided with pensions through the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan, a cost sharing multiple-employer pension plan administered by the TCRS. The Teacher Legacy Pension Plan closed to new membership on June 30, 2014, but will continue providing benefits to existing members and retirees. Beginning July 1, 2014, the Teacher Retirement Plan became effective for teachers employed by Local Education Agencies (LEA's) after June 30, 2014. The Teacher Retirement Plan is a separate cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The TCRS was created by state statute under Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37. The TCRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the proper operation and administration of all employer pension plans in the TCRS. The Tennessee Treasury Department, an agency in the legislative branch of state government, administers the plans of the TCRS. The TCRS issues a publically available financial report that can be obtained at www.treasury.state.tn.gov/Retirement/Boards-and-Governance/Reporting-and-Investment-Policies.

Benefits Provided

Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37 establishes the benefit terms and can be amended only by the Tennessee General Assembly.

Members of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 60 with 5 years of service credit or after 30 years of service credit regardless of age. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 55 and vested. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest.

Members of the Teacher Retirement Plan are eligible to retire with an unreduced benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service credit or pursuant to the rule of 90 in which the member's age and service credit total 90. Benefits are determined by a formula using the member's highest five consecutive year average compensation and the member's years of service credit. A reduced early retirement benefit is available at age 60 and vested or pursuant to the rule of 80. Members are vested with five years of service credit. Service related disability benefits are provided regardless of length of service. Five years of service is required for non-service related disability eligibility. The service related and non-service related disability benefits are determined in the same manner as a service retirement benefit but are reduced 10 percent and include projected service credits. A variety of death benefits are available under various eligibility criteria. Member and beneficiary annuitants are entitled to automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs) after retirement. A COLA is granted each July for annuitants retired prior to the 2nd of July of the previous year. The COLA is based on the change in the consumer price index (CPI) during the prior calendar year, capped at 3 percent, and applied to the current benefit. No COLA is granted if the change in the CPI is less than one-half percent. A one percent COLA is granted if the CPI change is between one-half percent and one percent. A member who leaves employment may withdraw their employee contributions, plus any accumulated interest. Under the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan and the Teacher Retirement Plan, benefit terms and conditions, including COLA, can be adjusted on a prospective basis. Moreover, there are defined cost controls and unfunded liability controls that provide for the adjustment of benefit terms and conditions on an automatic basis.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

Contributions for teachers are established in the statutes governing the TCRS and may only be changed by the Tennessee General Assembly. Teachers contribute 5 percent of salary. The LEA's make employer contributions at the rate set by the Board of Trustees as determined by an actuarial valuation. By law, employer contributions for the TCRS Plans are required to be paid. The TCRS may intercept the state shared taxes of the sponsoring governmental entity of the LEA if the required employer contributions are not remitted. Employer contributions by Davidson County Schools for the year ended June 30, 2019 to the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan were \$26,954,692 which is 10.46% of covered payroll. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 to the Teacher Retirement Plan were \$2,077,091 which is 1.94% of covered payroll. The employer rate, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, the cost of administration, as well as an amortized portion of any unfunded liability of the TCRS Plans.

J. Pension Liability (Asset), Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Pension Liability (Asset)

At June 30, 2019, the Government reported an asset of (\$28,078,491) for its proportionate share of net pension asset of the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Government's proportion of the net pension asset was based on its employer contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all LEA's. At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the Government's proportion was 7.98%. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 was 8.14%.

At June 30, 2019, the Government reported an asset of (\$5,253,194) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset of Teacher Retirement Plan. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension asset used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial value as of that date. The Government's proportion of the net pension asset was based on its employer contributions to the pension plan during the year ended June 30, 2018 relative to the contributions of all LEA's for the year ended June 30, 2018. At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the Government's proportion was 11.58%. The proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 was 12.27%.

Pension Income and Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government recognized a (negative) pension expense of (\$9,690,696) in the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government recognized a pension expense of \$1,813,973 in the Teacher Retirement Plan.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <u>Teacher Legacy Pension Plan</u> | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ 5,675,620 | \$ 37,880,108 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 6,111,051 |
| Changes in assumptions | 16,583,292 | - |
| Change in proportion of net pension liability (asset) | - | 3,729,739 |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 | 26,954,692 | - |
| Total | <u>\$ 49,213,604</u> | <u>\$ 47,720,898</u> |
| <u>Teacher Retirement Plan</u> | | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ 297,526 | \$ 209,237 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments | - | 296,738 |
| Changes in assumptions | 247,830 | - |
| Change in proportion of net pension liability (asset) | 239,695 | - |
| Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of June 30, 2018 | 2,077,091 | - |
| Total | <u>\$ 2,862,142</u> | <u>\$ 505,975</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Government's employer contributions of \$26,954,692 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources, made subsequent to the measurement date but before June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an increase in net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020 for the Teacher Legacy Pension Plan. The Government's employer contributions of \$2,077,091 reported as pension related deferred outflows of resources, made subsequent to the measurement date but before June 30, 2019, will be recognized as an increase in net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2020 for the Teacher Retirement Plan. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | Teacher Legacy Pension Plan | Teacher Retirement Plan |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2020 | \$ 4,135,128) | \$ (18,478) |
| 2021 | (10,620,022 | (27,894) |
| 2022 | (16,269,247) | (70,189) |
| 2023 | (2,707,942) | 7,350 |
| 2024 | - | 46,882 |
| Thereafter | - | 341,406 |

Positive amounts will increase pension expense, while negative amounts will decrease pension expense.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Inflation | 2.5% |
| Salary increases | Graded salary ranges from 8.72% to 3.44% based on age, including inflation, averaging 4.00% |
| Investment rate of return | 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation |
| Cost of living adjustment | 2.25% |

Mortality rates are customized based on the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study and included some adjustment for expected future improvement in life expectancy.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016. The demographic assumptions were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and expected future experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees in conjunction with the June 30, 2016 actuarial experience study. A blend of future capital market projections and historical market returns was used in a building-block method in which a best-estimate of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) is developed for each major asset class. These best-estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation of 2.5%. The best-estimates of geometric real rates of return and the TCRS investment policy target asset allocation for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Long-Term Historical Real Rate of Return | Target Allocation |
|--|--|----------------------|
| U.S. Equity | 5.69 % | 31.00 % |
| Developing Market International Equity | 5.29 | 14.00 |
| Emerging Market International Equity | 6.36 | 4.00 |
| Private Equity and Strategic Lending | 5.79 | 20.00 |
| U.S. Fixed Income | 2.01 | 20.00 |
| Real Estate | 4.32 | 10.00 |
| Short-term Securities | - | 1.00 |
| | | <u>100.00 %</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was established by the TCRS Board of Trustees as 7.25% based on a blending of the three factors described above.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current rate and that contributions from the all LEA's will be made at the actuarially determined contribution rate pursuant to an actuarial valuation in accordance with the funding policy of the TCRS Board of Trustees and as required to be paid by state statute. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

| Plan | 1% Decrease (6.25%) | Current Discount Rate (7.25%) | 1% Increase (8.25%) |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Teacher Legacy Pension Plan | \$ 216,446,699 | \$ (28,078,491) | \$ (230,389,019) |
| Teacher Retirement Plan | 812,147 | (5,253,194) | (9,721,914) |

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TCRS financial report.

K. Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2019, the Government reported a payable of \$889,385 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required at the year ended June 30, 2019.

L. Defined Contribution Component to the Teacher Retirement Plan

The Teacher Retirement Plan is a hybrid plan that consists of a define benefit plan plus a defined contribution plan. Employers contribute 4% of payroll to the defined benefit component and 5% of payroll to the defined contribution component, for an aggregate employer contribution of 9%. Employees may elect to defer a percentage of their salary into the defined contribution plan. Defined contribution plan amounts are deposited into the State's 401 (k) plan with Great West Financial, where the employee manages the investments. Employees immediately vest in both the employee and employer contributions to the defined contribution plan. Future employer contributions may be decreased as part of the cost controls for the defined benefit portion of the plan. Tennessee Code Annotated Title 8, Chapters 34-37, establishes the benefit terms and can only be amended by the Tennessee General Assembly. The Government contributed \$5,550,353 to the defined contribution plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, equal to 5% of the covered payroll of \$111,007,060.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Classification in the Statement of Net Position

The total net pension liability (asset) and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are allocated between governmental activities, business-type activities, and component units. The following reconciles the total net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources by plan to the classification in the Statement of Net Position:

| | Net Pension Liability (Asset) | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Plans: | | | |
| County | \$ 5,338,143 | \$ - | \$ 28 |
| Metro | 122,525,076 | 135,969,746 | 206,130,105 |
| County Education | 17,514,607 | 94,550 | - |
| Metro Education | 46,089,960 | 81,186 | - |
| City | 27,002,223 | - | 525 |
| City Education | 7,948,842 | 74,427 | - |
| Teacher Legacy (TCRS) | (28,078,491) | 49,213,604 | 47,720,898 |
| Teacher Retirement (TCRS) | (5,253,194) | 2,862,142 | 505,975 |
| | <u>\$ 193,087,166</u> | <u>\$ 188,295,655</u> | <u>\$ 254,357,531</u> |
| Total by plan | | | |
| Reconciliation: | | | |
| Statement of Net Position: | | | |
| Primary government: | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ 209,545,107 | \$ 173,480,745 | 231,898,058 |
| Business-type activities | 11,505,978 | 10,102,090 | 15,314,810 |
| | <u>221,051,085</u> | <u>183,582,835</u> | <u>247,212,868</u> |
| Total primary government | | | |
| Component units: | | | |
| Hospital Authority | 2,200,840 | 1,932,307 | 2,929,385 |
| Convention Center Authority | 521,642 | 457,995 | 694,322 |
| | <u>2,722,482</u> | <u>2,390,302</u> | <u>3,623,707</u> |
| Total component units | | | |
| Total Statement of Net Position | <u>223,773,567</u> | <u>185,973,137</u> | <u>250,836,575</u> |
| Add Charter Schools (1) | <u>2,645,284</u> | <u>2,322,518</u> | <u>3,520,956</u> |
| Less Statement of Net Position other assets | <u>(33,331,685)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Total allocation | <u>\$ 193,087,166</u> | <u>\$ 188,295,655</u> | <u>\$ 254,357,531</u> |

(1) State statutes allow support employees of charter schools to participate in Metro pension plans similar to Metro school support employees. Therefore, a portion of the pension related balances are allocated to the various charter schools.

Since the internal service functions primarily support governmental activities, the portion of the net pension liability (asset) applicable to internal service functions is considered an obligation of the governmental activities and is not allocated to the internal service funds, as the obligation will not be funded through the internal service rate structure.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 8 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLANS

Primary Government

A. General Information about the OPEB Plans

Plan Descriptions

Metropolitan Government

Retirees in the Metro, City or County Plans may elect to participate in the Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan, a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The Metro Plan is administered by the Employee Benefit Board and provides medical, dental and life insurance. The other postemployment benefits for Government employees were authorized by the Government's Charter and Code. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The Metro Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools

Retirees in the Metro, City or County Education Plans may elect to participate in the School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan, a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan. The School Plan is administered by the Metro Nashville Board of Education and provides medical and dental insurance. The other postemployment benefits for teachers of Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools were authorized by the Government's charter and code. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The School Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits Provided

Metropolitan Government

The Government provides medical, dental and life insurance to retirees. For medical insurance, the Government contributes 75% of all premium payments, and the retirees contribute 25%. The Government also provides a 50% matching contribution on dental insurance for any retiree who elects to participate. Finally, the Government provides life insurance at no charge to the retirees. The contribution requirements of Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan members and the Government are established and may be amended by the Employee Benefit Board. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements under which contributions are made in amounts sufficient to cover benefits paid, administrative costs and anticipated inflationary increases.

Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools

The Government provides medical and dental insurance to retirees. The contribution requirements of the School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan members and the Government are established and may be amended by the Metro Nashville Board of Education. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements under which contributions are made in amounts sufficient to cover benefits paid. The Government contributes 75% of all premium payments, and the retirees contribute 25%.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| | Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan | School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan | Total |
|--|---|---|---------------|
| Active employees | 12,820 | 14,853 | 27,673 |
| Active employees (with medical coverage) | 11,060 | 5,682 | 16,742 |
| Retired employees (with medical and life coverage) | 8,080 | 3,736 | 11,816 |
| Retired employees (with life coverage only) | 1,386 | 1,415 | 2,801 |
| Retiree spouses (with medical coverage) | - | 1,246 | 1,246 |
| Deferred vested employees | 3,584 | 47 | 3,631 |
| Retired employees receiving IOD benefits | 768 | - | 768 |
| Retired disabled employees receiving IOD benefits | 107 | - | 107 |
| Total participants | <u>37,805</u> | <u>26,979</u> | <u>64,784</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Total OPEB Liability

The Government's total OPEB liability of \$4,562,824,091 (\$3,478,753,908 for the Metropolitan Government and \$1,084,070,183 for Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools) was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

| | Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan | School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Valuation date | June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2019 |
| Measurement date | June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2019 |
| Actuarial valuation method | entry age normal | entry age normal |
| Healthcare cost trends: | | |
| Medical and Rx prescription drug | 7.5% graded down to 6.75% over 3 years and following Getzen model thereafter | 7.5% graded down to 6.75% over 3 years and following Getzen model thereafter |
| Dental and vision | 4% per annum | 4% per annum |
| Administrative fees | 5% per annum | 5% per annum |
| Discount rate | 2.79% | 2.79% |
| Salary increases | age weighted, decreasing increases at 10 year increments | age weighted, approximately 4% at average age |
| Asset valuation method | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| Investment rate of return | Not applicable | Not applicable |
| Amortization period | 20 years (closed) beginning July 1, 2017 | 20 years (closed) beginning July 1, 2017 |
| Funding policy | Pay-as-you-go | Pay-as-you-go |

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2019.

For the Metropolitan Government, mortality rates were based on RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate. For Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools, the mortality rates were based on the decrement rate study completed for the State of Tennessee Teacher Plans.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

| | Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan | School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan | Total |
|---|---|---|-------------------------|
| Balance at June 30, 2018 | \$ 3,046,674,160 | \$ 842,388,104 | \$ 3,889,062,264 |
| Changes for the year: | | | |
| Service cost | 102,953,900 | 47,857,188 | 150,811,088 |
| Interest | 85,537,309 | 23,973,454 | 109,510,763 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | (38,208,225) | (2,276,475) | (40,484,700) |
| Changes in assumptions | 365,571,459 | 203,109,626 | 568,681,085 |
| Benefit payments | (83,774,695) | (30,981,714) | (114,756,409) |
| Net changes | 432,079,748 | 241,682,079 | 673,761,827 |
| Balance at June 30, 2019 | <u>\$ 3,478,753,908</u> | <u>\$ 1,084,070,183</u> | <u>\$ 4,562,824,091</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

There are no changes in the benefit terms for the Metro Employee's Medical Benefits Plan and the School Professional Employee' Insurance Plan.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Government, as well as what the Government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.79%) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.79%) than the current discount rate:

| | 1% Decrease (1.79%) | Current Discount Rate (2.79%) | 1% Increase (3.79%) |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan | \$ 4,112,553,481 | \$ 3,478,753,908 | \$ 2,980,866,598 |
| School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan | 1,258,732,849 | 1,084,070,183 | 943,030,362 |
| Total OPEB liability | <u>\$ 5,371,286,330</u> | <u>\$ 4,562,824,091</u> | <u>\$ 3,923,896,960</u> |

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Government, as well as what the Government's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (6.5% decreasing to 5.75% over 3 years) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5% decreasing to 7.75% over 3 years) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

| | 1% Decrease (6.5% decreasing to 5.75% over 3 years and following the Getzen model thereafter) | Cost Trend Rates (7.5% decreasing to 6.75% over 3 years and following the Getzen model thereafter) | 1% Increase (8.5% decreasing to 7.75% over 3 years and following the Getzen model thereafter) |
|---|--|---|--|
| Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan | \$ 2,934,117,812 | \$ 3,478,753,908 | \$ 4,184,036,349 |
| School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan | 922,774,972 | 1,084,070,183 | 1,291,688,069 |
| Total OPEB liability | <u>\$ 3,856,892,784</u> | <u>\$ 4,562,824,091</u> | <u>\$ 5,475,724,418</u> |

D. OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government recognized OPEB expense of \$242,572,313 for the Metro Employee's Medical Benefits Plan and \$94,145,436 for the School Professional Employee' Insurance Plan. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Government reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB for the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | Deferred Inflows of Resources |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <u>Metro Employees' Medical Benefit Plan</u> | | |
| Experience losses (gains) | \$ - | \$ (32,989,060) |
| Changes in assumptions | 306,271,190 | - |
| Total | <u>\$ 306,271,190</u> | <u>\$ (32,989,060)</u> |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

| | |
|---------------------|---------------|
| Year ended June 30, | |
| 2020 | \$ 53,361,952 |
| 2021 | 53,361,952 |
| 2022 | 53,361,952 |
| 2023 | 53,361,952 |
| 2024 | 53,361,952 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

| | <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> | <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> |
|---|---|--|
| <u>School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan</u> | | |
| Experience losses (gains) | \$ - | \$ (2,023,533) |
| Changes in assumptions | 180,541,890 | - |
| Total | <u>\$ 180,541,890</u> | <u>\$ (2,023,533)</u> |
| Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows: | | |
| Year ended June 30, | | |
| 2020 | \$ 22,314,794 | |
| 2021 | 22,314,794 | |
| 2022 | 22,314,794 | |
| 2023 | 22,314,794 | |
| 2024 | 22,314,794 | |
| Thereafter | 66,944,387 | |

Component Units

Information regarding the other postemployment benefits provided by component units can be found in their separately issued financial statements.

NOTE 9 – DEFERRED COMPENSATION AND PROFIT SHARING PLANS

Primary Government

Metro Plan

The Government offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all employees, permits deferral of a portion of salary until future years.

The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Because the assets are not held in a trustee capacity by the Government, they are not included in the Government's financial statements. No contributions are made to this plan by the Government.

Component Units

Information regarding deferred compensation and profit sharing plans provided by component units can be found in their separately issued financial statements.

NOTE 10 – LEASES

Primary Government

The Government entered a lease agreement commencing November 2005, for additional office space. The terms of the agreement call for a base annual rent of \$600,191 before a 50% credit for tenant improvements. Thereafter, rent will be adjusted upward based on either the consumer price index or 3.5% annually, whichever is less. The credit for tenant improvements is capped at \$5 million; the Government has incurred in excess of that amount through June 30, 2019. There is an additional credit in excess of \$1 million available for roof replacement. The roof replacement was completed in fiscal 2009. The lease agreement expired February 2016; however, the Government exercised the first of six renewal options for five additional years. As part of the renewal, the base annual rent increased to \$656,609. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$656,609.

The Government entered into operating lease agreements in 2008 and 2013 for downtown office space. These leases were amended during the year ended June 30, 2014 to provide for additional space through 2024. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$1,979,268. Future minimum rental payments are as follows:

| <u>Year Ending June 30</u> | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| 2020 | \$ | 2,165,601 |
| 2021 | | 2,209,164 |
| 2022 | | 2,253,111 |
| 2023 | | 2,297,895 |
| 2024 | | 727,156 |
| Total future minimum lease payments | <u>\$</u> | <u>9,652,927</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Government entered into an operating lease agreement during the year ended June 30, 2014 for space to be used as a clinic for employees who are injured in the line of duty. The lease expires September 30, 2023 with the option to extend an additional two terms of five years each. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$115,788. Future minimum rental payments are as follows:

| <u>Year Ending June 30</u> | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| 2020 | \$ | 119,262 |
| 2021 | | 122,840 |
| 2022 | | 124,333 |
| 2023 | | 130,707 |
| 2024 | | 134,603 |
| Total future minimum lease payments | <u>\$</u> | <u>641,745</u> |

The Government entered into two lease agreements in 2016 for temporary office space for employees of the Police Department during the construction of a new Police headquarters building which was completed in January 2019. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 for the two leases was \$1,190,838.

The Government entered into a lease agreement in 2016 for classroom space. This lease expires on July 31, 2024 with the option to extend an additional two terms of five years each. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$295,800. Future minimum rental payments are as follows:

| <u>Year Ending June 30</u> | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------------|
| 2020 | \$ | 310,764 |
| 2021 | | 310,764 |
| 2022 | | 310,764 |
| 2023 | | 326,076 |
| 2024 | | 326,076 |
| 2025 | | 27,173 |
| Total future minimum lease payments | <u>\$</u> | <u>1,611,617</u> |

The Government entered into a lease agreement in 2017 for temporary office space for employees of the Sheriff's Office during the construction of a new jail facility. The lease runs on a month to month basis ending on July 31, 2020, with the Government having the right to cancel the lease upon a 90-day written notice after the end of the second lease year. Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$344,100.

The Government leases certain other facilities from various lessors under operating lease agreements. Total rental expenditures under these leases are nominal for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The Government leases certain warehouse and office space and various other places for periodic use to various lessees. Such leases are accounted for as operating leases and range in duration from less than one year to five years. The lease agreements provide for fixed rental payments. Annual rental income under these operating leases is nominal.

Component Units

Nashville District Management Corporation

The Corporation leases office space under a noncancelable operating lease which originally expired December 2017. The space is paid for and used by Nashville Downtown Partnership, Inc., a related nonprofit organization. In connection with the lease, the lessor provided rent reductions totaling \$42,120 for the year ended December 31, 2017 that has been reflected in the financial statements as contributions with an offsetting charge to expense. Under the terms of the lease, the lessor will continue to provide rent reductions of similar amounts each year of the lease. The lease provides for additional rent to be payable in the event property taxes and/or building operating costs increase from base year amounts. Rent expense totaled \$104,985 for the year ended December 31, 2018.

During 2017, the above lease was amended to expire in December 2027. Beginning January 1, 2019, the lease no longer provides for reduced rent. Future minimum lease payments at December 31, 2017 are as follows:

| <u>Years Ending December 31,</u> | | <u>Annual Rent</u> |
|----------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|
| 2019 | \$ | 107,400 |
| 2020 | | 109,870 |
| 2021 | | 112,397 |
| 2022 | | 114,982 |
| 2023 | | 117,627 |
| Thereafter | | 498,191 |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | <u>1,060,467</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

General Hospital

The Government, on behalf of General Hospital, entered into a capital lease agreement with Meharry Medical College for the use of the Hubbard Hospital site on the Meharry campus. Under the terms of the agreement, the Government will lease the building for 30 years at \$4 million per year, including imputed interest at 7.5% per annum. Lease payments began in December 1994 after Meharry Medical College and the Board of Hospitals agreed on a program of renovations by Meharry Medical College to the property. This lease has been subleased to the Hospital Authority. At June 30, 2019, the leased building is carried in the proprietary type component units at the present value of minimum future lease payments of \$48,000,000, less accumulated depreciation.

A summary of future minimum lease payments required under the agreements as of June 30, 2019 follows:

| <u>Year Ending June 30</u> | | |
|--|----|-------------------|
| 2020 | \$ | 4,188,611 |
| 2021 | | 4,187,361 |
| 2022 | | 4,180,962 |
| 2023 | | 4,147,729 |
| 2024 | | 4,147,729 |
| 2025 | | <u>1,766,624</u> |
| Total future minimum lease payments | | 22,619,016 |
| Less: | | |
| Amount representing interest | | 4,062,420 |
| Current portion of capital lease | | <u>2,908,163</u> |
| Long-term capitalized lease obligation | \$ | <u>15,648,433</u> |

Convention Center Authority

On December 30, 2010 the Convention Center Authority (the Authority) entered into a Development Agreement for the Country Music Hall of Fame and Museum Expansion with Omni and into a Development, Lease and Operating Agreement with the County Music Foundation, Inc. (Hall of Fame). Under the terms of the agreements, Omni constructed a connector (expansion project) between its headquarters hotel and the Hall of Fame with funding from tax increment financing provided by the Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency. Upon completion of construction, the connector was transferred to the Authority on June 20, 2014 and is now leased to the Hall of Fame for an initial term of 60 years. Future minimum lease payments to the Authority will be as follows:

| <u>Years Ending June 30,</u> | <u>Annual Rent</u> |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 2020-2024 | \$ 350,000 |
| 2025-2064 | 500,000 |
| 2065-2069 | 650,000 |
| 2070-2074 | 750,000 |

The Hall of Fame is responsible for all interior and exterior operating costs, insurance, maintenance and repairs. As required by the agreements, the Authority has established a reserve fund for the majority of the rental income received from the Hall of Fame to cover future capital costs related to the connector. The cost and carrying amount of the connector on the Authority's statement of net position at June 30, 2019 is \$32,533,640.

Information regarding the lease transactions of the other component units can be found in their separately issued financial reports.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 11 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2019, are attributable to unsettled balances at year-end, primarily for internal service billings and transfers between funds.

Balances at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Due To | Due From | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | General Fund | General Purpose School Fund | GSD General Purposes Debt Service Fund | GSD School Purposes Debt Service Fund | USD General Purposes Debt Service Fund | GSD Capital Projects Fund |
| General Fund | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 164,934 |
| General Purpose School Fund | 100,164 | - | - | - | - | - |
| GSD General Purpose Debt Service Fund | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| USD General Purpose Debt Service Fund | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| GSD Capital Projects Fund | 83,162 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Education Capital Projects Fund | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 7,844,821 | 1,585,289 | - | - | - | 36,353 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | 555,432 | 206,886 | - | - | - | - |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | 96,801 | 41,275 | - | - | - | - |
| Internal Service Funds | 371,635 | 141,464 | 11,962 | 6,166 | 1,690 | 40,959 |
| Fiduciary Funds | 6,221,642 | 60,644 | - | - | - | - |
| Total Due to Other Funds of the Primary Government | <u>\$ 15,273,657</u> | <u>\$ 2,035,558</u> | <u>\$ 11,962</u> | <u>\$ 6,166</u> | <u>\$ 1,690</u> | <u>\$ 242,246</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Due From | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| Education Capital Projects Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | Department of Water and Sewerage Services | District Energy System | Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds | Fiduciary Funds | Total Due from Other Funds of the Primary Government |
| \$ - | \$ 4,741,281 | \$ 364,664 | \$ 7,815 | \$ 27,453 | \$ 106,656 | \$ 44,444 | \$ 5,457,247 |
| 1,658,669 | 2,298,725 | - | - | 656,657 | 139,880 | - | 4,854,095 |
| - | 258,615 | - | - | - | - | - | 258,615 |
| - | - | - | 39,899 | - | - | - | 39,899 |
| 37,388 | 5,111,081 | - | - | - | - | - | 5,231,631 |
| - | 807 | - | - | - | - | - | 807 |
| 1,300,000 | 4,056,815 | 518 | - | 2,155 | 56,232 | - | 14,882,183 |
| - | 19,323,585 | - | 63,776 | 73,132 | 1,430 | - | 20,224,241 |
| - | 1,193,327 | 1,859,412 | 300 | 1,600 | - | - | 3,192,715 |
| - | 110,962 | 12,896 | - | 7,611 | 5,913 | 108,618 | 819,876 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 59,018 | 6,341,304 |
| <u>\$ 2,996,057</u> | <u>\$ 37,095,198</u> | <u>\$ 2,237,490</u> | <u>\$ 111,790</u> | <u>\$ 768,608</u> | <u>\$ 310,111</u> | <u>\$ 212,080</u> | <u>\$ 61,302,613</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 12 – INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers are attributable to the budgeted allocation of resources from one fund to another, primarily for debt service requirements, operating subsidies and the funding of capital items.

Transfers from fiduciary funds represent unused employee contributions to the flexible benefit plans, which reverted to the Government.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Transferred From | Transferred To | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| | General Fund | General Purpose School Fund | GSD General Purposes Debt Service Fund | GSD School Purposes Debt Service Fund | USD General Purposes Debt Service Fund | GSD Capital Projects Fund |
| General Fund | \$ - | \$ 2,000,000 | \$ 49,191,100 | \$ 1,400,000 | \$ 2,000,000 | \$ - |
| General Purpose School Fund | 192,000 | - | - | - | - | - |
| GSD Capital Projects Fund | 30,000 | - | 673,360 | - | - | - |
| USD Capital Projects Fund | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 18,660,012 | 3,412,681 | 2,398,135 | 1,618,699 | 583,400 | 6,000,000 |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | 5,988,700 | - | - | - | - | - |
| District Energy System | 4,200 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | 1,516,800 | - | - | - | 1,225,200 | - |
| Internal Service Funds | 1,933,000 | - | 4,000,000 | - | - | - |
| Fiduciary Funds | - | 584 | - | - | - | - |
| Total Transfers In | \$ 28,324,712 | \$ 5,413,265 | \$ 56,262,595 | \$ 3,018,699 | \$ 3,808,600 | \$ 6,000,000 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

SCHEDULE OF INTERFUND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Transferred To | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Education Capital Projects Fund | USD Capital Projects Fund | Nonmajor Governmental Funds | District Energy System | Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | Internal Service Funds | Fiduciary Funds | Total Transfers Out |
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ 70,667,789 | \$ 1,640,300 | \$ 312,800 | \$ 10,002,838 | \$ 168,270 | \$ 137,383,097 |
| - | - | 134,329,305 | - | - | 1,250,000 | 128,820 | 135,900,125 |
| 21,210,683 | 4,037,174 | 153,963 | 77,026 | 26,882,398 | 7,037,465 | - | 60,102,069 |
| - | - | - | 51,589 | - | - | - | 51,589 |
| - | - | 3,738 | - | 43,215 | 11,545,850 | 19,950 | 44,285,680 |
| - | - | 5,003,755 | - | - | 2,915,438 | - | 13,907,893 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,229,400 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 1,682,343 | - | 7,199,143 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,933,000 |
| - | - | - | - | - | 2,951,340 | - | 2,951,924 |
| <u>\$ 21,210,683</u> | <u>\$ 4,037,174</u> | <u>\$ 210,158,550</u> | <u>\$ 1,768,915</u> | <u>\$ 27,238,413</u> | <u>\$ 37,385,274</u> | <u>\$ 317,040</u> | <u>\$ 404,943,920</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The Metropolitan Department of Law estimated a potential liability for claims, suits and judgments filed for damages to persons and property and for other alleged claims arising out of matters incidental to the operation of the Government. The estimated liability is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available resources and is recorded in the applicable governmental activities in the Statements of Net Position and Activities. Any estimated liabilities attributable to proprietary funds and component units are recorded in those funds and units.

B. Insurance and Benefits

The Government and its component units are subject to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; illnesses or injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Primary Government

The Government is self-insured with respect to liability claims. Liabilities for all accidents are generally limited under the Governmental Tort Liability Act of the Tennessee Code as follows:

| | Accidents | |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|
| Bodily injury | \$ 300,000 | per person |
| | 700,000 | per accident |
| Property damage | 100,000 | per accident |

The Government is also self-insured with respect to casualty losses on real and personal property. Each loss is subject to a per occurrence deductible of \$10,000 to a maximum of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and a \$3,000,000 annual aggregate. If a single loss reaches \$1,000,000, the property insurance policy will respond. After the \$3,000,000 annual aggregate has been exhausted, a \$50,000 per occurrence deductible will apply to each and every loss and the property insurance policy will respond. Losses from the perils of flood and earth movement will not erode the aggregate. Settled claims have not exceeded the self-insured retention in any of the past three fiscal years. The Government is also self-insured with respect to medical benefits and employee blanket bond coverage. Estimated losses for all self-insured risks of \$38,798,428 are recorded as liabilities in internal service funds.

The following summarizes the changes in the estimated claims payable in the respective internal service funds for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2019

| | School Self Insurance | General Government Self Insurance | School Professional Employees' Insurance | Employees' Medical Benefit | Injured on Duty | Total Internal Service Fund Types |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|---|
| Claims payable June 30, 2017 | \$ 2,674,931 | \$ 7,412,375 | \$ 9,219,267 | \$ 15,777,000 | \$ 5,226,000 | \$ 40,309,573 |
| Add: Provision for events of the current fiscal year | 1,292,654 | 2,463,750 | 118,912,761 | 230,598,694 | 13,500,782 | 366,768,641 |
| Deduct: Payments on claims during the fiscal year | 917,372 | 3,869,894 | 119,544,174 | 229,678,694 | 14,656,782 | 368,666,916 |
| Claims payable June 30, 2018 | 3,050,213 | 6,006,231 | 8,587,854 | 16,697,000 | 4,070,000 | 38,411,298 |
| Add: Provision for events of the current fiscal year | 1,280,795 | 4,702,109 | 118,245,916 | 242,950,029 | 13,369,547 | 380,548,396 |
| Deduct: Payments on claims during the fiscal year | 689,751 | 3,418,011 | 119,743,928 | 243,923,029 | 12,386,547 | 380,161,266 |
| Claims payable June 30, 2019 | <u>\$ 3,641,257</u> | <u>\$ 7,290,329</u> | <u>\$ 7,089,842</u> | <u>\$ 15,724,000</u> | <u>\$ 5,053,000</u> | <u>\$ 38,798,428</u> |

Component Units

The Hospital Authority participates in the Government's insurance programs.

The Convention Center Authority is exposed to various risks of loss incidental to its operations and has obtained several insurance policies after performing risk assessment analyses. The Convention Center Authority retains risk up to a maximum deductible of \$100,000 for each covered claim and has obtained excess insurance for any claims

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

above that amount. These policies provide insurance for property, builder's risk, workers' compensation, automobile, general liability and other exposures. There have been no settlements exceeding insurance coverage since the inception of the Convention Center Authority.

Information regarding the insurance and benefits of the other component units can be found in their separately issued financial reports.

C. Federal and State Financial Assistance

The Government and its component units have received federal and state financial assistance for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the programs, the Government believes that any required reimbursements would not be material to the basic financial and individual fund and component unit financial statements. Accordingly, no provision has been made for any potential reimbursements to the grantor agencies.

Prior to the issuance of the Water and Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A, on December 16, 2010, the full faith and credit of the Government was pledged for possible deficiencies in the collection of required state sewer user fees established in connection with certain grants received from the State Funding Board (TCA 68-221-202 through 68-221-214). The Department of Water and Sewerage Services acted as a conduit with respect to sewer user fees imposed by the state. These user fees were set at an amount sufficient to recover the project costs, including related interest expense. A portion of the proceeds from the Series 2010A Bonds was used to fully prepay the Tennessee Local Development Authority (TLDA) loans. Subsequent to the issuance of the Bonds, the user fees are considered a general sewer charge and reflected as revenue. The amount of prepayment is \$36,395,467 at June 30, 2019 and is reported as other noncurrent assets. The amounts received were recorded as capital grants and contributions by the Department of Water and Sewerage Services.

D. Construction Commitments

Primary Government

At June 30, 2019, the governmental activities of the Government had commitments of \$202,591,241 for construction contracts.

At June 30, 2019, the Department of Water and Sewerage Services had commitments of \$40,250,921 for construction contracts.

The Department of Water and Sewerage Services (the Department), the Metropolitan Council, the State of Tennessee Department of Environment and Conservation (TDEC), the United States Department of Justice (DOJ) and the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), have agreed on a consent decree to address and correct deficiencies within the Department's sewer system that have caused violations of the Clean Water Act (CWA). The consent decree was approved by the Federal Court in March 2009. Per the original decree, the Department was required to fully develop, in two years, a Corrective Action Plan/Engineering Report (CAP/ER) for its sanitary sewer system and a Long-term Control Plan (LTCP) for its combined sewer system to achieve the goals of the CWA and meet water quality requirements in the Cumberland River. Upon submittal and approval of the Plans, the Department would have an additional nine years to complete the work as developed by the Plans.

Due to the historic floods that occurred in Nashville in May 2010, the Department petitioned EPA and TDEC for a six-month extension for developing the CAP/ER and LTCP and a two year extension for completing the work (final compliance) under the force majeure clause of the consent decree. Approval has been granted for both extensions. The due date for the CAP/ER and LTCP was September 11, 2011, and the due date for all work coming out of those two Plans (final compliance) is eleven years after approval of the Plans by EPA and TDEC. The Department submitted both Plans on September 9, 2011. On August 10, 2017, the EPA approved the CAP/ER and the timeline of eleven years to complete the work. Negotiation for approval of the LTCP continues with EPA and TDEC.

The Department is proceeding with the work under both Plans. The Department has hired an internal program director as well as an external program management team composed of engineering consultants to manage planning, design and oversight of the program. The Department has also contracted for a construction management team to protect the investment in construction projects. A group of five small business project set designers have been selected to assist with the design of rehabilitation projects. Designers for other types of projects are selected on a case by case basis.

The future related capital expenditures are expected to be between \$1 billion and \$1.5 billion. Continuing to have sewer overflows along with failure to comply with the mandate and meet future established deadlines could result in stipulated penalties of up to \$3,000 per occurrence for sanitary sewer overflows, and up to \$5,000 per day for failure to implement the improvements on a timely basis. EPA sent a demand letter for \$147,000 in stipulated penalties for sanitary overflow on September 9, 2011. This was for a negotiated 147 violations for 2010 and the first quarter of 2011. The Department and the EPA have discussed recent stipulated penalties and expect a

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

demand letter in fiscal year 2020. No penalties have been demanded for any delays in submitting reports and deliverables nor from the failure to timely implement work. Proposed plans to fund capital expenditures for the next few years include internally generated cash and borrowings.

E. Liquidity

Component Units

The Hospital Authority operates General Hospital, and the Government has budgeted and legally approved an appropriation of \$43.1 million to the Hospital Authority for the year ended June 30, 2020. The Government has also not committed to provide additional funding to the Hospital Authority should such funding become necessary.

General Hospital experienced an operating loss of \$44.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2019 and reflected a net surplus of \$12.0 million at June 30, 2019. The operating loss was funded primarily by the Government in the form of revenue or capital contributions reflected in the financial statements. General Hospital will continue to be dependent upon the Government to subsidize current and future operations.

F. Financial Pledges

The Government has pledged certain nontax revenues in conjunction with various revenue bonds and other agreements of component units as approved by the Metropolitan Council and in accordance with the Sports Authorities Act of 1993 and the Convention Center Authorities Act of 2009, as applicable, under Title 7 of the Tennessee Code Annotated, and the Amended and Restated Intergovernmental Project Agreement dated October 22, 2014, between the Government and the Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency. The issuers, the Government's pledges, the length of time of the pledges, and the amount of the pledges outstanding at June 30, 2019 (including total future interest of \$485,723,592) are as follows:

| Component Unit Revenue Bonds or Agreements | Pledged Non-Tax Revenues of: | Date of Final Maturity/Payment | Outstanding at June 30, 2019 |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Sports Authority Refunding Series 2013B Taxable Revenue Bonds (Refunded 2004 Revenue Stadium) | GSD General Fund | Jul. 1, 2025 | \$ 17,089,966 |
| Sports Authority Refunding Series 2014 Bonds (Refunded 2004 Revenue Stadium) | GSD General Fund | Jul. 1, 2026 | 18,634,250 |
| Sports Authority Taxable Revenue Bonds Series 2013A (Hockey Facility) | GSD General Fund | Jul. 1, 2033 | 16,248,160 |
| Sports Authority Series 2012A Taxable Revenue Bonds (Upgrade to LP Field) | GSD General Fund | Jul. 1, 2033 | 25,685,894 |
| Development and Funding Agreement Between Omni Nashville, LLC, and the Convention Center Authority of the Metropolitan Government of Nashville and Davidson County | GSD General Fund | Oct. 31, 2032 | 189,000,000 |
| Sports Authority Series 2013B Taxable Revenue Bonds (Ballpark) | USD General Fund | Jul. 1, 2043 | 19,287,585 |
| Sports Authority Series 2013A Revenue Bonds (Ballpark) | USD General Fund | Jul. 1, 2043 | 87,929,321 |
| Convention Center Authority Tourism Tax Taxable Revenue Bonds Series 2010B | GSD General Fund | Jul. 1, 2043 | 790,405,197 |
| Public Finance Authority Taxable Parking Revenue Bonds Series 2014 | USD General Fund | Nov. 1, 2044 | 72,038,219 |
| Total Guarantees Extended | | | <u>\$ 1,236,318,592</u> |

No payments related to these pledges have been made and the Government has not recognized a liability related to any pledges. Should any payments be required in the future, each of the agreements provide for recovering any such payments from the issuer – generally from the issuer's revenues after the subsequent year's annual principal and interest payments and certain other obligations are met.

G. Other Commitments

Primary Government

The Government has entered into several economic and community development incentive grant agreements. These grants are available to large successful companies that are moving international, national or regional headquarters into Davidson County or expanding headquarters within Davidson County and are expected to create at least five hundred additional jobs during the first five years of operations or the expansion of operations. The amount of the annual grant is determined by multiplying the average number of incremental full time equivalent employees at the end of each grant year by an amount up to five hundred dollars. The total amount of each grant

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

and the period of each grant can vary based on the number of jobs created, the amount of revenue that is anticipated to be received by the Government and other economic and community development opportunities that the company is expected to create. None of the grants in place have a maximum annual amount. Each grant is to be used to reimburse the company for all or part of the documented expenditures related to the acquisition, preparation or occupancy of facilities, costs of moving to or relocating within Davidson County, and costs associated with employee training.

The following is a summary of economic and community development incentive grant agreements in place at June 30, 2019:

| Company | Grant Approval Date | Grant Commencement Date | Grant Period | Additional Grant Terms | Amount Payable for June 30, 2019 | Amount Budgeted for 2019-2020 |
|---|--|--|--------------|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Dell Computer Corporation | August 1999 | October 1, 1999 | 40 years | None | \$ 500,000 | \$ 500,000 |
| UBS AG, New York Branch | October 2013 | January 1, 2015 | 5 years | Base jobs of 240, minimum of 500 incremental jobs with annual salaries over published average required for grant. | 360,500 | 410,500 |
| Bridgestone Americas, Inc. | December 2014 Amended November 2016 | January 1, 2018 | 7 years | Minimum of 500 incremental jobs with annual salaries over published average required for grant. Amendment extends to an additional location, relocating more jobs. | - | 500,000 |
| WCP Properties, LLC - affiliate of HCA Holdings, Inc. | July 2015 Amended August 2015 | January 1, 2016 | 7 years | Minimum of 500 incremental jobs required for grant for headquarters. Amendment extends to two locations relocating more jobs. | 764,500 | 668,500 |
| Warner Music | February 2016 | January 1, 2017 | 7 years | Base jobs of 100. If less than 500 additional jobs as of December 31, 2020 or any subsequent grant year through the grant term, grant payment for such grant year will be zero. Annual salaries over published average required for grant. | 14,000 | 60,500 |
| Philips Holding USA, Inc. | April 2018 | January 1, 2019 | 7 years | Minimum of 500 incremental jobs with annual salaries over published average required for grant. Excludes any individuals in functions previously filled by an individual based at another Philips Entity in Davidson County. | - | - |
| AllianceBernstein LP | March 2019 | Company to specify by written notice not later than 30 days before commencement date. Must begin on a January 1. | 7 years | Minimum of 500 incremental jobs relocated to Davidson County with annual salaries over published average required for grant. Excludes any individuals in functions previously filled by an individual based at another AllianceBernstein Entity in Davidson County. | - | - |
| Amazon.com Services, Inc | May 2019 | Company to specify by written notice not later than 30 days before commencement date. Must begin on a January 1. | 7 years | Minimum of 500 incremental jobs with annual salaries over published average required for grant. Excludes any individual in a position previously filled by such individual at a non-Project location operated by an Amazon Entity in Davidson County as of November 2, 2018. Maximum of 5,000 jobs, \$2.5M per grant year. | - | - |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In February 2016, the Government entered into a participation agreement with LifeWay wherein the Government would fund infrastructure development for LifeWay's planned new headquarters at Capitol View development site as an economic incentive to retain LifeWay and its 1,100 employees. The approved incentive for the benefit of LifeWay was provided as a reduction of \$2.5 million in the sales price of the land to LifeWay by Capitol View in exchange for the Government agreeing to reimburse Capitol View \$2.5 million for public infrastructure improvements related to the LifeWay project. Furthermore, the Government agreed to pay \$990,000 to Capitol View for additional public infrastructure improvements needed at the development site but not related to the LifeWay project with Capitol View agreeing to convey 1.26 acres in the development site to the Government for the purpose of creating a public park to be connected to the Music City Greenway. In total the Government agreed to pay \$3,490,000 to Capitol View as a contribution in aid for the infrastructure. The first installment of \$990,000 was paid in May 2016 with the remaining \$2.5 million due after final inspection and approval by the Government at completion of the public infrastructure improvements and will be paid at the time of conveyance to the Government.

In October 2016, the Government entered into an operating lease and transfer agreement with Signature Healthcare, LLC (Signature) to lease the property and operations of the Bordeaux Long Term Care (Bordeaux) to Signature. As Bordeaux is currently operating at a loss, Signature is obligated to pay rent of \$10 annually. The Government will submit quarterly payments to Signature in the amount of \$750,000 as reimbursement for the operating loss. To the extent the annual operating loss exceeds \$3 million, the Government will reimburse for the excess not to exceed a total of \$3.5 million annually. If the annual operating loss is less than \$3 million, Signature will remit the difference back to the Government. Under the terms of the agreement, Signature will identify and purchase a site (Relocation Site) for the purpose of constructing a new nursing home facility with a capacity of at least 120 skilled nursing home beds to replace Bordeaux. Once the replacement facility is constructed, approved for occupancy, and licensed by the required regulatory agencies, Signature will transfer the appraised value of all rights related to the relocated skilled nursing home beds less fifty percent of the outstanding amount owed to Signature for providing ancillary services at Bordeaux to the Government (the Purchase Price). The term of the agreement began on May 1, 2016 and expires of June 30, 2020. Either party shall be entitled to terminate the agreement at the end of each lease year, or the agreement will terminate in the event that Signature begins operation at the Relocation Site. The total paid to Signature during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$3,492,008.

In January 2017, the Government entered into a management agreement with AnthemCare to management the operations of the J.B. Knowles Home (Knowles) with an initial term beginning January 31, 2017 to January 30, 2018. The contract was subsequently extended with a new end date of June 30, 2020. In accordance with the agreement, the Government will pay a management fee to AnthemCare of \$35,000 per month for the first two months and \$30,000 per month for the remainder of the term. As Knowles is currently operating at a loss, the Government also agreed to reimburse AnthemCare for losses incurred in the operation of Knowles with advances of \$40,000 per month to cover the operational losses for that period. At the end of the term, the net facility operating loss will be calculated, and the Government will remit the difference between the calculation and advances if additional funds are due, or AnthemCare will remit the difference if the advances exceed the calculation. The total paid to AnthemCare in management fees and advances during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$1,851,390.

Component Units

The healthcare industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government healthcare program participation requirements, reimbursement for patient services, Medicare fraud and abuse and patient records privacy. Recently, government activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of fraud and abuse statues and regulations by healthcare providers. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government healthcare programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for patient services previously billed. Compliance with such laws and regulations can be subject to future government review and interpretation as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time.

In March 2010, Congress adopted comprehensive healthcare insurance legislation, Patient Care Protection and Affordable Care Act and Healthcare and Education Reconciliation Act. The legislation, among other matters, is designated to expand access to coverage to substantially all citizens by 2019 through a combination of public program expansion and private industry health insurance. Changes to existing TennCare and Medicaid coverage and payments are also expected to occur as a result of this legislation. Implementing regulations are generally required for these legislative acts, which are to be adopted over a period of years and, accordingly, the specific impact of any future regulations is not determinable.

The Nashville District Management Corporation has an agreement with the Government to provide program administration of the Nashville Central Business Improvement District in accordance with Tennessee law. The Corporation's duties and responsibilities under the agreement include but are not limited to providing services for improvement and operation of the District through security enhancement, downtown marketing, and improving downtown beautification, sanitation and maintenance. The agreement may be terminated by the Government upon thirty days' notice.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Nashville District Management Corporation has entered into an agreement with Nashville Downtown Partnership, a related nonprofit organization, to perform all the duties and responsibilities for day-to-day management and implementation of services and improvements for the Nashville Central Business Improvement District (CBID), as defined in the Memorandum of Agreement with the Government, in exchange for substantially all revenues received from CBID assessments. During the year ended December 31, 2018, the Corporation recognized expense of \$2,500,804 related to the agreement. The agreement expires December 31, 2022.

On December 19, 2018 the Nashville District Management Corporation entered into a short-term promissory note with Nashville Downtown Partnership, Inc. whereby the Nashville District Management Corporation borrowed \$103,949 to provide funding for increased services to the CBID. The charges interest at 5.25%. All unpaid principal and interest are due 180 days from the note's execution.

The Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc. has an agreement with the Government in accordance with Tennessee law to provide services for improvement and operation of the Gulch Business Improvement District through security enhancement, marketing, and improving beautification, sanitation, and maintenance. The term of the agreement extends to December 31, 2026, and may be terminated upon receipt of written petition filed by either (a) the owners of 75% of the assessed value of the taxable property in the District or (b) 50% of the owners of record within the District.

The Gulch Business Improvement District, Inc. has entered into an agreement with Nashville Downtown Partnership to provide cleaning and safety services for the Gulch Business Improvement District in exchange for a monthly fee. During the year ended December 31, 2018, \$35,288 was recognized as expense related to the agreement. Under the terms of the new agreement, the Gulch Business Improvement District will pay Nashville Downtown Partnership an amount equal to 10% of annual expenditures. The agreement expires December 31, 2024.

On October 19, 2010 the Convention Center Authority (the Authority) entered into a Development and Funding Agreement with Omni Nashville, LLC (Omni) to facilitate the development of a premier headquarters hotel adjacent to the Music City Center. Under the terms of the development and funding agreement, the Authority will pay Omni annual economic development payments and incentives from excess tourism tax revenues collected. These payments are additionally secured by a pledge of the Government's nontax revenues of the General Fund of the General Services District, subject to prior pledge and application of certain requirements related to bonds issued by the Sports Authority. No payments related to this financial guarantee have been made by the Government. Should any payments be made by the Government in the future, the agreements provide for recovering any such payments from the Authority's revenues after operating expenses are covered and annual principal and interest payments and certain other obligations are met. These payments began after the hotel opened for business, including the renting of rooms. The amount remitted to Omni during the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$12,000,000. The schedule of future annual payments is expected to be as follows:

| <u>Year Ending June 30</u> | <u>Annual Payment</u> |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2020-2026 | \$ 12,000,000 |
| 2027-2033 | 15,000,000 |

In May 2015 the Metropolitan Council approved a redevelopment agreement related to the sale and development of the old Nashville Convention Center site that was under the management of the Authority. The sale of the Nashville Convention Center property closed in December 2016. Under the redevelopment agreement, the Authority agreed to contribute \$38.5 million to partially fund the parking garage and conference center space at the new complex. Contributions continue to be made upon verification of completed work.

In January 2017 the Authority committed \$19.9 million to begin construction of various capital projects on the convention center campus. These capital projects began immediately and were completed in fiscal 2019.

In May 2018 the Government and the Authority entered an agreement under which the Authority transferred a portion of certain "revenues" to the Government. "Revenues" refer to hotel motel tax revenues, room occupancy revenues, and campus sales tax revenues. Such transfers consisted of \$7.5 million by September 30, 2018 related to fiscal 2017 and 2018 revenues and \$2.5 million by August 31, 2019 related to fiscal 2019 revenues, both of which were remitted to the Government during the year ended June 30, 2019. Beginning with fiscal 2020, the Authority was to transfer to the Government on an annual basis the greater of \$2.5 million or 5% of "revenues" in excess of \$2 million. The transfer was contingent on the Authority's ability to fully fund its operating expenses, debt service expenses, and debt service reserve requirements. In March 2019 the agreement was amended and restated to replace calculated future payments with a one-time additional \$10 million payment to the Government related to fiscal 2020 revenues to be paid no later than August 31, 2020.

Information regarding the other commitments of the other component units can be found in their separately issued financial reports.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCES

Certain categories of fund balance are presented on the Balance Sheets for Governmental Funds in the aggregate. The detail components of the nonspendable, restricted, committed, and assigned fund balances are as follows:

| FUND BALANCES | | | | | |
|---|----------------------|--------------------------------|--|---|--|
| For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 | | | | | |
| | General Fund | General Purpose School Fund | GSD General Purposes Debt Service Fund | GSD School Purposes Debt Service Fund | USD General Purposes Debt Service Fund |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | |
| Inventories of supplies | \$ 231,099 | \$ 1,572,499 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Prepaid expenditures | 281,014 | 1,000 | - | - | - |
| Permanent fund principal | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total nonspendable | <u>512,113</u> | <u>1,573,499</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Restricted for: | | | | | |
| Public welfare | - | - | - | - | - |
| Convention center and tourism promotion | - | - | - | - | - |
| Education | - | - | - | - | - |
| Solid waste | - | - | - | - | - |
| Flood recovery | - | - | - | - | - |
| General government | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public health | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public works, highways and streets | - | - | - | - | - |
| Administration of justice | - | - | - | - | - |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | - | - | - | - | - |
| Recreation and culture | - | - | - | - | - |
| Public library system | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total restricted | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Committed for: | | | | | |
| Education | - | 37,173,788 | - | - | - |
| Debt service | - | - | 6,276,864 | 11,390,257 | 285,379 |
| Equipment acquisitions (appropriated) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Equipment acquisitions (unappropriated) | - | - | - | - | - |
| Solid waste | - | - | - | - | - |
| General government | - | - | - | - | - |
| Recreation and culture | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total committed | <u>-</u> | <u>37,173,788</u> | <u>6,276,864</u> | <u>11,390,257</u> | <u>285,379</u> |
| Assigned for: | | | | | |
| Subsequent year budgetary appropriation | 7,300,000 | - | - | - | - |
| Specific projects | <u>6,307,278</u> | <u>2,569,824</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Total assigned | <u>13,607,278</u> | <u>2,569,824</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Unassigned | <u>77,325,526</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Total fund balances (deficits) | <u>\$ 91,444,917</u> | <u>\$ 41,317,111</u> | <u>\$ 6,276,864</u> | <u>\$ 11,390,257</u> | <u>\$ 285,379</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| GSD Capital Projects Fund | Education Capital Projects Fund | USD Capital Projects Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,645,741 | \$ 3,449,339 |
| - | - | - | 27 | 282,041 |
| - | - | - | 185,112 | 185,112 |
| - | - | - | 1,830,880 | 3,916,492 |
| - | - | - | 2,418,240 | 2,418,240 |
| - | - | - | 15,622,609 | 15,622,609 |
| - | - | - | 19,332,286 | 19,332,286 |
| - | - | - | 889,191 | 889,191 |
| - | - | - | 11,238,978 | 11,238,978 |
| - | - | - | 1,159,885 | 1,159,885 |
| - | - | - | 3,379,616 | 3,379,616 |
| - | - | - | 3,427,720 | 3,427,720 |
| - | - | - | 591,843 | 591,843 |
| - | - | - | 1,409,364 | 1,409,364 |
| - | - | - | 90,306 | 90,306 |
| - | - | - | 1,127,887 | 1,127,887 |
| - | - | - | 60,687,925 | 60,687,925 |
| - | - | - | - | 37,173,788 |
| - | - | - | - | 17,952,500 |
| - | - | - | 28,719,969 | 28,719,969 |
| - | - | - | 19,832,837 | 19,832,837 |
| - | - | - | 2,618,319 | 2,618,319 |
| - | - | - | 25,172,042 | 25,172,042 |
| - | - | - | 680,707 | 680,707 |
| - | - | - | 77,023,874 | 132,150,162 |
| - | - | - | - | 7,300,000 |
| - | - | - | - | 8,877,102 |
| - | - | - | - | 16,177,102 |
| (199,329,070) | (47,772,212) | (7,492,138) | - | (177,267,894) |
| <u>\$ (199,329,070)</u> | <u>\$ (47,772,212)</u> | <u>\$ (7,492,138)</u> | <u>\$ 139,542,679</u> | <u>\$ 35,663,787</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

NOTE 15 – FUEL HEDGING PROGRAM

The Metropolitan Government maintains a fuel hedging program, the objective of which is to hedge the changes in cash flows due to market price fluctuations related to a portion of expected purchases of diesel and gasoline fuel. Details of the Metropolitan Government's participation in the fuel hedging program at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

| <u>Notional Amount</u> | <u>Effective Date</u> | <u>Maturity Date</u> | <u>Terms</u> | <u>Counterparty Credit Rating</u> |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| 21,000 gallons, diesel | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$2.2000 per gallon; Settlement based on NYMEX HO | A3 |
| 42,000 gallons, diesel | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$2.2400 per gallon; Settlement based on NYMEX HO | Aa2 |
| 42,000 gallons, diesel | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$2.3060 per gallon; Settlement based on NYMEX HO | Aa2 |
| 35,600 gallons, diesel | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$2.1125 per gallon; Settlement based on NYMEX HO | Aa2 |
| 29,839 gallons, gasoline | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$2.0400 per gallon; Settlement based on NYMEX HO RBOB | A3 |
| 29,839 gallons, gasoline | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$2.0460 per gallon; Settlement based on XB-NYMEX-FUTURES | Aa2 |
| 29,839 gallons, gasoline | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$1.9500 per gallon; Settlement based on XB-NYMEX-FUTURES | Aa2 |
| 29,484 gallons, gasoline | July 1, 2019 | June 30, 2020 | Pay \$1.9000 per gallon; Settlement based on XB-NYMEX-FUTURES | Aa2 |

The fair value of the fuel hedging instruments was a liability of \$815,901 at June 30, 2019, which has been recorded in noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. The fair value was estimated based on the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The fuel hedges were determined to be effective hedges; accordingly, the change in fair value of the hedges is a deferred outflow or inflow of resources.

The Metropolitan Government is exposed to credit risk on hedging derivative instruments that are in asset positions. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the counterparty failed to perform as contracted. The Metropolitan Government is exposed to basis risk on its fuel hedging contracts because the expected commodity purchase being hedged will price based on a pricing point different than the pricing point at which the forward contract is expected to settle (NYMEX). The Metropolitan Government or its counterparty may terminate the contracts if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. If at the time of termination a hedging derivative instrument is in a liability position, the Metropolitan Government would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the liability.

NOTE 16 – TAX ABATEMENTS

The Industrial Development Board (Board) is authorized by Tennessee Code Annotated (TCA) Section 7-53-305, a provision of the Tennessee Industrial Development Corporations Act, and by Ordinance of the Metropolitan Government to negotiate and accept payments in lieu of ad valorem taxes in furtherance of the Board's public purposes of economic welfare to maintain and increase employment opportunities and household income as set forth in TCA Section 7-53-102. As such, the Board acts as a conduit organization for property tax abatements through payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) agreements. The Director of the Mayor's Office of Economic and Community Development serves as the Executive Director of the Board and negotiates PILOT agreements, presents to the Metropolitan Council for approval, and if approved, presents to the Board for approval. The abatements, which may be as much as 100% of the standard real and/or personal property taxes, may be granted to any qualified business located within or relocating to property within the boundaries of the Metropolitan Government, making significant capital investments and retaining or increasing a significant number of full-time employees. Consideration is given on a case-by-case basis and includes analyses of job creation, economic impact, capital investment and wage rates.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 there were twelve PILOT agreements in force with tax abatements totaling \$8,782,711. Each of these tax abatement agreements is described below with the terms in effect for the fiscal year reported. None of these agreements include a provision for the recapture of abated taxes in the event an abatement recipient does not fulfill the commitment it makes in return for the tax abatement. The following is a description of each PILOT agreement:

- Dell Computer Corporation – The abatement commenced September 28, 1999 with Dell committing to locate computer manufacturing, assembly and distribution facilities and technological support operations within the boundaries of the Metropolitan Government. Dell will remit the lesser of (1) 2% of the standard tax for each 15 employees (determined as set forth in the agreement) less than 1,500 employees that are employed during the immediately preceding year; or (2) 100% of the standard tax. The agreement is applicable to real property subleased and used by Dell and personal property acquired and used by Dell at the aforementioned real property.
- Omni Nashville, LLC – The abatement commenced September 20, 2011 with the construction of a hotel adjacent to the Music City Center. Omni will remit 37.5% of the standard tax for real property and personal property included in the equipment lease. If Omni defaults on or assigns, transfers or conveys (except to an affiliate) the facility lease or equipment lease, the PILOT period will terminate as of the day of such action.
- HealthSpring, Inc. – The abatement commenced August 16, 2011 with the construction (in two phases) of a new consolidated campus for use by HealthSpring. HealthSpring will remit 40% and 0% of the standard tax in Phase I and Phase II, respectively, for real property.
- LifePoint Hospitals, Inc. – The abatement commenced December 1, 2013 with the relocation and consolidation of headquarters and certain central corporate operations to a location within the boundaries of the Metropolitan Government. LifePoint will remit 0% of the standard tax for real property excluding 15% of a garage which is not subleased by LifePoint) and 0% of the standard tax for personal property only on personal property of and related to their IT center.
- HCA Information and Technology Services, Inc. – The abatement commenced on December 31, 2013 with the construction of a new regional data center. HCA will remit 40% of the standard tax for real property applicable to the new regional data center and 40% of the standard tax for personal property acquired for the new regional data center and that used in connection with the existing facilities expansion. Following a formal appeal by HCA, the personal property values for tax years 2014-2016 were reduced as per certified re-assessments by the State Board of Equalization. Consequently, these reductions are reflected in the abatement shown in the table below.
- Standard Candy Company, Inc. – The abatement commenced October 9, 2012 with the expansion of Standard's existing location. Standard will remit 50% of the standard tax for real property applicable to the building addition and 50% of the standard tax for personal property used in the building addition. The agreement expired December 31, 2018.
- AmSurg Corp. – The abatement commenced January 23, 2015 with the construction of new consolidated headquarters. AmSurg will remit 0% of the standard tax for real property.
- JGC Food Co., LLC – The abatement commenced December 31, 2013 with the renovation and improvement of an existing manufacturing facility under the original agreement with Oberto Sausage Company. On May 10, 2016, the Board accepted notice of assignment of the real property PILOT agreement to JCG Foods Co., LLC. Additionally, on that date the Board approved the equipment purchase option exercised by Oberto Sausage Company which ended the PILOT agreement on personal property.

JCG retained the Oberto Nashville plant employees. JGC will remit tax for real property equal to \$89,846 (tax year 2011 standard tax) plus 50% of the current year standard tax less \$89,846. The agreement expired December 30, 2018.
- Asurion, LLC – The abatement commenced January 1, 2016 with the rehabilitation of an existing office building and construction of a parking lot in Antioch. Asurion will remit tax for real property for the building equal to \$126,448 (tax year 2013 standard tax) plus 0% of the increase in standard tax; and for the parking lot, \$10,000 (tax year 2013 standard tax) plus 0% of the increase in the standard tax. Personal property tax abatement began tax year 2017.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- WCP Properties, LLC, a subsidiary of HCA Holdings, Inc. – The abatement commenced on December 28, 2016 with the relocation and consolidation of headquarters for HCA subsidiaries Parallon Business Solutions, HealthTrust Purchasing Group and Sarah Cannon Holdings to a newly constructed facility. WCP will remit 100% of the standard tax minus a PILOT deduction of \$3,000,000 (deduction subject to any adjustment required if there is a shortfall of projected incremental positions for the calendar year). If the deduction is greater than the standard tax in any given year, the remainder will be accrued and carried forward to the following year.
- Bridgestone Americas, Inc. – The abatement commenced on August 7, 2017 with the relocation and consolidation of its headquarters and the headquarters of certain of its subsidiaries to a newly constructed facility. Subsidiaries include but are not limited to Bridgestone Americas Retail Operations, LLC, Firestone Industrial Products Company, LLC and Firestone Building Products Company, LLC. Bridgestone will remit 0% of the standard tax for real property (excluding office building space not subleased by Bridgestone and garage parking spaces not subleased or otherwise made available to Bridgestone).
- RHP Hotels, LLC (Ryman) – The abatement commenced on June 15, 2017 with construction of an indoor/outdoor waterpark attraction located in Gaylord Opryland Resort & Convention Center. Ryman will remit the lesser of the standard tax or the 2017 property tax payment for such year.

The following is a summary of the property tax abatements for the fiscal year ended June 20, 2019:

| <u>PILOT Agreement</u> | <u>Start Date</u> | <u>End Date</u> | <u>Abatement</u> |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Dell Computer Corporation | September 28, 1999 | December 31, 2039 | \$ 261,173 |
| Omni Nashville, LLC | September 20, 2011 | December 31, 2030 | 2,262,743 |
| HealthSpring, Inc. | August 16, 2011 | August 15, 2021 | 181,977 |
| LifePoint Hospitals, Inc. | December 1, 2013 | November 30, 2028 | 404,627 |
| HCA Information and Technology Services, Inc. | December 31, 2013 | December 30, 2020 | 556,967 |
| Standard Candy Company, Inc. | December 9, 2012 | December 31, 2018 | - |
| AmSurg Corp. | January 23, 2015 | December 31, 2023 | 323,425 |
| JGC Food Co., LLC | December 31, 2013 | December 30, 2018 | 15,368 |
| Asurion, LLC | January 1, 2016 | December 31, 2019 | 45,820 |
| WCP Properties, LLC - affiliate of HCA Holdings, Inc. | December 28, 2016 | December 27, 2031 | 2,071,206 |
| Bridgestone Americas, Inc. | August 7, 2017 | August 6, 2037 | 2,659,405 |
| RHP Hotels, LLC (Ryman) | June 15, 2017 | December 31, 2025 | - |
| Total Abatement | | | <u>\$ 8,782,711</u> |

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Primary Government

On August 5, 2019, the Government issued general obligation commercial paper notes in the amount of \$50,000,000 maturing on November 6, 2019 at an interest rate of 1.35%. These obligations were or will be refunded with rollover notes at their maturity dates.

On September 27, 2019, the Government issued general obligation commercial paper notes in the amount of \$50,000,000 maturing on January 7, 2020 at an interest rate of 1.43%. These obligations were or will be refunded with rollover notes at their maturity dates.

On September 3, 2019, the Government issued Water and Sewer commercial paper notes in the amount of \$25,000,000 with maturing on November 20, 2019, with various interest rates ranging from 1.40% to 1.70%. These obligations were or will be refunded with rollover notes at their maturity dates.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Component Units

On July 11, 2019 the Convention Center Authority approved the sponsorship of the National Museum of African American Music in the amount of \$6,000,000 to include the exclusive naming rights for "The Francis S. Guess Theatre" and other sponsorship benefits.

On December 13, 2018, the Metropolitan Development and Housing Agency (MDHA) assisted in the financing of the new construction of 101 mixed income affordable and market rate housing in the form of loans and equity contributions to CP II, LP. The MDHA Housing Trust Corporation has a .01% general partner interest in CP II, LP. The entity will be presented as a discretely presented component unit of MDHA in 2019.

On January 1, 2019, the Investor Member and Special Member of the Preston Taylor LLC (Company) sold their interests in the Company to MDHA for \$250,000. Effective March 31, 2019, subject to the necessary approvals by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Tennessee Housing Development Agency, the Preston Taylor directors and shareholders will terminate all leases, transfer the assets of the Company to MDHA as satisfaction of all indebtedness, and approve the dissolution of the Preston Taylor Corporation and the Preston Taylor LLC.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CONDITION RATING OF TRANSPORTATION NETWORK (CONTINUED)

Unaudited – See Accompanying Accountants' Report

The transportation network of the Government is segregated into two subsystems: roads and streets, and bridges and underpasses. Information regarding condition and needed, budgeted and actual maintenance costs is presented below.

ROADS AND STREETS PAVING

Percentage of Lane Miles in Fair or Better Condition

| <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 71.3 % | 71.6 % | 71.6 % | 66.2 % | 60.5 % |

The Overall Condition Index (OCI) for the pavement of each roadway segment is measured using a vehicle called the South Dakota Road Profiler and calculated using the OMS Cartegraph Pavement Management System (OMS System). The OCI is calculated based on data collected from lasers located beneath the Profiler. The lasers collect roughness (IRI), weathering (Rn), and some distress data (PCI). The remaining pavement distress data is collected from roadway images taken from cameras mounted on the Profiler. The data collected is imputed into the OMS System, and the OCI is calculated using the following formula: $OCI = (0.75PCI) + (0.10IRI) + (0.15Rn)$. Other roadway and pavement data stored in the OMS System are functional class, street length, area and location. The OMS System uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index ranging from zero for a pavement in very poor condition to 100 for a pavement in excellent condition. The condition index is used to classify roads and streets as excellent (100-85), good (84-80), fair (79-70) and below standard (less than 69). It is the policy of the Government to maintain at least 70 percent of its road and street system at a fair or better condition.

Condition assessments are collected on an annual basis for half of the county. For assessment purposes, the county is divided into 5 groups with groups 1, 3 and 4 assessed in one year and groups 2 and 5 assessed in the alternate year. The condition of groups 1, 3 and 4 was assessed and reported in fiscal year 2018. The condition of groups 2 and 5 were assessed and reported in fiscal year 2019.

In May 2010, the Government experienced a major, historic flood which had a significant negative impact on the condition of roads and streets, and the percentage of roads and streets in fair or better condition decreased from 70.0% in the 2010 assessment to 52.7% in the 2011 assessment. Several winters of more snow, ice and salt usage than normal continued to provide challenges to improving road and street condition. Also, the Government has experienced population growth, increased tourism, and significant construction which have added more vehicles and equipment on the roadways causing additional deterioration. While there were lower than historical condition levels in the years subsequent to the flood, the condition of roads and streets continued a steady recovery through the Government's efforts as evidenced by the improvement in the condition since the flood and the return to a condition level in 2017 that exceeds the policy level.

There were 19 lane miles of roads added in 2019, bringing the total to 5,930 lane miles of roads and streets in the transportation network. The majority of the growth is due to additions of two-lane roads from new developments.

Comparison of Needed and Budgeted to Actual Maintenance

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Needed | <u>\$ 30,000,000</u> | <u>\$ 35,000,000</u> | <u>\$ 35,000,000</u> | <u>\$ 20,000,000</u> | <u>\$ 32,000,000</u> | <u>\$ 20,000,000</u> |
| Budgeted | \$ 30,000,000 | \$ 35,000,000 | \$ 35,000,000 | \$ 20,000,000 | \$ 30,000,000 | \$ 20,000,000 |
| Cumulative Spent | <u>4,001,201</u> | <u>25,939,374</u> | <u>33,309,756</u> | <u>19,315,136</u> | <u>27,995,953</u> | <u>19,225,912</u> |
| Difference | <u>\$ 25,998,799</u> | <u>\$ 9,060,626</u> | <u>\$ 1,690,244</u> | <u>\$ 684,864</u> | <u>\$ 2,004,047</u> | <u>\$ 774,088</u> |

The **needed** amount represents the estimated amount that would need to be spent annually to maintain 70% of the roads and streets at a fair or better condition. The **budgeted** amount is the amount approved in each year's capital spending plan. The **cumulative spent** is total actual expenditures across all fiscal years for each capital spending plan.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CONDITION RATING OF TRANSPORTATION NETWORK (CONTINUED)

Unaudited – See Accompanying Accountants' Report

Maintaining the condition of the roads and streets in accordance with the policy referenced above continues to be a priority as evidenced by the continual funding in the capital plans.

BRIDGES AND UNDERPASSES

| <u>Percentage of Deck Area in Fair or Better Condition</u> | | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> |
| 98.0 % | 98.0 % | 97.0 % | 97.1 % | 97.1 % |

Condition assessments are determined by the State every two years. Results are released by the State late in the calendar year. Thus, the most recent assessment results were provided late in calendar year 2017 and reported for fiscal 2018. Due to this timing, condition assessments reported above for each even year are the results provided by the State. The condition for each odd year is reported at the previous year's value unless the Public Works Department of the Government has a basis for recalculation internally.

The condition of bridges and underpasses is measured using the Federal Aid Bridge Inspection System supervised by the Tennessee Department of Transportation (TDOT), which is based on a two-year cycle of inspections of structures designated in two categories: Non-Federal Aid and Federal Aid Urban. The inspection system uses a measurement that classifies the condition as good, fair, poor or critical. The Public Works Department of the Government reviews all findings on all inspections. It is the policy of the Government to maintain at least 75 percent of its bridges and underpasses in fair or better condition.

There are currently 216 Non-Federal Aid and 107 Federal Aid Urban bridges and underpasses in the transportation network determined from the final analysis of the 2017 inspection. Total square feet of deck area is estimated to be 1,342,726. Deck area is calculated based on TDOT inspection reports for bridges conveying vehicular traffic only.

Comparison of Needed and Budgeted to Actual Maintenance

| | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| Needed | <u>\$ 4,000,000</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 15,000,000</u> | <u>\$ 10,000,000</u> | <u>\$ 6,000,000</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Budgeted | \$ 4,000,000 | \$ - | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 10,000,000 | \$ 6,000,000 | \$ - |
| Cumulative Spent | <u>1,808,856</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>9,749,856</u> | <u>8,654,198</u> | <u>5,847,484</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Difference | <u>\$ 2,191,144</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 250,144</u> | <u>\$ 1,345,802</u> | <u>\$ 152,516</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |

The **needed** amount represents the estimated amount that would need to be spent annually to maintain 75% of the bridges and underpasses at a fair or better condition. The **budgeted** amount is the amount approved in each year's capital spending plan. The **cumulative spent** is total actual expenditures across all fiscal years for each capital spending plan. For 2014, the capital spending plan including \$18 million for bridges, which was all designated for the construction of a new Gulch connector bridge. There was no amount for bridges included in the 2018 capital spending plan.

Maintaining the condition of bridges and underpasses in accordance with the Government's policy referenced above continues to be a priority as evidenced by the continual funding in the capital plans and as reflected in the consistently high condition ratings.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| <u>County Plan</u> | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ 1,023,934 | \$ 1,098,462 | \$ 1,226,793 |
| Contributions | 1,023,934 | 1,098,462 | 1,226,793 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Covered payroll | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | - % | - % | - % |
| <u>Metro Plan</u> | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ 70,638,794 | \$ 66,281,669 | \$ 58,957,156 |
| Contributions | 77,242,171 | 76,539,373 | 73,868,818 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ (6,603,377)</u> | <u>\$ (10,257,704)</u> | <u>\$ (14,911,662)</u> |
| Covered payroll | <u>\$ 623,435,266</u> | <u>\$ 577,129,309</u> | <u>\$ 538,698,977</u> |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 12.39 % | 13.26 % | 13.71 % |
| <u>County Education Plan</u> | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ 2,729,955 | \$ 2,932,320 | \$ 3,451,079 |
| Contributions | 2,729,955 | 2,932,320 | 3,451,079 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Covered payroll | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | - % | - % | - % |
| <u>Metro Education Plan</u> | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ 7,900,193 | \$ 9,424,805 | \$ 10,943,447 |
| Contributions | 23,525,080 | 22,681,681 | 21,539,285 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ (15,624,887)</u> | <u>\$ (13,256,876)</u> | <u>\$ (10,595,838)</u> |
| Covered payroll | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | - % | - % | - % |
| <u>City Plan</u> | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ 5,060,376 | \$ 5,466,526 | \$ 5,760,814 |
| Contributions | 5,060,376 | 5,466,526 | 5,760,814 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Covered payroll | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | - % | - % | - % |
| <u>City Education Plan</u> | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution | \$ 1,238,054 | \$ 1,307,430 | \$ 1,512,381 |
| Contributions | 1,238,054 | 1,307,430 | 1,512,381 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Covered payroll | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | - % | - % | - % |

(1) Information regarding contributions is only available for the last six fiscal years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| \$ 1,376,864 | \$ 1,473,420 | \$ 1,413,489 |
| <u>1,376,864</u> | <u>1,473,442</u> | <u>1,571,769</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ (22)</u> | <u>\$ (158,280)</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| - % | - % | - % |
| \$ 60,266,986 | \$ 79,682,979 | \$ 87,643,045 |
| <u>85,676,490</u> | <u>94,045,896</u> | <u>87,643,045</u> |
| <u>\$ (25,409,504)</u> | <u>\$ (14,362,917)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| <u>\$ 531,266,978</u> | <u>\$ 513,759,048</u> | <u>\$ 556,220,289</u> |
| 16.13 % | 18.31 % | 15.76 % |
| \$ 3,760,411 | \$ 4,594,448 | \$ 4,570,592 |
| <u>3,760,411</u> | <u>4,594,448</u> | <u>3,975,666</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 594,926</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| - % | - % | - % |
| \$ 12,289,725 | \$ 13,593,369 | \$ 14,708,257 |
| <u>20,620,889</u> | <u>18,340,834</u> | <u>18,808,832</u> |
| <u>\$ (8,331,164)</u> | <u>\$ (4,747,465)</u> | <u>\$ (4,100,575)</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| - % | - % | - % |
| \$ 6,134,921 | \$ 6,688,724 | \$ 6,650,683 |
| <u>6,134,921</u> | <u>6,688,827</u> | <u>7,223,872</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ (103)</u> | <u>\$ (573,189)</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| - % | - % | - % |
| \$ 1,600,371 | \$ 2,427,465 | \$ 2,190,063 |
| <u>1,600,371</u> | <u>2,427,465</u> | <u>1,932,219</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 257,844</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| - % | - % | - % |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Notes to Schedule | <u>County Plan</u> | <u>Metro Plan</u> | <u>County Education Plan</u> | <u>Metro Education Plan</u> |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Valuation date: | | | | |
| Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. | | | | |
| Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates: | | | | |
| Actuarial cost method | entry age normal | entry age normal | entry age normal | entry age normal |
| Amortization method | level dollar open | level dollar closed | level dollar open | level dollar closed |
| Amortization period | 8 years | 30 years closed | 8 years | 30 years from July 1, 2000 |
| Asset valuation method | market | 5 year smoothed market | market | 5 year smoothed market |
| Investment rate of return | 7.25% | 7.25% | 7.25% | 7.25% |
| Projected salary increases | N/A | 4.00% | N/A | N/A |
| Inflation | 2.50% | 2.50% | 2.60% | 2.60% |
| Postretirement benefit increase adjustments | 2.50% | 2.50% Division A 1.25% Division B | 3.00% | 3.00% |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>City Plan</u> | <u>City Education Plan</u> |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| entry age normal | entry age normal |
| level dollar open | level dollar open |
| 8 years | 7 years |
| market | market |
| 7.25% | 7.25% |
| N/A | N/A |
| 2.50% | 2.60% |
| 2.50% | 3.00% |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>County Plan</u> | <u>2019</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Total pension liability | | | |
| Interest | \$ 395,459 | \$ 438,808 | \$ 504,073 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 24,411 | (352,447) | (151,873) |
| Changes in assumptions | - | 342,520 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(1,023,848)</u> | <u>(1,098,425)</u> | <u>(1,226,758)</u> |
| Net change in total pension liability | (603,978) | (669,544) | (874,558) |
| Total pension liability - beginning | <u>5,942,121</u> | <u>6,611,665</u> | <u>7,486,223</u> |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | <u>\$ 5,338,143</u> | <u>\$ 5,942,121</u> | <u>\$ 6,611,665</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 1,023,934 | \$ 1,098,462 | \$ 1,226,793 |
| Net investment income (loss) | (86) | (37) | (35) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(1,023,848)</u> | <u>(1,098,425)</u> | <u>(1,226,758)</u> |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | - | - | - |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | <u>\$ 5,338,143</u> | <u>\$ 5,942,121</u> | <u>\$ 6,611,665</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | - | - | - |
| | % | % | % |
| Covered payroll | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |

(1) Information regarding the change in the net pension liability is only available for the last six fiscal years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| \$ 570,348 | \$ 638,093 | \$ 695,032 |
| (115,892) | 68,376 | - |
| - | - | - |
| <u>(1,377,519)</u> | <u>(1,473,420)</u> | <u>(1,571,769)</u> |
| (923,063) | (766,951) | (876,737) |
| <u>8,409,286</u> | <u>9,176,237</u> | <u>10,052,974</u> |
| <u>\$ 7,486,223</u> | <u>\$ 8,409,286</u> | <u>\$ 9,176,237</u> |
| \$ 1,376,864 | \$ 1,473,442 | \$ 1,571,769 |
| 655 | (22) | (39) |
| <u>(1,377,519)</u> | <u>(1,473,420)</u> | <u>(1,571,730)</u> |
| - | - | - |
| <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| <u>\$ 7,486,223</u> | <u>\$ 8,409,286</u> | <u>\$ 9,176,237</u> |
| - | - | - |
| % | % | % |
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| N/A | N/A | N/A |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>Metro Plan</u> | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 55,009,556 | \$ 51,260,915 | \$ 47,633,085 |
| Interest | 234,271,280 | 221,805,983 | 215,468,983 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 66,297,147 | (21,739,996) | (4,850,344) |
| Changes in assumptions | - | 103,946,322 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(176,248,788)</u> | <u>(166,196,565)</u> | <u>(158,693,272)</u> |
| Net change in total pension liability | 179,329,195 | 189,076,659 | 99,558,452 |
| Total pension liability - beginning | <u>3,198,179,701</u> | <u>3,009,103,042</u> | <u>2,909,544,590</u> |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | <u>\$ 3,377,508,896</u> | <u>\$ 3,198,179,701</u> | <u>\$ 3,009,103,042</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 77,242,171 | \$ 76,539,373 | \$ 73,868,818 |
| Contributions - members | 34,011 | 79,136 | 60,916 |
| Net investment income | 240,858,276 | 242,164,720 | 369,032,095 |
| Transfers in | 317,040 | 316,543 | 281,871 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (176,248,788) | (166,196,565) | (158,693,272) |
| Administrative expense | <u>(3,790,632)</u> | <u>(4,590,257)</u> | <u>(4,518,466)</u> |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 138,412,078 | 148,312,950 | 280,031,962 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | <u>3,116,571,742</u> | <u>2,968,258,792</u> | <u>2,688,226,830</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | <u>\$ 3,254,983,820</u> | <u>\$ 3,116,571,742</u> | <u>\$ 2,968,258,792</u> |
| Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | <u>\$ 122,525,076</u> | <u>\$ 81,607,959</u> | <u>\$ 40,844,250</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 96.37 % | 97.45 % | 98.64 % |
| Covered payroll | \$ 623,435,266 | \$ 577,129,309 | \$ 538,698,977 |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | 19.65 % | 14.14 % | 7.58 % |

(1) Information regarding the change in the net pension liability is only available for the last six fiscal years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| \$ | 47,248,901 | \$ 45,995,228 | \$ 49,413,232 |
| | 208,309,697 | 202,724,640 | 200,086,120 |
| | (25,817,354) | (67,376,484) | - |
| | - | - | - |
| | <u>(152,601,796)</u> | <u>(146,745,385)</u> | <u>(140,187,828)</u> |
| | 77,139,448 | 34,597,999 | 109,311,524 |
| | <u>2,832,405,142</u> | <u>2,797,807,144</u> | <u>2,688,495,620</u> |
| \$ | <u><u>2,909,544,590</u></u> | <u><u>2,832,405,143</u></u> | <u><u>2,797,807,144</u></u> |
| \$ | 85,676,490 | \$ 94,045,896 | \$ 87,643,045 |
| | 73,171 | 57,996 | 73,973 |
| | 6,343,038 | 124,578,432 | 410,309,219 |
| | 244,632 | 169,363 | 132,383 |
| | (152,601,796) | (146,745,385) | (140,187,828) |
| | <u>(15,004,614)</u> | <u>(5,974,504)</u> | <u>(2,888,963)</u> |
| | (75,269,079) | 66,131,798 | 355,081,829 |
| | <u>2,763,495,909</u> | <u>2,697,364,111</u> | <u>2,342,282,282</u> |
| \$ | <u><u>2,688,226,830</u></u> | <u><u>2,763,495,909</u></u> | <u><u>2,697,364,111</u></u> |
| \$ | <u><u>221,317,760</u></u> | <u><u>68,909,234</u></u> | <u><u>100,443,033</u></u> |
| | 92.39 % | 97.57 % | 96.41 % |
| \$ | 531,266,978 | \$ 513,759,048 | \$ 556,220,289 |
| | 41.66 % | 13.41 % | 18.06 % |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <u>County Education Plan</u> | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | |
| Interest | \$ 1,889,633 | \$ 2,094,216 | \$ 2,410,942 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 161,058 | (526,214) | (270,339) |
| Changes in assumptions | - | 349,762 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(4,924,449)</u> | <u>(5,229,770)</u> | <u>(5,759,535)</u> |
| Net change in total pension liability | (2,873,758) | (3,312,006) | (3,618,932) |
| Total pension liability - beginning | <u>28,365,067</u> | <u>31,677,073</u> | <u>35,296,005</u> |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | <u>\$ 25,491,309</u> | <u>\$ 28,365,067</u> | <u>\$ 31,677,073</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 2,729,955 | \$ 2,932,320 | \$ 3,451,079 |
| Contributions - State of Tennessee | 2,170,140 | 2,286,856 | 2,502,109 |
| Net investment income | 27,134 | 12,047 | 5,177 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(4,924,449)</u> | <u>(5,229,770)</u> | <u>(5,759,535)</u> |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 2,780 | 1,453 | 198,830 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | <u>1,174,372</u> | <u>1,172,919</u> | <u>974,089</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | <u>\$ 1,177,152</u> | <u>\$ 1,174,372</u> | <u>\$ 1,172,919</u> |
| Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | <u>\$ 24,314,157</u> | <u>\$ 27,190,695</u> | <u>\$ 30,504,154</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 4.62 % | 4.14 % | 3.70 % |
| Covered payroll | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Proportionate share of collective net pension liability: | | | |
| Employer | \$ 17,514,607 | \$ 19,479,165 | \$ 21,856,380 |
| State of Tennessee | 6,799,550 | 7,711,530 | 8,647,774 |
| Employer's share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |

(1) Information regarding the change in the net pension liability is only available for the last six fiscal years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | \$ 2,679,861 | \$ 2,944,102 | \$ 3,138,071 |
| | (16,830) | 1,090,757 | - |
| | - | - | - |
| | <u>(6,230,661)</u> | <u>(6,670,328)</u> | <u>(6,959,832)</u> |
| | (3,567,630) | (2,635,469) | (3,821,761) |
| | <u>38,863,635</u> | <u>41,499,104</u> | <u>45,320,865</u> |
| | <u>\$ 35,296,005</u> | <u>\$ 38,863,635</u> | <u>\$ 41,499,104</u> |
| | \$ 3,760,411 | \$ 4,594,448 | \$ 3,975,666 |
| | 2,683,194 | 2,831,644 | 2,983,251 |
| | 4,979 | 402 | 915 |
| | <u>(6,230,661)</u> | <u>(6,670,328)</u> | <u>(6,959,832)</u> |
| | 217,923 | 756,166 | - |
| | <u>756,166</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | <u>\$ 974,089</u> | <u>\$ 756,166</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| | <u>\$ 34,321,916</u> | <u>\$ 38,107,469</u> | <u>\$ 41,499,104</u> |
| | 2.76 % | 1.95 % | - % |
| | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | \$ 25,230,145 | \$ 28,119,171 | \$ 30,819,136 |
| | 9,091,771 | 9,988,298 | 10,679,968 |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <u>Metro Education Plan</u> | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | |
| Interest | \$ 16,197,740 | \$ 17,166,802 | \$ 18,530,511 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 147,505 | (1,192,513) | (3,102,795) |
| Changes in assumptions | - | 3,758,964 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(30,274,284)</u> | <u>(31,087,074)</u> | <u>(31,686,860)</u> |
| Net change in total pension liability | (13,929,039) | (11,353,821) | (16,259,144) |
| Total pension liability - beginning | <u>238,406,734</u> | <u>249,760,555</u> | <u>266,019,699</u> |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | <u><u>\$ 224,477,695</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 238,406,734</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 249,760,555</u></u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 23,525,080 | \$ 22,681,681 | \$ 21,539,285 |
| Contributions - State of Tennessee | 10,482,030 | 10,935,092 | 11,315,146 |
| Net investment income | 7,262,507 | 6,156,974 | 8,965,201 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | (30,274,284) | (31,087,074) | (31,686,860) |
| Administrative expense | <u>(100,913)</u> | <u>(20,154)</u> | <u>(17,914)</u> |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 10,894,420 | 8,666,519 | 10,114,858 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | <u>98,114,754</u> | <u>89,448,235</u> | <u>79,333,377</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | <u><u>\$ 109,009,174</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 98,114,754</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 89,448,235</u></u> |
| Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | <u><u>\$ 115,468,521</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 140,291,980</u></u> | <u><u>\$ 160,312,320</u></u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 48.56 % | 41.15 % | 35.81 % |
| Covered payroll | - | - | \$ - |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Proportionate share of collective net pension liability: | | | |
| Employer | 46,089,960 | 65,572,138 | \$ 80,651,942 |
| State of Tennessee | 69,378,561 | 74,719,842 | 79,660,378 |
| Employer's share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |

(1) Information regarding the change in the net pension liability is only available for the last six fiscal years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|----|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| \$ | 19,702,025 | \$ 20,961,496 | \$ 22,092,743 |
| | (4,470,482) | (2,986,289) | - |
| | - | - | - |
| | <u>(32,751,992)</u> | <u>(33,815,913)</u> | <u>(34,563,595)</u> |
| | (17,520,449) | (15,840,706) | (12,470,852) |
| | <u>283,540,148</u> | <u>299,380,854</u> | <u>311,851,706</u> |
| \$ | <u><u>266,019,699</u></u> | <u><u>283,540,148</u></u> | <u><u>299,380,854</u></u> |
| \$ | 20,620,889 | \$ 18,340,834 | \$ 18,808,832 |
| | 11,713,047 | 12,196,548 | 12,635,252 |
| | 180,416 | 3,663,454 | 12,453,816 |
| | (32,751,992) | (33,815,913) | (34,563,595) |
| | <u>(64,951)</u> | <u>(29,951)</u> | <u>(30,318)</u> |
| | (302,591) | 354,972 | 9,303,987 |
| | <u>79,635,968</u> | <u>79,280,996</u> | <u>69,977,009</u> |
| \$ | <u><u>79,333,377</u></u> | <u><u>79,635,968</u></u> | <u><u>79,280,996</u></u> |
| \$ | <u><u>186,686,322</u></u> | <u><u>203,904,180</u></u> | <u><u>220,099,858</u></u> |
| | 29.82 % | 28.09 % | 26.48 % |
| \$ | - | \$ - | - |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| \$ | 101,574,332 | \$ 112,853,583 | 123,003,473 |
| | 85,111,990 | 91,050,597 | 97,096,385 |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <u>City Plan</u> | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | |
| Interest | \$ 1,996,349 | \$ 2,213,373 | \$ 2,528,113 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 56,340 | (2,051,468) | 2,347,731 |
| Changes in assumptions | - | 1,957,960 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(5,059,950)</u> | <u>(5,466,337)</u> | <u>(5,760,650)</u> |
| Net change in total pension liability | (3,007,261) | (3,346,472) | (884,806) |
| Total pension liability - beginning | <u>30,009,484</u> | <u>33,355,956</u> | <u>34,240,762</u> |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) hard coded - should be per formula | <u>\$ 27,002,223</u> | <u>\$ 30,009,484</u> | <u>\$ 33,355,956</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 5,060,376 | \$ 5,466,526 | \$ 5,760,814 |
| Net investment income (loss) | (426) | (189) | (164) |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(5,059,950)</u> | <u>(5,466,337)</u> | <u>(5,760,650)</u> |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | - | - | - |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | <u>\$ 27,002,223</u> | <u>\$ 30,009,484</u> | <u>\$ 33,355,956</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | - | - | - |
| | % | % | % |
| Covered payroll | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |

(1) Information regarding the change in the net pension liability is only available for the last six fiscal years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| \$ 2,603,078 | \$ 2,946,519 | \$ 3,276,664 |
| (1,111,344) | (722,290) | - |
| - | - | - |
| <u>(6,140,053)</u> | <u>(6,688,724)</u> | <u>(7,223,872)</u> |
| (4,648,319) | (4,464,495) | (3,947,208) |
| <u>38,889,081</u> | <u>43,353,576</u> | <u>47,300,784</u> |
| <u>\$ 34,240,762</u> | <u>\$ 38,889,081</u> | <u>\$ 43,353,576</u> |
| \$ 6,134,921 | \$ 6,688,827 | \$ 7,223,872 |
| 5,132 | (103) | (186) |
| <u>(6,140,053)</u> | <u>(6,688,724)</u> | <u>(7,223,686)</u> |
| - | - | - |
| <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| <u>\$ 34,240,762</u> | <u>\$ 38,889,081</u> | <u>\$ 43,353,576</u> |
| - % | - % | - % |
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| N/A | N/A | N/A |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2017 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <u>City Education Plan</u> | | | |
| Total pension liability | | | |
| Interest | \$ 912,142 | \$ 1,027,350 | \$ 1,105,404 |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | 153,472 | 1,129,389 | (823,677) |
| Changes in assumptions | - | 158,057 | - |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(2,663,768)</u> | <u>(2,876,029)</u> | <u>(3,046,404)</u> |
| Net change in total pension liability | (1,598,154) | (561,233) | (2,764,677) |
| Total pension liability - beginning | <u>13,759,687</u> | <u>14,320,920</u> | <u>17,085,597</u> |
| Total pension liability - ending (a) | <u>\$ 12,161,533</u> | <u>\$ 13,759,687</u> | <u>\$ 14,320,920</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position | | | |
| Contributions - employer | \$ 1,238,054 | \$ 1,307,430 | \$ 1,512,381 |
| Contributions - State of Tennessee | 1,444,804 | 1,560,512 | 1,667,091 |
| Net investment income | 21,285 | 9,464 | 4,096 |
| Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions | <u>(2,663,768)</u> | <u>(2,876,029)</u> | <u>(3,046,404)</u> |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position | 40,375 | 1,377 | 137,164 |
| Plan fiduciary net position - beginning | <u>922,126</u> | <u>920,749</u> | <u>783,585</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) | <u>\$ 962,501</u> | <u>\$ 922,126</u> | <u>\$ 920,749</u> |
| Net pension liability - ending (a) - (b) | <u>\$ 11,199,032</u> | <u>\$ 12,837,561</u> | <u>\$ 13,400,171</u> |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 7.91 % | 6.70 % | 6.43 % |
| Covered payroll | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Proportionate share of collective net pension liability: | | | |
| Employer | \$ 7,948,842 | \$ 9,125,373 | \$ 9,431,053 |
| State of Tennessee | 3,250,190 | 3,712,188 | 3,969,118 |
| Employer's share of net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll | N/A | N/A | N/A |

(1) Information regarding the change in the net pension liability is only available for the last six fiscal years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - PENSION PLANS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | \$ 1,305,770 | \$ 1,463,455 | \$ 1,567,660 |
| | (102,207) | 830,248 | - |
| | - | - | - |
| | <u>(3,260,870)</u> | <u>(3,666,567)</u> | <u>(3,908,042)</u> |
| | (2,057,307) | (1,372,864) | (2,340,382) |
| | <u>19,142,904</u> | <u>20,515,768</u> | <u>22,856,150</u> |
| | <u>\$ 17,085,597</u> | <u>\$ 19,142,904</u> | <u>\$ 20,515,768</u> |
| | \$ 1,600,371 | \$ 2,427,465 | \$ 1,932,219 |
| | 1,804,508 | 1,874,231 | 1,975,167 |
| | 4,141 | 306 | 656 |
| | <u>(3,260,870)</u> | <u>(3,666,567)</u> | <u>(3,908,042)</u> |
| | 148,150 | 635,435 | - |
| | <u>635,435</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | <u>\$ 783,585</u> | <u>\$ 635,435</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| | <u>\$ 16,302,012</u> | <u>\$ 18,507,469</u> | <u>\$ 20,515,768</u> |
| | 4.59 % | 3.32 % | - % |
| | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| | \$ 11,599,369 | \$ 13,104,977 | \$ 14,738,952 |
| | 4,702,643 | 5,402,492 | 5,776,816 |
| | N/A | N/A | N/A |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS - PENSION PLANS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

Annual Money-Weighted
Rate of Return, Net of
Investment Expense

For the year ended June 30,

| | |
|------|--------|
| 2019 | 6.14 % |
| 2018 | 6.79 |
| 2017 | 12.87 |
| 2016 | 0.64 |
| 2015 | 4.87 |
| 2014 | 17.83 |
| 2013 | 13.72 |
| 2012 | 1.07 |
| 2011 | 20.93 |
| 2010 | 15.17 |



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER PENSION PLANS OF THE TCRS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 (3) | 2018 | 2017 |
|--|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| <u>Teacher Legacy Pension Plan</u> | | | |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 26,954,693 | \$ 25,370,355 | \$ 26,023,655 |
| Contributions | 26,954,693 | 25,370,355 | 26,023,655 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Covered payroll | \$ 257,690,123 | \$ 279,409,159 | \$ 288,101,769 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 10.46 % | 9.08 % | 9.03 % |
| <u>Teacher Retirement Plan (2)</u> | | | |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ 2,077,091 | \$ 1,650,658 | \$ 3,222,337 |
| Contributions | 2,077,091 | 4,048,842 | 3,222,337 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ (2,398,184)</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| Covered payroll | \$ 112,675,025 | \$ 101,721,173 | \$ 80,335,323 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll | 1.94 % | 3.98 % | 4.01 % |

(1) Information regarding contributions is only available for the last six fiscal years.

(2) The Teacher Retirement Plan was established July 1, 2014. Information for 2014 is not applicable.

(3) In FY2019, the Government placed the actuarially determined contribution rate (1.94%) of covered payroll in the pension plan and 2.06% in the TCRS Stabilization Reserve Trust.

Changes in assumptions. In 2017, the following assumptions were changed: decreased inflation rate from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent; decreased the investment rate of return from 7.50 percent to 7.25 percent; decreased the cost-of-living adjustment from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent; decreased salary growth graded ranges from an average of 4.25 percent to an average of 4.00 percent; and modified mortality assumptions.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER PENSION PLANS OF THE TCRS

LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>2016</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| \$ 27,095,828 | \$ 28,722,365 | \$ 30,470,761 |
| <u>27,095,828</u> | <u>28,722,365</u> | <u>30,470,761</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ -</u> |
| \$ 299,732,644 | \$ 317,726,673 | \$ 343,139,202 |
| 9.04 % | 9.04 % | 8.88 % |
| \$ 1,401,866 | \$ 29,367 | \$ N/A |
| <u>2,240,133</u> | <u>1,174,675</u> | <u>N/A</u> |
| <u>\$ (838,267)</u> | <u>\$ (1,145,308)</u> | <u>\$ N/A</u> |
| \$ 56,002,899 | \$ 29,366,650 | \$ N/A |
| 4.00 % | 4.00 % | N/A % |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
TEACHER PENSION PLANS OF THE TCRS

For the Year Ended June 30, (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | <u>2018</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2016</u> |
|--|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| <u>Teacher Legacy Pension Plan</u> | | | |
| The Government's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | (7.98) % | (8.14) % | 8.30 % |
| The Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ (28,078,491) | \$ (2,664,452) | \$ 51,891,059 |
| The Government's covered payroll | \$ 279,409,159 | \$ 288,101,769 | \$ 299,732,644 |
| The Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | (10.05) % | (0.92) % | 17.31 % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 101.49 % | 100.14 % | 97.14 % |
| <u>Teacher Retirement Plan (2)</u> | | | |
| The Government's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) | (11.58) % | (12.27) % | (12.73) % |
| The Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) | \$ (5,253,192) | \$ (3,238,283) | \$ (1,325,015) |
| The Government's covered payroll | \$ 101,221,173 | \$ 80,335,323 | \$ 56,002,899 |
| The Government's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll | (5.19) % | (4.03) % | (2.37) % |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | 126.97 % | 126.81 % | 121.88 % |

(1) The amount presented were determined as of June 30 of the prior fiscal year.

(2) The Teacher Retirement Plan was established July 1, 2014. Information for 2014 is not applicable.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)
TEACHER PENSION PLANS OF THE TCRS

For the Year Ended June 30, (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2015 | 2014 |
|----------------|----------------|
| 8.49 % | (8.74) % |
| \$ 3,476,720 | \$ (1,420,602) |
| \$ 317,726,673 | \$ 343,139,202 |
| 1.09 % | (0.41) % |
| 99.81 % | (100.08) % |
| (14.13) % | N/A % |
| \$ (568,609) | \$ N/A |
| \$ 29,366,650 | \$ N/A |
| (1.94) % | N/A % |
| 127.46 % | N/A % |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - OPEB PLANS

LAST TWO YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>Metro Employees Medical Benefit Plan</u> | | |
| Total OPEB liability | | |
| Service cost | \$ 102,953,900 | \$ 89,976,557 |
| Interest | 85,537,309 | 88,163,614 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (38,208,225) | - |
| Changes in assumptions | 365,571,459 | - |
| Benefit payments | <u>(83,774,695)</u> | <u>(75,805,562)</u> |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 432,079,748 | 102,334,609 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | <u>3,046,674,160</u> | <u>2,944,339,551</u> |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | <u>\$ 3,478,753,908</u> | <u>\$ 3,046,674,160</u> |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 563,034,083 | \$ 551,057,810 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 617.86 % | 552.88 % |

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions. Effective July 1, 2019, the following changes were made: The discount rate is 2.79% based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2019, compared to the prior discount rate of 2.98%; the assumed trend rate for the medical claims was changed from 8% grading uniformly to an ultimate rate of 5.00% over 10 years to 7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, and following the Getzen model thereafter until reaching an ultimate rate of 3.94% in the year 2075.

(1) Information regarding the change in the total OPEB liability is only available for the last two years.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - OPEB PLANS

LAST TWO YEARS (1)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2019 | 2018 |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| <u>School Professional Employees' Insurance Plan</u> | | |
| Total OPEB liability | | |
| Service cost | \$ 47,857,188 | \$ 40,017,730 |
| Interest | 23,973,454 | 24,376,739 |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | (2,276,475) | - |
| Changes in assumptions | 203,109,626 | - |
| Benefit payments | <u>(30,981,714)</u> | <u>(32,370,649)</u> |
| Net change in total OPEB liability | 241,682,079 | 32,023,820 |
| Total OPEB liability - beginning | <u>842,388,104</u> | <u>810,364,284</u> |
| Total OPEB liability - ending | <u>\$ 1,084,070,183</u> | <u>\$ 842,388,104</u> |
| Covered-employee payroll | \$ 317,261,633 | \$ 327,042,788 |
| Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll | 341.70 % | 257.58 % |

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

There were no changes of benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions. Effective July 1, 2019, the following changes were made: The discount rate is 2.79% based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 year High Grade Rate Index as of June 30, 2019, compared to the prior discount rate of 2.98%; the assumed trend rate for the medical claims was changed from 8% grading uniformly to an ultimate rate of 5.00% over 10 years to 7.50% grading uniformly to 6.75% over 3 years, and following the Getzen model thereafter until reaching an ultimate rate of 3.94% in the year 2075; the mortality rates were changed from based on historical assumptions to the decrement rate study completed for the State of Tennessee Teacher Plans.

(1) Information regarding the change in the total OPEB liability is only available for the last two years.





THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Special Revenue Funds | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Metropolitan Action Commission | General Fund 4% Reserve | Solid Waste Operations |
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 106,761 | \$ 50,233,649 | \$ 5,027,561 |
| Investments | - | - | - |
| Accounts receivable | 3,096,119 | - | 1,029,444 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 2,279 | 110,386 | 10,069 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 187,223 | 2,426,819 | 124,450 |
| Inventories of supplies | - | - | - |
| Other assets | - | - | - |
| Total assets | \$ 3,392,382 | \$ 52,770,854 | \$ 6,191,524 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 736,314 | \$ 2,527,833 | \$ 2,379,015 |
| Accrued payroll | 623,730 | - | 298,255 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | 88,589 | 1,690,215 | 6,744 |
| Due to component units | - | - | - |
| Other liabilities | 2,520 | - | - |
| Total liabilities | 1,451,153 | 4,218,048 | 2,684,014 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - grants | - | - | - |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | - | - | - |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - |
| Restricted for other purposes | 1,941,229 | - | 889,191 |
| Committed for: | | | |
| Equipment acquisitions (appropriated) | - | 28,719,969 | - |
| Equipment acquisitions (unappropriated) | - | 19,832,837 | - |
| Other purposes | - | - | 2,618,319 |
| Total fund balances (deficits) | 1,941,229 | 48,552,806 | 3,507,510 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) | \$ 3,392,382 | \$ 52,770,854 | \$ 6,191,524 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

| Flood 2010 Recovery | Education Services | Hotel Occupancy Tax | Convention Center Tax | Events And Marketing | CBID Events And Marketing |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| \$ 30,543,568 | \$ 6,546,433 | \$ 17,372,708 | \$ 2,084,424 | \$ 1,386,616 | \$ 5,437,645 |
| - | 2,154,965 | - | - | - | - |
| 8,954,328 | 16,655,379 | 7,876,594 | 1,867,169 | 355,261 | 397,645 |
| 137,651 | 7,265 | 26,501 | 1,718 | 2,404 | 11,468 |
| - | 5,355,995 | 3,935,567 | - | - | - |
| - | 1,346,463 | - | - | - | - |
| - | 17 | 500,000 | - | - | - |
| <u>\$ 39,635,547</u> | <u>\$ 32,066,517</u> | <u>\$ 29,711,370</u> | <u>\$ 3,953,311</u> | <u>\$ 1,744,281</u> | <u>\$ 5,846,758</u> |
| \$ 125,966 | \$ 3,722,019 | \$ 5,337,528 | \$ - | \$ 1,087,500 | \$ 50,000 |
| - | 755,560 | - | - | - | - |
| 19,316,275 | 2,388,249 | 2,886,941 | 3,935,567 | - | - |
| - | - | 12,317,831 | 17,744 | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>19,442,241</u> | <u>6,865,828</u> | <u>20,542,300</u> | <u>3,953,311</u> | <u>1,087,500</u> | <u>50,000</u> |
| <u>8,954,328</u> | <u>4,634,895</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <u>8,954,328</u> | <u>4,634,895</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| - | 1,346,480 | - | - | - | - |
| 11,238,978 | 19,219,314 | 9,169,070 | - | 656,781 | 5,796,758 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>11,238,978</u> | <u>20,565,794</u> | <u>9,169,070</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>656,781</u> | <u>5,796,758</u> |
| <u>\$ 39,635,547</u> | <u>\$ 32,066,517</u> | <u>\$ 29,711,370</u> | <u>\$ 3,953,311</u> | <u>\$ 1,744,281</u> | <u>\$ 5,846,758</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Special Revenue Funds | | Permanent Funds | | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|---|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | Other | General Government | Education | | |
| | Government Services | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 38,432,363 | \$ 170,047 | \$ 191,836 | | \$ 157,533,611 |
| Investments | - | - | - | | 2,154,965 |
| Accounts receivable | 16,075,122 | - | - | | 56,307,061 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 87,914 | 371 | 417 | | 398,443 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 2,852,129 | - | - | | 14,882,183 |
| Inventories of supplies | 299,278 | - | - | | 1,645,741 |
| Other assets | 5,541 | - | - | | 505,558 |
| Total assets | \$ 57,752,347 | \$ 170,418 | \$ 192,253 | | \$ 233,427,562 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 7,497,049 | \$ - | \$ 163 | | \$ 23,463,387 |
| Accrued payroll | 1,146,873 | - | - | | 2,824,418 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | 6,782,618 | - | - | | 37,095,198 |
| Due to component units | - | - | - | | 12,335,575 |
| Other liabilities | 1,563,353 | - | - | | 1,565,873 |
| Total liabilities | 16,989,893 | - | 163 | | 77,284,451 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - grants | 3,011,209 | - | - | | 16,600,432 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 3,011,209 | - | - | | 16,600,432 |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS): | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 299,288 | 105,994 | 79,118 | | 1,830,880 |
| Restricted for other purposes | 11,599,208 | 64,424 | 112,972 | | 60,687,925 |
| Committed for: | | | | | |
| Equipment acquisitions (appropriated) | - | - | - | | 28,719,969 |
| Equipment acquisitions (unappropriated) | - | - | - | | 19,832,837 |
| Other purposes | 25,852,749 | - | - | | 28,471,068 |
| Total fund balances (deficits) | 37,751,245 | 170,418 | 192,090 | | 139,542,679 |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits) | \$ 57,752,347 | \$ 170,418 | \$ 192,253 | | \$ 233,427,562 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

| | Metropolitan Action Commission | General Fund 4% Reserve | Solid Waste Operations |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| REVENUES: | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | - | - | - |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | - | - | - |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 26,338 | 1,121,806 | 115,656 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 21,277,451 | - | 437,430 |
| Commissions and fees | - | - | - |
| Charges for current services | 240,574 | - | 6,482,769 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 6,403 | - | - |
| Contributions and gifts | 23,980 | - | - |
| Miscellaneous | 390 | - | 37,776 |
| Total revenues | <u>21,575,136</u> | <u>1,121,806</u> | <u>7,073,631</u> |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| General government | - | - | - |
| Fiscal administration | - | - | - |
| Administration of justice | - | - | - |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | - | - | - |
| Fire prevention and control | - | - | - |
| Regulation and inspection | - | - | - |
| Public welfare | 26,625,240 | - | - |
| Public health and hospitals | - | - | - |
| Public library system | - | - | - |
| Public works, highways and streets | - | - | 28,981,649 |
| Recreational and cultural | - | - | - |
| Education | - | - | - |
| Capital outlay | 246 | 25,324,158 | - |
| Total expenditures | <u>26,625,486</u> | <u>25,324,158</u> | <u>28,981,649</u> |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | <u>(5,050,350)</u> | <u>(24,202,352)</u> | <u>(21,908,018)</u> |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | |
| Transfers in | 5,474,900 | 32,472,605 | 20,321,600 |
| Transfers out | <u>(19,950)</u> | <u>(17,592,803)</u> | <u>(636,800)</u> |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u>5,454,950</u> | <u>14,879,802</u> | <u>19,684,800</u> |
| Net change in fund balances (deficits) | 404,600 | (9,322,550) | (2,223,218) |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), beginning of year | <u>1,536,629</u> | <u>57,875,356</u> | <u>5,730,728</u> |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), end of year | <u>\$ 1,941,229</u> | <u>\$ 48,552,806</u> | <u>\$ 3,507,510</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Special Revenue Funds

| Flood 2010 Recovery | Education Services | Hotel Occupancy Tax | Convention Center Tax | Events And Marketing | CBID Events And Marketing |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| - | - | 87,167,245 | 21,251,448 | 4,076,961 | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1,353,183 | 140,819 | 223,289 | 17,744 | 26,308 | 104,222 |
| 1,975,848 | 151,588,602 | - | - | - | 2,423,711 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 13,780,300 | - | - | - | - |
| - | 1,948,922 | - | - | - | - |
| - | 4,011,361 | - | - | - | - |
| - | 3,031 | - | - | - | - |
| <u>3,329,031</u> | <u>171,473,035</u> | <u>87,390,534</u> | <u>21,269,192</u> | <u>4,103,269</u> | <u>2,527,933</u> |
| 698,208 | - | 69,584,889 | 21,269,192 | 4,175,000 | 1,100,000 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 294,639,813 | - | - | - | - |
| - | 4,839,453 | - | - | - | - |
| <u>698,208</u> | <u>299,479,266</u> | <u>69,584,889</u> | <u>21,269,192</u> | <u>4,175,000</u> | <u>1,100,000</u> |
| <u>2,630,823</u> | <u>(128,006,231)</u> | <u>17,805,645</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(71,731)</u> | <u>1,427,933</u> |
| - | 129,579,576 | - | - | - | - |
| - | (5,031,380) | (14,555,496) | - | - | - |
| - | 124,548,196 | (14,555,496) | - | - | - |
| 2,630,823 | (3,458,035) | 3,250,149 | - | (71,731) | 1,427,933 |
| 8,608,155 | 24,023,829 | 5,918,921 | - | 728,512 | 4,368,825 |
| <u>\$ 11,238,978</u> | <u>\$ 20,565,794</u> | <u>\$ 9,169,070</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 656,781</u> | <u>\$ 5,796,758</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Special Revenue Funds | | Permanent Funds | | Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|--|
| | Other Government Services | General Government | Education | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 3,344,493 | - | - | \$ 3,344,493 | |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 519,705 | - | - | 113,015,359 | |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 3,225,246 | - | - | 3,225,246 | |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 867,295 | 4,140 | 4,189 | 4,004,989 | |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 49,275,689 | - | - | 226,978,731 | |
| Commissions and fees | 8,893,569 | - | - | 8,893,569 | |
| Charges for current services | 9,820,965 | - | - | 30,324,608 | |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 54,657 | - | - | 2,009,982 | |
| Contributions and gifts | 9,533,599 | - | - | 13,568,940 | |
| Miscellaneous | 1,088 | - | - | 42,285 | |
| Total revenues | <u>85,536,306</u> | <u>4,140</u> | <u>4,189</u> | <u>405,408,202</u> | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| General government | 7,731,815 | 39,939 | - | 104,599,043 | |
| Fiscal administration | 285,175 | - | - | 285,175 | |
| Administration of justice | 10,538,338 | - | - | 10,538,338 | |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 23,107,385 | - | - | 23,107,385 | |
| Fire prevention and control | 33,184 | - | - | 33,184 | |
| Regulation and inspection | 96,487 | - | - | 96,487 | |
| Public welfare | 20,291,829 | - | - | 46,917,069 | |
| Public health and hospitals | 22,963,130 | - | - | 22,963,130 | |
| Public library system | 1,053,862 | - | - | 1,053,862 | |
| Public works, highways and streets | 13,897,285 | - | - | 42,878,934 | |
| Recreational and cultural | 2,058,992 | - | - | 2,058,992 | |
| Education | - | - | 1,102 | 294,640,915 | |
| Capital outlay | 2,319,181 | - | - | 32,483,038 | |
| Total expenditures | <u>104,376,663</u> | <u>39,939</u> | <u>1,102</u> | <u>581,655,552</u> | |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | <u>(18,840,357)</u> | <u>(35,799)</u> | <u>3,087</u> | <u>(176,247,350)</u> | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 22,309,869 | - | - | 210,158,550 | |
| Transfers out | (6,449,251) | - | - | (44,285,680) | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u>15,860,618</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>165,872,870</u> | |
| Net change in fund balances (deficits) | (2,979,739) | (35,799) | 3,087 | (10,374,480) | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), beginning of year | <u>40,730,984</u> | <u>206,217</u> | <u>189,003</u> | <u>149,917,159</u> | |
| FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS), end of year | <u>\$ 37,751,245</u> | <u>170,418</u> | <u>192,090</u> | <u>\$ 139,542,679</u> | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GSD GENERAL PURPOSES DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 95,402,400 | \$ 95,402,400 | \$ 95,105,677 | \$ (296,723) |
| Local option sales tax | 2,618,200 | 2,618,200 | 2,876,685 | 258,485 |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 287,500 | 287,500 | 207,489 | (80,011) |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 7,324,300 | 7,324,300 | 5,572,748 | (1,751,552) |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 15,000,000 | 15,000,000 | - | (15,000,000) |
| Bond interest tax credit | 4,843,400 | 4,843,400 | 4,895,429 | 52,029 |
| Total revenues | 125,475,800 | 125,475,800 | 108,658,028 | (16,817,772) |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 84,467,200 | 84,467,200 | 84,467,213 | (13) |
| Interest | 83,640,500 | 83,640,500 | 77,681,334 | 5,959,166 |
| Fiscal charges | 1,188,500 | 1,188,500 | 2,158,365 | (969,865) |
| Total expenditures | 169,296,200 | 169,296,200 | 164,306,912 | 4,989,288 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (43,820,400) | (43,820,400) | (55,648,884) | (11,828,484) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 43,820,400 | 43,820,400 | 56,262,595 | 12,442,195 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 43,820,400 | 43,820,400 | 56,262,595 | 12,442,195 |
| Net change in fund balances | - | - | 613,711 | 613,711 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 5,663,153 | 5,663,153 | 5,663,153 | - |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 5,663,153 | \$ 5,663,153 | \$ 6,276,864 | \$ 613,711 |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GSD SCHOOL PURPOSES DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 40,473,300 | \$ 40,473,300 | \$ 40,347,596 | \$ (125,704) |
| Local option sales taxes | 61,103,300 | 61,103,300 | 63,449,269 | 2,345,969 |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 97,000 | 97,000 | 992,583 | 895,583 |
| Total revenues | 101,673,600 | 101,673,600 | 104,789,448 | 3,115,848 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 61,610,000 | 61,610,000 | 59,566,210 | 2,043,790 |
| Interest | 41,490,200 | 40,940,200 | 40,041,480 | 898,720 |
| Fiscal charges | 723,000 | 723,000 | 1,474,236 | (751,236) |
| Total expenditures | 103,823,200 | 103,273,200 | 101,081,926 | 2,191,274 |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (2,149,600) | (1,599,600) | 3,707,522 | 5,307,122 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 1,599,600 | 1,599,600 | 3,018,699 | 1,419,099 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 1,599,600 | 1,599,600 | 3,018,699 | 1,419,099 |
| Net change in fund balances | (550,000) | - | 6,726,221 | 6,726,221 |
| FUND BALANCE, beginning of year | 4,664,036 | 4,664,036 | 4,664,036 | - |
| FUND BALANCE, end of year | \$ 4,114,036 | \$ 4,664,036 | \$ 11,390,257 | \$ 6,726,221 |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
USD GENERAL PURPOSES DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|--|------------------|---------------|-------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 17,848,700 | \$ 17,848,700 | \$ 16,096,626 | \$ (1,752,074) |
| Total revenues | 17,848,700 | 17,848,700 | 16,096,626 | (1,752,074) |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Principal retirement | 13,742,600 | 13,742,600 | 11,357,597 | 2,385,003 |
| Interest | 5,727,600 | 5,727,600 | 8,464,485 | (2,736,885) |
| Fiscal charges | 187,100 | 187,100 | 321,917 | (134,817) |
| Total expenditures | 19,657,300 | 19,657,300 | 20,143,999 | (486,699) |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | (1,808,600) | (1,808,600) | (4,047,373) | (2,238,773) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 1,808,600 | 1,808,600 | 3,808,600 | 2,000,000 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 1,808,600 | 1,808,600 | 3,808,600 | 2,000,000 |
| Net change in fund balances | - | - | (238,773) | (238,773) |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | 524,152 | 524,152 | 524,152 | - |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | \$ 524,152 | \$ 524,152 | \$ 285,379 | \$ (238,773) |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

DESCRIPTION OF NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

METROPOLITAN ACTION COMMISSION FUND

The Metropolitan Action Commission Fund accounts for the various programs of the Commission which provide education, social skills, meals and before and after care assistance to low-income and disadvantaged children, and energy assistance to low-income individuals.

GENERAL FUND 4% RESERVE FUND

The General Fund 4% Reserve Fund accounts for 4% of locally generated revenues deposited in the GSD General Fund. Expenditures from this fund are for capital items and are authorized by resolutions of the Metropolitan Council.

SOLID WASTE OPERATIONS FUND

The Solid Waste Operations Fund accounts for activities of the Department of Public Works involving refuse collection, recycling, chipper service and other miscellaneous activities as well as federal and state funds for enhancing solid waste management in local communities and solid waste special projects approved by the Metropolitan Council.

FLOOD 2010 RECOVERY FUND

The Flood 2010 Recovery Fund accounts for expenditures and revenues from insurance, federal, and state reimbursements, and other sources, related to May 2010 flooding.

EDUCATION SERVICES FUND

The Education Services Fund accounts for a variety of programs supporting educational activities including various state and federal grant programs, funds reserved for unemployment compensation claims of Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools employees, food service operations of the school system, and fund raising activities of individual schools.

HOTEL OCCUPANCY TAX FUND

The Hotel Occupancy Tax Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Finance Department and was established to account for hotel occupancy tax receipts first levied in 1976. Currently these tax receipts are utilized two-sixths for direct promotion of tourism, three-sixths for the construction, financing and operation of the new Music City Center, and one-sixth for distribution to the General Fund.

CONVENTION CENTER TAX FUND

The Convention Center Tax Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Finance Department and was established to account for additional hotel occupancy and other tourist-related tax receipts levied beginning in 2007 to be utilized for the construction, financing and operation of the new Music City Center.

EVENTS AND MARKETING FUND

The Events and Marketing Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Finance Department and was established to account for additional hotel occupancy and other tourist-related tax receipts levied beginning in 2008 to be utilized to support events or projects which have a positive economic impact on the Government.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

DESCRIPTION OF NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

CBID EVENTS AND MARKETING FUND

The CBID Events and Marketing Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Finance Department and was established to account for fees beginning in 2014 on retail sales with the Central Business Improvement District to be utilized to support events or projects which have a positive economic impact on the Government.

OTHER GOVERNMENT SERVICES FUND

The Other Government Services Fund accounts for funds which support various government activities through federal, state and private grants and contributions, proceeds from the sale of seized property used to support various law enforcement programs, and special revenues supporting other governmental operations.

PERMANENT FUNDS

GENERAL GOVERNMENT FUND

The General Government Fund is used to account for restricted trusts under the administrative responsibility of various departments of the general government.

EDUCATION FUND

The Education Fund is used to account for restricted trusts under the administrative responsibility of the Metropolitan Board of Education.





THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Board of Fair Commissioners | Farmers Market | Surplus Property Auction |
|--|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 543,464 | \$ 337,919 | \$ 3,076,251 |
| Accounts receivable | 100,915 | - | 7,816 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | - | - | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | 327 | 353 | 6,456 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | - | - | 59,896 |
| Due from component units | - | - | - |
| Other current assets | 2,220 | - | - |
| Total current assets | 646,926 | 338,272 | 3,150,419 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | |
| Land | 175,293 | - | - |
| Buildings and improvements | 8,693,917 | 3,451,463 | - |
| Improvements other than buildings | 3,781,300 | 163,589 | - |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 736,575 | 429,612 | - |
| Property under capital lease | - | 3,645,000 | - |
| Construction in progress | 27,681,398 | 125,017 | - |
| Less accumulated depreciation | (11,338,265) | (4,296,249) | - |
| Capital assets - net | 29,730,218 | 3,518,432 | - |
| Total noncurrent assets | 29,730,218 | 3,518,432 | - |
| Total assets | 30,377,144 | 3,856,704 | 3,150,419 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | |
| Pensions | 161,946 | 48,337 | 69,785 |
| Total deferred outflows of resources | 161,946 | 48,337 | 69,785 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Municipal Auditorium | Police Impound | Stormwater Operations | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| \$ 3,118,330 | \$ 726,294 | \$ 37,756,433 | \$ 45,558,691 |
| 19,231 | - | 4,175,245 | 4,303,207 |
| - | - | (1,140,830) | (1,140,830) |
| 6,527 | 1,578 | 84,468 | 99,709 |
| - | - | 3,132,819 | 3,192,715 |
| - | - | 300 | 300 |
| - | - | - | 2,220 |
| <u>3,144,088</u> | <u>727,872</u> | <u>44,008,435</u> | <u>52,016,012</u> |
| 587,400 | - | - | 762,693 |
| 12,887,896 | - | - | 25,033,276 |
| 84,651 | - | - | 4,029,540 |
| 844,496 | - | - | 2,010,683 |
| - | - | - | 3,645,000 |
| 4,841 | - | - | 27,811,256 |
| (10,104,912) | - | - | (25,739,426) |
| <u>4,304,372</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>37,553,022</u> |
| <u>4,304,372</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>37,553,022</u> |
| <u>7,448,460</u> | <u>727,872</u> | <u>44,008,435</u> | <u>89,569,034</u> |
| <u>108,391</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,226,490</u> | <u>1,614,949</u> |
| <u>108,391</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,226,490</u> | <u>1,614,949</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Board of Fair Commissioners | Farmers Market | Surplus Property Auction |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 138,304 | \$ 142,324 | \$ 14,749 |
| Accrued payroll | 179,329 | 27,127 | 72,866 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | 18,692 | 6,759 | 663,558 |
| Due to component units | - | - | 712 |
| Customer deposits | - | 10,190 | - |
| Unearned revenue | 39,950 | - | - |
| Total current liabilities | 376,275 | 186,400 | 751,885 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | |
| Net pension liability | 184,452 | 55,055 | 79,483 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 184,452 | 55,055 | 79,483 |
| Total liabilities | 560,727 | 241,455 | 831,368 |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | |
| Pensions | 245,511 | 73,280 | 105,794 |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | 245,511 | 73,280 | 105,794 |
| NET POSITION: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 29,730,218 | 3,518,432 | - |
| Unrestricted | 2,634 | 71,874 | 2,283,042 |
| Total net position | \$ 29,732,852 | \$ 3,590,306 | \$ 2,283,042 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| <u>Municipal Auditorium</u> | <u>Police Impound</u> | <u>Stormwater Operations</u> | <u>Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds</u> |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| \$ 82,973 | \$ - | \$ 1,248,937 | \$ 1,627,287 |
| 84,920 | - | 587,554 | 951,796 |
| 4,994 | - | 74,605 | 768,608 |
| - | - | - | 712 |
| - | - | - | 10,190 |
| <u>1,748,786</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,788,736</u> |
| <u>1,921,673</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,911,096</u> | <u>5,147,329</u> |
| <u>123,455</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,396,935</u> | <u>1,839,380</u> |
| <u>123,455</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,396,935</u> | <u>1,839,380</u> |
| <u>2,045,128</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>3,308,031</u> | <u>6,986,709</u> |
| <u>164,322</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,859,364</u> | <u>2,448,271</u> |
| <u>164,322</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,859,364</u> | <u>2,448,271</u> |
| 4,304,372 | - | - | 37,553,022 |
| <u>1,043,029</u> | <u>727,872</u> | <u>40,067,530</u> | <u>44,195,981</u> |
| <u>\$ 5,347,401</u> | <u>\$ 727,872</u> | <u>\$ 40,067,530</u> | <u>\$ 81,749,003</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Board of Fair Commissioners | Farmers Market | Surplus Property Auction |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES: | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 2,923,774 | \$ 999,899 | \$ 1,199,930 |
| Total operating revenues | <u>2,923,774</u> | <u>999,899</u> | <u>1,199,930</u> |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | |
| Personal services | 1,385,494 | 351,651 | 471,703 |
| Contractual services | 1,420,849 | 1,344,594 | 136,176 |
| Supplies and materials | 113,475 | 27,322 | 4,951 |
| Depreciation | 369,975 | 292,750 | - |
| Other | 152,450 | 20,705 | 3,168 |
| Total operating expenses | <u>3,442,243</u> | <u>2,037,022</u> | <u>615,998</u> |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | <u>(518,469)</u> | <u>(1,037,123)</u> | <u>583,932</u> |
| NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE): | | | |
| Investment income (expense) | 4,784 | (648) | 56,555 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of property | - | - | - |
| Other | - | - | - |
| Total nonoperating revenue (expense) | <u>4,784</u> | <u>(648)</u> | <u>56,555</u> |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS | <u>(513,685)</u> | <u>(1,037,771)</u> | <u>640,487</u> |
| TRANSFERS IN | 26,200,596 | 1,025,017 | - |
| TRANSFERS OUT | <u>(193,500)</u> | <u>(93,600)</u> | <u>(312,400)</u> |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 25,493,411 | (106,354) | 328,087 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | <u>4,239,441</u> | <u>3,696,660</u> | <u>1,954,955</u> |
| NET POSITION, end of year | <u>\$ 29,732,852</u> | <u>\$ 3,590,306</u> | <u>\$ 2,283,042</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Municipal Auditorium | Police Impound | Stormwater Operations | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| \$ 2,314,255 | \$ 502,184 | \$ 36,016,714 | \$ 43,956,756 |
| <u>2,314,255</u> | <u>502,184</u> | <u>36,016,714</u> | <u>43,956,756</u> |
| 733,740 | - | 8,933,388 | 11,875,976 |
| 989,204 | 375,000 | 8,021,429 | 12,287,252 |
| 26,586 | - | 442,711 | 615,045 |
| 377,205 | - | - | 1,039,930 |
| 62,039 | - | 189,730 | 428,092 |
| <u>2,188,774</u> | <u>375,000</u> | <u>17,587,258</u> | <u>26,246,295</u> |
| <u>125,481</u> | <u>127,184</u> | <u>18,429,456</u> | <u>17,710,461</u> |
| 47,776 | 14,668 | 676,321 | 799,456 |
| 61 | - | - | 61 |
| - | - | 237,000 | 237,000 |
| <u>47,837</u> | <u>14,668</u> | <u>913,321</u> | <u>1,036,517</u> |
| <u>173,318</u> | <u>141,852</u> | <u>19,342,777</u> | <u>18,746,978</u> |
| 12,800 | - | - | 27,238,413 |
| (83,100) | - | (6,516,543) | (7,199,143) |
| - | - | - | - |
| 103,018 | 141,852 | 12,826,234 | 38,786,248 |
| <u>5,244,383</u> | <u>586,020</u> | <u>27,241,296</u> | <u>42,962,755</u> |
| <u>\$ 5,347,401</u> | <u>\$ 727,872</u> | <u>\$ 40,067,530</u> | <u>\$ 81,749,003</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Board of Fair Commissioners | Farmers Market | Surplus Property Auction |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ 2,861,482 | \$ 1,019,899 | \$ 1,752,221 |
| Payments to suppliers | (1,704,597) | (1,493,804) | (131,738) |
| Payments to employees | (1,389,734) | (354,115) | (502,437) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>(232,849)</u> | <u>(828,020)</u> | <u>1,118,046</u> |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | |
| Transfers in | 26,200,596 | 1,025,017 | - |
| Transfers out | (193,500) | (93,600) | (312,400) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities | <u>26,007,096</u> | <u>931,417</u> | <u>(312,400)</u> |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | (25,900,597) | (125,017) | - |
| Proceeds from the sale of property | - | - | - |
| Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities | <u>(25,900,597)</u> | <u>(125,017)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Interest on investments | 5,225 | (934) | 53,069 |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | <u>5,225</u> | <u>(934)</u> | <u>53,069</u> |
| Net changes in cash and cash equivalents | (121,125) | (22,554) | 858,715 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | <u>664,589</u> | <u>360,473</u> | <u>2,217,536</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | <u>\$ 543,464</u> | <u>\$ 337,919</u> | <u>\$ 3,076,251</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Municipal Auditorium | Police Impound | Stormwater Operations | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| \$ 2,906,460 | \$ 502,184 | \$ 35,982,408 | \$ 45,024,654 |
| (1,069,411) | (375,000) | (7,697,780) | (12,472,330) |
| (767,956) | - | (8,441,052) | (11,455,294) |
| <u>1,069,093</u> | <u>127,184</u> | <u>19,843,576</u> | <u>21,097,030</u> |
| 12,800 | - | - | 27,238,413 |
| (83,100) | - | (6,516,543) | (7,199,143) |
| <u>(70,300)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(6,516,543)</u> | <u>20,039,270</u> |
| - | - | - | (26,025,614) |
| <u>61</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>61</u> |
| <u>61</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(26,025,553)</u> |
| <u>44,316</u> | <u>13,890</u> | <u>626,113</u> | <u>741,679</u> |
| <u>44,316</u> | <u>13,890</u> | <u>626,113</u> | <u>741,679</u> |
| 1,043,170 | 141,074 | 13,953,146 | 15,852,426 |
| <u>2,075,160</u> | <u>585,220</u> | <u>23,803,287</u> | <u>29,706,265</u> |
| <u>\$ 3,118,330</u> | <u>\$ 726,294</u> | <u>\$ 37,756,433</u> | <u>\$ 45,558,691</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Board of Fair Commissioners | Farmers Market | Surplus Property Auction |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ (518,469) | \$ (1,037,123) | \$ 583,932 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation | 369,975 | 292,750 | - |
| Provision for doubtful accounts | - | - | - |
| Other receipts | - | - | - |
| Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | (41,941) | - | (1,998) |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | - | 20,000 | (59,896) |
| Due from component units | - | - | - |
| Other current assets | 6,688 | - | - |
| Deferred outflows pensions | (33,755) | (9,521) | (13,605) |
| Accounts payable | (18,617) | (102,663) | 12,557 |
| Accrued payroll | 5,230 | 1,560 | (24,617) |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | (5,894) | 1,480 | 614,447 |
| Due to component units | - | - | (262) |
| Unearned revenue | (20,351) | - | - |
| Net pension liability | 18,761 | 4,884 | 6,869 |
| Deferred inflows pensions | 5,524 | 613 | 619 |
| Total adjustments | <u>285,620</u> | <u>209,103</u> | <u>534,114</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>\$ (232,849)</u> | <u>\$ (828,020)</u> | <u>\$ 1,118,046</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Municipal Auditorium | Police Impound | Stormwater Operations | Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|--|
| <u>\$ 125,481</u> | <u>\$ 127,184</u> | <u>\$ 18,429,456</u> | <u>\$ 17,710,461</u> |
| 377,205 | - | - | 1,039,930 |
| - | - | 193,322 | 193,322 |
| - | - | 237,000 | 237,000 |
| 2,518 | - | (229,527) | (270,948) |
| - | - | 2,099 | (37,797) |
| - | - | (200) | (200) |
| 569 | - | - | 7,257 |
| (28,739) | - | (495,231) | (580,851) |
| 7,081 | - | 666,095 | 564,453 |
| (41,186) | - | 45,437 | (13,576) |
| 768 | - | 52,995 | 663,796 |
| - | - | - | (262) |
| 589,687 | - | - | 569,336 |
| 20,503 | - | 451,760 | 502,777 |
| 15,206 | - | 490,370 | 512,332 |
| <u>943,612</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,414,120</u> | <u>3,386,569</u> |
| <u>\$ 1,069,093</u> | <u>\$ 127,184</u> | <u>\$ 19,843,576</u> | <u>\$ 21,097,030</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Office of Fleet Management | Information Systems | School Self Insurance |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 6,534,794 | \$ 4,871,224 | \$ 4,250,351 |
| Accounts receivable | 12,460 | 226,194 | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | 13,801 | 12,793 | 9,394 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 48,811 | 398,763 | - |
| Due from component units | - | 96 | - |
| Inventories of supplies | 1,113,094 | - | - |
| Other current assets | - | - | - |
| | <u>7,722,960</u> | <u>5,509,070</u> | <u>4,259,745</u> |
| Total current assets | | | |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | 187,207,558 | 21,770,011 | - |
| Less accumulated depreciation | <u>(134,456,284)</u> | <u>(13,206,503)</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Capital assets - net | <u>52,751,274</u> | <u>8,563,508</u> | <u>-</u> |
| | <u>60,474,234</u> | <u>14,072,578</u> | <u>4,259,745</u> |
| Total assets | | | |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | 2,622,400 | 798,977 | 31,888 |
| Accrued payroll | 734,447 | 2,116,600 | - |
| Claims payable | - | - | 1,689,051 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | <u>58,483</u> | <u>2,919</u> | <u>86</u> |
| | <u>3,415,330</u> | <u>2,918,496</u> | <u>1,721,025</u> |
| Total current liabilities | | | |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | |
| Claims payable | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,952,206</u> |
| | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,952,206</u> |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | | | |
| | <u>3,415,330</u> | <u>2,918,496</u> | <u>3,673,231</u> |
| Total liabilities | | | |
| NET POSITION: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 52,751,274 | 8,563,508 | - |
| Unrestricted | <u>4,307,630</u> | <u>2,590,574</u> | <u>586,514</u> |
| | <u>\$ 57,058,904</u> | <u>\$ 11,154,082</u> | <u>\$ 586,514</u> |
| Total net position | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| General Government Self Insurance | School Professional Employees' Insurance | Employees' Medical Benefit | Injured on Duty | Treasury Management |
|---|---|----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| \$ 18,353,246 | \$ 23,906,346 | \$ 96,717,437 | \$ 28,812,160 | \$ 33,846 |
| - | 1,528,273 | 474,272 | - | - |
| 40,775 | 58,339 | 207,822 | 64,920 | 61 |
| 2,771 | - | 79,496 | - | 149,882 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 512,873 | - | - | - |
| <u>18,396,792</u> | <u>26,005,831</u> | <u>97,479,027</u> | <u>28,877,080</u> | <u>183,789</u> |
| - | - | - | - | 10,626 |
| - | - | - | - | (10,626) |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>18,396,792</u> | <u>26,005,831</u> | <u>97,479,027</u> | <u>28,877,080</u> | <u>183,789</u> |
| 85,910 | 2,606,482 | 2,947,606 | 247,222 | - |
| - | 17,592 | - | - | 117,930 |
| 3,720,917 | 7,089,842 | 15,724,000 | 5,053,000 | - |
| - | 141,310 | 106,656 | 251 | 406 |
| <u>3,806,827</u> | <u>9,855,226</u> | <u>18,778,262</u> | <u>5,300,473</u> | <u>118,336</u> |
| <u>3,569,412</u> | - | - | - | - |
| <u>3,569,412</u> | - | - | - | - |
| <u>7,376,239</u> | <u>9,855,226</u> | <u>18,778,262</u> | <u>5,300,473</u> | <u>118,336</u> |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>11,020,553</u> | <u>16,150,605</u> | <u>78,700,765</u> | <u>23,576,607</u> | <u>65,453</u> |
| <u>\$ 11,020,553</u> | <u>\$ 16,150,605</u> | <u>\$ 78,700,765</u> | <u>\$ 23,576,607</u> | <u>\$ 65,453</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| | Technology Revolving | School Print Shop | Total Internal Service Funds |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 971,720 | \$ 638,985 | \$ 185,090,109 |
| Accounts receivable | - | 526 | 2,241,725 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 1,191 | 1,433 | 410,529 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 43,432 | 96,721 | 819,876 |
| Due from component units | 3,834 | - | 3,930 |
| Inventories of supplies | - | - | 1,113,094 |
| Other current assets | - | - | 512,873 |
| Total current assets | 1,020,177 | 737,665 | 190,192,136 |
| Noncurrent assets: | | | |
| Capital assets: | | | |
| Furniture, machinery and equipment | - | 276,896 | 209,265,091 |
| Less accumulated depreciation | - | (276,896) | (147,950,309) |
| Capital assets - net | - | - | 61,314,782 |
| Total assets | 1,020,177 | 737,665 | 251,506,918 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable | 30,066 | 2,648 | 9,373,199 |
| Accrued payroll | - | 22,036 | 3,008,605 |
| Claims payable | - | - | 33,276,810 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | - | - | 310,111 |
| Total current liabilities | 30,066 | 24,684 | 45,968,725 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | | | |
| Claims payable | - | - | 5,521,618 |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | - | - | 5,521,618 |
| Total liabilities | 30,066 | 24,684 | 51,490,343 |
| NET POSITION: | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | - | - | 61,314,782 |
| Unrestricted | 990,111 | 712,981 | 138,701,793 |
| Total net position | \$ 990,111 | \$ 712,981 | \$ 200,016,575 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Office of Fleet Management | Information Systems | School Self Insurance |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES: | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 21,442,378 | \$ 25,799,261 | \$ - |
| Other | - | - | - |
| Total operating revenues | <u>21,442,378</u> | <u>25,799,261</u> | <u>-</u> |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | |
| Personal services | 5,183,237 | 13,656,250 | 82,778 |
| Contractual services | 6,587,493 | 6,988,536 | 706,501 |
| Supplies and materials | 9,613,595 | 470,465 | - |
| Depreciation | 16,669,949 | 2,391,894 | - |
| Compensation for damages | - | - | 1,280,795 |
| Medical and insurance benefits | - | - | - |
| Other | 92,645 | 4,230,493 | 3,965 |
| Total operating expenses | <u>38,146,919</u> | <u>27,737,638</u> | <u>2,074,039</u> |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | <u>(16,704,541)</u> | <u>(1,938,377)</u> | <u>(2,074,039)</u> |
| NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE): | | | |
| Investment income | 98,707 | 105,404 | 100,356 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of property | (76,149) | - | - |
| Other | 332,994 | - | 93,084 |
| Total nonoperating revenue (expense) | <u>355,552</u> | <u>105,404</u> | <u>193,440</u> |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS | <u>(16,348,989)</u> | <u>(1,832,973)</u> | <u>(1,880,599)</u> |
| TRANSFERS IN | 22,694,258 | - | 1,250,000 |
| TRANSFERS OUT | - | - | - |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 6,345,269 | (1,832,973) | (630,599) |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | <u>50,713,635</u> | <u>12,987,055</u> | <u>1,217,113</u> |
| NET POSITION, end of year | <u>\$ 57,058,904</u> | <u>\$ 11,154,082</u> | <u>\$ 586,514</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| <u>General Government Self Insurance</u> | <u>School Professional Employees' Insurance</u> | <u>Employees' Medical Benefit</u> | <u>Injured On Duty</u> | <u>Treasury Management</u> |
|--|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ 6,873,036 | \$ 132,117,484 | \$ 231,018,913 | \$ 1,235,500 | \$ 810,723 |
| - | 809,863 | 13,333,930 | 398 | - |
| <u>6,873,036</u> | <u>132,927,347</u> | <u>244,352,843</u> | <u>1,235,898</u> | <u>810,723</u> |
| 214,876 | 399,111 | 454,821 | - | 793,057 |
| 3,249,034 | 6,762,116 | 6,337,440 | 2,120,636 | 33,681 |
| - | 66,241 | 12,968 | - | 3,782 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| 4,702,109 | - | - | - | - |
| - | 118,245,916 | 242,950,029 | 13,369,547 | - |
| - | 231 | 10,000 | 115,788 | 4,401 |
| <u>8,166,019</u> | <u>125,473,615</u> | <u>249,765,258</u> | <u>15,605,971</u> | <u>834,921</u> |
| <u>(1,292,983)</u> | <u>7,453,732</u> | <u>(5,412,415)</u> | <u>(14,370,073)</u> | <u>(24,198)</u> |
| 413,184 | 443,434 | 2,080,478 | 689,296 | 1,137 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 88,555 | (27,837) | - | - |
| <u>413,184</u> | <u>531,989</u> | <u>2,052,641</u> | <u>689,296</u> | <u>1,137</u> |
| <u>(879,799)</u> | <u>7,985,721</u> | <u>(3,359,774)</u> | <u>(13,680,777)</u> | <u>(23,061)</u> |
| 225,176 | - | 2,951,340 | 9,764,500 | - |
| (1,933,000) | - | - | - | - |
| <u>(2,587,623)</u> | <u>7,985,721</u> | <u>(408,434)</u> | <u>(3,916,277)</u> | <u>(23,061)</u> |
| <u>13,608,176</u> | <u>8,164,884</u> | <u>79,109,199</u> | <u>27,492,884</u> | <u>88,514</u> |
| <u>\$ 11,020,553</u> | <u>\$ 16,150,605</u> | <u>\$ 78,700,765</u> | <u>\$ 23,576,607</u> | <u>\$ 65,453</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND
CHANGES IN NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Technology Revolving | School Print Shop | Total Internal Service Funds |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES: | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ 206,117 | \$ 445,757 | \$ 419,949,169 |
| Other | - | - | 14,144,191 |
| Total operating revenues | 206,117 | 445,757 | 434,093,360 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES: | | | |
| Personal services | - | 115,930 | 20,900,060 |
| Contractual services | 98,248 | 117,428 | 33,001,113 |
| Supplies and materials | 1,470,653 | 84,627 | 11,722,331 |
| Depreciation | - | 1,188 | 19,063,031 |
| Compensation for damages | - | - | 5,982,904 |
| Medical and insurance benefits | - | - | 374,565,492 |
| Other | - | 73,535 | 4,531,058 |
| Total operating expenses | 1,568,901 | 392,708 | 469,765,989 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | (1,362,784) | 53,049 | (35,672,629) |
| NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSE): | | | |
| Investment income | 26,496 | 14,628 | 3,973,120 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of property | - | - | (76,149) |
| Other | - | - | 486,796 |
| Total nonoperating revenue (expense) | 26,496 | 14,628 | 4,383,767 |
| INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS | (1,336,288) | 67,677 | (31,288,862) |
| TRANSFERS IN | 500,000 | - | 37,385,274 |
| TRANSFERS OUT | - | - | (1,933,000) |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | (836,288) | 67,677 | 4,163,412 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | 1,826,399 | 645,304 | 195,853,163 |
| NET POSITION, end of year | \$ 990,111 | \$ 712,981 | \$ 200,016,575 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Office of Fleet Management | Information Systems | School Self Insurance |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ 21,929,113 | \$ 25,721,245 | \$ 2,126 |
| Payments to suppliers | (17,253,148) | (11,795,926) | (1,680,308) |
| Payments to employees | (5,152,514) | (13,727,015) | - |
| Other receipts | 332,994 | - | 93,084 |
| Other payments | - | - | - |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>(143,555)</u> | <u>198,304</u> | <u>(1,585,098)</u> |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | |
| Transfers in | 22,694,258 | - | 1,250,000 |
| Transfers out | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities | <u>22,694,258</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,250,000</u> |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | (23,257,312) | - | - |
| Proceeds from the sale of property | <u>13,026</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities | <u>(23,244,286)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Interest on investments | <u>94,022</u> | <u>99,714</u> | <u>97,112</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | <u>94,022</u> | <u>99,714</u> | <u>97,112</u> |
| Net changes in cash and cash equivalents | (599,561) | 298,018 | (237,986) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | <u>7,134,355</u> | <u>4,573,206</u> | <u>4,488,337</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | <u>\$ 6,534,794</u> | <u>\$ 4,871,224</u> | <u>\$ 4,250,351</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| <u>General Government Self Insurance</u> | <u>School Professional Employees' Insurance</u> | <u>Employees' Medical Benefit</u> | <u>Injured On Duty</u> | <u>Treasury Management</u> |
|--|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ 6,871,768 | \$ 131,824,953 | \$ 244,484,243 | \$ 1,237,726 | \$ 833,910 |
| (7,059,053) | (125,839,882) | (252,784,662) | (14,530,916) | (42,355) |
| - | (401,510) | (454,821) | - | (787,702) |
| - | 88,555 | - | - | - |
| - | - | (27,837) | - | - |
| <u>(187,285)</u> | <u>5,672,116</u> | <u>(8,783,077)</u> | <u>(13,293,190)</u> | <u>3,853</u> |
| 225,176 | - | 2,951,340 | 9,764,500 | - |
| <u>(1,933,000)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <u>(1,707,824)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>2,951,340</u> | <u>9,764,500</u> | <u>-</u> |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 399,824 | 413,870 | 2,004,999 | 669,666 | 1,106 |
| <u>399,824</u> | <u>413,870</u> | <u>2,004,999</u> | <u>669,666</u> | <u>1,106</u> |
| (1,495,285) | 6,085,986 | (3,826,738) | (2,859,024) | 4,959 |
| <u>19,848,531</u> | <u>17,820,360</u> | <u>100,544,175</u> | <u>31,671,184</u> | <u>28,887</u> |
| <u>\$ 18,353,246</u> | <u>\$ 23,906,346</u> | <u>\$ 96,717,437</u> | <u>\$ 28,812,160</u> | <u>\$ 33,846</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Technology Revolving | School Print Shop | Total Internal Service Funds |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities: | | | |
| Receipts from customers and users | \$ 179,341 | \$ 361,553 | \$ 433,445,978 |
| Payments to suppliers | (1,569,208) | (310,018) | (432,865,476) |
| Payments to employees | - | (115,713) | (20,639,275) |
| Other receipts | - | - | 514,633 |
| Other payments | - | - | (27,837) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>(1,389,867)</u> | <u>(64,178)</u> | <u>(19,571,977)</u> |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | | | |
| Transfers in | 500,000 | - | 37,385,274 |
| Transfers out | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(1,933,000)</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities | <u>500,000</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>35,452,274</u> |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | - | - | (23,257,312) |
| Proceeds from the sale of property | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>13,026</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(23,244,286)</u> |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | | | |
| Interest on investments | <u>28,007</u> | <u>14,110</u> | <u>3,822,430</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | <u>28,007</u> | <u>14,110</u> | <u>3,822,430</u> |
| Net changes in cash and cash equivalents | (861,860) | (50,068) | (3,541,559) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | <u>1,833,580</u> | <u>689,053</u> | <u>188,631,668</u> |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | <u>\$ 971,720</u> | <u>\$ 638,985</u> | <u>\$ 185,090,109</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | <u>Office of Fleet Management</u> | <u>Information Systems</u> | <u>School Self Insurance</u> |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ (16,704,541) | \$ (1,938,377) | \$ (2,074,039) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation | 16,669,949 | 2,391,894 | - |
| Other receipts | 332,994 | - | 93,084 |
| Other payments | - | - | - |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | 339 | (34,937) | - |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 486,396 | (43,083) | 2,126 |
| Due from component units | - | 4 | - |
| Inventories of supplies | 544,402 | - | - |
| Accounts payable | 444,380 | (63,572) | (197,324) |
| Accrued payroll | 30,723 | (70,765) | - |
| Claims payable | - | - | 591,044 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | (1,948,197) | (42,860) | 11 |
| Total adjustments | <u>16,560,986</u> | <u>2,136,681</u> | <u>488,941</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>\$ (143,555)</u> | <u>\$ 198,304</u> | <u>\$ (1,585,098)</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| <u>General Government Self Insurance</u> | <u>School Professional Employees' Insurance</u> | <u>Employees' Medical Benefit</u> | <u>Injured On Duty</u> | <u>Treasury Management</u> |
|--|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ (1,292,983) | \$ 7,453,732 | \$ (5,412,415) | \$ (14,370,073) | \$ (24,198) |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | 88,555 | - | - | - |
| - | - | (27,837) | - | - |
| - | (1,528,157) | (51,909) | 1,828 | - |
| (1,268) | 425,763 | 183,309 | - | 23,187 |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - |
| (175,006) | 591,846 | (2,590,894) | 92,035 | (491) |
| - | (2,399) | - | - | 5,355 |
| 1,284,098 | (1,498,012) | (973,000) | 983,000 | - |
| (2,126) | 140,788 | 89,669 | 20 | - |
| <u>1,105,698</u> | <u>(1,781,616)</u> | <u>(3,370,662)</u> | <u>1,076,883</u> | <u>28,051</u> |
| <u>\$ (187,285)</u> | <u>\$ 5,672,116</u> | <u>\$ (8,783,077)</u> | <u>\$ (13,293,190)</u> | <u>\$ 3,853</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | <u>Technology Revolving</u> | <u>School Print Shop</u> | <u>Total Internal Service Funds</u> |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---|
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Operating income (loss) | \$ (1,362,784) | \$ 53,049 | \$ (35,672,629) |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | | |
| Depreciation | - | 1,188 | 19,063,031 |
| Other receipts | - | - | 514,633 |
| Other payments | - | - | (27,837) |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts receivable | - | (52) | (1,612,888) |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | (22,942) | (84,152) | 969,336 |
| Due from component units | (3,834) | - | (3,830) |
| Inventories of supplies | - | - | 544,402 |
| Accounts payable | (307) | (34,428) | (1,933,761) |
| Accrued payroll | - | 217 | (36,869) |
| Claims payable | - | - | 387,130 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | - | - | (1,762,695) |
| Total adjustments | <u>(27,083)</u> | <u>(117,227)</u> | <u>16,100,652</u> |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | <u>\$ (1,389,867)</u> | <u>\$ (64,178)</u> | <u>\$ (19,571,977)</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
DESCRIPTION OF PROPRIETARY FUNDS

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

BOARD OF FAIR COMMISSIONERS

The Board of Fair Commissioners performs administrative and fiscal duties relative to the Tennessee State Fair and fairgrounds. Revenues are derived primarily from the annual State Fair, monthly flea markets and the Nashville Speedway.

FARMERS MARKET

The Farmers Market provides farmers with a setting in which to sell their agricultural products to the general public. Revenues are derived from fees collected from vendors for indoor retail space, farmers for display space, and other private vendors for flea market space.

SURPLUS PROPERTY AUCTION

The Surplus Property Auction was created to sell used capital assets, excess inventory and confiscated property of the Government. Revenues are derived from the proceeds received from individuals and entities that purchase the items through an on-line auction.

MUNICIPAL AUDITORIUM

The Municipal Auditorium provides space primarily for entertainment and sports events on a user charge basis.

POLICE IMPOUND

Police Impound provides storage for impounded vehicles. Revenues are derived from user fees paid for vehicle retrieval.

STORMWATER OPERATIONS

Stormwater Operations is under the administrative responsibility of the Department of Water and Sewerage Services and accounts for the activities surrounding the maintenance of the Government's stormwater drainage system. Revenues are derived from a stormwater fee assessed on users of the system.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

OFFICE OF FLEET MANAGEMENT FUND

The Office of Fleet Management Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Department of General Services. Fleet Management acts as the central service agency with regard to the acquisition, use, maintenance and replacement of vehicles and rolling equipment owned by the Government.

INFORMATION SYSTEMS FUND

The Information Systems Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Information Technology Services Department. Revenues are derived from internal charges to various departments for voice and data communication services and for the use of computer equipment.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
DESCRIPTION OF PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

SCHOOL SELF INSURANCE FUND

The School Self Insurance Fund is used to pay for general liability claims, vehicular liability claims and administrative claims that relate to schools. Premiums are paid from the schools' operating budget to this fund in lieu of paying insurance premiums to private insurance carriers.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT SELF INSURANCE FUND

The General Government Self Insurance Fund is used to pay claims from a pooling of funds, including claims for bodily injury and property damage. Premiums are paid from various departments to this fund in lieu of paying insurance premiums to private insurance carriers.

SCHOOL PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES' INSURANCE FUND

The School Professional Employees' Insurance Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools and is used for the accumulation of assets for the payment of self insured medical claims.

EMPLOYEES' MEDICAL BENEFIT FUND

The Employees' Medical Benefit Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Employee Benefit Board and is used for the accumulation of assets for the payment of self insured medical claims.

INJURED ON DUTY FUND

The Injured on Duty Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Department of Human Resources and is used for the accumulation of assets for the payment of self insured injured on duty claims.

TREASURY MANAGEMENT FUND

The Treasury Management Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Department of Finance. Treasury Management is the central service agency responsible for the management of cash, pension investments and debt. Revenue to cover the fund's activity is from the Metro Investment Pool, Pension Trust Fund and Debt Service Funds.

TECHNOLOGY REVOLVING FUND

The Technology Revolving Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Information Technology Services Department and is used to account for the replacement of computer equipment and software. Revenues are derived from internal charges to various departments based on equipment usage.

SCHOOL PRINT SHOP FUND

The School Print Shop Fund is under the administrative responsibility of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools. It is used to account for the operations of printing services and derives its revenues from internal service charges to schools for printing services.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Davidson County Employees' Retirement | Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust | Employees' Pension and Insurance | Teachers' Retirement Plan |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ - | \$ 9,518,102 | \$ 1,174,371 | \$ 6,479,627 |
| Investments, at fair value: | | | | |
| Bank debt notes | - | 94,018 | - | 2,859 |
| Commingled funds U.S. debt | - | 33,832,988 | - | 1,028,733 |
| Conventional mortgages | - | 60,669,947 | - | 1,844,743 |
| Preferred stock | - | 5,247,065 | - | 159,543 |
| Common stock | - | 321,042,007 | - | 9,761,670 |
| Corporate bonds and notes | - | 248,175,811 | - | 7,546,085 |
| Emerging markets | - | 1,082,222 | - | 32,906 |
| Equity commingled funds | - | 65,061,878 | - | 1,978,285 |
| Bank loans | - | 9,701,490 | - | 294,986 |
| Commercial paper | - | 1,551,574 | - | 47,177 |
| Non agency mortgages/collateralized mortgage obligations | - | 54,142,387 | - | 1,646,265 |
| Other fixed income | - | 244,522,048 | - | 7,434,988 |
| Other securities | - | 345,542,520 | - | 10,506,638 |
| Venture capital and partnerships | - | 1,812,428,381 | - | 55,109,074 |
| Municipals | - | 246,957 | - | 7,509 |
| Registered investment companies | - | 112,012,258 | - | 3,405,868 |
| U.S. treasury securities | - | 147,052,933 | - | 4,471,322 |
| Cash collateral received - securities lending program | - | 53,494,183 | - | - |
| Accounts receivable | - | 468,753,196 | - | 14,253,007 |
| Accrued interest receivable | - | 6,914,247 | 2,781 | 225,001 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 20 | 60,644 | 5 | 3,899,098 |
| Total assets | 20 | 4,001,146,856 | 1,177,157 | 130,135,384 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Accounts payable | 20 | 795,054 | 5 | - |
| Due to brokers | - | 691,747,215 | - | 21,033,410 |
| Payable for collateral received - securities lending program | - | 53,494,183 | - | - |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | - | 116,626 | - | 92,800 |
| Due to component units | - | 9,958 | - | - |
| Total liabilities | 20 | 746,163,036 | 5 | 21,126,210 |
| NET POSITION: | | | | |
| Restricted for pensions | - | 3,254,983,820 | 1,177,152 | 109,009,174 |
| Held in trust for other employee benefits | - | - | - | - |
| Total net position | \$ - | \$ 3,254,983,820 | \$ 1,177,152 | \$ 109,009,174 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Closed City Plan | Teachers' Civil Service and Pension | Metropolitan Employees' Flexible Benefits Plan | Education Flexible Benefits Plan | Total Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds |
|------------------------|--|--|---|---|
| \$ - | \$ 960,324 | \$ 1,309,607 | \$ 500,393 | \$ 19,942,424 |
| - | - | - | - | 96,877 |
| - | - | - | - | 34,861,721 |
| - | - | - | - | 62,514,690 |
| - | - | - | - | 5,406,608 |
| - | - | - | - | 330,803,677 |
| - | - | - | - | 255,721,896 |
| - | - | - | - | 1,115,128 |
| - | - | - | - | 67,040,163 |
| - | - | - | - | 9,996,476 |
| - | - | - | - | 1,598,751 |
| - | - | - | - | 55,788,652 |
| - | - | - | - | 251,957,036 |
| - | - | - | - | 356,049,158 |
| - | - | - | - | 1,867,537,455 |
| - | - | - | - | 254,466 |
| - | - | - | - | 115,418,126 |
| - | - | - | - | 151,524,255 |
| - | - | - | - | 53,494,183 |
| - | - | - | - | 483,006,203 |
| - | 2,177 | 2,824 | 1,065 | 7,148,095 |
| 92 | - | - | - | 3,959,859 |
| <u>92</u> | <u>962,501</u> | <u>1,312,431</u> | <u>501,458</u> | <u>4,135,235,899</u> |
| 92 | - | 2,638 | - | 797,809 |
| - | - | - | - | 712,780,625 |
| - | - | - | - | 53,494,183 |
| - | - | 2,654 | - | 212,080 |
| - | - | - | - | 9,958 |
| <u>92</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>5,292</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>767,294,655</u> |
| - | 962,501 | - | - | 3,366,132,647 |
| <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,307,139</u> | <u>501,458</u> | <u>1,808,597</u> |
| <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 962,501</u> | <u>\$ 1,307,139</u> | <u>\$ 501,458</u> | <u>\$ 3,367,941,244</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 AGENCY FUNDS

June 30, 2019

| | Richard R. Rooker, Circuit Court Clerk | Maria M. Salas, Clerk and Master | Brenda Wynn, County Clerk | Howard Gentry, Criminal Court Clerk | Karen Johnson, County Register |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|---|---|
| ASSETS: | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 33,172,571 | \$ 14,710,880 | \$ 492,790 | \$ 9,544,558 | \$ 8,145,991 |
| Investments: | | | | | |
| Mortgages and real estate | - | - | - | 991,100 | - |
| Mutual funds | - | 19,113 | - | - | - |
| Accrued interest receivable | - | - | - | - | - |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total assets | \$ 33,172,571 | \$ 14,729,993 | \$ 492,790 | \$ 10,535,658 | \$ 8,145,991 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | \$ 18,890,536 | \$ 14,721,302 | \$ - | \$ 7,919,529 | \$ - |
| Other liabilities | 14,282,035 | 8,691 | 492,790 | 2,616,129 | 8,145,991 |
| Total liabilities | \$ 33,172,571 | \$ 14,729,993 | \$ 492,790 | \$ 10,535,658 | \$ 8,145,991 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| David Smith, Juvenile Court Clerk | Sold Property Tax Receivables | Sheriff Work Release and Inmate Trust | Planning Performance Bonds | Total Agency Funds |
|--|--|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| \$ 1,931,118 | \$ 4,105,244 | \$ 300,161 | \$ 1,316,784 | \$ 73,720,097 |
| - | - | - | - | 991,100 |
| - | - | - | - | 19,113 |
| - | 4,694 | - | - | 4,694 |
| - | 2,381,445 | - | - | 2,381,445 |
| <u>\$ 1,931,118</u> | <u>\$ 6,491,383</u> | <u>\$ 300,161</u> | <u>\$ 1,316,784</u> | <u>\$ 77,116,449</u> |
| \$ 1,719,305 | \$ 6,491,383 | \$ 300,161 | \$ 1,316,784 | \$ 51,359,000 |
| 211,813 | - | - | - | 25,757,449 |
| <u>\$ 1,931,118</u> | <u>\$ 6,491,383</u> | <u>\$ 300,161</u> | <u>\$ 1,316,784</u> | <u>\$ 77,116,449</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Davidson County Employees' Retirement | Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust | Employees' Pension and Insurance | Teachers' Retirement Plan |
|--|--|--|--|---------------------------------|
| ADDITIONS: | | | | |
| Investment income: | | | | |
| Interest and dividend income | \$ - | \$ 90,480,004 | \$ 27,154 | \$ 2,834,773 |
| Net appreciation (depreciation) of investments | - | 200,990,535 | - | 5,939,186 |
| Miscellaneous | - | 127,315 | - | - |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments | - | 291,597,854 | 27,154 | 8,773,959 |
| Net income earned on securities lending transactions: | | | | |
| Securities lending income | - | 208,944 | - | - |
| Securities lending expense | - | (41,772) | - | - |
| Net income earned on securities lending transactions | - | 167,172 | - | - |
| Less investment expenses | (86) | (50,906,750) | (20) | (1,511,452) |
| Net investment income (loss) | (86) | 240,858,276 | 27,134 | 7,262,507 |
| Contributions: | | | | |
| Employee contributions | - | 34,011 | - | - |
| Employer contributions | 1,023,934 | 77,242,171 | 2,729,955 | 23,525,080 |
| Transfers in | - | 317,040 | - | - |
| Contributions from the State of Tennessee | - | - | 2,170,140 | 10,482,030 |
| Miscellaneous | - | - | - | - |
| Total contributions | 1,023,934 | 77,593,222 | 4,900,095 | 34,007,110 |
| Total additions | 1,023,848 | 318,451,498 | 4,927,229 | 41,269,617 |
| DEDUCTIONS: | | | | |
| Pension and other employee benefits | 1,023,848 | 176,248,788 | 4,924,449 | 30,274,284 |
| Administrative expenses | - | 3,790,632 | - | 100,913 |
| Transfers out | - | - | - | - |
| Total deductions | 1,023,848 | 180,039,420 | 4,924,449 | 30,375,197 |
| Change in net position | - | 138,412,078 | 2,780 | 10,894,420 |
| NET POSITION, beginning of year | - | 3,116,571,742 | 1,174,372 | 98,114,754 |
| NET POSITION, end of year | \$ - | \$ 3,254,983,820 | \$ 1,177,152 | \$ 109,009,174 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Closed City Plan | Teachers' Civil Service and Pension | Employees' Flexible Benefits Plan | Education Flexible Benefits Plan | Total Pension (and Other Employee Benefit) Trust Funds |
|------------------------|---|--|---|---|
| \$ - | \$ 21,285 | \$ 63,223 | \$ 6,333 | \$ 93,432,772 |
| - | - | - | - | 206,929,721 |
| - | - | - | - | 127,315 |
| - | 21,285 | 63,223 | 6,333 | 300,489,808 |
| - | - | - | - | 208,944 |
| - | - | - | - | (41,772) |
| - | - | - | - | 167,172 |
| (426) | - | - | - | (52,418,734) |
| (426) | 21,285 | 63,223 | 6,333 | 248,238,246 |
| - | - | 1,286,162 | 1,232,331 | 2,552,504 |
| 5,060,376 | 1,238,054 | - | - | 110,819,570 |
| - | - | - | - | 317,040 |
| - | 1,444,804 | - | - | 14,096,974 |
| - | - | 2,597,961 | - | 2,597,961 |
| 5,060,376 | 2,682,858 | 3,884,123 | 1,232,331 | 130,384,049 |
| 5,059,950 | 2,704,143 | 3,947,346 | 1,238,664 | 378,622,295 |
| 5,059,950 | 2,663,768 | 1,523,877 | 894,267 | 222,613,231 |
| - | - | - | - | 3,891,545 |
| - | - | 2,951,340 | 584 | 2,951,924 |
| 5,059,950 | 2,663,768 | 4,475,217 | 894,851 | 229,456,700 |
| - | 40,375 | (527,871) | 343,813 | 149,165,595 |
| - | 922,126 | 1,835,010 | 157,645 | 3,218,775,649 |
| \$ - | \$ 962,501 | \$ 1,307,139 | \$ 501,458 | \$ 3,367,941,244 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Balance June 30, 2018 | Additions | Deductions | Balance June 30, 2019 |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Richard R. Rooker, Circuit Court Clerk</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 18,892,665 | \$ 84,284,210 | \$ 70,004,304 | \$ 33,172,571 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | \$ 9,991,399 | \$ 12,898,564 | \$ 3,999,427 | \$ 18,890,536 |
| Other liabilities | 8,901,266 | 71,385,646 | 66,004,877 | 14,282,035 |
| Total liabilities | <u>\$ 18,892,665</u> | <u>\$ 84,284,210</u> | <u>\$ 70,004,304</u> | <u>\$ 33,172,571</u> |
| <u>Maria M. Salas, Clerk and Master</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 14,767,035 | \$ 18,004,824 | \$ 18,060,979 | \$ 14,710,880 |
| Mutual funds | 18,583 | 1,496 | 966 | 19,113 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 14,785,618</u> | <u>\$ 18,006,320</u> | <u>\$ 18,061,945</u> | <u>\$ 14,729,993</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | \$ 14,772,908 | \$ 10,722,746 | \$ 10,774,352 | \$ 14,721,302 |
| Other liabilities | 12,710 | 7,283,574 | 7,287,593 | 8,691 |
| Total liabilities | <u>\$ 14,785,618</u> | <u>\$ 18,006,320</u> | <u>\$ 18,061,945</u> | <u>\$ 14,729,993</u> |
| <u>Brenda Wynn, County Clerk</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 569,311 | \$ 84,671,595 | \$ 84,748,116 | \$ 492,790 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Other liabilities | <u>\$ 569,311</u> | <u>\$ 84,671,595</u> | <u>\$ 84,748,116</u> | <u>\$ 492,790</u> |
| <u>Howard Gentry, Criminal Court Clerk</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 10,963,933 | \$ 7,126,210 | \$ 8,545,585 | \$ 9,544,558 |
| Mortgages and real estate | 1,291,100 | - | 300,000 | 991,100 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 12,255,033</u> | <u>\$ 7,126,210</u> | <u>\$ 8,845,585</u> | <u>\$ 10,535,658</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | \$ 9,698,145 | \$ 150,000 | \$ 1,928,616 | \$ 7,919,529 |
| Other liabilities | 2,556,888 | 6,976,210 | 6,916,969 | 2,616,129 |
| Total liabilities | <u>\$ 12,255,033</u> | <u>\$ 7,126,210</u> | <u>\$ 8,845,585</u> | <u>\$ 10,535,658</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Balance June 30, 2018 | Additions | Deductions | Balance June 30, 2019 |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Karen Johnson, County Register</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 7,193,364 | \$ 61,852,442 | \$ 60,899,815 | \$ 8,145,991 |
| Other assets | 128,617 | - | 128,617 | - |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 7,321,981</u> | <u>\$ 61,852,442</u> | <u>\$ 61,028,432</u> | <u>\$ 8,145,991</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Other liabilities | <u>\$ 7,321,981</u> | <u>\$ 61,852,442</u> | <u>\$ 61,028,432</u> | <u>\$ 8,145,991</u> |
| <u>David Smith, Juvenile Court Clerk</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ 1,956,230</u> | <u>\$ 743,673</u> | <u>\$ 768,785</u> | <u>\$ 1,931,118</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | \$ 1,732,769 | \$ 140,708 | \$ 154,172 | \$ 1,719,305 |
| Other liabilities | 223,461 | 602,965 | 614,613 | 211,813 |
| Total liabilities | <u>\$ 1,956,230</u> | <u>\$ 743,673</u> | <u>\$ 768,785</u> | <u>\$ 1,931,118</u> |
| <u>Sold Property Tax Receivables</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,459,130 | \$ 32,757,401 | \$ 31,111,287 | \$ 4,105,244 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 2,057 | 28,320 | 25,683 | 4,694 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 1,721,803 | 2,381,446 | 1,721,804 | 2,381,445 |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 4,182,990</u> | <u>\$ 35,167,167</u> | <u>\$ 32,858,774</u> | <u>\$ 6,491,383</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | <u>\$ 4,182,990</u> | <u>\$ 35,167,167</u> | <u>\$ 32,858,774</u> | <u>\$ 6,491,383</u> |
| <u>Sheriff Work Release and Inmate Trust</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ 82,078</u> | <u>\$ 220,217</u> | <u>\$ 2,134</u> | <u>\$ 300,161</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | <u>\$ 82,078</u> | <u>\$ 220,217</u> | <u>\$ 2,134</u> | <u>\$ 300,161</u> |
| <u>Planning Performance Bonds</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | <u>\$ 1,658,670</u> | <u>\$ 768,401</u> | <u>\$ 1,110,287</u> | <u>\$ 1,316,784</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | <u>\$ 1,658,670</u> | <u>\$ 768,401</u> | <u>\$ 1,110,287</u> | <u>\$ 1,316,784</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES
 FIDUCIARY FUNDS
 AGENCY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Balance June 30, 2018 | Additions | Deductions | Balance June 30, 2019 |
|--|--------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>Totals - All Agency Funds</u> | | | | |
| ASSETS: | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 58,542,416 | \$ 290,428,973 | \$ 275,251,292 | \$ 73,720,097 |
| Investments: | | | | |
| Mortgages and real estate | 1,291,100 | - | 300,000 | 991,100 |
| Mutual funds | 18,583 | 1,496 | 966 | 19,113 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 2,057 | 28,320 | 25,683 | 4,694 |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 1,721,803 | 2,381,446 | 1,721,804 | 2,381,445 |
| Other assets | 128,617 | - | 128,617 | - |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 61,704,576</u> | <u>\$ 292,840,235</u> | <u>\$ 277,428,362</u> | <u>\$ 77,116,449</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | |
| Funds held in custody for others | \$ 42,118,959 | \$ 60,067,803 | \$ 50,827,762 | \$ 51,359,000 |
| Other liabilities | 19,585,617 | 232,772,432 | 226,600,600 | 25,757,449 |
| Total liabilities | <u>\$ 61,704,576</u> | <u>\$ 292,840,235</u> | <u>\$ 277,428,362</u> | <u>\$ 77,116,449</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
DESCRIPTION OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS

PENSION (AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT) TRUST FUNDS

DAVIDSON COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT FUND

The Davidson County Employees' Retirement Fund covers certain employees of the former Davidson County and was closed to new members in 1963. Benefits are funded by contributions from the Government.

METROPOLITAN EMPLOYEES' BENEFIT TRUST FUND

Established in 1963, the Metropolitan Employees' Benefit Trust Fund covers substantially all employees who are not members of any other plan and is used to account for Divisions A & B of the Metro Plan. Division B of the Metro Plan is the only plan open to new members. This Plan is funded by the Government. Under the administrative responsibility of the Employee Benefit Board, this fund provides for the accumulation of assets for the payment of disability and retirement benefits for employees covered under this plan.

EMPLOYEES' PENSION AND INSURANCE FUND

The Employees' Pension and Insurance Fund covers teachers and classified employees of the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools of the former Davidson County. The plan is closed to new members and is funded by contributions from the Government, employees and the State of Tennessee.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN FUND

The Teachers' Retirement Plan Fund is funded by contributions from the Metropolitan Nashville Public Schools, employees and the State of Tennessee. The plan was closed to new members on July 1, 1969.

CLOSED CITY PLAN FUND

This fund accounts for two closed plans.

The Civil Service Employees' Pension Fund covers certain employees of the former City of Nashville and was closed to new members in 1963. Benefits are funded by contributions from the Government.

The Police and Fireman Pension Fund covers certain employees of the former City of Nashville and was closed to new members in 1963. Benefits are funded by contributions from the Government.

TEACHERS' CIVIL SERVICE AND PENSION FUND

The Teachers' Civil Service and Pension Fund covers eligible employees who were teachers of the former City of Nashville. Benefits are funded by contributions from the Government and the State of Tennessee.

METROPOLITAN EMPLOYEES' FLEXIBLE BENEFITS PLAN FUND

The Metropolitan Employees' Flexible Benefits Plan Fund was established to account for the pre-tax deductions withheld from compensation to employees of the Government for medical and dependent care reimbursement.

EDUCATION FLEXIBLE BENEFITS PLAN FUND

The Education Flexible Benefits Plan Fund was established to account for the pre-tax deductions withheld from compensation to employees of the Metropolitan Nashville Public School System for medical and dependent care reimbursement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
DESCRIPTION OF FIDUCIARY FUNDS (CONTINUED)

AGENCY FUNDS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

The following agency funds are used to account for assets held by the Elected Officials as agents for individuals, governmental entities and others. These include:

Richard R. Rooker, Circuit Court Clerk
Maria M. Salas, Clerk and Master
Brenda Wynn, County Clerk
Howard Gentry, Criminal Court Clerk
Karen Johnson, County Register
David Smith, Juvenile Court Clerk

SOLD PROPERTY TAX RECEIVABLES FUND

The Sold Property Tax Receivables Fund accounts for property tax funds collected by the Government on behalf of the buyers of certain property tax receivable balances.

SHERIFF WORK RELEASE AND INMATE TRUST FUND

The Sheriff Work Release and Inmate Trust Fund administers and accounts for the receipt and usage of individual inmates' personal funds through the Commissary and Work Release accounts.

PLANNING PERFORMANCE BONDS FUND

The Planning Performance Bonds Fund accounts for performance bond funds received from contractors held until the completion of infrastructure development projects.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

BALANCE SHEET
SPORTS AUTHORITY FUND

June 30, 2019

ASSETS:

| | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 30,985,384 |
| Investments | 850,340 |
| Accounts receivable | 2,304,746 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 46,059 |
| Notes receivable | 28,872,213 |
| Due from the primary government | <u>504</u> |
| Total assets | <u><u>\$ 63,059,246</u></u> |

LIABILITIES:

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts payable | \$ 4,932,762 |
| Accrued payroll | 10,670 |
| Due to the primary government | <u>4,230</u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>4,947,662</u> |

DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:

| | |
|---|-----------------------|
| Unavailable revenue - tax increment financing | <u>28,000,000</u> |
| Total deferred inflows of resources | <u>28,000,000</u> |

FUND BALANCES:

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| Restricted for capital projects | 5,592 |
| Restricted for debt service | 13,172,580 |
| Unassigned | <u>16,933,412</u> |
| Total fund balances | <u>30,111,584</u> |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | <u><u>\$ 63,059,246</u></u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 SPORTS AUTHORITY

June 30, 2019

| | | |
|--|----|---------------|
| Fund balances | \$ | 30,111,584 |
| <p>Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:</p> | | |
| <p>Capital assets of governmental component units are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the Balance Sheet. However, they are reported in the Statement of Net Position. This amount represents the net book value of capital assets at year-end.</p> | | |
| | | 361,549,985 |
| <p>Long-term liabilities, including revenue bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported by governmental component units in the Balance Sheet. However, they are reported in the Statement of Net Position. Additionally, related interest is accrued when incurred in the Statement of Net Position.</p> | | |
| Bonds payable | | (121,135,000) |
| Line of credit | | (15,445,598) |
| Less deferred charge on refunding | | 2,327,265 |
| Add net bond premium/discount | | (3,177,926) |
| Accrued interest payable | | (2,993,242) |
| Compensated absences | | (14,300) |
| | | (14,300) |
| Net position | \$ | 251,222,768 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
SPORTS AUTHORITY FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| REVENUES: | |
| Local option sales tax | \$ 3,755,267 |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 3,074,439 |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 1,939,355 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 27,937,797 |
| Charges for current services | 5,916,460 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | <u>1,871,460</u> |
| Total revenues | <u>44,494,778</u> |
| EXPENDITURES: | |
| Personal services | 275,332 |
| Contractual services | 24,794,834 |
| Supplies and materials | 9,279 |
| Other costs | 664,933 |
| Capital outlay | 193,080 |
| Debt service: | |
| Principal retirement | 10,669,900 |
| Interest | <u>6,605,605</u> |
| Total expenditures | <u>43,212,963</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | 1,281,815 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | <u>28,829,769</u> |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | <u><u>\$ 30,111,584</u></u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
 FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 SPORTS AUTHORITY

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | | |
|---|----|--------------|
| Net change in fund balances | \$ | 1,281,815 |
| <p>Amounts reported in the Statement of Activities are different because:</p> <p>Governmental component units report capital outlays as expenditures in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. However, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities.</p> | | |
| Acquisition of capital assets | | 294,625 |
| Depreciation expense | | (17,324,854) |
| <p>The issuance of debt provides current financial resources to governmental component unit funds, but the issuance of debt increases long-term liabilities for governmental component unit activities. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental component unit funds but reduces long-term liabilities for governmental component unit activities. Also, governmental component unit funds report the effects of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized for governmental component unit activities.</p> | | |
| Principal repayments | | 10,669,900 |
| Amortization of deferred charge on refunding | | (363,825) |
| Amortization of premium/discount | | 363,032 |
| Change in accrued interest | | (14,962) |
| <p>Compensated absences reported for governmental activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures for governmental funds.</p> | | |
| | | (1,536) |
| Change in net position | \$ | (5,095,805) |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

BALANCE SHEET
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD FUND

June 30, 2019

ASSETS:

| | |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 646,955 |
| Accounts receivable | 11,038,027 |
| Accrued interest receivable | <u>1,307</u> |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 11,686,289</u> |

LIABILITIES:

| | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| Accounts payable | <u>\$ 11,038,132</u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>11,038,132</u> |

FUND BALANCES:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Unassigned | <u>648,157</u> |
| Total fund balances | <u>648,157</u> |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | <u>\$ 11,686,289</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | |
|---|--------------------------|
| REVENUES: | |
| Revenue from the use of money or property | \$ 15,257 |
| Revenue from other governmental agencies | <u>27,341,970</u> |
| Total revenues | <u>27,357,227</u> |
| EXPENDITURES: | |
| Contractual services | 303 |
| Supplies and materials | 21 |
| Other costs | <u>27,341,970</u> |
| Total expenditures | <u>27,342,294</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | 14,933 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | <u>633,224</u> |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | <u><u>\$ 648,157</u></u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.





THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS
GENERAL FUND

June 30, 2019

| | General Services District | Urban Services District | Total General Fund |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| ASSETS: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 60,230,801 | \$ 18,905,828 | \$ 79,136,629 |
| Sales tax receivable | 25,432,570 | - | 25,432,570 |
| Accounts receivable | 58,780,510 | 2,981,144 | 61,761,654 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 52,332 | 35,603 | 87,935 |
| Property taxes receivable | 434,673,329 | 98,271,061 | 532,944,390 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (11,378,678) | (902,032) | (12,280,710) |
| Due from other funds of the primary government | 5,313,081 | 144,166 | 5,457,247 |
| Inventories of supplies | 231,099 | - | 231,099 |
| Other assets | 281,013 | - | 281,013 |
| | <u>573,616,057</u> | <u>119,435,770</u> | <u>693,051,827</u> |
| Total assets | <u>\$ 573,616,057</u> | <u>\$ 119,435,770</u> | <u>\$ 693,051,827</u> |
| LIABILITIES: | | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 20,961,477 | \$ 1,039,424 | \$ 22,000,901 |
| Accrued payroll | 23,042,513 | 2,781,301 | 25,823,814 |
| Due to other funds of the primary government | 12,636,851 | 2,636,806 | 15,273,657 |
| Due to component units | 172 | - | 172 |
| Other liabilities | 1,425,513 | - | 1,425,513 |
| | <u>58,066,526</u> | <u>6,457,531</u> | <u>64,524,057</u> |
| Total liabilities | <u>58,066,526</u> | <u>6,457,531</u> | <u>64,524,057</u> |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: | | | |
| Unavailable revenue - property taxes | 431,296,763 | 97,220,084 | 528,516,847 |
| Unavailable revenue - other revenues | 7,705,684 | 860,322 | 8,566,006 |
| | <u>439,002,447</u> | <u>98,080,406</u> | <u>537,082,853</u> |
| Total deferred inflow of resources | <u>439,002,447</u> | <u>98,080,406</u> | <u>537,082,853</u> |
| FUND BALANCES: | | | |
| Nonspendable | 512,113 | - | 512,113 |
| Assigned for subsequent year budgetary appropriations | - | 7,300,000 | 7,300,000 |
| Assigned for specific projects | 5,887,278 | 420,000 | 6,307,278 |
| Unassigned | 70,147,693 | 7,177,833 | 77,325,526 |
| | <u>76,547,084</u> | <u>14,897,833</u> | <u>91,444,917</u> |
| Total fund balances | <u>76,547,084</u> | <u>14,897,833</u> | <u>91,444,917</u> |
| Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances | <u>\$ 573,616,057</u> | <u>\$ 119,435,770</u> | <u>\$ 693,051,827</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General Services District | Urban Services District | Total General Fund |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| REVENUES: | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 452,663,093 | \$ 112,546,624 | \$ 565,209,717 |
| Local option sales tax | 141,902,355 | - | 141,902,355 |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 149,658,678 | 11,222,978 | 160,881,656 |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 6,855,593 | - | 6,855,593 |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 1,532,269 | 166,115 | 1,698,384 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 122,686,048 | 1,774,600 | 124,460,648 |
| Commissions and fees | 17,058,875 | - | 17,058,875 |
| Charges for current services | 42,116,416 | 117,558 | 42,233,974 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 13,096,343 | - | 13,096,343 |
| Contributions and gifts | 318,780 | - | 318,780 |
| Miscellaneous | 897,243 | - | 897,243 |
| Total revenues | <u>948,785,693</u> | <u>125,827,875</u> | <u>1,074,613,568</u> |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | |
| General government | 51,342,987 | - | 51,342,987 |
| Fiscal administration | 24,085,812 | - | 24,085,812 |
| Administration of justice | 65,677,679 | - | 65,677,679 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 288,482,195 | - | 288,482,195 |
| Fire prevention and control | 59,547,662 | 71,063,960 | 130,611,622 |
| Regulation and inspection | 10,238,714 | - | 10,238,714 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 322,263 | - | 322,263 |
| Public welfare | 6,667,525 | - | 6,667,525 |
| Public health and hospitals | 66,464,916 | - | 66,464,916 |
| Public library system | 31,282,141 | - | 31,282,141 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 25,383,915 | 9,681,036 | 35,064,951 |
| Recreational and cultural | 43,787,806 | - | 43,787,806 |
| Retiree benefits | 67,833,976 | 20,021,813 | 87,855,789 |
| Miscellaneous | 106,338,918 | 2,548,275 | 108,887,193 |
| Total expenditures | <u>847,456,509</u> | <u>103,315,084</u> | <u>950,771,593</u> |
| Excess of revenues over expenditures | <u>101,329,184</u> | <u>22,512,791</u> | <u>123,841,975</u> |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | |
| Transfers in (1) | 28,805,712 | - | 28,805,712 |
| Transfers out (1) | <u>(122,111,697)</u> | <u>(15,752,400)</u> | <u>(137,864,097)</u> |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u>(93,305,985)</u> | <u>(15,752,400)</u> | <u>(109,058,385)</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | 8,023,199 | 6,760,391 | 14,783,590 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | <u>68,523,885</u> | <u>8,137,442</u> | <u>76,661,327</u> |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | <u>\$ 76,547,084</u> | <u>\$ 14,897,833</u> | <u>\$ 91,444,917</u> |

(1) Transfers include \$481,000 from Urban Services District to General Services District which is eliminated in the Basic Financial Statements.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | General Services District | | | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|---|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---|
| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | |
| | Original | Final | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 451,063,800 | \$ 451,063,800 | \$ 452,663,093 | \$ 1,599,293 |
| Local option sales tax | 141,331,000 | 141,331,000 | 141,902,355 | 571,355 |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 146,969,700 | 146,969,700 | 149,658,678 | 2,688,978 |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 8,801,400 | 8,801,400 | 6,855,593 | (1,945,807) |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | - | - | 1,532,269 | 1,532,269 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 118,572,000 | 118,572,000 | 122,686,048 | 4,114,048 |
| Commissions and fees | 15,431,100 | 15,431,100 | 17,058,875 | 1,627,775 |
| Charges for current services | 40,484,900 | 40,484,900 | 42,116,416 | 1,631,516 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 11,364,200 | 11,364,200 | 13,096,343 | 1,732,143 |
| Contributions and gifts | - | - | 318,780 | 318,780 |
| Miscellaneous | 544,100 | 544,100 | 897,243 | 353,143 |
| Total revenues | <u>934,562,200</u> | <u>934,562,200</u> | <u>948,785,693</u> | <u>14,223,493</u> |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| General government | 53,412,000 | 53,599,000 | 51,342,987 | 2,256,013 |
| Fiscal administration | 25,130,000 | 25,627,900 | 24,085,812 | 1,542,088 |
| Administration of justice | 65,840,500 | 67,095,500 | 65,677,679 | 1,417,821 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 285,457,800 | 289,905,300 | 288,482,195 | 1,423,105 |
| Fire prevention and control | 58,039,200 | 59,557,400 | 59,547,662 | 9,738 |
| Regulation and inspection | 11,205,900 | 11,035,700 | 10,238,714 | 796,986 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 326,100 | 322,700 | 322,263 | 437 |
| Public welfare | 7,714,000 | 7,076,700 | 6,667,525 | 409,175 |
| Public health and hospitals | 68,927,300 | 69,200,000 | 66,464,916 | 2,735,084 |
| Public library system | 30,428,500 | 31,282,200 | 31,282,141 | 59 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 25,716,600 | 25,631,500 | 25,383,915 | 247,585 |
| Recreational and cultural | 44,402,700 | 44,478,200 | 43,787,806 | 690,394 |
| Retiree benefits | 68,328,100 | 68,328,100 | 67,833,976 | 494,124 |
| Miscellaneous | 121,202,100 | 120,226,100 | 106,338,918 | 13,887,182 |
| Total expenditures | <u>866,130,800</u> | <u>873,366,300</u> | <u>847,456,509</u> | <u>25,909,791</u> |
| Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures | <u>68,431,400</u> | <u>61,195,900</u> | <u>101,329,184</u> | <u>40,133,284</u> |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): | | | | |
| Transfers in | 26,961,800 | 27,051,800 | 28,805,712 | 1,753,912 |
| Transfers out | (103,743,200) | (121,958,700) | (122,111,697) | (152,997) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | <u>(76,781,400)</u> | <u>(94,906,900)</u> | <u>(93,305,985)</u> | <u>1,600,915</u> |
| Net change in fund balances | (8,350,000) | (33,711,000) | 8,023,199 | 41,734,199 |
| FUND BALANCES, beginning of year | <u>68,523,885</u> | <u>68,523,885</u> | <u>68,523,885</u> | - |
| FUND BALANCES, end of year | <u>\$ 60,173,885</u> | <u>\$ 34,812,885</u> | <u>\$ 76,547,084</u> | <u>\$ 41,734,199</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| Urban Services District | | | | Total General Fund | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
| Original | Final | | | Original | Final | | |
| \$ 109,098,200 | \$ 109,098,200 | \$ 112,546,624 | \$ 3,448,424 | \$ 560,162,000 | \$ 560,162,000 | \$ 565,209,717 | \$ 5,047,717 |
| - | - | - | - | 141,331,000 | 141,331,000 | 141,902,355 | 571,355 |
| 11,327,700 | 11,327,700 | 11,222,978 | (104,722) | 158,297,400 | 158,297,400 | 160,881,656 | 2,584,256 |
| - | - | - | - | 8,801,400 | 8,801,400 | 6,855,593 | (1,945,807) |
| - | - | 166,115 | 166,115 | - | - | 1,698,384 | 1,698,384 |
| 1,863,200 | 1,863,200 | 1,774,600 | (88,600) | 120,435,200 | 120,435,200 | 124,460,648 | 4,025,448 |
| - | - | - | - | 15,431,100 | 15,431,100 | 17,058,875 | 1,627,775 |
| 124,800 | 124,800 | 117,558 | (7,242) | 40,609,700 | 40,609,700 | 42,233,974 | 1,624,274 |
| 100,000 | 100,000 | - | (100,000) | 11,464,200 | 11,464,200 | 13,096,343 | 1,632,143 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - | 318,780 | 318,780 |
| - | - | - | - | 544,100 | 544,100 | 897,243 | 353,143 |
| <u>122,513,900</u> | <u>122,513,900</u> | <u>125,827,875</u> | <u>3,313,975</u> | <u>1,057,076,100</u> | <u>1,057,076,100</u> | <u>1,074,613,568</u> | <u>17,537,468</u> |
| - | - | - | - | 53,412,000 | 53,599,000 | 51,342,987 | 2,256,013 |
| - | - | - | - | 25,130,000 | 25,627,900 | 24,085,812 | 1,542,088 |
| - | - | - | - | 65,840,500 | 67,095,500 | 65,677,679 | 1,417,821 |
| - | - | - | - | 285,457,800 | 289,905,300 | 288,482,195 | 1,423,105 |
| 70,014,200 | 71,064,000 | 71,063,960 | 40 | 128,053,400 | 130,621,400 | 130,611,622 | 9,778 |
| - | - | - | - | 11,205,900 | 11,035,700 | 10,238,714 | 796,986 |
| - | - | - | - | 326,100 | 322,700 | 322,263 | 437 |
| - | - | - | - | 7,714,000 | 7,076,700 | 6,667,525 | 409,175 |
| - | - | - | - | 68,927,300 | 69,200,000 | 66,464,916 | 2,735,084 |
| - | - | - | - | 30,428,500 | 31,282,200 | 31,282,141 | 59 |
| 10,265,900 | 10,074,000 | 9,681,036 | 392,964 | 35,982,500 | 35,705,500 | 35,064,951 | 640,549 |
| - | - | - | - | 44,402,700 | 44,478,200 | 43,787,806 | 690,394 |
| 20,451,200 | 20,451,200 | 20,021,813 | 429,387 | 88,779,300 | 88,779,300 | 87,855,789 | 923,511 |
| 6,591,700 | 6,932,700 | 2,548,275 | 4,384,425 | 127,793,800 | 127,158,800 | 108,887,193 | 18,271,607 |
| <u>107,323,000</u> | <u>108,521,900</u> | <u>103,315,084</u> | <u>5,206,816</u> | <u>973,453,800</u> | <u>981,888,200</u> | <u>950,771,593</u> | <u>31,116,607</u> |
| <u>15,190,900</u> | <u>13,992,000</u> | <u>22,512,791</u> | <u>8,520,791</u> | <u>83,622,300</u> | <u>75,187,900</u> | <u>123,841,975</u> | <u>48,654,075</u> |
| - | - | - | - | 26,961,800 | 27,051,800 | 28,805,712 | 1,753,912 |
| (15,690,900) | (15,752,400) | (15,752,400) | - | (119,434,100) | (137,711,100) | (137,864,097) | (152,997) |
| <u>(15,690,900)</u> | <u>(15,752,400)</u> | <u>(15,752,400)</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>(92,472,300)</u> | <u>(110,659,300)</u> | <u>(109,058,385)</u> | <u>1,600,915</u> |
| (500,000) | (1,760,400) | 6,760,391 | 8,520,791 | (8,850,000) | (35,471,400) | 14,783,590 | 50,254,990 |
| <u>8,137,442</u> | <u>8,137,442</u> | <u>8,137,442</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>76,661,327</u> | <u>76,661,327</u> | <u>76,661,327</u> | <u>-</u> |
| <u>\$ 7,637,442</u> | <u>\$ 6,377,042</u> | <u>\$ 14,897,833</u> | <u>\$ 8,520,791</u> | <u>\$ 67,811,327</u> | <u>\$ 41,189,927</u> | <u>\$ 91,444,917</u> | <u>\$ 50,254,990</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| <u>GENERAL GOVERNMENT:</u> | | | | |
| Legislative (Office of Clerk and Council) | \$ 3,150,800 | \$ 3,175,200 | \$ 2,885,933 | \$ 289,267 |
| Executive (Office of the Mayor) | 4,225,600 | 4,345,600 | 4,229,802 | 115,798 |
| Office of Emergency Management | 784,900 | 589,400 | 589,313 | 87 |
| Election Commission | 2,786,600 | 2,910,600 | 2,535,637 | 374,963 |
| Department of Law | 6,034,400 | 6,157,400 | 5,987,572 | 169,828 |
| Planning Commission | 4,957,200 | 4,799,900 | 4,717,823 | 82,077 |
| Human Resources | 5,300,700 | 5,430,700 | 5,117,235 | 313,465 |
| County Register of Deeds | 259,100 | 267,100 | 254,753 | 12,347 |
| General Services | 24,347,500 | 24,323,000 | 23,434,073 | 888,927 |
| Historical Commission | 1,083,800 | 1,112,600 | 1,112,527 | 73 |
| Community Education Commission | 481,400 | 487,500 | 478,319 | 9,181 |
| Total General Government | 53,412,000 | 53,599,000 | 51,342,987 | 2,256,013 |
| <u>FISCAL ADMINISTRATION:</u> | | | | |
| Department of Finance | 9,065,300 | 9,343,000 | 8,766,656 | 576,344 |
| Assessor of Property | 7,603,800 | 7,759,600 | 7,497,323 | 262,277 |
| Metropolitan Trustee | 2,377,200 | 2,321,600 | 2,056,835 | 264,765 |
| County Clerk | 4,578,200 | 4,677,800 | 4,371,713 | 306,087 |
| Internal Audit | 1,505,500 | 1,525,900 | 1,393,285 | 132,615 |
| Total Fiscal Administration | 25,130,000 | 25,627,900 | 24,085,812 | 1,542,088 |
| <u>ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE:</u> | | | | |
| District Attorney | 7,022,100 | 7,357,600 | 7,357,514 | 86 |
| Public Defender | 8,338,200 | 8,497,500 | 8,150,983 | 346,517 |
| Juvenile Court Clerk | 1,775,900 | 1,870,700 | 1,801,391 | 69,309 |
| Circuit Court Clerk | 3,240,000 | 3,345,200 | 2,946,440 | 398,760 |
| Criminal Court Clerk | 6,061,900 | 6,207,300 | 6,056,977 | 150,323 |
| Clerk and Master | 1,549,300 | 1,579,300 | 1,337,735 | 241,565 |
| Juvenile Court | 12,706,700 | 12,293,200 | 12,293,157 | 43 |
| General Sessions Court | 11,715,900 | 11,935,200 | 11,934,455 | 745 |
| State Trial Courts | 8,693,500 | 8,833,900 | 8,735,843 | 98,057 |
| Justice Information System | 2,485,700 | 2,889,900 | 2,889,865 | 35 |
| Criminal Justice Planning | 516,700 | 526,200 | 504,990 | 21,210 |
| Office of Family Safety | 1,734,600 | 1,759,500 | 1,668,329 | 91,171 |
| Total Administration of Justice | 65,840,500 | 67,095,500 | 65,677,679 | 1,417,821 |
| <u>LAW ENFORCEMENT AND CARE OF PRISONERS:</u> | | | | |
| Sheriff | 72,998,400 | 75,047,400 | 75,047,329 | 71 |
| Police Department | 197,302,800 | 199,171,100 | 199,025,037 | 146,063 |
| Emergency Communication Center | 15,156,600 | 15,311,800 | 14,346,057 | 965,743 |
| Community Oversight Board | - | 375,000 | 63,772 | 311,228 |
| Total Law Enforcement and Care of Prisoners | 285,457,800 | 289,905,300 | 288,482,195 | 1,423,105 |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|--|------------------|---------------|-------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| <u>FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL:</u> | | | | |
| Fire Department | \$ 58,039,200 | \$ 59,557,400 | \$ 59,547,662 | \$ 9,738 |
| | | | | |
| <u>REGULATION AND INSPECTION:</u> | | | | |
| Department of Codes Administration | 10,785,800 | 10,590,500 | 9,793,600 | 796,900 |
| Beer Board | 420,100 | 445,200 | 445,114 | 86 |
| Total Regulation and Inspection | 11,205,900 | 11,035,700 | 10,238,714 | 796,986 |
| | | | | |
| <u>CONSERVATION OF NATURAL RESOURCES:</u> | | | | |
| Agricultural Extension Service | 326,100 | 322,700 | 322,263 | 437 |
| Total Conservation of Natural Resources | 326,100 | 322,700 | 322,263 | 437 |
| | | | | |
| <u>PUBLIC WELFARE:</u> | | | | |
| Social Services Commission | 7,221,900 | 6,580,200 | 6,172,750 | 407,450 |
| Human Relations Commission | 492,100 | 496,500 | 494,775 | 1,725 |
| Total Public Welfare | 7,714,000 | 7,076,700 | 6,667,525 | 409,175 |
| | | | | |
| <u>PUBLIC HEALTH AND HOSPITALS:</u> | | | | |
| Board of Health | 22,815,200 | 23,087,900 | 22,458,911 | 628,989 |
| Hospital Authority | 46,112,100 | 46,112,100 | 44,006,005 | 2,106,095 |
| Total Public Health and Hospitals | 68,927,300 | 69,200,000 | 66,464,916 | 2,735,084 |
| | | | | |
| <u>PUBLIC LIBRARY SYSTEM:</u> | | | | |
| Public Library | 30,428,500 | 31,282,200 | 31,282,141 | 59 |
| | | | | |
| <u>PUBLIC WORKS, HIGHWAYS AND STREETS:</u> | | | | |
| Public Works | 25,716,600 | 25,631,500 | 25,383,915 | 247,585 |
| | | | | |
| <u>RECREATIONAL AND CULTURAL:</u> | | | | |
| Parks and Recreation | 39,899,900 | 39,972,600 | 39,379,623 | 592,977 |
| Arts Commission | 3,643,700 | 3,662,400 | 3,564,983 | 97,417 |
| Sports Authority | 859,100 | 843,200 | 843,200 | - |
| Total Recreational and Cultural | 44,402,700 | 44,478,200 | 43,787,806 | 690,394 |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| <u>RETIREE BENEFITS:</u> | | | | |
| Contribution to Closed Pension Plans | \$ 10,402,300 | \$ 10,402,300 | \$ 10,402,300 | \$ - |
| Employer's Contribution for Group Health Insurance | 54,231,000 | 54,231,000 | 54,192,256 | 38,744 |
| Unemployment Compensation | 100,000 | 100,000 | 93,813 | 6,187 |
| Employer's Contribution for Group Life Insurance | 3,594,800 | 3,594,800 | 3,145,607 | 449,193 |
| Total Employee Benefits | 68,328,100 | 68,328,100 | 67,833,976 | 494,124 |
| <u>MISCELLANEOUS:</u> | | | | |
| Contributions and Community Support | 30,219,800 | 30,219,800 | 28,627,184 | 1,592,616 |
| Subsidies | 48,635,900 | 48,635,900 | 48,635,900 | - |
| Administration and Internal Support | 42,346,400 | 41,370,400 | 29,075,834 | 12,294,566 |
| Total Miscellaneous | 121,202,100 | 120,226,100 | 106,338,918 | 13,887,182 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 866,130,800 | \$ 873,366,300 | \$ 847,456,509 | \$ 25,909,791 |
| <u>TRANSFERS IN:</u> | | | | |
| USD General Fund | \$ 481,000 | \$ 481,000 | \$ 481,000 | \$ - |
| General Purpose School Fund | 192,000 | 192,000 | 192,000 | - |
| GSD Capital Projects Fund | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | - |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | 16,906,100 | 16,906,100 | 18,660,012 | 1,753,912 |
| Water and Sewerage Services | 5,988,700 | 5,988,700 | 5,988,700 | - |
| District Energy System | 4,200 | 4,200 | 4,200 | - |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | 1,426,800 | 1,516,800 | 1,516,800 | - |
| Internal Service Funds | 1,933,000 | 1,933,000 | 1,933,000 | - |
| Total Transfers In | 26,961,800 | 27,051,800 | 28,805,712 | 1,753,912 |
| <u>TRANSFERS OUT:</u> | | | | |
| General Purpose School Fund | (2,000,000) | (2,000,000) | (2,000,000) | - |
| GSD General Purpose Debt Service Fund | (34,069,800) | (49,191,100) | (49,191,100) | - |
| GSD School Purpose Debt Service Fund | - | (1,400,000) | (1,400,000) | - |
| USD General Purpose Debt Service Fund | - | (2,000,000) | (2,000,000) | - |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | (56,644,800) | (56,019,800) | (56,061,489) | (41,689) |
| District Energy System | (1,640,300) | (1,640,300) | (1,640,300) | - |
| Nonmajor Enterprise Funds | (12,800) | (312,800) | (312,800) | - |
| Internal Service Funds | (9,299,400) | (9,318,600) | (9,337,738) | (19,138) |
| Fiduciary Funds | (76,100) | (76,100) | (168,270) | (92,170) |
| Total Transfers Out | (103,743,200) | (121,958,700) | (122,111,697) | (152,997) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | \$ (76,781,400) | \$ (94,906,900) | \$ (93,305,985) | \$ 1,600,915 |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND - URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

| | Budgeted Amounts | | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative) |
|--|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| | Original | Final | | |
| <u>FIRE PREVENTION AND CONTROL:</u> | | | | |
| Fire Department | \$ 70,014,200 | \$ 71,064,000 | \$ 71,063,960 | \$ 40 |
| <u>PUBLIC WORKS, HIGHWAYS AND STREETS:</u> | | | | |
| Public Works | 10,265,900 | 10,074,000 | 9,681,036 | 392,964 |
| <u>RETIREE BENEFITS:</u> | | | | |
| Contribution to Closed Pension Plans | 18,890,100 | 18,890,100 | 18,890,100 | - |
| Employer's Contribution for Group Health Insurance | 1,500,200 | 1,500,200 | 1,089,303 | 410,897 |
| Employer's Contribution for Group Life Insurance | 60,900 | 60,900 | 42,410 | 18,490 |
| Total Employee Benefits | 20,451,200 | 20,451,200 | 20,021,813 | 429,387 |
| <u>MISCELLANEOUS:</u> | | | | |
| Administration and Internal Support | 6,591,700 | 6,932,700 | 2,548,275 | 4,384,425 |
| Total Miscellaneous | 6,591,700 | 6,932,700 | 2,548,275 | 4,384,425 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 107,323,000 | \$ 108,521,900 | \$ 103,315,084 | \$ 5,206,816 |
| <u>TRANSFERS OUT:</u> | | | | |
| GSD General Fund | \$ (481,000) | \$ (481,000) | \$ (481,000) | \$ - |
| Nonmajor Governmental Funds | (14,544,800) | (14,606,300) | (14,606,300) | - |
| Internal Service Funds | (665,100) | (665,100) | (665,100) | - |
| Total Transfers Out | (15,690,900) | (15,752,400) | (15,752,400) | - |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | \$ (15,690,900) | \$ (15,752,400) | \$ (15,752,400) | \$ - |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE - BY FUND

June 30, 2019

| | Total Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable | General Services District | | | | School Debt Service Fund |
|---|--|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | Total | General Fund | School Fund | Debt Service Fund | |
| 2018 Realty | \$ 682,070 | \$ 589,685 | \$ 281,108 | \$ 216,461 | \$ 64,677 | \$ 27,439 |
| 2018 Personalty | 1,675,280 | 1,464,346 | 699,124 | 536,790 | 160,389 | 68,043 |
| 2018 Public Utility | 78,565 | 71,890 | 34,533 | 26,205 | 7,830 | 3,322 |
| Total 2017 Property Taxes | <u>2,435,915</u> | <u>2,125,921</u> | <u>1,014,765</u> | <u>779,456</u> | <u>232,896</u> | <u>98,804</u> |
| 2017 Realty | 340,742 | 295,223 | 140,777 | 108,341 | 32,372 | 13,733 |
| 2017 Personalty | 564,498 | 498,186 | 238,160 | 182,403 | 54,501 | 23,122 |
| 2017 Public Utility | 31,287 | 26,824 | 12,772 | 9,857 | 2,945 | 1,250 |
| Total 2016 Property Taxes | <u>936,527</u> | <u>820,233</u> | <u>391,709</u> | <u>300,601</u> | <u>89,818</u> | <u>38,105</u> |
| 2016 & Prior - Realty | 685,731 | 624,677 | 302,606 | 223,616 | 69,288 | 29,167 |
| 2016 & Prior - Personalty | 5,119,141 | 4,510,582 | 2,199,007 | 1,592,049 | 512,398 | 207,128 |
| 2016 & Prior - Public Utility | 429,086 | 368,246 | 178,060 | 130,075 | 41,554 | 18,557 |
| Total 2016 & Prior Property Taxes | <u>6,233,958</u> | <u>5,503,505</u> | <u>2,679,673</u> | <u>1,945,740</u> | <u>623,240</u> | <u>254,852</u> |
| Total Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable * | <u>\$ 9,606,400</u> | <u>\$ 8,449,659</u> | <u>\$ 4,086,147</u> | <u>\$ 3,025,797</u> | <u>\$ 945,954</u> | <u>\$ 391,761</u> |

* Excludes 2019 Property Tax Levy

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE - BY FUND (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Urban Services District | | |
|-------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Total | General Fund | Debt Service Fund |
| \$ 92,385 | \$ 78,835 | \$ 13,550 |
| 210,934 | 179,997 | 30,937 |
| 6,675 | 5,696 | 979 |
| 309,994 | 264,528 | 45,466 |
| 45,519 | 38,843 | 6,676 |
| 66,312 | 56,586 | 9,726 |
| 4,463 | 3,808 | 655 |
| 116,294 | 99,237 | 17,057 |
| 61,054 | 50,847 | 10,207 |
| 608,559 | 506,852 | 101,707 |
| 60,840 | 50,815 | 10,025 |
| 730,453 | 608,514 | 121,939 |
| \$ 1,156,741 | \$ 972,279 | \$ 184,462 |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT PROPERTY TAXES RECEIVABLE - BY TYPE

June 30, 2019

| | Year of Levy | Realty | Personalty | Public Utility | Total |
|---|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| General Services District | 2018 | \$ 589,686 | \$ 1,464,346 | \$ 71,889 | \$ 2,125,921 |
| | 2017 | 295,223 | 498,185 | 26,825 | 820,233 |
| | 2016 | 85,513 | 741,750 | 51,634 | 878,897 |
| | 2015 | 16,529 | 719,263 | 39,671 | 775,463 |
| | 2014 | 348,675 | 605,380 | 46,360 | 1,000,415 |
| | 2013 | 17,053 | 441,552 | 7,746 | 466,351 |
| | 2012 | 39,287 | 232,104 | 109,133 | 380,524 |
| | 2011 | 46,026 | 283,874 | 50,195 | 380,095 |
| | 2010 | 20,644 | 341,660 | 8,526 | 370,830 |
| | 2009 | 25,292 | 477,365 | 28,173 | 530,830 |
| | 2008 | 25,658 | 667,635 | 26,808 | 720,101 |
| Total General Services District | | <u>1,509,586</u> | <u>6,473,114</u> | <u>466,960</u> | <u>8,449,660</u> |
| Urban Services District | 2018 | 92,386 | 210,933 | 6,675 | 309,994 |
| | 2017 | 45,520 | 66,312 | 4,462 | 116,294 |
| | 2016 | 11,613 | 101,643 | 8,792 | 122,048 |
| | 2015 | 3,783 | 102,254 | 6,923 | 112,960 |
| | 2014 | 30,395 | 78,227 | 6,561 | 115,183 |
| | 2013 | 1,943 | 58,852 | 1,352 | 62,147 |
| | 2012 | 984 | 27,814 | 19,270 | 48,068 |
| | 2011 | 1,877 | 41,508 | 9,168 | 52,553 |
| | 2010 | 2,952 | 42,272 | 1,367 | 46,591 |
| | 2009 | 4,463 | 62,083 | 4,122 | 70,668 |
| | 2008 | 3,044 | 93,906 | 3,284 | 100,234 |
| Total Urban Services District | | <u>198,960</u> | <u>885,804</u> | <u>71,976</u> | <u>1,156,740</u> |
| Total Delinquent Property Taxes Receivable * | | <u>\$ 1,708,546</u> | <u>\$ 7,358,918</u> | <u>\$ 538,936</u> | <u>\$ 9,606,400</u> |

* Excludes 2019 Property Tax Levy

See accompanying auditors' report.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND LOANS PAYABLE

June 30, 2019

| <u>Description</u> | <u>Interest Rate</u> | <u>Date of Issue</u> | <u>Date of Final Maturity</u> | <u>Amount of Issue</u> |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| <u>GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE</u> | | | | |
| <u>For General Purposes:</u> | | | | |
| GSD G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A | 2.75 - 5.00 | June 10, 2010 | July 1, 2026 | \$ 159,008,728 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B | 5.71 | June 10, 2010 | July 1, 2034 | 138,046,756 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D | 1.50 - 5.00 | Sept. 21, 2010 | July 1, 2024 | 144,150,016 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Sept. 29, 2011 | July 1, 2023 | 49,712,377 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2012 | July 1, 2025 | 154,956,701 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds (QECCB), Series 2012 | 3.367 | Aug. 15, 2012 | Aug. 1, 2027 | 6,440,000 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B | .320 - 2.767 | Aug. 15, 2012 | July 1, 2024 | 67,480,283 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 21, 2013 | July 1, 2027 | 138,755,487 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A | 3.00 - 5.00 | May 9, 2013 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 253,070,885 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A | 5.00 | Feb. 19, 2015 | July 1, 2026 | 33,884,829 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (Taxable) | .30 - 3.493 | Feb. 19, 2015 | July 1, 2029 | 72,314,470 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C | 4.00 - 5.00 | July 30, 2015 | July 1, 2034 | 240,454,031 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 | 2.00 - 5.00 | June 1, 2016 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 231,949,343 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017 | 4.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2017 | July 1, 2036 | 280,675,679 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018 | 4.00 - 5.00 | Oct. 25, 2018 | July 1, 2038 | 487,502,922 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds Payable For General Purposes | | | | <u>2,458,402,507</u> |
| <u>For School Purposes:</u> | | | | |
| GSD G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A | 2.75 - 5.00 | June 10, 2010 | July 1, 2026 | 114,567,598 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B | 5.71 | June 10, 2010 | July 1, 2034 | 70,516,649 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D | 1.50 - 5.00 | Sept. 21, 2010 | July 1, 2024 | 120,126,326 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Sept. 29, 2011 | July 1, 2023 | 32,574,740 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2012 | July 1, 2025 | 53,280,200 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B | .320 - 2.767 | Aug. 15, 2012 | July 1, 2024 | 62,161,564 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 21, 2013 | July 1, 2027 | 82,814,365 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A | 3.00 - 5.00 | May 9, 2013 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 84,932,213 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A | 5.00 | Feb. 19, 2015 | July 1, 2026 | 22,804,914 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (Taxable) | .30 - 3.493 | Feb. 19, 2015 | July 1, 2029 | 30,240,838 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C | 4.00 - 5.00 | July 30, 2015 | July 1, 2034 | 97,563,777 |
| GSD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 | 2.00 - 5.00 | June 1, 2016 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 78,790,586 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017 | 4.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2017 | July 1, 2036 | 171,785,733 |
| GSD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018 | 4.00 - 5.00 | Oct. 25, 2018 | July 1, 2038 | 212,601,170 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds Payable for School Purposes | | | | <u>1,234,760,673</u> |
| Total General Obligation Bonds Payable - General Services District | | | | <u>\$ 3,693,163,180</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND LOANS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Principal Amount Outstanding June 30, 2018 | Issued During Period | Paid and/or Matured During Period | Refunded During Period | Principal Amount Outstanding June 30, 2019 | Interest to Maturity as of June 30, 2019 |
|---|----------------------------|--|------------------------------|---|---|
| \$ 78,589,247 | \$ - | \$ 20,709,634 | \$ - | \$ 57,879,613 | \$ 8,192,055 |
| 138,046,756 | - | - | - | 138,046,756 | 93,991,987 |
| 83,088,112 | - | 11,651,330 | - | 71,436,782 | 8,534,553 |
| 38,214,465 | - | 5,677,557 | - | 32,536,908 | 3,864,627 |
| 138,305,217 | - | 2,217,470 | - | 136,087,747 | 19,866,091 |
| 6,440,000 | - | - | - | 6,440,000 | 1,843,096 |
| 45,793,027 | - | 7,931,079 | - | 37,861,948 | 3,966,049 |
| 130,019,857 | - | 12,084,618 | - | 117,935,239 | 37,897,414 |
| 38,396,473 | - | - | - | 38,396,473 | 5,069,422 |
| 33,884,829 | - | - | - | 33,884,829 | 7,961,063 |
| 68,465,070 | - | 9,896,469 | - | 58,568,601 | 7,230,113 |
| 231,929,576 | - | 8,964,181 | - | 222,965,395 | 96,160,232 |
| 227,356,821 | - | 208,598 | - | 227,148,223 | 98,769,517 |
| 280,675,679 | - | 5,126,277 | - | 275,549,402 | 115,810,945 |
| - | 487,502,922 | - | - | 487,502,922 | 245,388,799 |
| <u>1,539,205,129</u> | <u>487,502,922</u> | <u>84,467,213</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,942,240,838</u> | <u>754,545,963</u> |
| 55,813,450 | - | 16,188,317 | - | 39,625,133 | 5,528,737 |
| 70,516,649 | - | - | - | 70,516,649 | 48,012,716 |
| 69,240,856 | - | 9,709,554 | - | 59,531,302 | 7,112,206 |
| 23,082,652 | - | 3,450,951 | - | 19,631,701 | 2,402,557 |
| 47,554,769 | - | 762,451 | - | 46,792,318 | 6,830,743 |
| 42,183,669 | - | 7,305,959 | - | 34,877,710 | 3,653,449 |
| 77,600,621 | - | 7,212,543 | - | 70,388,078 | 22,618,567 |
| 12,886,103 | - | - | - | 12,886,103 | 1,701,331 |
| 22,804,914 | - | - | - | 22,804,914 | 5,357,895 |
| 28,631,076 | - | 4,138,557 | - | 24,492,519 | 3,023,526 |
| 94,104,995 | - | 3,637,200 | - | 90,467,795 | 39,016,836 |
| 77,201,410 | - | 72,181 | - | 77,129,229 | 33,455,945 |
| 171,785,733 | - | 3,137,501 | - | 168,648,232 | 70,881,340 |
| - | 212,601,170 | - | - | 212,601,170 | 107,014,633 |
| <u>793,406,897</u> | <u>212,601,170</u> | <u>55,615,214</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>950,392,853</u> | <u>356,610,481</u> |
| <u>\$ 2,332,612,026</u> | <u>\$ 700,104,092</u> | <u>\$ 140,082,427</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 2,892,633,691</u> | <u>\$ 1,111,156,444</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND LOANS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Description | Interest Rate | Date of Issue | Date of Final Maturity | Amount of Issue |
|---|---------------|----------------|------------------------|-------------------------|
| GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS PAYABLE | | | | |
| USD G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A | 2.75 - 5.00 | June 10, 2010 | July 1, 2026 | \$ 22,899,473 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B | 5.71 | June 10, 2010 | July 1, 2034 | 43,441,595 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D | 1.50 - 5.00 | Sept. 21, 2010 | July 1, 2024 | 25,925,413 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Sept. 29, 2011 | July 1, 2023 | 6,688,796 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2012 | July 1, 2025 | 18,873,099 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B | .320 - 2.767 | Aug. 15, 2012 | July 1, 2024 | 7,471,610 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 | 2.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 21, 2013 | July 1, 2027 | 23,915,148 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A | 3.00 - 5.00 | May 9, 2013 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 30,135,613 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015A | 5.00 | Feb. 19, 2015 | July 1, 2026 | 3,040,257 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B (Taxable) | .30 - 3.493 | Feb. 19, 2015 | July 1, 2029 | 1,424,692 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C | 4.00 - 5.00 | July 30, 2015 | July 1, 2034 | 8,531,298 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 | 2.00 - 5.00 | June 1, 2016 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 27,571,610 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017 | 4.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2017 | July 1, 2036 | 2,538,666 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018 | 4.00 - 5.00 | Oct. 25, 2018 | July 1, 2038 | 14,291,393 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds Payable (governmental activities) | | | | <u>236,748,663</u> |
| USD G.O. Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A (1) | 2.21 - 5.71 | June 10, 2010 | July 1, 2034 | 274,201 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010D (1) | 1.50 - 5.00 | Sept. 21, 2010 | July 1, 2024 | 1,158,245 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 (1) | 2.00 - 5.00 | Sept. 29, 2011 | July 1, 2023 | 504,087 |
| District Energy System Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A | 2.00 - 5.00 | Aug. 15, 2012 | Oct. 1, 2033 | 47,450,000 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2012B (1) | .320 - 2.767 | Aug. 15, 2012 | July 1, 2024 | 3,231,543 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2013A (1) | 3.00 - 5.00 | May 9, 2013 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 6,526,289 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2015C (1) | 4.00 - 5.00 | July 30, 2015 | July 1, 2034 | 685,894 |
| USD G.O. Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 (1) | 2.00 - 5.00 | June 1, 2016 | Jan. 1, 2033 | 5,663,461 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2017 (1) | 4.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2017 | July 1, 2036 | 539,922 |
| USD G.O. Improvement Bonds, Series 2018 (1) | 4.00 - 5.00 | Oct. 25, 2018 | July 1, 2038 | 1,559,515 |
| Total General Obligation Bonds Payable (business-type activities) | | | | <u>67,593,157</u> |
| Total General Obligation Bonds Payable - Urban Services District | | | | <u>\$ 304,341,820</u> |
| REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services: | | | | |
| Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2008A | 3.25 - 5.25 | Feb. 15, 2008 | Jan. 1, 2022 | \$ 122,530,000 |
| Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010A | 3.00 - 5.00 | Dec. 9, 2010 | July 1, 2027 | 104,050,000 |
| Revenue Bonds Federally Taxable (BAB's), Series 2010B | 6.393 - 6.568 | Dec. 9, 2010 | July 1, 2037 | 135,000,000 |
| Revenue Bonds Federally Taxable, Series 2010C | 6.693 | Dec. 9, 2010 | July 1, 2041 | 75,000,000 |
| Revenue Refunding Bonds Federally Taxable, Series 2010D | 4.255 - 4.791 | Dec. 9, 2010 | July 1, 2018 | 7,610,000 |
| Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 | 1.00 - 5.00 | Feb. 2, 2012 | July 1, 2023 | 129,625,000 |
| Revenue Bonds, Series 2013 | 3.00 - 5.00 | Apr. 25, 2013 | July 1, 2033 | 237,930,000 |
| Revenue Bonds, Series 2017A (Green Bonds) | 3.00 - 5.00 | Nov. 2, 2017 | July 1, 2046 | 89,420,000 |
| Revenue Bonds, Series 2017B | 5.00 | Nov. 2, 2017 | July 1, 2046 | 155,210,000 |
| Total Revenue Bonds Payable - Department of Water and Sewerage Services | | | | <u>\$ 1,056,375,000</u> |
| NOTES AND LOANS PAYABLE | | | | |
| Qualified Zone Academy Notes | N/A | Dec. 28, 2005 | Dec. 2, 2020 | \$ 6,218,500 |
| Qualified School Construction Bond Loans Payable | 1.515% | Jun. 30, 2009 | Jun. 30, 2027 | <u>56,675,000</u> |
| Total Notes and Loans Payable | | | | <u>\$ 62,893,500</u> |

(1) Portions of these USD G.O. Bonds are directly related to the District Energy System, a proprietary fund, and intended to be repaid from resources of the District Energy System. Therefore, the liability is reported in business-type activities.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF BONDS, NOTES AND LOANS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2019

| Amount Outstanding June 30, 2018 | Issued During Period | Matured During Period | Refunded During Period | Amount Outstanding June 30, 2019 | Maturity as of June 30, 2019 |
|--|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| \$ 10,390,982 | \$ - | \$ 4,430,400 | \$ - | \$ 5,960,582 | \$ 752,599 |
| 43,441,595 | - | - | - | 43,441,595 | 29,578,106 |
| 14,943,417 | - | 2,095,497 | - | 12,847,920 | 1,534,941 |
| 6,688,796 | - | 1,016,492 | - | 5,672,304 | 675,287 |
| 16,845,014 | - | 270,079 | - | 16,574,935 | 2,419,609 |
| 5,070,334 | - | 878,152 | - | 4,192,182 | 439,132 |
| 22,409,522 | - | 2,082,839 | - | 20,326,683 | 6,531,794 |
| 4,572,241 | - | - | - | 4,572,241 | 603,665 |
| 3,040,257 | - | - | - | 3,040,257 | 714,292 |
| 1,348,854 | - | 194,974 | - | 1,153,880 | 142,443 |
| 8,228,851 | - | 318,049 | - | 7,910,802 | 3,411,760 |
| 27,026,662 | - | 24,754 | - | 27,001,908 | 11,744,601 |
| 2,538,666 | - | 46,361 | - | 2,492,305 | 1,047,491 |
| - | 14,291,393 | - | - | 14,291,393 | 7,193,698 |
| <u>166,545,191</u> | <u>14,291,393</u> | <u>11,357,597</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>169,478,987</u> | <u>66,789,418</u> |
| 176,321 | - | 136,649 | - | 39,672 | 909 |
| 667,615 | - | 93,619 | - | 573,996 | 68,575 |
| 504,087 | - | - | - | 504,087 | 98,154 |
| 39,590,000 | - | 1,735,000 | - | 37,855,000 | 13,946,025 |
| 2,192,970 | - | 379,810 | - | 1,813,160 | 189,929 |
| 990,183 | - | - | - | 990,183 | 130,732 |
| 661,578 | - | 25,570 | - | 636,008 | 274,297 |
| 5,565,107 | - | 4,467 | - | 5,560,640 | 2,450,437 |
| 539,922 | - | 9,861 | - | 530,061 | 222,780 |
| - | 1,559,515 | - | - | 1,559,515 | 784,995 |
| <u>50,887,783</u> | <u>1,559,515</u> | <u>2,384,976</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>50,062,322</u> | <u>18,166,833</u> |
| <u>\$ 217,432,974</u> | <u>\$ 15,850,908</u> | <u>\$ 13,742,573</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 219,541,309</u> | <u>\$ 84,956,251</u> |
| \$ 27,905,000 | \$ - | \$ 13,630,000 | \$ - | \$ 14,275,000 | \$ 749,438 |
| 76,530,000 | - | 5,940,000 | - | 70,590,000 | 15,022,325 |
| 135,000,000 | - | - | - | 135,000,000 | 121,854,630 |
| 75,000,000 | - | - | - | 75,000,000 | 104,734,407 |
| 990,000 | - | 990,000 | - | - | - |
| 94,380,000 | - | 17,665,000 | - | 76,715,000 | 7,822,625 |
| 237,930,000 | - | - | - | 237,930,000 | 175,835,225 |
| 89,420,000 | - | - | - | 89,420,000 | 78,228,328 |
| 155,210,000 | - | - | - | 155,210,000 | 137,644,000 |
| <u>\$ 892,365,000</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 38,225,000</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 854,140,000</u> | <u>\$ 641,890,977</u> |
| \$ 1,243,697 | \$ - | \$ 414,567 | \$ - | \$ 829,130 | \$ - |
| <u>31,191,550</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>3,536,429</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>27,655,121</u> | <u>16,225,850</u> |
| <u>\$ 32,435,247</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 3,950,996</u> | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 28,484,251</u> | <u>\$ 16,225,850</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS OF BONDS PAYABLE
GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Based on Bonded Debt as of June 30, 2019

| Year Ending June 30 | General Services District - General Obligation Bonds | | |
|---------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Total General Obligation Bonds | | |
| | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2020 | \$ 169,268,860 | \$ 129,108,152 | \$ 298,377,012 |
| 2021 | 176,791,487 | 121,549,179 | 298,340,666 |
| 2022 | 181,187,797 | 113,155,486 | 294,343,283 |
| 2023 | 190,773,974 | 104,446,493 | 295,220,467 |
| 2024 | 201,449,713 | 95,690,509 | 297,140,222 |
| 2025 | 202,674,039 | 86,660,698 | 289,334,737 |
| 2026 | 186,484,153 | 77,601,901 | 264,086,054 |
| 2027 | 172,308,504 | 68,911,508 | 241,220,012 |
| 2028 | 171,493,757 | 60,533,929 | 232,027,686 |
| 2029 | 134,725,901 | 53,402,721 | 188,128,622 |
| 2030 | 140,046,455 | 47,620,137 | 187,666,592 |
| 2031 | 142,259,329 | 40,861,067 | 183,120,396 |
| 2032 | 148,773,705 | 33,859,624 | 182,633,329 |
| 2033 | 155,598,027 | 26,531,282 | 182,129,309 |
| 2034 | 125,837,267 | 19,144,194 | 144,981,461 |
| 2035 | 131,033,930 | 13,404,671 | 144,438,601 |
| 2036 | 78,774,341 | 8,901,585 | 87,675,926 |
| 2037 | 81,987,897 | 5,686,340 | 87,674,237 |
| 2038 | 49,572,636 | 3,055,130 | 52,627,766 |
| 2039 | 51,591,919 | 1,031,838 | 52,623,757 |
| 2040 | - | - | - |
| 2041 | - | - | - |
| 2042 | - | - | - |
| 2043 | - | - | - |
| 2044 | - | - | - |
| 2045 | - | - | - |
| 2046 | - | - | - |
| 2047 | - | - | - |
| | <u>\$ 2,892,633,691</u> | <u>\$ 1,111,156,444</u> | <u>\$ 4,003,790,135</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS OF BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)
GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Based on Bonded Debt as of June 30, 2019

| General Services District - General Obligation Bonds | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| For General Purposes | | | For School Purposes | | |
| Principal | Interest | Total | Principal | Interest | Total |
| \$ 110,709,715 | \$ 86,929,018 | \$ 197,638,733 | \$ 58,559,145 | \$ 42,179,134 | \$ 100,738,279 |
| 115,829,973 | 81,979,533 | 197,809,506 | 60,961,514 | 39,569,646 | 100,531,160 |
| 118,246,243 | 76,474,326 | 194,720,569 | 62,941,554 | 36,681,160 | 99,622,714 |
| 128,396,796 | 70,695,657 | 199,092,453 | 62,377,178 | 33,750,836 | 96,128,014 |
| 130,011,866 | 64,900,551 | 194,912,417 | 71,437,847 | 30,789,958 | 102,227,805 |
| 132,620,879 | 58,965,035 | 191,585,914 | 70,053,160 | 27,695,663 | 97,748,823 |
| 124,080,229 | 52,951,079 | 177,031,308 | 62,403,924 | 24,650,822 | 87,054,746 |
| 115,540,309 | 47,148,063 | 162,688,372 | 56,768,195 | 21,763,445 | 78,531,640 |
| 118,371,581 | 41,476,381 | 159,847,962 | 53,122,176 | 19,057,548 | 72,179,724 |
| 93,055,569 | 36,565,776 | 129,621,345 | 41,670,332 | 16,836,945 | 58,507,277 |
| 96,709,773 | 32,605,192 | 129,314,965 | 43,336,682 | 15,014,945 | 58,351,627 |
| 98,194,030 | 27,935,301 | 126,129,331 | 44,065,299 | 12,925,766 | 56,991,065 |
| 102,708,964 | 23,097,797 | 125,806,761 | 46,064,741 | 10,761,827 | 56,826,568 |
| 107,439,866 | 18,033,193 | 125,473,059 | 48,158,161 | 8,498,089 | 56,656,250 |
| 84,775,552 | 12,929,190 | 97,704,742 | 41,061,715 | 6,215,004 | 47,276,719 |
| 88,282,739 | 9,062,866 | 97,345,605 | 42,751,191 | 4,341,805 | 47,092,996 |
| 52,343,754 | 6,043,795 | 58,387,549 | 26,430,587 | 2,857,790 | 29,288,377 |
| 54,479,165 | 3,907,335 | 58,386,500 | 27,508,732 | 1,779,005 | 29,287,737 |
| 34,518,875 | 2,127,376 | 36,646,251 | 15,053,761 | 927,754 | 15,981,515 |
| 35,924,960 | 718,499 | 36,643,459 | 15,666,959 | 313,339 | 15,980,298 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| <u>\$ 1,942,240,838</u> | <u>\$ 754,545,963</u> | <u>\$ 2,696,786,801</u> | <u>\$ 950,392,853</u> | <u>\$ 356,610,481</u> | <u>\$ 1,307,003,334</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS OF BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)
 URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT - GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS

Based on Bonded Debt as of June 30, 2019

| Year Ending June 30 | Urban Services District - General Obligation Bonds | | |
|---------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2020 | \$ 12,641,140 | \$ 10,239,917 | \$ 22,881,057 |
| 2021 | 13,243,513 | 9,674,040 | 22,917,553 |
| 2022 | 13,467,203 | 9,025,619 | 22,492,822 |
| 2023 | 14,251,026 | 8,369,551 | 22,620,577 |
| 2024 | 15,970,287 | 7,708,470 | 23,678,757 |
| 2025 | 15,875,961 | 7,000,764 | 22,876,725 |
| 2026 | 14,490,847 | 6,279,906 | 20,770,753 |
| 2027 | 15,556,496 | 5,552,015 | 21,108,511 |
| 2028 | 15,206,243 | 4,796,893 | 20,003,136 |
| 2029 | 12,114,099 | 4,128,150 | 16,242,249 |
| 2030 | 12,553,545 | 3,594,772 | 16,148,317 |
| 2031 | 13,020,671 | 2,969,885 | 15,990,556 |
| 2032 | 13,566,295 | 2,319,307 | 15,885,602 |
| 2033 | 14,146,973 | 1,624,932 | 15,771,905 |
| 2034 | 10,797,733 | 890,756 | 11,688,489 |
| 2035 | 7,776,070 | 401,567 | 8,177,637 |
| 2036 | 1,260,659 | 169,315 | 1,429,974 |
| 2037 | 1,312,103 | 117,860 | 1,429,963 |
| 2038 | 1,122,364 | 69,170 | 1,191,534 |
| 2039 | 1,168,081 | 23,362 | 1,191,443 |
| 2040 | - | - | - |
| 2041 | - | - | - |
| 2042 | - | - | - |
| 2043 | - | - | - |
| 2044 | - | - | - |
| 2045 | - | - | - |
| 2046 | - | - | - |
| 2047 | - | - | - |
| | <u>\$ 219,541,309</u> | <u>\$ 84,956,251</u> | <u>\$ 304,497,560</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS OF BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)
DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SEWERAGE SERVICES

Based on Bonded Debt as of June 30, 2019

| Year Ending June 30 | Revenue Bonds | | |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| | Department of Water and Sewerage Services | | |
| | Principal | Interest | Total |
| 2020 | \$ 39,120,000 | \$ 44,225,115 | \$ 83,345,115 |
| 2021 | 25,080,000 | 42,304,977 | 67,384,977 |
| 2022 | 29,955,000 | 40,984,827 | 70,939,827 |
| 2023 | 36,775,000 | 39,449,077 | 76,224,077 |
| 2024 | 27,475,000 | 37,987,378 | 65,462,378 |
| 2025 | 21,445,000 | 36,819,676 | 58,264,676 |
| 2026 | 22,490,000 | 35,756,878 | 58,246,878 |
| 2027 | 23,605,000 | 34,622,378 | 58,227,378 |
| 2028 | 24,780,000 | 33,375,526 | 58,155,526 |
| 2029 | 25,850,000 | 32,061,447 | 57,911,447 |
| 2030 | 26,995,000 | 30,657,731 | 57,652,731 |
| 2031 | 28,270,000 | 29,114,622 | 57,384,622 |
| 2032 | 29,605,000 | 27,488,762 | 57,093,762 |
| 2033 | 31,015,000 | 25,779,580 | 56,794,580 |
| 2034 | 32,490,000 | 23,989,844 | 56,479,844 |
| 2035 | 34,045,000 | 22,111,927 | 56,156,927 |
| 2036 | 35,670,000 | 20,145,338 | 55,815,338 |
| 2037 | 37,380,000 | 18,085,809 | 55,465,809 |
| 2038 | 39,165,000 | 15,925,580 | 55,090,580 |
| 2039 | 41,005,000 | 13,654,921 | 54,659,921 |
| 2040 | 42,875,000 | 11,274,966 | 54,149,966 |
| 2041 | 44,810,000 | 8,795,273 | 53,605,273 |
| 2042 | 46,765,000 | 6,285,776 | 53,050,776 |
| 2043 | 29,685,000 | 4,380,044 | 34,065,044 |
| 2044 | 31,035,000 | 3,028,900 | 34,063,900 |
| 2045 | 14,810,000 | 1,967,500 | 16,777,500 |
| 2046 | 15,575,000 | 1,207,875 | 16,782,875 |
| 2047 | 16,370,000 | 409,250 | 16,779,250 |
| | <u>\$ 854,140,000</u> | <u>\$ 641,890,977</u> | <u>\$ 1,496,030,977</u> |

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

BUDGETARY SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED REVENUES AND FUND BALANCES
TO SUPPORT APPROPRIATIONS*

GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT

For the Year July 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020

| <u>SOURCE OF REVENUE:</u> | General Fund | Debt Service Fund | School Debt Service Fund | School Funds | Total |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| Property Taxes - Current Year | \$ 427,391,500 | \$ 97,652,100 | \$ 41,428,100 | \$ 326,822,000 | \$ 893,293,700 |
| Property Taxes - Non Current Year | 36,625,600 | 289,600 | 122,400 | 4,242,700 | 41,280,300 |
| Local Option Sales Tax | 146,962,800 | 3,400,000 | 67,404,600 | 261,130,500 | 478,897,900 |
| Other Taxes, Licenses, and Permits | 163,758,100 | - | - | 25,316,300 | 189,074,400 |
| Fines, Forfeits, and Penalties | 6,757,700 | 247,500 | - | 1,200 | 7,006,400 |
| Other Agencies - Federal Direct | 3,000 | - | - | - | 3,000 |
| Other Agencies - Federal Through State | 1,933,300 | - | - | 560,000 | 2,493,300 |
| Other Agencies - Other Pass - Through | 7,875,000 | - | - | - | 7,875,000 |
| Other Agencies - State Direct | 97,112,900 | 7,318,200 | - | 289,439,900 | 393,871,000 |
| Other Agencies - Other Governments | 17,122,400 | 5,500,000 | - | 10,000 | 22,632,400 |
| Commissions and Fees | 15,146,300 | - | - | - | 15,146,300 |
| Charges for Current Services | 42,196,700 | - | - | 2,030,000 | 44,226,700 |
| Compensation from Property | 530,600 | 41,500,000 | - | 1,643,000 | 43,673,600 |
| Contributions and Gifts | - | - | - | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| Miscellaneous | 620,400 | 4,843,400 | - | 180,000 | 5,643,800 |
| Subtotal | <u>964,036,300</u> | <u>160,750,800</u> | <u>108,955,100</u> | <u>911,675,600</u> | <u>2,145,417,800</u> |
| Operating Transfers In | 20,499,400 | 46,899,600 | 1,599,600 | 2,800,000 | 71,798,600 |
| Non-Operating Transfers In | <u>9,073,300</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>9,073,300</u> |
| Subtotal | <u>29,572,700</u> | <u>46,899,600</u> | <u>1,599,600</u> | <u>2,800,000</u> | <u>80,871,900</u> |
| Appropriated Unreserved Fund Balances | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Available for GSD Appropriations | <u>\$ 993,609,000</u> | <u>\$ 207,650,400</u> | <u>\$ 110,554,700</u> | <u>\$ 914,475,600</u> | <u>\$ 2,226,289,700</u> |

* Excerpts from the Metropolitan Council Budget Substitute Bill Number BL2019-1624 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 BUDGETARY SCHEDULE OF ESTIMATED REVENUES AND FUND BALANCES
 TO SUPPORT APPROPRIATIONS* (CONTINUED)

URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT

For the Year July 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020

| <u>SOURCE OF REVENUE:</u> | <u>General Fund</u> | <u>Debt Service Fund</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Property Taxes - Current Year | \$ 95,836,000 | \$ 16,471,900 | \$ 112,307,900 |
| Property Taxes - Non Current Year | 18,545,700 | 53,100 | 18,598,800 |
| Other Taxes, Licenses, and Permits | 2,548,600 | 366,900 | 2,915,500 |
| Other Agencies - State Direct | 402,600 | - | 402,600 |
| Charges for Current Services | 143,300 | - | 143,300 |
| Compensation from Property | 100,000 | - | 100,000 |
| Operating Transfers In | - | 1,775,700 | 1,775,700 |
| | <u>117,576,200</u> | <u>18,667,600</u> | <u>136,243,800</u> |
| Subtotal | | | |
| Appropriated Unreserved Fund Balances | <u>7,300,000</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>7,300,000</u> |
| Total Available for USD Appropriations | <u>\$ 124,876,200</u> | <u>\$ 18,667,600</u> | <u>\$ 143,543,800</u> |

* Excerpts from the Metropolitan Council Budget Substitute Bill Number BL2019-1624 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 BUDGETARY SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS BY FUNCTION AND/OR FUNDS *

For the Year July 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020

| <u>GENERAL FUND</u> | General Services District | Urban Services District | Duplicated By Interdistrict Interfund Transfers | Appropriation By Function And/Or Fund |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|
| General Government | \$ 197,773,400 | \$ 23,653,500 | \$ - | \$ 221,426,900 |
| Fiscal Administration | 26,834,700 | - | - | 26,834,700 |
| Administration of Justice | 70,606,400 | - | - | 70,606,400 |
| Law Enforcement and Care of Prisoners | 282,124,800 | 481,000 | 481,000 | 282,124,800 |
| Fire Prevention and Control | 59,240,400 | 70,777,200 | - | 130,017,600 |
| Regulation, Inspection, & Economic Development | 48,005,800 | 3,835,700 | - | 51,841,500 |
| Social Services | 7,993,600 | - | - | 7,993,600 |
| Health and Hospitals | 91,131,100 | - | - | 91,131,100 |
| Public Library System | 31,786,200 | - | - | 31,786,200 |
| Recreational, Cultural, Conservation & Community Support | 62,411,500 | 350,000 | - | 62,761,500 |
| Infrastructure and Transportation | 83,279,500 | 25,778,800 | - | 109,058,300 |
| Transfers | 32,421,600 | - | - | 32,421,600 |
| Total General Funds | 993,609,000 | 124,876,200 | 481,000 | 1,118,004,200 |
| <u>DEBT SERVICE FUNDS</u> | | | | |
| (See detail on succeeding pages) | 318,205,100 | 18,667,600 | - | 336,872,700 |
| <u>SCHOOL FUNDS</u> | | | | |
| (See detail on succeeding pages) | 914,475,600 | - | - | 914,475,600 |
| Total Appropriations By District | 2,226,289,700 | 143,543,800 | 481,000 | 2,369,352,500 |
| <u>LESS INTERFUND TRANSFER:</u> | | | | |
| GSD Operating to GSD Debt | (35,942,900) | - | - | (35,942,900) |
| Schools to GSD General | (192,000) | - | - | (192,000) |
| MNPS to MNPS Debt | (1,599,600) | - | - | (1,599,600) |
| Net Appropriation by District | \$ 2,188,555,200 | \$ 143,543,800 | \$ 481,000 | \$ 2,331,618,000 |

* Excerpts from the Metropolitan Council Budget Substitute Bill Number BL2019-1624 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 BUDGETARY SCHEDULE OF REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEBT SERVICE FUNDS BY FUNCTION *

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS - GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT

For the Year July 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020

| | Principal/Interest | Other | Total |
|--|--------------------|--------------|----------------|
| <u>SCHOOL DEBT SERVICE FUND</u> | | | |
| Outstanding General Obligation Bonds | \$ 100,738,300 | \$ - | \$ 100,738,300 |
| Redemption, Cremation and Management Fees | - | 567,400 | 567,400 |
| Treasury Internal Service Fees | - | 77,900 | 77,900 |
| Qualified Zone Academy Bonds, 2005 | - | 414,600 | 414,600 |
| Quallified School Construction Bonds, 2009 | - | 1,637,800 | 1,637,800 |
| Quallified School Construction Bonds, 2010 | - | 3,942,300 | 3,942,300 |
| Commercial Paper (Bonds Anticipation Loans) | 3,176,400 | - | 3,176,400 |
| Total GSD School Purposes Debt Service Fund | \$ 103,914,700 | \$ 6,640,000 | \$ 110,554,700 |
| <u>GENERAL PURPOSES DEBT SERVICE FUND</u> | | | |
| Outstanding General Obligation Bonds | \$ 197,638,700 | \$ - | \$ 197,638,700 |
| Redemption, Cremation and Management Fees | - | 1,249,300 | 1,249,300 |
| Treasury Internal Service Fees | - | 151,700 | 151,700 |
| Commercial Paper (Bonds Anticipation Loans) | 6,993,400 | - | 6,993,400 |
| Swap Agreement | 1,617,300 | - | 1,617,300 |
| Total GSD General Purposes Debt Service Fund | \$ 206,249,400 | \$ 1,401,000 | \$ 207,650,400 |

* Excerpts from the Metropolitan Council Budget Substitute Bill Number BL2019-1624 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 BUDGETARY SCHEDULE OF REQUIREMENTS OF THE DEBT SERVICE FUNDS BY FUNCTION *

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS - URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT

For the Year July 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020

| <u>URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND</u> | <u>Principal/Interest</u> | <u>Other</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| Outstanding General Obligation Bonds: | | | |
| Outstanding G.O. USD Bonds | \$ 22,881,000 | \$ - | \$ 22,881,000 |
| Redemption, Cremation and Management Fees | - | 41,100 | 41,100 |
| Treasury Internal Service Fees | - | 26,000 | 26,000 |
| Debt Service Paid Directly by DES | - | (4,510,800) | (4,510,800) |
| Commercial Paper (Bonds Anticipation Loans) | <u>230,300</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>230,300</u> |
| Total USD General Purposes Debt Service Fund | <u>\$ 23,111,300</u> | <u>\$ (4,443,700)</u> | <u>\$ 18,667,600</u> |

* Excerpts from the Metropolitan Council Budget Substitute Bill Number BL2019-1624 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

BUDGETARY SCHEDULE OF APPROPRIATIONS*

SCHOOL FUNDS - GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT

For the Year July 1, 2019 Through June 30, 2020

GENERAL PURPOSE SCHOOL FUND: (1)

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| General Purpose School Fund: | |
| Operational | \$ 909,462,600 |
| Property Tax Increment | <u>11,222,000</u> |
| Total General Purpose School Fund | <u>920,684,600</u> |
| Budget Adjustment Savings | <u>(6,209,000)</u> |
| Total General Purpose School Fund | <u>\$ 914,475,600</u> |

(1) From the funds appropriated to the Metropolitan Board of Public Education, there is appropriated the sum of \$4,285,000 for the purpose of funding the actuarial contribution to the Metro Teachers Pension Plan.

* Excerpts from the Metropolitan Council Budget Substitute Bill Number BL2019-1624 for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

SUMMARY OF SALARIES AND SURETY BONDS OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2019

| <u>NAME OF OFFICIAL</u> | <u>TITLE</u> | <u>ANNUAL SALARY</u> | <u>AMOUNT OF SURETY BOND</u> |
|-------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------------|
| David Briley | Mayor | \$ 180,000 | \$ 50,000 |
| Talia Lomax-O'dneal | Director of Finance | 185,921 | 250,000 |
| Tom Eddlemon | Treasurer | 129,707 | 2,000,000 |
| Michelle Lane | Purchasing Agent | 125,687 | - (1) |
| Phil Carr | Chief Accountant | 121,751 | - (1) |
| Shannon Hall | Human Resources Director | 133,250 | - (1) |
| Richard R. Rooker | Circuit Court Clerk | 146,413 | 100,000 |
| Richard R. Rooker | Probate Clerk | - | 250,000 |
| Karen Johnson | Register of Deeds | 133,830 | 150,000 |
| Parker Toler | Trustee | 139,694 | 14,000,000 |
| Brenda P. Wynn | County Clerk | 139,694 | 500,000 |
| Howard C. Gentry, Jr. | Criminal Court Clerk | 152,863 | 150,000 |
| J. Daron Hall | Sheriff | 168,950 | 100,000 |
| Vivian M. Wilhoite | Assessor of Property | 139,694 | 50,000 |
| Maria Salas | Clerk & Master | 139,694 | 50,000 |
| Lonnell Matthews | Juvenile Court Clerk | 139,694 | 100,000 |
| Peggy Duncan Mathes | Public Administrator | - | 100,000 |
| Michael M. Castellarin | Public Trustee | - | 200,000 |
| Richard R. Rooker | Commissioner & Receiver | - | 100,000 |
| Richard R. Rooker | Official Revenue | - | 100,000 |
| Monica C. Fawknorton | Executive Director Sports Authority | 110,828 | 50,000 |
| Chris Henson | MNPS Assistant Superintendent of Business, Facility and Services | 185,000 | 1,000,000 |

(1) A \$250,000 blanket surety bond is in place for these officials rather than separate bonds.

See accompanying auditors' report.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)
TABLE OF CONTENTS

This section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the Government's overall financial health.

| | <u>Page Numbers</u> |
|---|-------------------------|
| FINANCIAL TRENDS | H - 2 |
| <p>These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.</p> | |
| REVENUE CAPACITY | H - 16 |
| <p>These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.</p> | |
| DEBT CAPACITY | H - 24 |
| <p>These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Government's current levels of outstanding debt and the Government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.</p> | |
| DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION | H - 32 |
| <p>These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Government's financial activities take place.</p> | |
| OPERATING INFORMATION | H - 34 |
| <p>These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Government's financial report relates to the services the Government provides and the activities it performs.</p> | |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (accrual basis of accounting)
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | \$ 1,099,333 | \$ 1,010,874 | \$ 924,393 | \$ 857,598 |
| Restricted | 31,994 | 42,860 | 31,771 | 35,802 |
| Unrestricted | <u>(383,624)</u> | <u>(564,405)</u> | <u>(637,147)</u> | <u>(683,464)</u> |
| Total governmental activities net position | <u>747,703</u> | <u>489,329</u> | <u>319,017</u> | <u>209,936</u> |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 1,217,101 | 1,220,912 | 1,259,241 | 1,236,765 |
| Restricted | 21,481 | 46,256 | 49,700 | 56,720 |
| Unrestricted | <u>26,925</u> | <u>38,908</u> | <u>32,057</u> | <u>27,268</u> |
| Total business-type activities net position | <u>1,265,507</u> | <u>1,306,076</u> | <u>1,340,998</u> | <u>1,320,753</u> |
| Primary government | | | | |
| Net investment in capital assets | 2,316,434 | 2,231,786 | 2,183,634 | 2,094,363 |
| Restricted | 53,475 | 89,116 | 81,471 | 92,522 |
| Unrestricted | <u>(356,699)</u> | <u>(525,497)</u> | <u>(605,090)</u> | <u>(656,196)</u> |
| Total primary government net position | <u>\$ 2,013,210</u> | <u>\$ 1,795,405</u> | <u>\$ 1,660,015</u> | <u>\$ 1,530,689</u> |

(1) In 2015, the Government implemented GASB Statement No. 68 which revised the reporting for its liability related to pensions. Amounts for prior years have not been restated.

(2) In 2018, the Government implemented GASB Statement No. 75 which revised the reporting for its liability related to other postemployment benefits. Amounts for prior years have not been restated.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (accrual basis of accounting)
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>2014</u> | <u>2015 (1)</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018 (2)</u> | <u>2019</u> |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| \$ 955,256 | \$ 905,271 | \$ 817,836 | \$ 758,016 | \$ 706,897 | \$ 641,440 |
| 39,551 | 41,647 | 43,203 | 56,345 | 57,970 | 60,961 |
| <u>(907,694)</u> | <u>(1,269,590)</u> | <u>(1,333,519)</u> | <u>(1,528,114)</u> | <u>(3,956,494)</u> | <u>(4,135,579)</u> |
| <u>87,113</u> | <u>(322,672)</u> | <u>(472,480)</u> | <u>(713,753)</u> | <u>(3,191,627)</u> | <u>(3,433,178)</u> |
| 1,232,187 | 1,236,872 | 1,227,147 | 1,191,252 | 1,172,712 | 1,193,645 |
| 64,253 | 55,270 | 66,837 | 87,141 | 100,070 | 98,559 |
| <u>37,930</u> | <u>41,747</u> | <u>36,937</u> | <u>27,516</u> | <u>47,575</u> | <u>60,597</u> |
| <u>1,334,370</u> | <u>1,333,889</u> | <u>1,330,921</u> | <u>1,305,909</u> | <u>1,320,357</u> | <u>1,352,801</u> |
| 2,187,443 | 2,142,143 | 2,044,983 | 1,949,268 | 1,879,609 | 1,835,085 |
| 103,804 | 96,917 | 110,040 | 143,486 | 158,040 | 159,520 |
| <u>(869,764)</u> | <u>(1,227,843)</u> | <u>(1,296,582)</u> | <u>(1,500,598)</u> | <u>(3,908,919)</u> | <u>(4,074,982)</u> |
| <u>\$ 1,421,483</u> | <u>\$ 1,011,217</u> | <u>\$ 858,441</u> | <u>\$ 592,156</u> | <u>\$ (1,871,270)</u> | <u>\$ (2,080,377)</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|---|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Expenses | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| General government | \$ 85,444 | \$ 122,913 | \$ 117,669 | \$ 118,107 |
| Fiscal administration | 35,358 | 33,613 | 31,802 | 32,675 |
| Administration of justice | 89,601 | 87,374 | 89,564 | 92,752 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 321,175 | 322,782 | 335,162 | 371,438 |
| Fire prevention and control | 150,117 | 149,619 | 158,763 | 170,843 |
| Regulation and inspection | 10,170 | 10,248 | 11,717 | 10,751 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 471 | 445 | 439 | 542 |
| Public welfare | 60,159 | 59,386 | 56,504 | 57,172 |
| Public health and hospitals | 170,662 | 132,993 | 114,145 | 119,695 |
| Public library system | 28,742 | 30,033 | 30,676 | 33,034 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 130,469 | 144,012 | 152,201 | 169,521 |
| Recreational and cultural | 68,667 | 59,421 | 61,259 | 68,515 |
| Education | 839,760 | 869,449 | 867,599 | 903,998 |
| Interest and other debt related costs | 80,460 | 102,859 | 86,223 | 77,525 |
| Total governmental activities | <u>2,071,255</u> | <u>2,125,147</u> | <u>2,113,723</u> | <u>2,226,568</u> |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | 173,215 | 189,521 | 185,385 | 205,278 |
| District Energy System | 17,853 | 17,837 | 18,102 | 17,573 |
| Nashville Convention Center | 7,134 | 7,539 | 7,147 | 7,427 |
| Board of Fair Commissioners | 4,195 | 2,814 | 2,945 | 3,074 |
| Farmers Market | 1,080 | 1,193 | 1,265 | 1,788 |
| Police Secondary Employment | 1,545 | 855 | 832 | 1,131 |
| Surplus Property Auction | 735 | 734 | 713 | 735 |
| Municipal Auditorium | 1,654 | 1,801 | 1,808 | 1,787 |
| Police Impound | 1,687 | 1,320 | 967 | 376 |
| School Community Education | 192 | - | - | - |
| Stormwater Operations | 10,598 | 10,669 | 10,426 | 10,717 |
| Community Education Commission | 358 | 302 | 297 | 352 |
| Total business-type activities | <u>220,246</u> | <u>234,585</u> | <u>229,887</u> | <u>250,238</u> |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ 2,291,501</u> | <u>\$ 2,359,732</u> | <u>\$ 2,343,610</u> | <u>\$ 2,476,806</u> |
| Program Revenues | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | |
| General government | \$ 6,550 | \$ 6,908 | \$ 9,134 | \$ 8,329 |
| Fiscal administration | 4,176 | 5,286 | 5,181 | 6,768 |
| Administration of justice | 34,344 | 33,745 | 32,772 | 33,232 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 31,282 | 30,637 | 33,172 | 32,210 |
| Fire prevention and control | 10,939 | 16,395 | 12,759 | 13,431 |
| Regulation and inspection | 7,552 | 8,858 | 10,846 | 12,368 |
| Public welfare | 1,367 | 1,352 | 1,208 | 1,098 |
| Public health and hospitals | 8,943 | 9,902 | 8,796 | 9,159 |
| Public library system | 494 | 484 | 474 | 450 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 9,343 | 11,191 | 12,594 | 12,066 |
| Recreational and cultural | 8,618 | 9,068 | 9,755 | 10,130 |
| Education | 18,225 | 17,838 | 18,485 | 19,502 |
| Operating grants and contributions (1) | 390,732 | 432,938 | 436,073 | 435,077 |
| Capital grants and contributions (1) | 41,648 | 38,595 | 58,447 | 55,267 |
| Total governmental activities | <u>574,213</u> | <u>623,197</u> | <u>649,696</u> | <u>649,087</u> |

(1) Operating and capital grants and contributions primarily represent amounts received from other governments to fund specific programs and projects and the value of roads and other infrastructure donated to the Government. The amounts vary based on the availability and timing of Federal and State funding and the timing and amount of road and infrastructure development within the metropolitan area.

(2) In 2015, the Government implemented GASB Statement No. 68 which revised the reporting for its liability related to pensions. Amounts for prior years have not been restated.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (accrual basis of accounting)
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2014 | 2015 (2) | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 (3) | 2019 |
|----|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| \$ | 134,592 | \$ 188,330 | \$ 196,012 | \$ 206,436 | \$ 229,632 | \$ 241,330 |
| | 31,357 | 33,277 | 31,729 | 33,551 | 34,478 | 36,497 |
| | 93,224 | 92,902 | 96,091 | 103,652 | 110,415 | 111,078 |
| | 359,502 | 353,933 | 378,291 | 392,032 | 389,728 | 421,429 |
| | 149,551 | 152,045 | 162,323 | 169,409 | 172,064 | 183,783 |
| | 11,231 | 11,216 | 10,931 | 12,103 | 12,600 | 13,878 |
| | 519 | 480 | 559 | 544 | 495 | 447 |
| | 56,449 | 54,279 | 56,186 | 67,609 | 72,270 | 77,151 |
| | 119,828 | 106,365 | 117,686 | 127,806 | 127,667 | 128,550 |
| | 35,739 | 41,390 | 45,268 | 46,440 | 45,086 | 48,463 |
| | 180,008 | 191,499 | 202,419 | 217,791 | 221,096 | 282,226 |
| | 76,759 | 70,841 | 77,342 | 81,081 | 96,612 | 90,277 |
| | 924,418 | 907,504 | 978,229 | 1,070,022 | 1,121,121 | 1,124,977 |
| | 96,842 | 93,210 | 95,228 | 103,969 | 110,836 | 121,201 |
| | <u>2,270,019</u> | <u>2,297,271</u> | <u>2,448,294</u> | <u>2,632,445</u> | <u>2,744,100</u> | <u>2,881,287</u> |
| | 208,945 | 213,926 | 232,501 | 231,793 | 227,588 | 240,195 |
| | 18,774 | 18,761 | 17,940 | 18,063 | 18,475 | 18,060 |
| | 3,591 | 3,543 | 2,126 | 24,774 | - | - |
| | 3,140 | 3,661 | 3,654 | 3,737 | 3,673 | 3,497 |
| | 1,605 | 1,849 | 1,931 | 2,113 | 2,115 | 2,060 |
| | 190 | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 790 | 650 | 703 | 745 | 648 | 640 |
| | 2,001 | 2,041 | 1,995 | 2,035 | 2,074 | 2,221 |
| | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 | 375 |
| | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | 11,073 | 10,506 | 10,945 | 12,661 | 15,625 | 18,170 |
| | 324 | 357 | 391 | - | - | - |
| | <u>250,808</u> | <u>255,669</u> | <u>272,561</u> | <u>296,296</u> | <u>270,573</u> | <u>285,218</u> |
| \$ | <u>2,520,827</u> | <u>2,552,940</u> | <u>2,720,855</u> | <u>2,928,741</u> | <u>3,014,673</u> | <u>3,166,505</u> |
| \$ | 10,805 | \$ 7,764 | \$ 8,989 | \$ 9,597 | \$ 18,781 | \$ 15,161 |
| | 6,237 | 6,356 | 7,570 | 9,527 | 9,807 | 8,904 |
| | 32,929 | 31,052 | 29,143 | 27,325 | 26,780 | 21,177 |
| | 30,281 | 30,667 | 30,247 | 32,451 | 28,207 | 30,015 |
| | 15,502 | 11,449 | 9,286 | 11,100 | 10,829 | 9,785 |
| | 14,252 | 18,576 | 25,407 | 24,607 | 23,742 | 25,419 |
| | 1,162 | 1,007 | 915 | 803 | 905 | 529 |
| | 9,847 | 11,173 | 12,495 | 11,874 | 12,447 | 12,250 |
| | 438 | 409 | 397 | 404 | 223 | 206 |
| | 12,573 | 14,272 | 15,922 | 19,971 | 19,637 | 20,349 |
| | 10,702 | 11,332 | 13,974 | 14,312 | 14,495 | 15,671 |
| | 18,740 | 16,936 | 19,259 | 18,990 | 18,026 | 19,235 |
| | 438,515 | 454,881 | 467,388 | 483,020 | 525,054 | 518,759 |
| | 58,286 | 37,301 | 30,970 | 30,891 | 30,162 | 60,733 |
| | <u>660,269</u> | <u>653,175</u> | <u>671,962</u> | <u>694,872</u> | <u>739,095</u> | <u>758,193</u> |

(3) In 2018, the Government implemented GASB Statement No. 75 which revised the reporting for its liability related to other postemployment benefits. Amounts for prior years have not been restated.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (accrual basis of accounting)
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Program Revenues (Continued) | | | | |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | \$ 171,520 | \$ 195,790 | \$ 201,060 | \$ 208,830 |
| District Energy System | 15,562 | 15,486 | 15,962 | 16,713 |
| Nashville Convention Center | 5,366 | 5,404 | 5,490 | 5,746 |
| Board of Fair Commissioners | 3,393 | 2,109 | 2,658 | 2,786 |
| Farmers Market | 983 | 745 | 961 | 1,292 |
| Police Secondary Employment | 2,437 | 1,103 | 935 | 1,285 |
| Surplus Property Auction | 1,094 | 1,081 | 1,298 | 795 |
| Municipal Auditorium | 1,364 | 1,370 | 1,607 | 1,188 |
| Police Impound | 1,583 | 1,271 | 1,584 | 492 |
| School Community Education | 31 | - | - | - |
| Stormwater Operations | 13,635 | 14,198 | 13,883 | 14,199 |
| Community Education Commission | 22 | 18 | 36 | 45 |
| Capital grants and contributions | 41,302 | 39,467 | 25,307 | 11,890 |
| Total business-type activities | <u>258,292</u> | <u>278,042</u> | <u>270,781</u> | <u>265,261</u> |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ 832,505</u> | <u>\$ 901,239</u> | <u>\$ 920,477</u> | <u>\$ 914,348</u> |
| Net (Expense) Revenue | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ (1,497,042) | \$ (1,501,950) | \$ (1,464,027) | \$ (1,577,481) |
| Business-type activities | 38,046 | 43,457 | 40,894 | 15,023 |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ (1,458,996)</u> | <u>\$ (1,458,493)</u> | <u>\$ (1,423,133)</u> | <u>\$ (1,562,458)</u> |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position | | | | |
| Governmental activities | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 793,293 | \$ 782,192 | \$ 787,882 | \$ 895,919 |
| Local option sales taxes | 256,178 | 258,107 | 281,294 | 301,430 |
| Other taxes | 126,878 | 137,141 | 150,856 | 160,802 |
| Revenue from the use of money or property | 1,445 | 1,095 | 1,121 | 1,195 |
| Revenue from other governmental agencies | 58,160 | 61,262 | 62,929 | 66,572 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 1,747 | 3,290 | 3,385 | 7,043 |
| Transfers | (323) | 3,400 | 6,248 | 35,439 |
| Special and extraordinary items (4) | (1,224) | (2,911) | - | - |
| Total governmental activities | <u>1,236,154</u> | <u>1,243,576</u> | <u>1,293,715</u> | <u>1,468,400</u> |
| Business-type activities | | | | |
| Revenue from the use of money or property | 391 | 230 | 119 | 111 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 171 | 282 | 157 | 60 |
| Transfers | 323 | (3,400) | (6,248) | (35,439) |
| Special and extraordinary items (4) | (7,000) | - | - | - |
| Total business-type activities | <u>(6,115)</u> | <u>(2,888)</u> | <u>(5,972)</u> | <u>(35,268)</u> |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ 1,230,039</u> | <u>\$ 1,240,688</u> | <u>\$ 1,287,743</u> | <u>\$ 1,433,132</u> |
| Change in Net Position | | | | |
| Governmental activities | \$ (260,888) | \$ (258,374) | \$ (170,312) | \$ (109,081) |
| Business-type activities | 31,931 | 40,569 | 34,922 | (20,245) |
| Total primary government | <u>\$ (228,957)</u> | <u>\$ (217,805)</u> | <u>\$ (135,390)</u> | <u>\$ (129,326)</u> |

(4) Special and extraordinary items consist of: In 2010, the Government experienced significant losses related to flooding in May 2010. In 2011, the Government incurred additional flood related expenses in excess of recoveries.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (accrual basis of accounting)
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2014 | 2015 (2) | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 (3) | 2019 |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| \$ 211,372 | \$ 214,751 | \$ 217,784 | \$ 218,816 | \$ 224,283 | \$ 228,054 |
| 18,526 | 18,542 | 17,597 | 17,408 | 17,111 | 17,607 |
| 2,124 | 1,768 | 45 | - | - | - |
| 3,021 | 3,367 | 3,283 | 3,318 | 3,011 | 2,924 |
| 1,125 | 1,038 | 961 | 974 | 1,095 | 1,000 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 589 | 712 | 1,231 | 1,253 | 2,088 | 1,200 |
| 1,558 | 1,427 | 1,507 | 1,788 | 1,897 | 2,314 |
| 479 | 475 | 475 | 491 | 502 | 502 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 14,613 | 14,295 | 14,461 | 15,231 | 32,330 | 36,254 |
| 58 | 59 | 80 | 38 | - | - |
| 16,478 | 20,655 | 22,770 | 27,848 | 18,753 | 20,652 |
| 269,943 | 277,089 | 280,194 | 287,165 | 301,070 | 310,507 |
| <u>\$ 930,212</u> | <u>\$ 930,264</u> | <u>\$ 952,156</u> | <u>\$ 982,037</u> | <u>\$ 1,040,165</u> | <u>\$ 1,068,700</u> |
| \$ (1,609,750) | \$ (1,644,096) | \$ (1,776,332) | \$ (1,937,573) | \$ (2,005,005) | \$ (2,123,094) |
| 19,135 | 21,420 | 7,633 | (9,131) | 30,497 | 25,289 |
| <u>\$ (1,590,615)</u> | <u>\$ (1,622,676)</u> | <u>\$ (1,768,699)</u> | <u>\$ (1,946,704)</u> | <u>\$ (1,974,508)</u> | <u>\$ (2,097,805)</u> |
| \$ 911,661 | \$ 927,860 | \$ 944,353 | \$ 971,643 | \$ 995,535 | \$ 1,041,924 |
| 315,479 | 340,077 | 365,704 | 382,934 | 414,156 | 450,234 |
| 174,556 | 193,729 | 206,146 | 223,138 | 242,978 | 266,666 |
| 3,244 | 1,044 | 3,886 | 3,350 | 5,865 | 11,678 |
| 66,010 | 77,625 | 83,484 | 91,696 | 96,374 | 97,965 |
| 4,296 | 11,677 | 9,963 | 6,386 | 1,874 | 19,747 |
| 11,681 | 11,154 | 12,988 | 17,153 | 18,902 | (6,671) |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 1,486,927 | 1,563,166 | 1,626,524 | 1,696,300 | 1,775,684 | 1,881,543 |
| 1,655 | 1,088 | 1,334 | 1,224 | 2,819 | 6,857 |
| 196 | 2 | 1,053 | 48 | 34 | 30 |
| (11,681) | (11,154) | (12,988) | (17,153) | (18,902) | 6,671 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| (9,830) | (10,064) | (10,601) | (15,881) | (16,049) | 13,558 |
| <u>\$ 1,477,097</u> | <u>\$ 1,553,102</u> | <u>\$ 1,615,923</u> | <u>\$ 1,680,419</u> | <u>\$ 1,759,635</u> | <u>\$ 1,895,101</u> |
| \$ (122,823) | \$ (80,930) | \$ (149,808) | \$ (241,273) | \$ (229,321) | \$ (241,551) |
| 9,305 | 11,356 | (2,968) | (25,012) | 14,448 | 38,847 |
| <u>\$ (113,518)</u> | <u>\$ (69,574)</u> | <u>\$ (152,776)</u> | <u>\$ (266,285)</u> | <u>\$ (214,873)</u> | <u>\$ (202,704)</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2014</u> |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| General fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 299,659 | \$ 473,335 | \$ 367,535 | \$ 453,627 | \$ 525,930 |
| Assigned | 1,370,583 | 13,878,075 | 539,600 | 16,030,900 | 34,840,900 |
| Unassigned | <u>59,228,607</u> | <u>53,134,734</u> | <u>69,836,867</u> | <u>84,053,738</u> | <u>81,650,073</u> |
| Total general fund | <u>60,898,849</u> | <u>67,486,144</u> | <u>70,744,002</u> | <u>100,538,265</u> | <u>117,016,903</u> |
| All other governmental funds | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 2,060,858 | 2,119,993 | 2,891,941 | 2,723,873 | 3,122,352 |
| Restricted | 195,074,104 | 47,011,877 | 36,939,852 | 160,884,699 | 39,365,865 |
| Committed | 106,798,899 | 121,277,278 | 145,387,960 | 145,231,736 | 125,883,422 |
| Assigned | 1,500,000 | 11,161,900 | - | 29,966,900 | 40,441,000 |
| Unassigned (1) | <u>(28,066,901)</u> | <u>(39,332,027)</u> | <u>(174,680,021)</u> | <u>(15,710,564)</u> | <u>(189,169,860)</u> |
| Total all other governmental funds | <u>277,366,960</u> | <u>142,239,021</u> | <u>10,539,732</u> | <u>323,096,644</u> | <u>19,642,779</u> |
| Total governmental funds | <u>\$ 338,265,809</u> | <u>\$ 209,725,165</u> | <u>\$ 81,283,734</u> | <u>\$ 423,634,909</u> | <u>\$ 136,659,682</u> |

(1) The deficit balances are due to capital projects funds that are temporarily funded with short-term commercial paper borrowings. The balances vary due to the timing of capital expenditures and the issuance of bonds.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| \$ 546,062 | \$ 467,008 | \$ 986,266 | \$ 842,106 | \$ 512,113 |
| 54,311,800 | 59,542,600 | 50,533,800 | 16,939,600 | 13,607,278 |
| <u>83,195,736</u> | <u>84,493,158</u> | <u>55,176,460</u> | <u>58,879,621</u> | <u>77,325,526</u> |
| <u>138,053,598</u> | <u>144,502,766</u> | <u>106,696,526</u> | <u>76,661,327</u> | <u>91,444,917</u> |
| 4,079,964 | 3,276,149 | 3,332,511 | 3,040,245 | 3,404,379 |
| 41,461,337 | 43,018,673 | 56,160,164 | 57,785,371 | 60,687,925 |
| 126,421,581 | 137,020,957 | 137,058,350 | 134,273,729 | 132,150,162 |
| 25,800,000 | 21,000,000 | 25,440,300 | 550,000 | 2,569,824 |
| <u>(501,399,310)</u> | <u>(342,346,761)</u> | <u>(192,217,171)</u> | <u>(653,295,939)</u> | <u>(254,593,420)</u> |
| <u>(303,636,428)</u> | <u>(138,030,982)</u> | <u>29,774,154</u> | <u>(457,646,594)</u> | <u>(55,781,130)</u> |
| <u>\$ (165,582,830)</u> | <u>\$ 6,471,784</u> | <u>\$ 136,470,680</u> | <u>\$ (380,985,267)</u> | <u>\$ 35,663,787</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 FUND BALANCES OF BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)
 Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| General fund | | | | | |
| GSD | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 299,659 | \$ 473,335 | \$ 367,535 | \$ 453,627 | \$ 525,930 |
| Assigned | 1,370,583 | 442,575 | 539,600 | 10,768,700 | 29,036,600 |
| Unassigned | 34,962,597 | 44,578,057 | 61,358,778 | 74,758,944 | 70,094,923 |
| Total GSD | <u>36,632,839</u> | <u>45,493,967</u> | <u>62,265,913</u> | <u>85,981,271</u> | <u>99,657,453</u> |
| USD | | | | | |
| Assigned | - | 13,435,500 | - | 5,262,200 | 5,804,300 |
| Unassigned | 24,266,010 | 8,556,677 | 8,478,089 | 9,294,794 | 11,555,150 |
| Total USD | <u>24,266,010</u> | <u>21,992,177</u> | <u>8,478,089</u> | <u>14,556,994</u> | <u>17,359,450</u> |
| Total general fund | <u>60,898,849</u> | <u>67,486,144</u> | <u>70,744,002</u> | <u>100,538,265</u> | <u>117,016,903</u> |
| General purpose school fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 937,417 | 883,700 | 1,291,555 | 1,504,241 | 1,569,880 |
| Committed | 27,102,179 | 34,449,193 | 54,933,590 | 64,049,858 | 43,152,443 |
| Assigned | - | - | - | 12,000,000 | 38,005,000 |
| Total general purpose school fund | <u>28,039,596</u> | <u>35,332,893</u> | <u>56,225,145</u> | <u>77,554,099</u> | <u>82,727,323</u> |
| GSD general purposes | | | | | |
| debt service fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - | - | - |
| Committed | 8,406,361 | 8,626,889 | 8,469,047 | 13,255,408 | 9,450,642 |
| Assigned | - | - | - | 5,966,900 | - |
| Total GSD general purposes | | | | | |
| debt service fund | <u>8,406,361</u> | <u>8,626,889</u> | <u>8,469,047</u> | <u>19,222,308</u> | <u>9,450,642</u> |
| GSD school purposes | | | | | |
| debt service fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | - | - | 475,583 | - | - |
| Committed | 14,559,256 | 12,006,081 | 12,898,334 | 1,479,123 | 6,392,039 |
| Assigned | - | 11,161,900 | - | 8,000,000 | - |
| Total GSD school purposes | | | | | |
| debt service fund | <u>14,559,256</u> | <u>23,167,981</u> | <u>13,373,917</u> | <u>9,479,123</u> | <u>6,392,039</u> |
| USD general purposes | | | | | |
| debt service fund | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | - | - | - | - | - |
| Committed | 2,984,488 | 6,159,913 | 7,325,354 | 4,628,697 | 3,275,429 |
| Assigned | - | - | - | 4,000,000 | 2,436,000 |
| Total USD general purposes | | | | | |
| debt service fund | <u>2,984,488</u> | <u>6,159,913</u> | <u>7,325,354</u> | <u>8,628,697</u> | <u>5,711,429</u> |
| Total budgeted | | | | | |
| governmental funds | <u>\$ 114,888,550</u> | <u>\$ 140,773,820</u> | <u>\$ 156,137,465</u> | <u>\$ 215,422,492</u> | <u>\$ 221,298,336</u> |

Note: The schedule above reflects fund balances for those governmental funds for which legally required budgets are prepared and approved. The general purpose school fund is reported as a special revenue fund. The three debt service funds are reported as debt service funds. All of these funds are considered major funds of the Government.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY
 FUND BALANCES OF BUDGETED GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)
 Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| \$ 546,062 | \$ 467,008 | \$ 986,266 | \$ 842,106 | \$ 512,113 |
| 45,541,100 | 51,067,800 | 50,533,800 | 15,389,900 | 5,887,278 |
| 74,818,956 | 80,265,059 | 48,913,495 | 52,291,879 | 70,147,693 |
| <u>120,906,118</u> | <u>131,799,867</u> | <u>100,433,561</u> | <u>68,523,885</u> | <u>76,547,084</u> |
| 8,770,700 | 8,474,800 | - | 1,549,700 | 7,720,000 |
| 8,376,780 | 4,228,099 | 6,262,965 | 6,587,742 | 7,177,833 |
| <u>17,147,480</u> | <u>12,702,899</u> | <u>6,262,965</u> | <u>8,137,442</u> | <u>14,897,833</u> |
| 138,053,598 | 144,502,766 | 106,696,526 | 76,661,327 | 91,444,917 |
| 2,790,092 | 1,863,688 | 1,534,233 | 1,680,304 | 1,573,499 |
| 53,325,440 | 56,233,446 | 42,633,597 | 33,200,541 | 37,173,788 |
| 16,000,000 | 16,000,000 | 19,059,900 | - | 2,569,824 |
| <u>72,115,532</u> | <u>74,097,134</u> | <u>63,227,730</u> | <u>34,880,845</u> | <u>41,317,111</u> |
| - | 43,369 | - | - | - |
| 11,504,096 | 5,946,531 | 8,537,916 | 5,663,153 | 6,276,864 |
| <u>5,000,000</u> | <u>5,000,000</u> | <u>900,000</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 16,504,096 | 10,989,900 | 9,437,916 | 5,663,153 | 6,276,864 |
| - | 5,454 | 138,166 | 28,515 | - |
| 5,143,998 | 7,133,994 | 5,212,267 | 4,085,521 | 11,390,257 |
| <u>3,300,000</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>1,400,000</u> | <u>550,000</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 8,443,998 | 7,139,448 | 6,750,433 | 4,664,036 | 11,390,257 |
| - | 1,177 | - | - | - |
| 1,642,363 | 4,152,908 | 406,031 | 524,152 | 285,379 |
| <u>1,500,000</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>4,080,400</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> |
| 3,142,363 | 4,154,085 | 4,486,431 | 524,152 | 285,379 |
| <u>\$ 238,259,587</u> | <u>\$ 240,883,333</u> | <u>\$ 190,599,036</u> | <u>\$ 122,393,513</u> | <u>\$ 150,714,528</u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues | | | | |
| Property taxes | \$ 792,882,229 | \$ 782,238,201 | \$ 790,774,878 | \$ 892,398,894 |
| Local option sales tax | 256,178,237 | 258,106,909 | 281,294,520 | 301,430,612 |
| Other taxes, licenses and permits | 136,182,711 | 147,382,286 | 162,804,251 | 174,702,273 |
| Fines, forfeits and penalties | 18,915,362 | 18,574,592 | 16,253,081 | 18,652,738 |
| Revenues from the use of money or property | 494,777 | 321,354 | 362,910 | 489,242 |
| Revenues from other governmental agencies | 488,535,713 | 559,516,608 | 576,547,108 | 559,780,403 |
| Commissions and fees | 22,002,060 | 23,460,446 | 24,002,476 | 24,211,549 |
| Charges for current services | 50,686,861 | 56,593,344 | 56,309,437 | 58,600,398 |
| Compensation for loss, sale or damage to property | 1,712,551 | 2,016,432 | 4,109,532 | 5,231,290 |
| Contributions and gifts | 5,469,908 | 3,783,798 | 14,418,670 | 8,948,728 |
| Bond interest tax credit | - | 5,327,305 | 5,895,527 | 4,900,351 |
| Miscellaneous | 2,706,377 | 2,718,741 | 2,269,697 | 2,081,927 |
| Total revenues | 1,775,766,786 | 1,860,040,016 | 1,935,042,087 | 2,051,428,405 |
| Expenditures | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| General government (1) | 88,954,555 | 121,146,642 | 95,085,871 | 81,829,427 |
| Fiscal administration | 22,499,859 | 23,760,394 | 21,912,507 | 22,316,247 |
| Administration of justice | 54,590,759 | 55,407,798 | 53,575,166 | 68,479,472 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners | 239,014,459 | 249,724,844 | 255,276,886 | 259,384,359 |
| Fire prevention and control | 104,214,957 | 109,108,267 | 108,609,078 | 113,452,154 |
| Regulation and inspection | 7,492,864 | 7,867,410 | 7,760,963 | 8,057,406 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 352,001 | 340,296 | 333,713 | 398,931 |
| Public welfare | 42,946,288 | 41,385,895 | 39,169,144 | 40,056,346 |
| Public health and hospitals (2) | 114,094,878 | 86,019,317 | 85,975,912 | 89,757,405 |
| Public library system | 19,016,993 | 20,542,242 | 21,178,142 | 22,328,538 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 51,039,081 | 58,151,723 | 51,792,795 | 58,251,129 |
| Recreational and cultural | 33,235,850 | 33,630,118 | 34,454,492 | 36,110,497 |
| Education | 740,550,178 | 777,009,413 | 797,821,937 | 832,361,152 |
| Employee benefits | 64,637,576 | 69,327,218 | 72,920,868 | 76,165,493 |
| Miscellaneous | 55,652,301 | 71,067,149 | 75,985,530 | 80,080,144 |

Note: Certain amounts have been reclassified for comparability. Unless otherwise noted, significant variances in expenditures primarily relate to salaries and associated costs. Significant variances in revenues primarily relate to increases in property tax and sales tax rates.

(1) Increases in general government expenditures in fiscal years 2010 and 2011 are due primarily to costs related to flooding in May 2010.

(2) In fiscal year 2010, there was a one time appropriation to the Hospital Authority of \$32 million to forgive debt owed to the Government.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| \$ | 914,121,619 | \$ 928,796,242 | \$ 944,010,324 | \$ 972,303,558 | \$ 998,584,196 | \$ 1,041,855,441 |
| | 315,478,742 | 340,076,515 | 365,703,934 | 382,934,148 | 414,155,992 | 450,234,426 |
| | 190,370,587 | 212,923,908 | 233,889,194 | 252,614,490 | 271,455,280 | 296,222,400 |
| | 18,225,785 | 17,727,633 | 17,055,354 | 14,661,562 | 13,656,857 | 10,289,378 |
| | 1,895,305 | 1,720,061 | 2,334,936 | 1,834,351 | 3,387,084 | 7,086,668 |
| | 556,743,508 | 575,416,455 | 585,321,632 | 621,112,678 | 642,241,942 | 648,136,547 |
| | 24,120,359 | 23,102,323 | 24,025,983 | 26,248,505 | 26,776,105 | 25,952,444 |
| | 59,783,530 | 58,921,658 | 65,642,511 | 69,693,874 | 70,529,679 | 75,495,033 |
| | 5,265,788 | 12,107,134 | 13,157,818 | 9,802,146 | 4,238,496 | 23,083,462 |
| | 10,160,516 | 7,583,631 | 12,631,751 | 8,283,416 | 9,576,623 | 21,189,843 |
| | 4,837,386 | 4,839,480 | 4,864,020 | 4,859,357 | 4,874,645 | 4,895,429 |
| | 2,200,931 | 2,390,797 | 2,741,647 | 3,487,567 | 3,231,709 | 959,902 |
| | <u>2,103,204,056</u> | <u>2,185,605,837</u> | <u>2,271,379,104</u> | <u>2,367,835,652</u> | <u>2,462,708,608</u> | <u>2,605,400,973</u> |
| | 88,894,101 | 121,382,425 | 128,220,069 | 132,839,297 | 144,414,659 | 155,942,030 |
| | 21,746,114 | 20,710,891 | 21,734,682 | 23,768,516 | 25,146,706 | 24,370,987 |
| | 70,290,863 | 69,233,942 | 71,353,866 | 71,423,262 | 75,022,842 | 76,216,017 |
| | 263,774,603 | 272,907,074 | 283,870,494 | 297,122,296 | 307,666,284 | 311,589,580 |
| | 111,520,124 | 114,494,845 | 116,955,164 | 124,437,211 | 131,851,434 | 130,644,806 |
| | 7,782,724 | 7,629,325 | 8,189,234 | 9,217,944 | 10,220,547 | 10,335,201 |
| | 357,658 | 348,293 | 373,209 | 411,714 | 407,900 | 322,263 |
| | 38,361,990 | 38,429,963 | 38,949,970 | 39,754,229 | 43,023,369 | 53,584,594 |
| | 86,084,524 | 74,416,321 | 85,562,915 | 93,429,462 | 93,606,500 | 89,428,046 |
| | 22,349,552 | 25,044,101 | 28,384,505 | 30,644,306 | 31,647,990 | 32,336,003 |
| | 61,817,477 | 62,968,348 | 63,853,645 | 68,220,307 | 71,990,811 | 77,943,885 |
| | 36,336,635 | 38,335,515 | 40,044,257 | 43,548,448 | 44,444,945 | 45,846,798 |
| | 856,362,684 | 871,208,119 | 918,531,408 | 965,421,660 | 1,033,114,424 | 1,041,775,152 |
| | 79,043,492 | 80,114,975 | 81,576,678 | 84,585,219 | 87,579,887 | 87,855,789 |
| | 87,709,934 | 87,245,357 | 89,278,073 | 109,046,528 | 116,376,212 | 108,887,193 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
(modified accrual basis of accounting)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Expenditures (Continued) | | | | |
| Debt service: | | | | |
| Principal retirement (1) | \$ 85,889,567 | \$ 3,397,777 | \$ 12,943,203 | \$ 44,743,407 |
| Interest | 80,611,709 | 85,123,862 | 93,879,521 | 93,272,037 |
| Fiscal charges | 906,832 | 3,406,148 | 3,257,031 | 3,716,622 |
| Debt issue costs | 4,347,663 | 1,925,066 | 2,207,494 | 2,704,649 |
| Capital outlay - capitalized (2) | 92,640,446 | 100,682,804 | 133,571,317 | 110,878,249 |
| Capital outlay - noncapitalized | 79,800,124 | 112,034,900 | 63,091,834 | 110,821,632 |
| | <u>1,982,488,940</u> | <u>2,031,059,283</u> | <u>2,030,803,404</u> | <u>2,155,165,296</u> |
| Total expenditures | | | | |
| Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures | <u>(206,722,154)</u> | <u>(171,019,267)</u> | <u>(95,761,317)</u> | <u>(103,736,891)</u> |
| Other Financing Sources (Uses) | | | | |
| Issuance of new debt | 430,900,000 | 35,555,000 | - | 374,874,554 |
| Issuance of refunding debt | 189,895,243 | 290,201,755 | 316,085,913 | 382,598,457 |
| Debt issue premium (discount) | 36,559,565 | 43,480,488 | 67,444,362 | 131,109,907 |
| Payments to refunded bond escrow agent | (206,868,923) | (331,757,177) | (383,595,322) | (433,836,850) |
| Insurance recovery (3) | 15,000,000 | 37,000,000 | - | - |
| Transfers in | 109,679,961 | 214,988,824 | 180,292,626 | 199,600,840 |
| Transfers out | (136,553,615) | (246,991,267) | (212,907,693) | (208,258,842) |
| | <u>438,612,231</u> | <u>42,477,623</u> | <u>(32,680,114)</u> | <u>446,088,066</u> |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | <u>\$ 231,890,077</u> | <u>\$ (128,541,644)</u> | <u>\$ (128,441,431)</u> | <u>\$ 342,351,175</u> |

Debt service as a percentage of noncapitalized expenditures (4)

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 8.81 % | 4.59 % | 5.63 % | 6.75 % |

(1) As the result of a bond refunding in June 2010, principal payments for the years ended June 30, 2011 through 2013 were significantly reduced.

(2) Only a portion of capital outlay expenditures qualify for capitalization under the Government's capitalization policy. For the years prior to the implementation of GASB 34, all capital outlay costs are assumed to be capitalized.

(3) Insurance recoveries in fiscal years 2010 and 2011 are related to flooding in May 2010.

(4) For purposes of calculating debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures, debt service includes principal retirement and interest. Noncapitalized expenditures equals total expenditures less capital outlay - capitalized.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (modified accrual basis of accounting)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| \$ 97,320,344 | \$ 113,588,002 | \$ 115,957,762 | \$ 132,859,891 | \$ 140,797,840 | \$ 155,391,020 |
| 101,497,666 | 103,301,816 | 104,982,211 | 103,366,006 | 125,106,557 | 126,187,299 |
| 3,226,035 | 6,911,332 | 7,898,402 | 6,792,950 | 6,848,877 | 3,954,518 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 202,968,322 | 214,809,446 | 139,450,169 | 210,753,687 | 312,043,055 | 192,242,125 |
| 131,042,781 | 141,684,515 | 134,787,666 | 174,861,981 | 172,170,172 | 199,621,588 |
| <u>2,368,487,623</u> | <u>2,464,764,605</u> | <u>2,479,954,379</u> | <u>2,722,504,914</u> | <u>2,973,481,011</u> | <u>2,924,474,894</u> |
| <u>(265,283,567)</u> | <u>(279,158,768)</u> | <u>(208,575,275)</u> | <u>(354,669,262)</u> | <u>(510,772,403)</u> | <u>(319,073,921)</u> |
| - | - | 346,549,106 | 455,000,078 | - | 714,395,485 |
| - | 163,710,000 | 338,311,539 | - | - | - |
| - | 13,815,134 | 127,100,018 | 48,071,097 | - | 60,815,772 |
| - | (176,341,921) | (409,215,077) | - | - | - |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 183,807,020 | 190,050,738 | 195,258,693 | 243,930,794 | 270,899,050 | 338,234,278 |
| <u>(205,498,680)</u> | <u>(214,317,695)</u> | <u>(217,374,390)</u> | <u>(262,333,811)</u> | <u>(277,582,594)</u> | <u>(377,722,560)</u> |
| <u>(21,691,660)</u> | <u>(23,083,744)</u> | <u>380,629,889</u> | <u>484,668,158</u> | <u>(6,683,544)</u> | <u>735,722,975</u> |
| <u>\$ (286,975,227)</u> | <u>\$ (302,242,512)</u> | <u>\$ 172,054,614</u> | <u>\$ 129,998,896</u> | <u>\$ (517,455,947)</u> | <u>\$ 416,649,054</u> |
| 9.18 % | 9.64 % | 9.44 % | 9.40 % | 9.99 % | 10.31 % |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | Realty | Personalty | Public Utility | Total GSD Taxable Assessed Value |
|-------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| 2009-10 | \$ 17,452,127,001 | \$ 1,118,966,031 | \$ 651,277,995 | \$ 19,222,371,027 |
| 2010-11 | 17,447,570,422 | 1,128,934,816 | 632,009,935 | 19,208,515,173 |
| 2011-12 | 17,366,226,070 | 1,098,349,735 | 639,688,011 | 19,104,263,816 |
| 2012-13 | 17,404,334,210 | 1,115,387,381 | 640,800,994 | 19,160,522,585 |
| 2013-14 | 18,313,859,433 | 1,231,932,155 | 663,744,930 | 20,209,536,518 |
| 2014-15 | 18,498,390,332 | 1,177,300,927 | 700,367,364 | 20,376,058,623 |
| 2015-16 | 18,866,789,974 | 1,209,436,393 | 666,469,036 | 20,742,695,403 |
| 2016-17 | 19,435,521,082 | 1,187,902,496 | 691,397,076 | 21,314,820,654 |
| 2017-18 | 28,945,737,943 | 1,419,531,774 | 779,345,451 | 31,144,615,168 |
| 2018-19 | 29,899,297,712 | 1,509,226,429 | 812,276,537 | 32,220,800,678 |

Assessment date: January 1 (Pick-up assessments and cancellations for each year in minor amounts are not reflected in above figures).

Tax levy: General Services District tax is levied on the entire Metropolitan area. Urban Services District tax is an additional tax levied on properties within the Urban Services District. Personalty and public utility taxes are levied on September 1st of each year, based upon assessed valuation at January 1st of that year. Real property taxes are levied on September 1st of each year, based upon assessed valuation through January 1st of that year. In addition, for the period January 1st through September 1st, supplemental assessments are made and related taxes are levied for improved, demolished or damaged property during such period, in accordance with T.C.A. Section 67-607.

Ratio of assessed value

to appraised value: Commercial and industrial properties - 40% for real property and 30%
for tangible personal property
Farm and residential properties - 25%
Public utilities - 55%

Note: The State mandates a reappraisal valuation of property within Davidson County every four years.

(1) All properties within the General Services District are taxed at the GSD tax rate. Only those properties within the Urban Services District are taxed the additional USD tax rate. See schedule on page H-18.

(2) Source: Tax Aggregate Reports for Tennessee State Board of Equalization

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF GENERAL SERVICES DISTRICT TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>Total GSD Tax Rate (1)</u> | <u>Total Estimated Actual Property Value (2)</u> | <u>Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value</u> |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|
| \$ 3.560 | \$ 63,157,226,914 | 30.44 % |
| 3.560 | 63,280,838,469 | 30.35 |
| 3.560 | 63,127,519,037 | 30.26 |
| 4.040 | 63,259,449,113 | 30.29 |
| 3.924 | 65,810,054,890 | 30.71 |
| 3.924 | 66,270,673,259 | 30.75 |
| 3.924 | 67,533,296,332 | 30.71 |
| 3.924 | 78,262,509,134 | 27.24 |
| 2.755 | 99,659,583,923 | 31.25 |
| 2.755 | 102,919,516,660 | 31.31 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

ASSESSED VALUE OF URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT TAXABLE PROPERTY
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Realty</u> | <u>Personalty</u> | <u>Public Utility</u> | <u>Total USD Taxable Assessed Value</u> | <u>Total USD Tax Rate</u> |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---|---------------------------|
| 2009-10 | \$ 11,845,833,807 | \$ 899,198,794 | \$ 507,695,082 | \$ 13,252,727,683 | \$ 0.570 |
| 2010-11 | 11,819,864,666 | 919,181,529 | 481,388,729 | 13,220,434,924 | 0.570 |
| 2011-12 | 11,847,282,828 | 915,167,902 | 482,396,101 | 13,244,846,831 | 0.570 |
| 2012-13 | 11,877,136,516 | 928,784,082 | 477,220,794 | 13,283,141,392 | 0.620 |
| 2013-14 | 12,743,560,657 | 1,042,522,606 | 500,973,282 | 14,287,056,545 | 0.592 |
| 2014-15 | 12,895,435,922 | 983,507,268 | 526,411,427 | 14,405,354,617 | 0.592 |
| 2015-16 | 13,184,753,548 | 1,023,107,282 | 495,162,952 | 14,703,023,782 | 0.592 |
| 2016-17 | 13,644,574,094 | 971,185,978 | 510,672,763 | 15,126,432,835 | 0.592 |
| 2017-18 | 21,923,461,416 | 1,230,063,669 | 589,517,294 | 23,743,042,379 | 0.400 |
| 2018-19 | 22,661,863,522 | 1,306,900,935 | 577,480,937 | 24,546,245,394 | 0.400 |

Note: The Urban Services District lies within the General Services District. The above schedule reflects the assessed value of the properties within the Urban Services District.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

PROPERTY TAX RATES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | General Services District | | | | | Urban Services District | | | Total Direct Tax Rate |
|-------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| | GSD General Fund (1) | General Purpose School Fund | GSD Debt Service Fund | School Debt Service Fund | Total GSD Rate | USD General Fund (1) | USD Debt Service Fund | Total USD Rate | |
| 2009-10 (3) | \$ 1.820 | \$ 1.170 | \$ 0.420 | \$ 0.150 | \$ 3.560 | \$ 0.460 | \$ 0.110 | \$ 0.570 | \$ 4.130 |
| 2010-11 | 1.820 | 1.170 | 0.420 | 0.150 | 3.560 | 0.460 | 0.110 | 0.570 | 4.130 |
| 2011-12 | 1.820 | 1.170 | 0.420 | 0.150 | 3.560 | 0.460 | 0.110 | 0.570 | 4.130 |
| 2012-13 (4) | 1.960 | 1.400 | 0.430 | 0.250 | 4.040 | 0.510 | 0.110 | 0.620 | 4.660 |
| 2013-14 (3) | 1.905 | 1.416 | 0.423 | 0.180 | 3.924 | 0.480 | 0.112 | 0.592 | 4.516 |
| 2014-15 | 1.905 | 1.416 | 0.423 | 0.180 | 3.924 | 0.480 | 0.112 | 0.592 | 4.516 |
| 2015-16 (2) | 1.905 | 1.416 | 0.423 | 0.180 | 3.924 | 0.495 | 0.097 | 0.592 | 4.516 |
| 2016-17 | 1.905 | 1.416 | 0.423 | 0.180 | 3.924 | 0.495 | 0.097 | 0.592 | 4.516 |
| 2017-18 (3) | 1.338 | 0.994 | 0.297 | 0.126 | 2.755 | 0.334 | 0.066 | 0.400 | 3.155 |
| 2018-19 | 1.338 | 0.994 | 0.297 | 0.126 | 2.755 | 0.334 | 0.066 | 0.400 | 3.155 |

Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation. Payments may be made through February 28 of the year following the year of assessment and levied without penalty.

On November 7, 2006, voters approved a ballot initiative prohibiting the Metropolitan Council from raising real property tax rates from their current and future levels without the approval of the voters in a referendum. Prior to the adoption of the ballot proposal, the Metropolitan Council was authorized to set the real property tax rate without any requirement of voter approval. The Government's legal department has issued a memo stating that the approved initiative violates the Tennessee Constitution because it places the power to set property tax rates with voters, rather than with the Metropolitan Council, as prescribed by the Constitution. However, the Government cannot predict whether there will be a court challenge as to the constitutionality of the approved initiative. If there is a challenge, the Government cannot predict the timing or be certain of the outcome of any court challenge as to the constitutionality of the approved initiative.

- (1) A portion of the revenue of the GSD General Fund generated from the tax levy collected for the area of the USD is recorded in the USD General Fund. Referred to as the levy for fire protection service, this amount of the levy has ranged from \$.05 to \$.08 over the last ten years.
- (2) In these fiscal years, the property tax rate was reallocated among the funds receiving property tax revenue.
- (3) The State mandates a reappraisal valuation of property within Davidson County every four years resulting in a reduction of the combined GSD-USD tax rate. Also, the combined GSD-USD tax rate was reallocated among the funds receiving property tax revenue. The rates above reflect the net change of the reappraisal valuation and the reallocation by the Metropolitan Council.
- (4) In this year, the combined GSD-USD tax rate was increased by the Metropolitan Council and reallocated among the funds receiving property tax revenue. The rates above reflect the net change of the increase and reallocation by the Metropolitan Council.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Taxpayer | December 31, 2018 | | | | December 31, 2009 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|------|------------------------------|
| | 2018 Assessed Valuation | Amount of Tax | Rank | % of Total Tax Levy | 2009 Assessed Valuation | Amount of Tax | Rank | % of Total Tax Levy |
| Electric Power Board (1) \$ | N/A | \$ 28,667,169 | 1 | 2.91 % | \$ N/A | \$ 24,699,748 | 1 | 3.25 % |
| RHP Hotels Inc./ Gaylord (3) (4) | 94,357,217 | 12,675,247 | 2 | 1.29 | 234,728,806 | 11,008,781 | 2 | 1.45 |
| Columbia/HCA | 391,380,453 | 12,176,233 | 3 | 1.23 | 261,865,701 | 10,373,861 | 3 | 1.37 |
| AT&T Telephone/ BellSouth (3) | 208,505,205 | 6,583,092 | 4 | 0.67 | 173,454,767 | 7,080,844 | 4 | 0.93 |
| Highwoods Realty | 173,692,164 | 5,561,740 | 5 | 0.56 | - | - | (2) | - |
| The Mall at Green Hills | 164,513,722 | 5,190,408 | 6 | 0.53 | - | - | (2) | - |
| Piedmont Natural Gas | 146,863,749 | 4,463,628 | 7 | 0.45 | 85,261,281 | 3,966,592 | 5 | 0.52 |
| Mid-America Apartments | 142,652,054 | 4,288,806 | 8 | 0.43 | - | - | (2) | - |
| Vanderbilt | 134,829,184 | 4,249,341 | 9 | 0.43 | 44,412,493 | 3,227,248 | 7 | 0.42 |
| Opry Mills Mall | 120,480,595 | 3,801,163 | 10 | 0.39 | 85,636,166 | 3,536,774 | 6 | 0.47 |
| CBL & Associates | - | - | (2) | - | 44,534,672 | 1,876,766 | 9 | 0.25 |
| Davis Street Land | - | - | (2) | - | 51,671,840 | 2,134,047 | 8 | 0.28 |
| 100 Oaks Plaza | - | - | (2) | - | 37,605,586 | 1,763,702 | 10 | 0.23 |
| | <u>\$ 1,577,274,343</u> | <u>\$ 87,656,827</u> | | <u>8.89 %</u> | <u>\$ 1,019,171,312</u> | <u>\$ 69,668,363</u> | | <u>9.17 %</u> |

Source: Tax Assessor's Office, Trustee's Office

(1) The amount of tax for the Electric Power Board represents a payment in lieu of taxes and is not based on an assessed valuation.

(2) Values for taxpayers that are outside the top ten ranking are excluded.

(3) Certain properties have changed ownership between December 31, 2009 and December 31, 2018. For comparability purposes, the current and prior owners are shown jointly.

(4) RHP Hotels Inc. entered into a payment in lieu of taxes agreement in 2017. The assessed valuation represents the value for the portion of taxes based on an assessed valuation. The amount of tax represents the total of the tax based on assessed value and the payment in lieu of taxes.



THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | Amount GSD Levy | Amount USD Levy | Total Tax Levy | Collections Within the Fiscal Year of the Levy | |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------|
| | | | | Current Tax Amount (1) | Percent of Levy |
| 2009-10 | \$ 675,043,791 | \$ 84,818,421 | \$ 759,862,212 | \$ 748,828,597 | 98.55 % |
| 2010-11 | 674,573,125 | 84,611,716 | 759,184,841 | 741,791,912 | 97.71 |
| 2011-12 | 670,841,793 | 84,767,649 | 755,609,442 | 745,445,734 | 98.65 |
| 2012-13 | 763,462,757 | 92,982,763 | 856,445,520 | 845,378,327 | 98.71 |
| 2013-14 | 781,593,235 | 96,009,026 | 877,602,261 | 863,883,378 | 98.44 |
| 2014-15 | 788,032,918 | 96,803,988 | 884,836,906 | 876,959,909 | 99.11 |
| 2015-16 | 802,143,672 | 98,797,912 | 900,941,584 | 889,764,582 | 98.76 |
| 2016-17 | 824,429,176 | 101,837,165 | 926,266,341 | 918,570,697 | 99.17 |
| 2017-18 | 853,383,025 | 107,918,734 | 961,301,759 | 943,304,767 | 98.13 |
| 2018-19 | 875,613,206 | 110,487,794 | 986,101,000 | 981,026,792 | 99.49 |

Source: Metropolitan Trustee's Office

(1) In June of each year, the Government sold to an outside party the majority of the real property taxes outstanding that had become delinquent the prior March 1. The sales generated property tax revenues and reductions of the property tax receivable balances which are reflected in current year collections as follows:

| | <u>Current Year</u> |
|---------|---------------------|
| 2009-10 | \$ 26,509,998 |
| 2010-11 | 26,178,622 |
| 2011-12 | 20,843,656 |
| 2012-13 | 21,437,137 |
| 2013-14 | 22,238,850 |
| 2014-15 | 21,679,890 |
| 2015-16 | 22,224,919 |
| 2016-17 | 16,158,670 |
| 2017-18 | 19,116,400 |
| 2018-19 | 24,735,088 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Adjustment to Levy | Total Levy After Adjustment | Collections in Subsequent Years | Total Collections to Date | | Outstanding Delinquent Taxes | Percentage Uncollected |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | | | Amount | Percent of Levy After Adjustment | | |
| \$ (12,376,025) | \$ 747,486,187 | \$ (1,943,907) | \$ 746,884,690 | 99.92 % | \$ 601,497 | 0.08 % |
| (14,998,191) | 744,186,650 | 1,977,317 | 743,769,229 | 99.94 | 417,421 | 0.06 |
| (9,837,200) | 745,772,242 | (106,140) | 745,339,594 | 99.94 | 432,648 | 0.06 |
| (8,466,354) | 847,979,166 | 2,172,246 | 847,550,573 | 99.95 | 428,593 | 0.05 |
| (13,053,571) | 864,548,690 | 136,815 | 864,020,193 | 99.94 | 528,497 | 0.06 |
| (5,840,558) | 878,996,348 | 920,840 | 877,880,749 | 99.87 | 1,115,599 | 0.13 |
| (7,981,192) | 892,960,392 | 2,307,386 | 892,071,968 | 99.90 | 888,424 | 0.10 |
| (4,759,141) | 921,507,200 | 1,935,558 | 920,506,255 | 99.89 | 1,000,945 | 0.11 |
| (17,410,220) | 943,891,539 | (349,755) | 942,955,012 | 99.90 | 936,527 | 0.10 |
| (2,638,293) | 983,462,707 | - | 981,026,792 | 99.75 | 2,435,915 | 0.25 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | Governmental Activities | | | | | | Business-type Activities | |
|-------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | General Obligation Bonds and Notes | Limited Obligation Revenue Bonds | Qualified Zone Academy Bond Notes | Tennessee Municipal Bond Fund Loan | Qualified School Construction Bond Loan | Total Governmental Activities | Revenue Bonds | General Obligation Bonds |
| 2009-10 | \$ 2,003,576 | \$ 3,956 | \$ 4,452 | \$ 52,650 | \$ 21,120 | \$ 2,085,754 | \$ 376,913 | \$ 6,997 |
| 2010-11 | 2,022,604 | 1,997 | 4,048 | 52,650 | 55,577 | 2,136,876 | 640,249 | 6,913 |
| 2011-12 | 2,105,210 | - | 3,643 | - | 52,410 | 2,161,263 | 752,158 | 7,074 |
| 2012-13 | 2,564,208 | - | 3,238 | - | 48,874 | 2,616,320 | 884,874 | 69,097 |
| 2013-14 | 2,446,867 | - | 2,835 | - | 45,337 | 2,495,039 | 847,596 | 66,913 |
| 2014-15 | 2,335,207 | - | 2,430 | - | 41,801 | 2,379,438 | 809,990 | 64,285 |
| 2015-16 | 2,676,899 | - | 2,026 | - | 38,264 | 2,717,189 | 784,013 | 63,773 |
| 2016-17 | 3,018,412 | - | 1,622 | - | 34,728 | 3,054,762 | 749,589 | 61,484 |
| 2017-18 | 2,847,473 | - | 1,218 | - | 31,192 | 2,879,883 | 963,190 | 58,618 |
| 2018-19 | 3,435,081 | - | 813 | - | 27,655 | 3,463,549 | 918,416 | 57,230 |

Note: Details regarding the Government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedules of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page H-32 for personal income and population data. These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

(2) Per Capita Personal Income statistics for the most recent calendar year were not available at the reporting date.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)
 (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

Business-type Activities (Continued)

| State Loans | Capitalized Lease Obligations | Total Business-type Activities | Total Primary Government | Percentage of Personal Income (1) | Per Capita (1) |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| \$ 165,331 | \$ 1,095 | \$ 550,336 | \$ 2,636,090 | 9.54 % | \$ 4,146.69 |
| 159,681 | 900 | 807,743 | 2,944,619 | 6.74 | 3,103.03 |
| 197 | 695 | 760,124 | 2,921,387 | 9.72 | 4,597.17 |
| 150 | 475 | 954,596 | 3,570,916 | 10.69 | 5,508.17 |
| 101 | 245 | 914,855 | 3,409,894 | 10.10 | 5,177.47 |
| 51 | - | 874,326 | 3,253,764 | 8.96 | 4,868.38 |
| - | - | 847,786 | 3,564,975 | 9.48 | 5,251.19 |
| - | - | 811,073 | 3,865,835 | 9.69 | 5,648.42 |
| - | - | 1,021,808 | 3,901,691 | 8.95 | 5,644.46 |
| - | - | 975,646 | 4,439,195 | N/A (2) | 6,409.58 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
 GENERAL AND URBAN SERVICES DISTRICTS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | General Obligation Bonds and Notes | Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds | Total | Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1) | Per Capita (2) |
|-------------|--|--|--------------|--|-------------------|
| 2009-10 | \$ 2,003,576 | \$ 25,950 | \$ 1,977,626 | 3.13 % | \$ 3,110.89 |
| 2010-11 | 2,022,604 | 37,955 | 1,984,649 | 3.14 | 3,166.92 |
| 2011-12 | 2,105,210 | 29,168 | 2,076,042 | 3.29 | 3,266.91 |
| 2012-13 | 2,564,208 | 37,330 | 2,526,878 | 3.99 | 3,897.73 |
| 2013-14 | 2,446,867 | 21,554 | 2,425,313 | 3.69 | 3,682.52 |
| 2014-15 | 2,335,207 | 28,090 | 2,307,117 | 3.48 | 3,451.97 |
| 2015-16 | 2,676,899 | 22,283 | 2,654,616 | 3.93 | 3,910.24 |
| 2016-17 | 3,018,412 | 20,675 | 2,997,737 | 3.83 | 4,380.03 |
| 2017-18 | 2,847,473 | 10,851 | 2,836,622 | 2.85 | 4,103.65 |
| 2018-19 | 3,435,081 | 17,953 | 3,417,128 | 3.32 | 4,933.86 |

Note: Details regarding the Government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property on pages H-16 and H-17 for property value data.

(2) See the Schedules of Demographic and Economic Statistics on page H-32 for personal income and population data. This ratio is calculated using population for the prior calendar year.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING
 URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (amounts expressed in thousands, except per capita amount)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | General Obligation Bonds and Notes | Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds | Total | Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (1) | Per Capita (2) |
|-------------|--|--|------------|--|-------------------|
| 2009-10 | \$ 157,592 | \$ 2,985 | \$ 154,607 | N/A % | \$ N/A |
| 2010-11 | 156,260 | 6,160 | 150,100 | N/A | N/A |
| 2011-12 | 181,076 | 7,325 | 173,751 | N/A | N/A |
| 2012-13 | 196,077 | 8,629 | 187,448 | N/A | N/A |
| 2013-14 | 193,855 | 5,711 | 188,144 | N/A | N/A |
| 2014-15 | 183,558 | 3,142 | 180,416 | N/A | N/A |
| 2015-16 | 185,491 | 4,154 | 181,337 | N/A | N/A |
| 2016-17 | 178,174 | 4,486 | 173,688 | N/A | N/A |
| 2017-18 | 166,545 | 524 | 166,021 | N/A | N/A |
| 2018-19 | 169,479 | 285 | 169,194 | N/A | N/A |

Note: The above computation is an excerpt from the Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding on page H-26 and reflects ratios of general bonded debt for the Urban Services District only. Details regarding the Government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) The actual value of taxable property is not available for the Urban Services District.

(2) Population estimates are not available for the Urban Services District.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION
 URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | Debt Limit | Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit | Legal Debt Margin | Total Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit |
|-------------|--------------|---|-------------------|---|
| 2009-10 | \$ 1,993,317 | \$ 154,607 | \$ 1,838,710 | 7.76 % |
| 2010-11 | 1,983,065 | 150,100 | 1,832,965 | 7.57 |
| 2011-12 | 1,986,727 | 173,751 | 1,812,976 | 8.75 |
| 2012-13 | 1,992,471 | 187,448 | 1,805,023 | 9.41 |
| 2013-14 | 2,143,058 | 188,143 | 1,954,915 | 8.78 |
| 2014-15 | 2,160,803 | 180,415 | 1,980,388 | 8.35 |
| 2015-16 | 2,205,454 | 181,337 | 2,024,117 | 8.22 |
| 2016-17 | 2,268,965 | 173,687 | 2,095,278 | 7.65 |
| 2017-18 | 3,561,456 | 166,021 | 3,395,435 | 4.66 |
| 2018-19 | 3,681,937 | 169,194 | 3,512,743 | 4.60 |

Note: There is no legal debt margin for the General Services District. Therefore, the calculation is presented for the Urban Services District only.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN
URBAN SERVICES DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | | |
|--|----------------|--------------------------|
| Assessed valuation of taxable property - Urban Services District | | <u>\$ 24,546,245,394</u> |
| Debt limit - 15 percent of assessed valuation | | \$ 3,681,936,809 |
| Amount of debt applicable to debt limit: | | |
| Total bonded debt | \$ 169,478,987 | |
| Less: | | |
| Amounts available in debt service funds | <u>285,379</u> | |
| Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit | | <u>169,193,608</u> |
| Legal debt margin | | <u>\$ 3,512,743,201</u> |

Note: The legal debt limit for the Urban Services District is established in the Charter for the Metropolitan Government as presented above. There is no legal debt limit for the General Services District.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR
GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL EXPENDITURES
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>Fiscal Year</u> | <u>Principal</u> | <u>Interest</u> | <u>Total Debt Service</u> | <u>Total General Expenditures (1)</u> | <u>Percentage of Debt Service to Total General Expenditures</u> |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| 2009-10 | \$ 81,600 | \$ 79,968 | \$ 161,568 | \$ 1,844,374 | 8.8 % |
| 2010-11 (2) | - | 79,276 | 79,276 | 1,863,923 | 4.3 |
| 2011-12 (2) | 7,377 | 86,808 | 94,185 | 1,881,454 | 5.0 |
| 2012-13 (2) | 40,792 | 84,680 | 125,472 | 1,964,390 | 6.4 |
| 2013-14 | 93,369 | 93,059 | 186,428 | 2,059,327 | 9.1 |
| 2014-15 | 109,637 | 92,396 | 202,033 | 2,134,006 | 9.5 |
| 2015-16 | 112,007 | 94,221 | 206,228 | 2,231,093 | 9.2 |
| 2016-17 | 128,909 | 92,977 | 221,886 | 2,359,209 | 9.4 |
| 2017-18 | 136,847 | 114,986 | 251,833 | 2,517,414 | 10.0 |
| 2018-19 | 151,980 | 116,377 | 268,357 | 2,565,093 | 10.5 |

Note: Details regarding the Government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) Includes General, Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds.

(2) As the result of a bond refunding in June 2010, principal payments for the years ended June 30, 2011 through 2013 were significantly reduced.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE
 DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SEWERAGE SERVICES REVENUE BONDS
 LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Fiscal Year | Gross Revenue (1) | Direct Operating Expense (2) | Net Revenue Available For Debt Service | Debt Service Requirement | | | Coverage |
|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | | | | Principal | Interest | Total | |
| 2009-10 | \$ 171,966 | \$ 88,603 | \$ 83,363 | \$ 35,525 | \$ 16,526 | \$ 52,051 | 1.60 |
| 2010-11 | 196,268 | 94,478 | 101,790 | 37,830 | 26,998 | 64,828 | 1.57 |
| 2011-12 | 201,263 | 102,485 | 98,778 | 42,410 | 29,386 | 71,796 | 1.38 |
| 2012-13 | 209,110 | 103,423 | 105,687 | 30,765 | 34,189 | 64,954 | 1.63 |
| 2013-14 | 213,055 | 101,703 | 111,352 | 31,500 | 41,367 | 72,867 | 1.53 |
| 2014-15 | 215,709 | 100,825 | 114,884 | 20,275 | 40,175 | 60,450 | 1.90 |
| 2015-16 | 219,023 | 112,208 | 106,815 | 28,795 | 39,029 | 67,824 | 1.57 |
| 2016-17 | 219,964 | 112,654 | 107,310 | 37,475 | 37,476 | 74,951 | 1.43 |
| 2017-18 | 226,804 | 113,858 | 112,946 | 38,225 | 46,136 | 84,361 | 1.34 |
| 2018-19 | 233,951 | 111,335 | 122,616 | 39,120 | 44,225 | 83,345 | 1.47 |

Note: Details regarding the Government's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(1) Includes interest on investments and other income.

(2) Excludes depreciation and amortization expense.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS
LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>Calendar Year</u> | <u>Population (1)</u> | <u>Per Capita Personal Income (2)</u> | <u>Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands) (2)</u> | <u>Unemployment Rate (3)</u> |
|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|
| 2009 | 635,710 | \$ 43,457 | \$ 27,626,360 | 9.3 % |
| 2010 | 626,681 | 45,913 | 28,835,836 | 9.0 |
| 2011 | 635,475 | 47,318 | 30,069,470 | 8.5 |
| 2012 | 648,295 | 51,526 | 33,403,945 | 7.2 |
| 2013 | 658,602 | 51,245 | 33,749,886 | 7.1 |
| 2014 | 668,347 | 54,307 | 36,295,950 | 6.3 |
| 2015 | 678,889 | 55,411 | 37,617,693 | 4.3 |
| 2016 | 684,410 | 58,283 | 39,889,221 | 3.9 |
| 2017 | 691,243 | 63,063 | 43,591,995 | 2.9 |
| 2018 (4) | 692,587 | N/A | N/A | 3.3 |

(1) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Labor

(2) Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(3) Source: Tennessee Department of Labor & Workforce Development

(4) Personal income statistics for calendar year 2018 were not available at the reporting date.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS
CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| Employer | June 30, 2019 | | | June 30, 2010 | | |
|--|----------------|------|-----------------------|----------------|------|-----------------------|
| | Employees | Rank | % of Total Employment | Employees | Rank | % of Total Employment |
| Vanderbilt University (2) | 34,370 | 1 | 3.45 % | 20,968 | 1 | 2.86 % |
| State of Tennessee | 26,795 | 2 | 2.69 | 20,000 | 2 | 2.73 |
| Metro Nashville-Davidson Co. Government and Public Schools | 19,700 | 3 | 1.98 | 20,162 | 3 | 2.75 |
| U.S. Government | 13,253 | 4 | 1.33 | 11,496 | 4 | 1.57 |
| Nissan North America | 12,000 | 5 | 1.20 | 5,850 | 6 | 0.80 |
| HCA Healthcare Inc. | 10,600 | 6 | 1.06 | 5,447 | 7 | 0.74 |
| Saint Thomas Health | 8,335 | 7 | 0.84 | 6,500 | 5 | 0.89 |
| Randstad | 4,550 | 8 | 0.46 | - | | - (1) |
| Asurion | 4,170 | 9 | 0.42 | - | | - (1) |
| Community Health Systems Inc. | 3,878 | 10 | 0.39 | - | | - (1) |
| Wal-Mart Stores Inc. | - | | - (1) | 4,500 | 8 | 0.61 |
| CBRL Group Inc. | - | | - (1) | 4,189 | 9 | 0.57 |
| Dell | - | | - (1) | 3,200 | 10 | 0.44 |
| | <u>137,651</u> | | <u>13.80 %</u> | <u>102,312</u> | | <u>13.96 %</u> |

Sources:

Principal Employers and Number of Employees - Nashville Area Chamber of Commerce, Nashville Business Journal
Total Employment - TN Department of Labor & Workforce Development

Note: The schedule reflects employers and number of employees within the Metropolitan Statistical Area.

(1) Values for employers that are outside the top ten ranking are excluded.

(2) The variance in employees for Vanderbilt University is due to the consolidation of the university, medical center and other entities.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| General government (1) | 288 | 297 | 306 | 308 |
| Fiscal administration | 306 | 296 | 282 | 281 |
| Administration of justice | 773 | 804 | 765 | 772 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners (4) | 2,787 | 2,740 | 2,802 | 2,826 |
| Fire prevention and control | 1,141 | 1,138 | 1,170 | 1,170 |
| Regulation and inspection | 95 | 97 | 99 | 93 |
| Conservation of natural resources | 9 | 9 | 8 | 8 |
| Public welfare | 468 | 488 | 492 | 491 |
| Public health and hospitals | 473 | 469 | 450 | 437 |
| Public library system | 297 | 292 | 295 | 297 |
| Public works, highways and streets | 363 | 364 | 368 | 381 |
| Recreational and cultural | 543 | 534 | 544 | 528 |
| Education | 9,671 | 9,019 | 9,154 | 9,291 |
| Total governmental activities | <u>17,214</u> | <u>16,547</u> | <u>16,735</u> | <u>16,883</u> |
| Internal service activities: | | | | |
| Office of Fleet Management | 89 | 89 | 89 | 88 |
| Information Systems | 114 | 112 | 110 | 111 |
| Radio Shop (5) | 16 | 16 | 15 | 15 |
| Metro Postal Service | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Treasury Management | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 |
| General Services (1) | 48 | 47 | 47 | 47 |
| Total internal service activities | <u>279</u> | <u>276</u> | <u>272</u> | <u>272</u> |
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services | 692 | 704 | 700 | 707 |
| Nashville Convention Center (3) | 57 | 57 | 52 | - |
| Board of Fair Commissioners | 28 | 23 | 22 | 24 |
| Farmers Market | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Police Secondary Employment (4) | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Surplus Property Auction | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Police Impound (2) | 29 | 29 | 29 | - |
| Municipal Auditorium | 8 | 8 | 8 | 9 |
| Community Education Commission (6) | 8 | 5 | 2 | 3 |
| Stormwater Operations | 90 | 90 | 93 | 93 |
| Total business-type activities | <u>931</u> | <u>935</u> | <u>925</u> | <u>855</u> |
| Total primary government | <u>18,424</u> | <u>17,758</u> | <u>17,932</u> | <u>18,010</u> |

Source: Department of Finance, Office of Management and Budgets, "Budget Book" for each fiscal year.

Note: Although the financial balances and operations of the internal service activities are allocated to the various governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, the full-time equivalents are reported separately in the above schedule. Also, certain functions previously included in internal service activities were reclassified to governmental activities for consistency in presentation.

(1) Effective July 1, 2014, various programs previously reported as General Services internal service activities were moved to the general fund and included in governmental activities - general government.

(2) In the spring of 2012, the operations of Police Impound were outsourced.

(3) With the opening of the Music City Center in the spring of 2013, the Nashville Convention Center employees were transitioned to the Convention Center Authority, a component unit of the Government.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 302 | 364 | 371 | 375 | 385 | 376 |
| 282 | 280 | 279 | 281 | 289 | 282 |
| 777 | 775 | 789 | 798 | 805 | 849 |
| 2,831 | 2,893 | 2,898 | 2,912 | 2,984 | 3,067 |
| 1,205 | 1,206 | 1,206 | 1,237 | 1,250 | 1,252 |
| 94 | 111 | 117 | 106 | 114 | 118 |
| 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| 492 | 494 | 500 | 470 | 428 | 439 |
| 464 | 483 | 487 | 493 | 495 | 494 |
| 309 | 330 | 359 | 368 | 369 | 362 |
| 389 | 388 | 395 | 407 | 398 | 434 |
| 546 | 577 | 585 | 640 | 669 | 663 |
| 9,304 | 9,294 | 9,658 | 9,910 | 9,950 | 9,854 |
| 17,003 | 17,203 | 17,652 | 18,005 | 18,144 | 18,197 |
| 89 | 95 | 95 | 103 | 106 | 106 |
| 112 | 115 | 115 | 147 | 147 | 148 |
| 15 | 15 | 15 | - | - | - |
| 4 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 47 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 274 | 232 | 232 | 257 | 260 | 261 |
| 715 | 713 | 728 | 724 | 724 | 727 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 24 | 25 | 28 | 29 | 29 | 27 |
| 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| 5 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 9 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | - | - |
| 93 | 93 | 89 | 93 | 97 | 114 |
| 863 | 859 | 872 | 873 | 874 | 892 |
| 18,140 | 18,294 | 18,756 | 19,135 | 19,278 | 19,350 |

(4) Effective July 1, 2014, the operations of Police Secondary Employment were moved to the general fund and are included in governmental activities - law enforcement and care of prisoners.

(5) Effective July 1, 2016, the operations of Radio Shop were moved to Information Systems and the Office of Fleet Management.

(6) Effective July 1, 2017, the operations of the Community Education Commission were moved to the general fund.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| General government: | | | | |
| Election Commission - registered voters | 349,733 | 345,687 | 358,136 | 362,816 |
| Assessor of Property - real property inspections (1) | 58,158 | 94,348 | 103,837 | 238,107 |
| Administration of justice: | | | | |
| Public Defender - warrants and charges (2) | 44,776 | 43,139 | 45,852 | 41,809 |
| Circuit Court Clerk - circuit filings | 10,298 | 10,900 | 10,738 | 10,729 |
| Circuit Court Clerk - general sessions civil filings | 48,834 | 47,193 | 49,978 | 46,445 |
| Circuit Court Clerk - probate filings | 1,954 | 1,879 | 1,906 | 2,048 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners: | | | | |
| Sheriff - inmate days jails | 929,674 | 898,860 | 804,641 | 771,630 |
| Sheriff - inmate days detention facility | 397,566 | 388,466 | 426,168 | 435,098 |
| Police - total CAD calls received | 1,315,649 | 1,417,859 | 1,585,228 | 1,384,481 |
| Police - report numbers issued (3) | 1,315,455 | 1,035,026 | 1,045,077 | 1,119,012 |
| ECC - total 911 calls received | 344,276 | 370,704 | 377,118 | 365,278 |
| ECC - total non 911 calls received | 690,297 | 675,908 | 625,120 | 605,693 |
| Fire prevention and control: | | | | |
| Fire - life threatening responses (4) | 43,124 | 44,518 | 46,076 | 44,232 |
| Fire - non life threatening responses (4) | 24,116 | 25,835 | 26,739 | 25,403 |
| Regulation and inspection: | | | | |
| Codes - construction/land use permits | 10,172 | 8,343 | 9,304 | 9,900 |
| Public welfare: | | | | |
| Social Services - clients served | 17,291 | 14,963 | 13,785 | 13,271 |
| Public health and hospitals: | | | | |
| Health - clinic visits (5) | 190,942 | 195,222 | 192,902 | 181,395 |
| Health - restaurant inspections | 13,525 | 13,378 | 12,082 | 13,050 |
| Public library system: | | | | |
| Library - circulating materials check-outs | 4,148,419 | 4,208,363 | 4,340,657 | 4,368,494 |
| Library - number of visits | 3,677,765 | 3,723,416 | 3,938,659 | 3,697,063 |

Source: Department of Finance, Office of Management and Budgets; Various departments of the Government

(1) Years 2009, 2013 and 2017 were reappraisal years where all values are updated with new base rates, depreciation schedules and land tables to produce values at 100% of market value. Beginning in 2017, the Assessor determined to do no inspections in reappraisal years.

(2) The decline in 2019 is due to a combination of workload controls and fewer warrants issued by judicial departments.

(3) Beginning in 2019, the total represents report numbers issued. Prior to 2019, the totals represented incident numbers issued.

(4) The categorization of responses as "life threatening" and "non life threatening" was revised at the end of 2018. Additionally, the methodology for calculating the totals was revised in 2019.

(5) The system for tracking health visits was changed in 2019. The number of clinic visits for the WIC program are no longer available resulting in a decline in the number presented for 2019.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 373,231 | 373,823 | 392,428 | 390,804 | 427,556 | 435,297 |
| 48,559 | 108,401 | 92,449 | - | 53,499 | 119,682 |
| 42,857 | 43,956 | 41,842 | 35,839 | 25,301 | 19,423 |
| 10,915 | 10,062 | 8,168 | 6,856 | 6,800 | 6,683 |
| 46,116 | 43,859 | 46,047 | 49,890 | 50,582 | 51,432 |
| 2,027 | 2,126 | 2,146 | 2,189 | 2,211 | 2,202 |
| 721,508 | 655,734 | 632,169 | 535,262 | 529,038 | 397,412 |
| 379,811 | 350,472 | 322,674 | 380,920 | 353,417 | 309,868 |
| 1,333,945 | 1,357,306 | 1,492,259 | 1,496,617 | 1,495,576 | 1,359,140 |
| 1,201,162 | 1,199,375 | 1,318,113 | 1,308,704 | 1,305,055 | 1,001,853 |
| 351,814 | 408,433 | 450,517 | 401,269 | 374,337 | 449,816 |
| 634,280 | 634,124 | 644,590 | 665,239 | 700,790 | 780,131 |
| 47,161 | 47,053 | 47,453 | 45,773 | 59,993 | 62,787 |
| 28,332 | 34,812 | 35,374 | 33,810 | 35,042 | 60,478 |
| 10,131 | 11,695 | 12,852 | 12,225 | 11,465 | 11,430 |
| 13,122 | 13,990 | 13,737 | 12,396 | 13,039 | 12,848 |
| 181,959 | 164,330 | 154,398 | 150,948 | 146,302 | 77,946 |
| 13,440 | 13,689 | 12,067 | 10,890 | 13,023 | 12,387 |
| 4,663,347 | 5,133,351 | 5,371,115 | 5,430,309 | 5,648,749 | 6,858,414 |
| 3,501,710 | 3,444,250 | 3,338,972 | 3,615,302 | 3,261,586 | 3,296,263 |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|--|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Governmental activities (continued): | | | | |
| Public works, highways and streets: | | | | |
| Public Works - scheduled garbage collections | 6,477,000 | 6,503,700 | 6,630,000 | 6,630,000 |
| Public Works - tons of disposed waste | 745,442 | 852,856 | 596,111 | 645,224 |
| Public Works - rehabilitated street lane miles | 87 | 125 | 89 | 167 |
| Recreational and cultural: | | | | |
| Parks - Sportsplex attendance | 344,858 | 343,835 | 333,365 | 355,999 |
| Parks - cultural enrichment class attendance | 15,710 | 17,430 | 18,300 | 18,202 |
| Parks - senior citizen program attendance (6) | 36,898 | 37,970 | 60,759 | 61,214 |
| Education: | | | | |
| Public Schools - students (second month enrollment) | 76,329 | 78,014 | 79,121 | 81,001 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services: | | | | |
| Customers - water | 176,033 | 177,475 | 184,421 | 187,272 |
| Average daily actual water pumped (millions of gallons per day) | 119 | 101 | 100 | 95 |
| Customers - wastewater | 189,299 | 189,898 | 195,380 | 198,485 |
| Average daily wastewater flow (millions of gallons per day) | 166 | 154 | 148 | 164 |
| District Energy System: | | | | |
| Steam sales (thousand pounds) | 272,448 | 277,943 | 250,414 | 374,366 |
| Chilled water sales (thousand ton hours) | 51,273 | 56,118 | 57,233 | 62,538 |
| Nashville Convention Center - events (7) | 243 | 237 | 217 | 254 |
| Board of Fair Commissioners: | | | | |
| Flea market booth rentals | 15,908 | 14,510 | 16,423 | 16,515 |
| State fair attendance (8) | 209,385 | 208,131 | 62,352 | 67,805 |
| Municipal Auditorium - events held | 111 | 123 | 90 | 110 |
| Component units: | | | | |
| Music City Center - events (7) | - | - | - | - |

Source: Department of Finance, Office of Management and Budgets; Various departments of the Government

(6) Tracking of senior citizen program attendance was changed from a manual to an automated system in 2012. While there was some increase in participation, the increase is also due to the availability of more accurate information.

(7) The Music City Center opened in May 2013. 2014 was the first full year of operations. Nashville Convention Center events decreased in 2014 as events move to the Music City Center. Nashville Convention Center ceased operations in 2017. Additionally, events vary in size and number of days which contributes to the variances.

(8) The operation of the state fair was outsourced beginning in 2011.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> | <u>2016</u> | <u>2017</u> | <u>2018</u> | <u>2019</u> |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 6,625,840 | 6,672,700 | 6,731,500 | 6,803,000 | 6,864,156 | 7,228,156 |
| 649,108 | 725,871 | 757,332 | 885,047 | 862,641 | 968,747 |
| 173 | 169 | 164 | 287 | 287 | 344 |
| 343,332 | 355,699 | 400,830 | 454,878 | 461,964 | 535,727 |
| 19,430 | 39,376 | 55,558 | 55,257 | 57,080 | 60,414 |
| 54,152 | 65,504 | 104,104 | 136,021 | 134,297 | 143,637 |
| 82,307 | 84,353 | 85,797 | 87,783 | 86,633 | 85,287 |
| 190,699 | 194,270 | 197,957 | 204,181 | 204,976 | 209,048 |
| 101 | 87 | 87 | 88 | 88 | 92 |
| 198,119 | 200,425 | 203,255 | 206,562 | 210,157 | 212,061 |
| 169 | 168 | 166 | 146 | 168 | 181 |
| 410,084 | 381,755 | 325,248 | 321,508 | 366,928 | 379,380 |
| 61,768 | 59,626 | 61,337 | 64,119 | 59,914 | 61,977 |
| 56 | 15 | 4 | 2 | - | - |
| 18,612 | 22,314 | 20,271 | 22,481 | 16,796 | 18,633 |
| 67,635 | 66,752 | 70,265 | 56,492 | 60,502 | 56,009 |
| 155 | 135 | 175 | 148 | 144 | 160 |
| 342 | 305 | 293 | 287 | 302 | 258 |

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
 SCHEDULE OF UNACCOUNTED FOR WATER
 DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SEWERAGE SERVICES
 June 30, 2019

WAS v5.0

American Water Works Association.
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**AWWA Free Water Audit Software:
 Reporting Worksheet**

[?](#) Click to access definition
[+](#) Click to add a comment

Water Audit Report for: **Metro Water Services**
 Reporting Year: **2019** 7/2018 - 6/2019

Please enter data in the white cells below. Where available, metered values should be used; if metered values are unavailable please estimate a value. Indicate your confidence in the accuracy of the input data by grading each component (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list to the left of the input cell. Hover the mouse over the cell to obtain a description of the grades

All volumes to be entered as: MILLION GALLONS (US) PER YEAR

To select the correct data grading for each input, determine the highest grade where the utility meets or exceeds all criteria for that grade and all grades below it.

WATER SUPPLIED

| | | | | ----- Enter grading in column 'E' and 'J' -----> | | Pcnt: | | Value: | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------|---------|--------|-------|
| Volume from own sources: | + ? | 9 | 32,975.690 | MG/Yr | + ? | 9 | 0 | 2,384 | MG/Yr |
| Water imported: | + ? | n/a | | MG/Yr | + ? | | | | MG/Yr |
| Water exported: | + ? | 5 | 243.454 | MG/Yr | + ? | 9 | -22.00% | | MG/Yr |

Master Meter and Supply Error Adjustments

| Pcnt: | Value: |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| + ? | |
| + ? | |
| + ? | |

Enter negative % or value for under-registration
 Enter positive % or value for over-registration

WATER SUPPLIED: **32,661.185** MG/Yr

AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION

| | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------|-------|
| Billed metered: | + ? | 7 | 22,718.679 | MG/Yr |
| Billed unmetered: | + ? | n/a | | MG/Yr |
| Unbilled metered: | + ? | n/a | | MG/Yr |
| Unbilled unmetered: | + ? | 10 | 199.517 | MG/Yr |

Click here: [?](#)
 for help using option buttons below

| Pcnt: | Value: |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| ○ ● | 199.517 |

Use buttons to select percentage of water supplied OR value

AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION: **22,918.196** MG/Yr

WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption)

9,742.989 MG/Yr

Apparent Losses

Unauthorized consumption: [+](#) [?](#) 7 83.478 MG/Yr

Unauthorized consumption volume entered is greater than the recommended default value

| | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|---------|-------|
| Customer metering inaccuracies: | + ? | 7 | 329.347 | MG/Yr |
| Systematic data handling errors: | + ? | 7 | 4.544 | MG/Yr |

| Pcnt: | Value: |
|-------------------------------------|--------|
| ○ ● | 83.478 |

| | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| ○ ● | 329.347 |
| ○ ● | 4.544 |

Apparent Losses: **417.369** MG/Yr

Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL)

Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses: **9,325.620** MG/Yr

WATER LOSSES: **9,742.989** MG/Yr

NON-REVENUE WATER

NON-REVENUE WATER: **9,942.506** MG/Yr

= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered

SYSTEM DATA

| | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|---|---------|-----------------|
| Length of mains: | + ? | 9 | 3,064.4 | miles |
| Number of active AND inactive service connections: | + ? | 9 | 202,680 | |
| Service connection density: | ? | | 66 | conn./mile main |

Are customer meters typically located at the curbside or property line? **Yes** (length of service line, beyond the property boundary, that is the responsibility of the utility)

Average length of customer service line: [+](#) [?](#) **0** (length of service line, beyond the property boundary, that is the responsibility of the utility)

Average length of customer service line has been set to zero and a data grading score of 10 has been applied

Average operating pressure: [+](#) [?](#) 7 90.7 psi

COST DATA

| | | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----|--------------|--|
| Total annual cost of operating water system: | + ? | 10 | \$97,317,842 | \$/Year |
| Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses): | + ? | 10 | \$5.48 | \$/1000 gallons (US) |
| Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses): | + ? | 5 | \$277.83 | \$/Million gallons <input type="checkbox"/> Use Customer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses |

WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:

***** YOUR SCORE IS: 82 out of 100 *****

A weighted scale for the components of consumption and water loss is included in the calculation of the Water Audit Data Validity Score

PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION:

Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addressing the following components:

- 1: Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses)
- 2: Volume from own sources
- 3: Billed metered

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
 SCHEDULE OF UNACCOUNTED FOR WATER (CONTINUED)
 DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND AND SEWERAGE SERVICES

JUNE 30, 2019



AWWA Free Water Audit Software:
System Attributes and Performance Indicators

WAS v5.0

American Water Works Association.
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Water Audit Report for:
 Reporting Year:

*** YOUR WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE IS: 82 out of 100 ***

System Attributes:

| | | |
|------------------------|--|-------|
| Apparent Losses: | <input type="text" value="417.369"/> | MG/Yr |
| + Real Losses: | <input type="text" value="9,325.620"/> | MG/Yr |
| = Water Losses: | <input type="text" value="9,742.989"/> | MG/Yr |

? Unavoidable Annual Real Losses (UARL): MG/Yr

Annual cost of Apparent Losses:

Annual cost of Real Losses: Valued at **Variable Production Cost**

Return to Reporting Worksheet to change this assumption

Performance Indicators:

Financial: { Non-revenue water as percent by volume of Water Supplied:
 Non-revenue water as percent by cost of operating system: Real Losses valued at Variable Production Cost

Operational Efficiency: { Apparent Losses per service connection per day: gallons/connection/day
 Real Losses per service connection per day: gallons/connection/day
 Real Losses per length of main per day*:
 Real Losses per service connection per day per psi pressure: gallons/connection/day/psi

From Above, Real Losses = Current Annual Real Losses (CARL): million gallons/year

? Infrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) [CARL/UARL]:

* This performance indicator applies for systems with a low service connection density of less than 32 service connections/mile of pipeline

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
 SCHEDULE OF UTILITY RATES
 DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SEWERAGE SERVICES

June 30, 2019

The rate structure is composed of a meter charge and a volume charge.

The Department had the following rate structure in effect at June 30, 2019:

| METER: | Water | | | | Sewer | | | |
|--------|------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| | Meter Size | Residential | Small Commercial | Intermediate Commercial | Large Commercial | Residential | Small Commercial | Intermediate Commercial |
| 5/8" | \$ 3.13 | \$ 3.98 | \$ 13.85 | \$ 597.23 | \$ 7.62 | \$ 8.51 | \$ 27.89 | \$ 1,076.37 |
| 3/4" | 10.62 | 11.32 | 19.64 | 603.59 | 21.63 | 24.22 | 39.55 | 1,088.01 |
| 1" | 12.77 | 13.63 | 21.51 | 605.80 | 26.05 | 29.17 | 43.33 | 1,091.79 |
| 1 1/2" | 18.77 | 20.03 | 26.71 | 611.60 | 38.29 | 42.89 | 53.81 | 1,102.25 |
| 2" | 25.29 | 26.97 | 32.63 | 618.22 | 51.59 | 57.75 | 65.73 | 1,114.18 |
| 3" | 33.38 | 35.61 | 40.84 | 624.04 | 68.04 | 76.21 | 82.26 | 1,124.65 |
| 4" | 54.41 | 58.03 | 64.65 | 650.65 | 110.88 | 124.18 | 130.22 | 1,172.65 |
| 6" | 85.42 | 91.12 | 99.81 | 689.96 | 174.12 | 195.01 | 201.05 | 1,243.48 |
| 8" | 133.59 | 142.50 | 155.38 | 755.41 | 272.29 | 304.96 | 312.96 | 1,361.43 |
| 10" | 133.59 | 142.50 | 155.38 | 755.41 | 272.29 | 304.96 | 312.96 | 1,361.43 |

VOLUME:

Water usage charges per 100 cubic feet
 (For usage over 200 cubic feet)

Sewer usage charges per 100 cubic feet
 (For usage over 200 cubic feet)

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| \$ 2.33 | \$ 2.48 | \$ 2.14 | \$ 1.81 | \$ 4.74 | \$ 5.30 | \$ 4.32 | \$ 3.26 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
SCHEDULE OF NUMBER OF CUSTOMERS
DEPARTMENT OF WATER AND SEWERAGE SERVICES

June 30, 2019

| | <u>Residential</u> | <u>Commercial</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|-----------------|-----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| Water Customers | 181,793 | 27,255 | 209,048 |
| Sewer Customers | <u>192,290</u> | <u>19,771</u> | <u>212,061</u> |
| Total Customers | <u><u>374,083</u></u> | <u><u>47,026</u></u> | <u><u>421,109</u></u> |

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| General government: | | | | |
| General government vehicles (1) | 3,408 | 3,510 | 3,507 | 3,524 |
| Law enforcement and care of prisoners: | | | | |
| Sheriff inmate capacity - jails (4) | 2,918 | 2,918 | 2,918 | 2,918 |
| Sheriff inmate capacity - detention facility | 1,092 | 1,092 | 1,092 | 1,348 |
| Police stations | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Fire prevention and control: | | | | |
| Fire stations | 41 | 38 | 38 | 38 |
| Public library system: | | | | |
| Libraries | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Public works, highways and streets: | | | | |
| Streets and roads (lane miles) | 5,777 | 5,796 | 5,814 | 5,832 |
| Recreational and cultural: | | | | |
| Parks (number) | 115 | 118 | 127 | 126 |
| Parks (acreage) | 10,876 | 11,131 | 12,554 | 13,022 |
| Miles of completed greenways | 46 | 47 | 51 | 55 |
| Education: | | | | |
| Schools (2) | 138 | 137 | 136 | 135 |
| School buses | 673 | 725 | 697 | 751 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | |
| Department of Water and Sewerage Services: | | | | |
| Water mains (miles) | 2,878 | 2,912 | 2,886 | 2,910 |
| Maximum daily water capacity (thousands of gallons) | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 |
| Sewers (miles) | 3,045 | 3,051 | 3,063 | 3,096 |
| Maximum daily treatment capacity (thousands of gallons) | 465,000 | 465,000 | 465,000 | 483,000 |
| District Energy System: | | | | |
| Steam: | | | | |
| Maximum contract capacity (pounds per hour) | 303,833 | 321,430 | 295,998 | 299,053 |
| Percentage maximum contract capacity represented by customers | 80.66% | 76.00% | 73.16% | 85.14% |
| Chilled water: | | | | |
| Maximum contract capacity (tons) | 29,279 | 31,169 | 30,044 | 30,415 |
| Percentage maximum contract capacity represented by customers | 82.00% | 77.00% | 73.58% | 84.47% |
| Board of Fair Commissioners: | | | | |
| Exhibition space (square footage) | 126,600 | 120,919 | 115,459 | 115,459 |
| Livestock barns (square footage) | 50,400 | 50,400 | 50,400 | 50,400 |
| Livestock show arena (square footage) | 7,800 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 7,800 |
| Component units: | | | | |
| Music City Center: | | | | |
| Exhibition space (square footage) (3) | - | - | - | - |

Source: Department of Finance, Division of Accounts; Various departments of the Government

(1) General government vehicles include vehicles that are used in various other functions of the Government.

THE METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT OF NASHVILLE AND DAVIDSON COUNTY

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (CONTINUED)

Unaudited - See Accompanying Accountants' Report

| 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 |
|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 3,542 | 3,452 | 3,393 | 3,422 | 3,449 | 3,485 |
| 2,918 | 2,918 | 2,918 | 2,111 | 2,111 | 2,111 |
| 1,348 | 1,348 | 1,348 | 1,348 | 1,348 | 1,348 |
| 7 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 39 |
| 23 | 23 | 22 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| 5,852 | 5,866 | 5,880 | 5,893 | 5,911 | 5,930 |
| 126 | 132 | 185 | 185 | 175 | 178 |
| 13,802 | 15,078 | 15,001 | 15,003 | 15,089 | 15,295 |
| 79 | 82 | 85 | 85 | 89 | 96 |
| 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 128 |
| 721 | 831 | 820 | 828 | 733 | 702 |
| 3,042 | 3,054 | 3,053 | 3,086 | 3,043 | 3,086 |
| 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 | 180,000 |
| 3,082 | 3,091 | 3,120 | 3,137 | 3,150 | 3,180 |
| 510,000 | 510,000 | 510,000 | 510,000 | 510,000 | 510,000 |
| 297,389 | 321,289 | 321,289 | 321,289 | 321,289 | 321,289 |
| 99.70% | 93.20% | 93.20% | 93.20% | 93.20% | 88.60% |
| 30,533 | 34,230 | 34,230 | 34,230 | 34,230 | 34,230 |
| 82.33% | 88.70% | 88.70% | 88.70% | 88.70% | 88.70% |
| 120,919 | 120,919 | 70,265 | 70,265 | 70,265 | 70,265 |
| 50,400 | 50,400 | 50,400 | 50,400 | 50,400 | 50,400 |
| 7,800 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 7,800 | 7,800 |
| 350,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 | 350,000 |

(2) Beginning in 2014, charter schools, academic academies and pre-k sites are included in total schools.

(3) The Music Center opened in May 2013.

(4) Due to the closing of the Criminal Justice Center in 2017 for construction, jail capacity has decreased until the new facility is open.



For an ADA accommodation, please contact Kimberly Northern at 615-880-1710 or by email at kimberly.northern@nashville.gov